Notice for TAIYO YUDEN Products

[For High Quality and/or Reliability Equipment (Automotive Electronic Equipment / Industrial Equipment)]

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

!\ REMINDERS

Product information in this catalog is as of October 2018. All of the contents specified herein are subject to change without notice due to technical improvements, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or use of our products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages and defects in products or equipment incorporating our products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual product specification sheets.

- Please contact TAIYO YUDEN for further details of product specifications as the individual product specification sheets are available.
- Please conduct validation and verification of our products in actual condition of mounting and operating environment before using our products.
- The products listed in this catalog are intended for use in general electronic equipment (e.g., AV equipment, OA equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment), medical equipment classified as Class I or II by IMDRF, industrial equipment, and automotive interior applications, etc. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using the products for any equipment which may directly cause loss of human life or bodily injury (e.g., transportation equipment including, without limitation, automotive powertrain control system, train control system, and ship control system, traffic signal equipment, medical equipment classified as Class III by IMDRF).

Please do not incorporate our products into any equipment requiring high levels of safety and/or reliability (e.g., aerospace equipment, aviation equipment*, medical equipment classified as Class IV by IMDRF, nuclear control equipment, undersea equipment, military equipment).

*Note: There is a possibility that our products can be used only for aviation equipment that does not directly affect the safe operation of aircraft (e.g., in-flight entertainment, cabin light, electric seat, cooking equipment) if such use meets requirements specified separately by TAIYO YUDEN. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using our products for such aviation equipment.

When our products are used even for high safety and/or reliability-required devices or circuits of general electronic equipment, it is strongly recommended to perform a thorough safety evaluation prior to use of our products and to install a protection circuit as necessary.

Please note that unless you obtain prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN, TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages incurred by you or third parties arising from use of the products listed in this catalog for any equipment requiring inquiry to TAIYO YUDEN or prohibited for use by TAIYO YUDEN as described above.

- Information contained in this catalog is intended to convey examples of typical performances and/or applications of our products and is not intended to make any warranty with respect to the intellectual property rights or any other related rights of TAIYO YUDEN or any third parties nor grant any license under such rights.
- Please note that the scope of warranty for our products is limited to the delivered our products themselves and TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages resulting from a fault or defect in our products. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a written agreement (e.g., supply and purchase agreement, quality assurance agreement) signed by TAIYO YUDEN and your company, TAIYO YUDEN will warrant our products in accordance with such agreement.
- The contents of this catalog are applicable to our products which are purchased from our sales offices or authorized distributors (hereinafter "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel"). Please note that the contents of this catalog are not applicable to our products purchased from any seller other than TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.
- Caution for Export
 Some of our products listed in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, and other applicable regulations. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

Automotive Application Guide

We classify automotive electronic equipment into the following four application categories and set usable application categories for each of our products. When using our products for automotive electronic equipment, please be sure to check such application categories and use our products accordingly. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact us.

Category	Automotive Electronic Equipment (Typical Example)
	Engine ECU (Electronically Controlled Fuel Injector)
	Cruise Control Unit
	• 4WS (4 Wheel Steering)
POWERTRAIN	Automatic Transmission
	Power Steering
	HEV/PHV/EV Core Control (Battery, Inverter, DC-DC)
	Automotive Locator (Car location information providing device), etc.
	ABS (Anti-Lock Brake System)
SAFETY	• ESC (Electronic Stability Control)
SALLII	• Airbag
	ADAS (Equipment that directly controls running, turning and stopping), etc.
	• Wiper
	Automatic Door
	• Power Window
	Keyless Entry System
BODY & CHASSIS	• Electric Door Mirror
	• Interior Lighting
	• LED Headlight
	• TPMS (Tire Pressure Monitoring System)
	Anti-Theft Device (Immobilizer), etc.
	Car Infotainment System
INFOTAINMENT	• ITS/Telematics System
	• Instrument Cluster
	• ADAS (Sensor, Equipment that is not interlocked with safety equipment or powertrain), etc.

