More Exercise: Data Types and Variables

Problems for exercise and homework for the "C# Fundamentals" course @ SoftUni You can check your solutions in Judge

1. Data Type Finder

You will receive input until you receive "END". Find what data type is the input. Possible data types are:

- Integer
- Floating point
- Characters
- Boolean
- **Strings**

Print the result in the following format: "{input} is {data type} type".

Examples

Input	Output
5 2.5 true END	5 is integer type 2.5 is floating point type true is boolean type
a asd -5 END	<pre>a is character type asd is string type -5 is integer type</pre>

2. From Left to the Right

You will receive a number that represents how many lines we will get as input. On the next N lines, you will receive a string with 2 numbers, separated by a single space. You need to compare them. If the left number is greater than the right number, you need to print the sum of all digits in the left number, otherwise, print the sum of all digits in the right number.

Examples

Input	Output
2	2
1000 2000	2
2000 1000	
4	46
123456 2147483647	5
5000000 -500000	49
97766554 97766554	90
999999999 888888888	















3. Floating Equality

Write a program that safely compares floating-point numbers (double) with precision eps = 0.000001. Note that we cannot directly compare two floating-point numbers \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} by $\mathbf{a} == \mathbf{b}$, because of the nature of the floating-point arithmetic. Therefore, we assume two numbers are equal if they are more close to each other than some fixed constant eps.

You will receive two lines, each containing a floating-point number. Your task is to compare the values of the two numbers.

Examples

Number a	Number b	Equal (with precision eps=0.000001)	Explanation
5.3	6.01	False	The difference of 0.71 is too big (> eps)
5.00000001	5.00000003	True	The difference 0.00000002 < eps
5.00000005	5.00000001	True	The difference 0.00000004 < eps
-0.0000007	0.00000007	True	The difference 0.00000077 < eps
-4.999999	-4.999998	False	Border case. The difference 0.0000001== eps. We consider the numbers are different.
4.999999	4.999998	False	Border case. The difference 0.0000001 == eps. We consider the numbers are different.

4. Refactoring: Prime Checker

You are given a program that checks if numbers in a given range [2...N] are prime. For each number is printed "{number} -> {true or false}". The code, however, is not very well written. Your job is to modify it in a way that is easy to read and understand.

Code

```
Sample Code
       Do___ = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
for (int takoa = 2; takoa <= ___Do___; takoa++)</pre>
   bool takovalie = true;
   for (int cepitel = 2; cepitel < takoa; cepitel++)</pre>
       if (takoa % cepitel == 0)
          takovalie = false;
          break;
Console.WriteLine("{0} -> {1}", takoa, takovalie);
```









Examples

Input	Output
5	2 -> true 3 -> true 4 -> false 5 -> true

5. Decrypting Messages

You will receive a key (integer) and n characters afterward. Add the key to each of the characters and append them to a message. At the end print the message, which you decrypted.

Input

- On the **first line**, you will receive the **key**.
- On the **second line**, you will receive **n** the number of **lines**, which will **follow**.
- On the next **n lines**, you will receive **lower** and **uppercase** characters from the **Latin** alphabet.

Output

Print the decrypted message.

Constraints

- The **key** will be in the interval [0...20].
- n will be in the interval [1...20].
- The characters will always be upper or lower-case letters from the English alphabet.
- You will receive one letter per line.

Examples

Input	Output	Input	Output
3	SoftUni	1	Decrypt
7		7	
Р		С	
1		d	
С		b	
q		q	
q R		Х	
k		0	
f		S	

6. Balanced Brackets

You will receive **n** lines. On **those lines**, you will receive **one** of the following:

- Opening bracket '(',
- Closing bracket ')' or
- **Random string**

Your task is to find out if the brackets are balanced. That means after every closing bracket should follow an opening one. Nested parentheses are not valid and if two consecutive opening brackets exist, the expression should be marked as unbalanced.

















Input

- On the **first line**, you will receive \mathbf{n} the number of lines, which will follow.
- On the next **n** lines, you will receive '(', ')' or **another** string.

Output

You have to print "BALANCED", if the parentheses are balanced and "UNBALANCED" otherwise.

Constraints

- n will be in the interval [1...20].
- The length of the stings will be between [1...100] characters.

Examples

Input	Output
8	BALANCED
<mark>(</mark>	
5 + 10	
<mark>)</mark>	
* 2 +	
(
(5	
<mark>)</mark>	
-12	

Input	Output
6 12 *) 10 + 2 - (5 + 10	UNBALANCED















