## Biological Databases: Theories and Practice (2023 Fall) Assignment I

- 1. (10 points) What is the role of a **DBMS**, and what are its advantages?
- **2.** (10 points) Please describe the differences between Logical data independence and physical data independence.
- **3.** (10 points) Please describe the processing flowchart of a **SQL query** in a database system.
- **4.** (15 points) Please describe the differences among **shared memory**, **shared disk**, **shared nothing**, and **hierarchical** architectures in parallel database architectures.
- **5.** (15 points) Please use an example to describe the differences in meaning among the terms **superkey**, **candidate key**, **primary key**, and **foreign key**. And list the reasons why **null** values should be introduced into the database system.
- **6.** (20 points) Given two relations *instructor* and *teaches*, please write down the SQL according to the following query:

## instructor

ID	пате	dept_name	salary
10101	Srinivasan	Comp. Sci.	65000
12121	Wu	Finance	90000
15151	Mozart	Music	40000
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000
32343	El Said	History	60000
33456	Gold	Physics	87000
45565	Katz	Comp. Sci.	<i>7</i> 5000

## teaches

ID	course_id	sec_id	semester	year
10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2009
10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2010
10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2009
12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2010
15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2010
22222	PHY-101	1	Fall	2009
32343	HIS-351	1	Spring	2010
45565	CS-101	1	Spring	2010
45565	CS-319	1	Spring	2010
76766	BIO-101	1	Summer	2009
76766	BIO-301	1	Summer	2010

- (a) In relation *instructor*, find the **names** and **average salaries** of all departments whose average salary is greater than 38000.
- (b) Find the *instructor* whose **name** containing the word "E".
- (c) List the **names** of *instructors* along with the **course** id of courses that they teach.
- (d) Find the *course id* that is teached in Fall 2009 and Spring 2010 using **Intersect**.

7. (20 points) Consider the following Table Definition:

```
create table student (
   ID char(10),
   name varchar(30) not null,
   dept_name varchar(20),
   age int(3),
   primary key (ID),
   foreign key (dept_name) references department,
   check (age >= 0));
```

- (a) What is the purpose to define: not null?
- (b) What is the purpose to define: **primary key** (/D)?
- (c) What is the purpose to define: **foreign key** (*dept\_name*) **references** *department*?
- (b) What is the purpose to define: **check** (age >= 0)?