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MULTILAYER CHIP INDUCTORS(LK SERIES)





■PART NUMBER

*Operating Temp.: −40~85°C

△=Blank space

L	Κ	Δ	1	0	0	5	Δ	R	1	0	М	— т	٧	
	1			C	2)				(3)		<u>(4)</u>	(5)	<u>(6)</u>	

L	K	Δ	1	0	0	5	Δ	R	1	0	М	– т	٧	
	1			(2	2)				3		4	⑤	6	

<u>(1)</u> Ser	ies	name

Code	Series name
LK∆	Multilayer chip inductor

②Dimensions (L × W)

Code	Type (inch)	Dimensions (L×W) [mm]
1005	1005 (0402)	1.0 × 0.5

3Nominal inductance

Code (example)	Nominal inductance[
R12	0.12
R22	0.22
1R0	1.0
2R2	2.2
	•

※R=Decimal point

4)Inductance tolerance						
Code	Inductance tolerance					
K	±10%					
М	±20%					

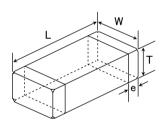
⑤Packaging

Code	Packaging
-т	Taping

6 Internal code

Officernal code	
Code	Internal code
V	MLCI for Industrial and Automotive

■STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / STANDARD QUANTITY



Type		\\/	т		Standard quantity [pcs]		
Type	L	VV	'	e	Paper tape	Embossed tape	
LK 1005	1.00±0.05	0.50 ± 0.05	0.50 ± 0.05	0.25±0.10	10000	_	
(0402)	(0.039 ± 0.002)	(0.020 ± 0.002)	(0.020 ± 0.002)	(0.010 ± 0.004)	10000	_	

Unit:mm(inch)

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· All the Multilayer Chip Inductors of the catalog lineup are RoHS compliant.

Note)

- The exchange of individual specifications is necessary depending on the application and circuit condition. Please contact Taiyo Yuden sales channels
- *1: Automotive (AEC-Q200 Qualified) products for BODY & CHASSIS, and INFOTAINMENT. Please check "Automotive Application Guide" for further details before using the products.

< AEC-Q200 : AEC-Q200 qualified>

All the Multilayer Chip Inductors of *1 marks are tested based on the test conditions and methods defined in AEC-Q200 by family item.

 85°C products: AEC-Q200 Grade3 (we conduct the evaluation at the test condition of Grade3.)

Please consult with TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel for the details of the product specification and AEC-Q200 test results, etc.,

and please review and approve TAIYO YUDEN's product specification before ordering.

• *2: Industrial products and Medical products

LK1005

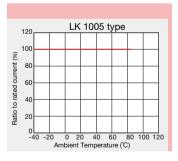
Part number	Nominal inductance [μ H]	Inductance tolerance	Q (min.)	Self-resonant frequency [MHz] (min.)	DC Resistance [Ω](max.)	Rated current [mA] (max.)	Measuring frequency [MHz]	Thickness [mm]	Note
LK 1005 R12∏-TV	0.12	±10%, ±20%	10	180	0.59	25	25	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R15 -TV	0.15	±10%, ±20%	10	165	0.63	25	25	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R18∏-TV	0.18	±10%, ±20%	10	150	0.76	25	25	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R22 -TV	0.22	±10%, ±20%	10	135	0.79	25	25	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R27 -TV	0.27	±10%, ±20%	10	120	0.91	25	25	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R33 -TV	0.33	±10%, ±20%	10	105	1.05	25	25	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R39[]-TV	0.39	±10%, ±20%	20	85	0.41	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R47[]-TV	0.47	±10%, ±20%	20	80	0.42	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R56[]-TV	0.56	±10%, ±20%	20	75	0.47	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R68∏-TV	0.68	±10%, ±20%	20	70	0.55	20	10	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 R82∏-TV	0.82	±10%, ±20%	20	65	0.59	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 1R0∏-TV	1.0	±10%, ±20%	20	60	0.64	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 1R2[]-TV	1.2	±10%, ±20%	20	55	0.79	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 1R5[]-TV	1.5	±10%, ±20%	20	50	0.95	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 1R8[]-TV	1.8	±10%, ±20%	20	45	1.16	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
LK 1005 2R2[]-TV	2.2	±10%, ±20%	20	40	1.15	20	10	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2

^{※ ☐} mark indicates the Inductance tolerance code.

Derating of Rated Current

LK series

Until 85 $^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature, LK series is available at 100% of the rated current. Please refer to the chart shown below.



^{※)}The rated current is either the DC value at which the internal L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.

