Exercise: Associative Arrays

Problems for exercise and homework for the "C# Fundamentals" course @ SoftUni You can check your solutions in Judge

1. Count Chars in a String

Create a program that counts all characters in a string, except for space (' ').

Print all the occurrences in the following format:

"{char} -> {occurrences}"

Examples

Input	Output
text	t -> 2
	e -> 1
	x -> 1
text text text	t -> 6
	e -> 3
	x -> 3

2. A Miner Task

You will be given a sequence of strings, each on a new line. Every odd line on the console is representing a resource (e.g. Gold, Silver, Copper and so on) and every even - quantity. Your task is to collect the resources and print them each on a new line.

Print the resources and their quantities in the following format:

"{resource} -> {quantity}"

The quantities will be in the range [1... 2 000000000].

Examples

Input	Output
Gold	Gold -> 155
155	Silver -> 10
Silver	Copper -> 17
10	
Copper	
17	
stop	

Input	Output
gold	gold -> 170
155	silver -> 10
silver	copper -> 17
10	
copper	
17	
gold	
15	
stop	











3. Orders

Create a program that keeps the information about products and their prices. Each product has a name, a price and a quantity. If the product doesn't exist yet, add it with its starting quantity.

If you receive a product, which already exists, increase its quantity by the input quantity and if its price is different, replace the price as well.

You will receive products' names, prices and quantities on new lines. Until you receive the command "buy", keep adding items. When you do receive the command "buy", print the items with their names and the total price of all the products with that name.

Input

- Until you receive "buy", the products will be coming in the format: "{name} {price} {quantity}".
- The product data is always delimited by a single space.

Output

- Print information about **each product** in the following format: "{productName} -> {totalPrice}"
- Format the average grade to the 2nd digit after the decimal separator.

Examples

Input	Output
Beer 2.20 100 IceTea 1.50 50 NukaCola 3.30 80 Water 1.00 500 buy	Beer -> 220.00 IceTea -> 75.00 NukaCola -> 264.00 Water -> 500.00
Beer 2.40 350 Water 1.25 200 IceTea 5.20 100 Beer 1.20 200 IceTea 0.50 120 buy	Beer -> 660.00 Water -> 250.00 IceTea -> 110.00
CesarSalad 10.20 25 SuperEnergy 0.80 400 Beer 1.35 350 IceCream 1.50 25 buy	CesarSalad -> 255.00 SuperEnergy -> 320.00 Beer -> 472.50 IceCream -> 37.50

4. SoftUni Parking

SoftUni just got a new parking lot. It's so fancy, it even has online parking validation. Except the online service doesn't work. It can only receive users' data, but it doesn't know what to do with it. Good thing you're on the dev team and know how to fix it, right?

Write a program, which validates a parking place for an online service. Users can register to park and unregister to leave.

The program receives 2 commands:

"register {username} {licensePlateNumber}":















- o The system only supports one car per user at the moment, so if a user tries to register another license plate, using the same username, the system should print:
 - "ERROR: already registered with plate number {licensePlateNumber}"
- o If the aforementioned checks passes successfully, the plate can be registered, so the system should
 - "{username} registered {licensePlateNumber} successfully"
- "unregister {username}":
 - o If the user is **not present** in the database, the system should print:
 - "ERROR: user {username} not found"
 - o If the aforementioned check passes successfully, the system should print:
 - "{username} unregistered successfully"

After you execute all of the commands, print all of the currently registered users and their license plates in the format:

"{username} => {licensePlateNumber}"

Input

- First line: n number of commands integer.
- Next **n** lines: **commands** in one of the **two** possible formats:
 - o Register: "register {username} {licensePlateNumber}"
 - O Unregister: "unregister {username}"

The input will always be valid and you do not need to check it explicitly.