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Multilayer chip inductors Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type) Metal Multilayer Chip Power Inductors (MCOILTM MC series)

PACKAGING

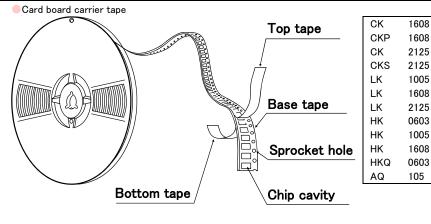
1 Minimum Quantity

Tape & Reel Packaging

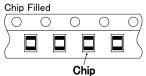
Type CK1608 (0603) CK2125 (0805)	Thickness mm(inch) 0.8 (0.031) 0.85 (0.033)	Paper Tape 4000	uantity [pcs] Embossed Tape
	0.8 (0.031)	· · · · · ·	Embosoca rapo
			I —
CK3135 (0005)	0.00 (0.000)	4000	_
CK2123 (0803)	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
	0.85 (0.033)	4000	
CKS2125(0805)	1.25(0.049)	-	2000
CKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	
CKP2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	-	3000
CKP2016 (0806)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
CKI 2010 (0000)	0.7 (0.028)	_	3000
CKP2520 (1008)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
OKF 2320 (1000)	1.1 (0.043)	_	2000
LK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	2000
LK1608 (0603)			+ = =
LK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	
LK2125(0805)	0.85 (0.033)	4000	
111(0000(0001)	1.25(0.049)	45000	2000
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	
HK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	
HK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	
HK2125 (0805)	0.85 (0.033)	_	4000
	1.0 (0.039)	_	3000
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	
HKQ0603S (0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BKH0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
BKH1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
BK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	_
BK2123(0803)	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
BK2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	4000	_
BK3216(1206)	0.8 (0.031)	_	4000
BKP0603 (0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
BKP1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
BKP2125(0805)	0.85 (0.033)	4000	_
MCF0605(0202)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
MCF0806 (0302)	0.4 (0.016)	_	10000
MCF1210(0504)	0.55(0.022)	_	5000
MCF2010(0804)	0.45 (0.018)	_	4000
MCEE1005 (0402)	0.55(0.022)	10000	_
MCFK1608 (0603)	0.6 (0.024)	4000	_
MCFE1608 (0603)	0.65 (0.026)	4000	† –
MCKK1608 (0603)	1.0 (0.039)		3000
MCHK2012(0806)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
MCKK2012 (0805)	1.0 (0.039)	-	3000

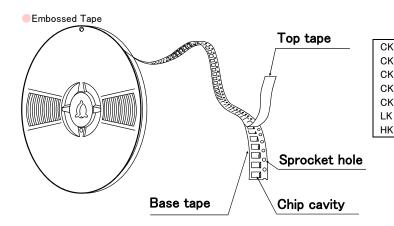
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Taping material

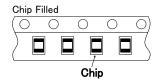


BK	0603	
BK	1005	
BK	1608	
BK	2125	
BK	2010	
BKP	0603	
BKP	1005	
BKP	1608	
BKP	2125	
BKH	0603	
BKH	1005	
MCF	0605	
MC	1005	
MC	1608	
MC	2012	