Examples

Input	Output
register John CS1234JS register George JAVA123S register Andy AB4142CD register Jesica VR1223EE unregister Andy	John registered CS1234JS successfully George registered JAVA123S successfully Andy registered AB4142CD successfully Jesica registered VR1223EE successfully Andy unregistered successfully John => CS1234JS George => JAVA123S Jesica => VR1223EE
4 register Jony AA4132BB register Jony AA4132BB register Linda AA9999BB unregister Jony	Jony registered AA4132BB successfully ERROR: already registered with plate number AA4132BB Linda registered AA9999BB successfully Jony unregistered successfully Linda => AA9999BB
6 register Jacob MM1111XX register Anthony AB1111XX unregister Jacob register Joshua DD1111XX unregister Lily register Samantha AA9999BB	Jacob registered MM1111XX successfully Anthony registered AB1111XX successfully Jacob unregistered successfully Joshua registered DD1111XX successfully ERROR: user Lily not found Samantha registered AA9999BB successfully Joshua => DD1111XX Anthony => AB1111XX Samantha => AA9999BB













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5. Courses

Create a program that keeps the information about courses. Each course has a name and registered students.

You will be receiving a course name and a student name, until you receive the command "end". Check if such a course already exists, and if not, add the course. Register the user into the course. When you receive the command "end", print the courses with their names and total registered users. For each contest print the registered users.

Input

- Until the "end" command is received, you will be receiving input in the format: "{courseName}: {studentName}".
- The product data is always delimited by ": ".

Output

- Print the information about **each course** in the following the format:
 - "{courseName}: {registeredStudents}"
- Print the information about each student in the following the format:
 - "-- {studentName}"

Examples

Input	Output
Programming Fundamentals : John Smith Programming Fundamentals : Linda Johnson JS Core : Will Wilson Java Advanced : Harrison White end	Programming Fundamentals: 2 John Smith Linda Johnson JS Core: 1 Will Wilson Java Advanced: 1 Harrison White
Algorithms: Jay Moore Programming Basics: Martin Taylor Python Fundamentals: John Anderson Python Fundamentals: Andrew Robinson Algorithms: Bob Jackson Python Fundamentals: Clark Lewis end	Algorithms: 2 Jay Moore Bob Jackson Programming Basics: 1 Martin Taylor Python Fundamentals: 3 John Anderson Andrew Robinson Clark Lewis

6. Student Academy

Create a program that keeps the information about students and their grades.

You will receive n pair of rows. First, you will receive the student's name, after that, you will receive their grade. Check if the student already exists and if not, add him. Keep track of all grades for each student.

When you finish reading the data, keep the students with an average grade higher than or equal to 4.50.

Print the students and their average grade in the following format:

"{name} -> {averageGrade}"

Format the average grade to the 2nd decimal place.

















Examples

Input	Output
5	John -> 5.00
John	Alice -> 4.50
5.5	George -> 5.00
John	
4.5	
Alice	
6	
Alice	
3	
George	
5	

Input	Output
5	Rob -> 5.50
Amanda	Christian -> 5.00
3.5	Robert -> 6.00
Amanda	
4	
Rob	
5.5	
Christian	
5	
Robert	
6	

7. Company Users

Create a program that keeps information about companies and their employees.

You will be receiving a company name and an employee's id, until you receive the "End" command. Add each employee to the given company. Keep in mind that a company cannot have two employees with the same id.

When you finish reading the data, print the company's name and each employee's id in the following format:

{companyName}

- -- {id1}
- -- {id2}
- -- {idN}

Input / Constraints

- Until you receive the "End" command, you will be receiving input in the format: "{companyName} -> {employeeId}".
- The input always will be valid.

Examples

Input	Output
SoftUni -> AA12345	SoftUni
SoftUni -> BB12345	AA12345
Microsoft -> CC12345	BB12345
HP -> BB12345	Microsoft
End	CC12345
	HP
	BB12345













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SoftUni -> AA12345 SoftUni SoftUni -> CC12344 -- AA12345 Lenovo -> XX23456 -- CC12344 SoftUni -> AA12345 Lenovo Movement -> DD11111 -- XX23456 End Movement -- DD11111