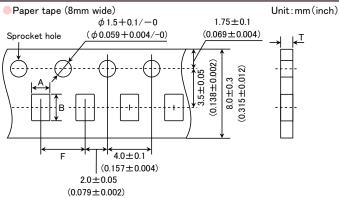




(2125	BK	2125	
(S	2125	BK	3216	
(P	2012	MCF	0806	
(P	2016	MCF	1210	
(P	2520	MCF	2010	
(2125	MC	1608	
(2125	MC	2012	



Taping Dimensions

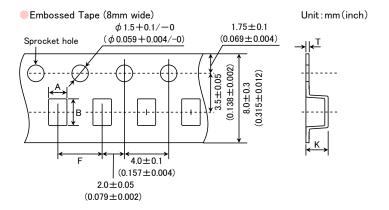


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T	Thickness	Chip	cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness
Туре	mm(inch)	Α	В	F	Т
OK1600 (0603)	0.0 (0.021)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CK1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
OK010E (000E)	0.05(0.022)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CK2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
OV0010E (000E)	0.05(0.000)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CKS2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
OVD1000(0000)	0.0 (0.001)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
1.1/1005 (0.100)	0.5 (0.000)	0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
LK1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	(0.026 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.031max)
1.144.000 (0000)	0.0 (0.001)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
LK1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
	0.05 (0.000)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
LK2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
		0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016 ± 0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
		0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
HK1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	(0.026 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.031max)
		1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
HK1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
		0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016±0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
		0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HKQ0603S(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016±0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
		0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016 ± 0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.45max (0.018max)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.75±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
		(0.030±0.004)	(0.045±0.004)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.031max)
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
· · ·	, ,	(0.016±0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.018max)
BK1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
· · ·	, ,	(0.026 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.031max)
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
		(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157±0.004)	(0.043max)
BK2125 (0805)	0.85 (0.033)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
B1(2120 (0000)	0.00 (0.000)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
BK2010(0804)	0.45 (0.018)	1.2±0.1	2.17±0.1	4.0±0.1	0.8max
B1(2010 (0004)	0.40 (0.010)	(0.047 ± 0.004)	(0.085 ± 0.004)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.031max)
BKP0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06	0.70 ± 0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
DICF 0003 (0201)	0.5 (0.012)	(0.016 ± 0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
BKP1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65 ± 0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
DRP 1003 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	(0.026 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.031max)
DKD1600 (0602)	0.0 (0.021)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
BKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
DI/D040E (000E)	0.05 (0.000)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
BKP2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
		0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
BKH0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016 ± 0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
		0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
BKH1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	(0.026 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.031max)
		0.62±0.03	0.77±0.03	2.0±0.05	0.45max
MCF0605 (0202)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.02 ± 0.03)	(0.030 ± 0.001)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
		1.1±0.05	1.9±0.05	4.0±0.1	0.72max
MCFK1608 (0603)	0.6 (0.024)	(0.043 ± 0.002)	(0.075 ± 0.002)	(0.157±0.004)	(0.028max)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
MCEE1005 (0402)	0.55(0.021)	0.8 ± 0.05	1.3 ± 0.05	2.0±0.05	0.6max
		(0.031±0.002)	(0.051 ± 0.002)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.016max)
MCFE1608 (0603)	0.65(0.026)	1.1±0.05	1.9±0.05	4.0±0.1	0.9max
. ,		(0.043±0.002)	(0.075±0.002)	(0.157±0.004)	(0.035max)
MCHK2012 (0805)	0.8 (0.031)	1.55±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	0.9max
	· \	(0.061 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.035max)

Unit: mm(inch)

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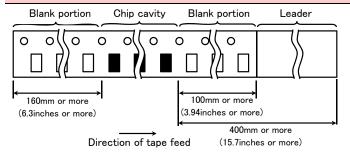


Type	Thickness	Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch	Tape T	nickness	
туре	mm(inch)	Α	В	F	K	T	
CK2125(0805)	1.25(0.049)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	2.0	0.3	
CK2123(0803) 1.23(0.049)		(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.079)	(0.012)	
CKS2125 (0805)	1.25(0.049)	1.5 ± 0.2	2.3 ± 0.2	4.0±0.1	2.0	0.3	
CK32123(0603)	1.25 (0.049)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.079)	(0.012)	
CKP2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	1.55±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.3	0.3	
ORF2012 (0003)	0.9 (0.033)	(0.061 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.051)	(0.012)	
CKP2016 (0806)	0.9 (0.035)	1.8 ± 0.1	2.2 ± 0.1	4.0±0.1	1.3	0.25	
GRF2010 (0600)	0.9 (0.033)	(0.071 ± 0.004)	(0.087 ± 0.004)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.051)	(0.01)	
	0.7 (0.028)				1.4		
	0.7 (0.026)				(0.055)		
	0.9 (0.035)				1.4		
CKP2520(1008)	0.9 (0.033)	2.3 ± 0.1	2.8±0.1	4.0±0.1	(0.055)	0.3	
GRP2520 (1008)	1.1 (0.042)	(0.091 ± 0.004)	(0.110 ± 0.004)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	1.7	(0.012)	
	1.1 (0.043)				(0.067)		
	1.1 (0.043)				1.7		
					(0.067)		
LK2125 (0805)	1.25(0.049)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	2.0	0.3	
LK2123(0003)	1.25 (0.049)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.079)	(0.012)	
	0.85 (0.033)				1.5		
HK2125(0805)		1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	(0.059)	0.3 (0.012)	
HK2123 (0003)	1.0 (0.039)				2.0		
	1.0 (0.039)				(0.079)		
BK2125(0805)	1.25(0.049)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	2.0	0.3	
DK2123 (0003)	1.25 (0.049)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.079)	(0.012)	
BK3216(1206)	0.8 (0.031)	1.9±0.1	3.5±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.4	0.3	
DN3210(1200)	0.6 (0.031)	(0.075 ± 0.004)	(0.138 ± 0.004)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.055)	(0.012)	
MCF0806(0302)	0.4 (0.016)	0.75±0.05	0.95 ± 0.05	2.0±0.05	0.55	0.3	
WIGF0000 (0302)	0.4 (0.010)	(0.030 ± 0.002)	(0.037 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.022)	(0.012)	
MCF1210(0504)	0.55(0.022)	1.15±0.05	1.40±0.05	4.0±0.1	0.65	0.3	
WIGF1210(0304)	0.55 (0.022)	(0.045 ± 0.002)	(0.055 ± 0.002)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.026)	(0.012)	
MCF2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	1.1±0.1	2.3±0.1	4.0±0.1	0.85	0.3	
WIGF 2010 (0004)	0.40(0.010)	(0.043 ± 0.004)	(0.091 ± 0.004)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.033)	(0.012)	
MCKK1608(0603)	1.0 (0.039)	1.1±0.1	1.95±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.4	0.25	
INIOUV (0003)	1.0 (0.039)	(0.043 ± 0.004)	(± 0.004)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.055)	(0.01)	
MOKK0010 (000E)	1.0 (0.020)	1.55±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.35	0.25	
MCKK2012 (0805)	1.0 (0.039)	(0.061 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.053)	(0.010)	

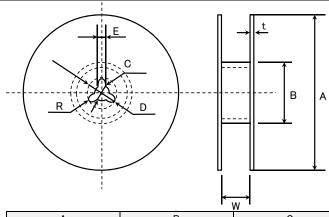
Unit : mm(inch)

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4LEADER AND BLANK PORTION



⑤Reel Size



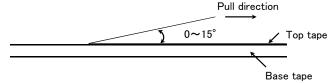
Α	В	С	D	Е	R
ϕ 178 ± 2.0	<i>ф</i> 50 or more	ϕ 13.0 \pm 0.2	ϕ 21.0±0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	t	W
4mm width tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm width tape	2.5max.	10±1.5

(Unit : mm)

⑥Top tape strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of $0.1 \sim 0.7 N$ in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.



Multilayer chip inductors Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

■ RELIABILITY DATA

1 Onesether T	watura Danga			
1. Operating Tempe		55 a. ± 125°C		
	BK series	-55~+125°C		
Specified Value	BKP series	-55∼+125°C (Including self-generated heat)		
	LK series	-40~+85°C		
	HK series	_55~+125°C		
0 Ct T	D			
2. Storage Tempera		FF 1405°O		
	BK series	-55~+125°C		
Specified Value	BKP series	-55~+125°C -40~+85°C		
	LK series			
	HK series	_55~+125°C		
3. Rated Current				
3. Nated Ourrent	BK series	The temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.		
	BKP series	The temperature of the element is increased within 40°C		
Specified Value	LK series	The decreasing-rate of inductance value is within 5 %		
Opecified Value	LIX Series	The decreasing rate of inductance value is within 5 %, or the temperature of the element is		
	HK series	increased within 20°C		
		Indicated William 20 0		
4. Impedance				
	BK series	D.C. in its its		
0 10 111	BKP series	Refer to each specification.		
Specified Value	LK series			
	HK series			
	Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz			
Test Methods and	Measuring equipment : 4291A (or its	equivalent)		
Remarks	Measuring jig : 16192A (or its equivalent), HW:16193A (or its equivalent)			
5. Inductance				
	BK series	_		
Specified Value	BKP series			
Specified value	LK series	Refer to each specification.		
	HK series	Neter to each specification.		
	LK Series			
	Measuring frequency : 10∼25MHz			
Test Methods and		193A (or its equivalent)		
Remarks	Measuring current : 1mA rms			
	HK Series			
	Measuring frequency : 100MHz			
	Measuring equipment /jig : 4291A+161	193A(or its equivalent)		
6.0				
6. Q	BK series			
	BKP series	-		
Specified Value	LK series	+		
	HK series	Refer to each specification.		
	LK Series			
		ch specification.		
		193A(or its equivalent)		
Test Methods and	Measuring equipment / jig : 4231A 1 10	30A\01 its equivalent/		
Remarks	HK Series			
. tomanto	Measuring frequency : 100MHz			
	modeling nequency . Teeming	3A(or its equivalent)		
	Measuring equipment /jig : 4291A+16193			
	Measuring equipment /jig : 4291A+1619			
7. DC Resistance	Measuring equipment /jig : 4291A + 1619			
7. DC Resistance	Measuring equipment /jig : 4291A+16193			
7. DC Resistance Specified Value	BK series	Refer to each specification.		
	BK series BKP series	Refer to each specification.		
	BK series BKP series LK series HK series	Refer to each specification. -7512, VOAC-7521 (made by Iwasaki Tsushinki)		

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8. Self Resonance F	Frequency(SRF)			
	BK series			
	BKP series	_		
Specified Value	LK series			
	HK series	Refer to each specification.		
	LK Series			
	Measuring equipment : 4195A(or its	oguivalent)		
Test Methods and		2A(or its equivalent)		
Remarks	HK Series :	ZA (or its equivalent)		
		uivalent)		
	Measuring equipment : 8719C(or its eq	ulvalent/		
9. Temperature Cha	praeteristic			
9. Temperature Ona				
	BK series			
Specified Value	BKP series	-		
•	LK series			
	HK series	Inductance change: Within ±10%		
Test Methods and	Temperature range : −30~+85°C			
Remarks	Reference temperature : +20°C			
10. Resistance to F	lexure of Substrate			
	BK series			
Specified Value	BKP series	No mechanical damage.		
Specified value	LK series			
	HK series			
	Warp : 2mm			
	Testing board : glass epoxy-resin substrate			
	Thickness : 0.8mm			
	20			
Test Methods and	R-230			
Remarks	Board Warp			
Remarks				
	Deviation ± 1			
	45 45			
	←────			
	(One:min)			
11. Solderability				
11. Solderability	PK corios			
	BK series			
Specified Value	BKP series	At least 90% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.		
	LK series			
	HK series			
Test Methods and		3282 H60A or H63A)		
Remarks	Solder temperature :245±3°C (Sn/3.0	Ag/0.5Cu)		
1.5marks	Duration :4±1 sec.			
12. Resistance to S				
	BK series	Appearance: No significant abnormality		
	BKP series	Impedance change: Within ±30%		
Charletad V-l	L. K. povino	Appearance: No significant abnormality		
Specified Value	LK series	Inductance change: Within ±15%		
		Appearance: No significant abnormality		
	HK series	Inductance change: Within ±5%		
	Solder temperature :260±5°C			
	Duration :10±0.5 sec.			
Test Methods and	Preheating temperature :150 to 180°C			
Remarks	Preheating time :3 min.			
	1			

Flux

Recovery

:Immersion into methanol solution with colophony for 3 to 5 sec.

 $: 2 \ to \ 3 \ hrs \ of \ recovery \ under \ the \ standard \ condition \ after \ the \ test. (See \ Note \ 1)$

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BK, BKP, HK Series Conditions for 1 cycle

Step	temperature (°C)	time (min.)
1	-40°C +0/−3	30±3
2	Room temperature	2~3
3	+125°C +3/-0	30±3
4	Room temperature	2~3

Number of cycles: 1000

Test Methods and Remarks

Recovery: 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)

LK Series

Conditions for 1 cycle

Step	temperature(°C)	time (min.)
1	$-40^{\circ}C + 0/-3$	30±3
2	Room temperature	2~3
3	+85°C +3/-0	30±3
4	Room temperature	2~3

Number of cycles: 1000

Recovery: 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)

(Note 1) When there are questions concerning measurement result; measurement shall be made after 48 ± 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

14. Damp Heat (St	eady state)		
	BK series		Appearance: No significant abnormality
Consider d Malus	BKP series		Impedance change: Within ±30%
	LK series		Appearance: No significant abnormality
Specified Value			Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%
	HK series		Appearance: No significant abnormality
			Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%
	Temperature	:85±2°C	
Test Methods and	Humidity	:80 to 85%RH	
Remarks	Duration	:1000+24/-0 hrs	
	Recovery	:2 to 3 hrs of recovery unde	er the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)

15. Loading under D	amp Heat		
Specified Value	BK series		Appearance: No significant abnormality
	BKP series		Impedance change: Within ±30%
	LK series		Appearance: No significant abnormality
			Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%
	HK series		Appearance: No significant abnormality
			Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%
	Temperature	:85±2°C	
Test Methods and	Humidity	:80 to 85%RH	
Remarks	Applied current	:Rated current	
	Duration	:1000+24/-0 hrs	
	Recovery	:2 to 3 hrs of recovery	under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:

5 to 35° C of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of $20\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$ of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after 48 ± 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

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16. Loading at High Temperature			
	BK series	Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	BKP series	Impedance change: Within ±30%	
Specified Value	LK series	Appearance: No significant abnormality	
Specified value	LK series	Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%	
	HK series	Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	TIK Series	Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%	
Test Methods and	Temperature : Maximum operating Temperature		
Remarks	Applied current : Rated current		
Remarks	Duration : $1000+24/-0$ hrs		
	Recovery :2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1)		

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:

5 to 35° C of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of $20\pm2^{\circ}C$ of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure. Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after 48 ± 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

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Precautions on the use of Multilayer chip inductors Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

PRECAUTIONS

1. Circuit Design

◆ Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance

 A malfunction in medical equipment, spacecraft, nuclear reactors, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.

Precautions

As such, any inductors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and/or reliability considerations and should be clearly differentiated from components used in general purpose applications.

- ◆Operating Current(Verification of Rated current)
 - 1. The operating current for inductors must always be lower than their rated values.
 - 2. Do not apply current in excess of the rated value because the inductance may be reduced due to the magnetic saturation effect.

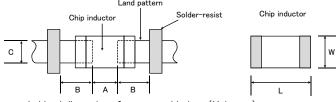
2. PCB Design

Precautions

- ◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
 - 1. When inductors are mounted on a PCB, the size of land patterns and the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect inductor performance.

Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of solder land patterns:

- (1) The amount of solder applied can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses which may lead to breaking or cracking. Therefore, when designing land-patterns it is necessary to consider the appropriate size and configuration of the solder pads which in turn determines the amount of solder necessary to form the fillets.
- (2) When more than one part is jointly soldered onto the same land or pad, the pad must be designed so that each component's soldering point is separated by solder-resist.
- (3) The larger size of land patterns and amount of solder, the smaller Q value after mounting on PCB. It makes higher the Q value to design land patterns smaller than terminal electrode of chips.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized [breakaway] PC boards)
 - After inductors have been mounted on the boards, chips can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing
 processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering the reflow soldered
 boards etc.) For this reason, planning pattern configurations and the position of SMD inductors should be carefully performed to
 minimize stress.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
 - 1. The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts (larger fillets which extend above the component end terminations). Examples of improper pattern designs are also shown.
 - (1) Recommended land dimensions for a typical chip inductor land patterns for PCBs



Recommended land dimensions for wave-soldering (Unit:mm)

Type		1608	2125	
Size L		1.6	2.0	
Size	W	0.8	1.25	
Α		0.8~1.0	1.0~1.4	
В		0.5~0.8	0.8~1.5	
С		0.6~0.8	0.9~1.2	

Technical considerations

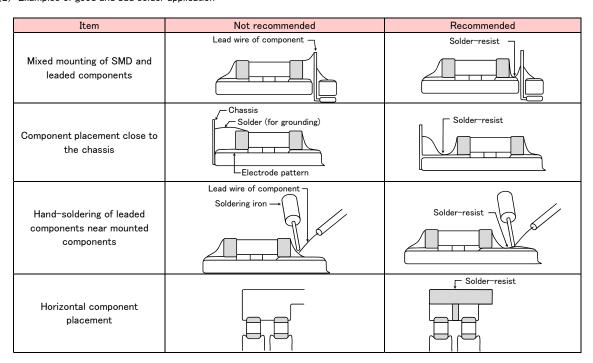
Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (Unit:mm)

Ту	ре	1005	1608	2125
Size	┙	1.0	2.0	1.6
Size	W	0.5	1.25	0.8
-	4	0.45~0.55	0.8~1.0	0.8~1.2
В		0.40~0.50	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2
()	0.45~0.55	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.6

Excess solder can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses. Therefore, please take proper precautions when designing land-patterns.

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(2) Examples of good and bad solder application

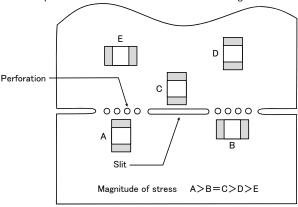


- ◆Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized[breakaway] PC boards)
 - 1-1. The following are examples of good and bad inductor layout; SMD inductors should be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Item	Not recommended	Recom	mended
Deflection of the board			Position the component at a right angle to the direction of the mechanical stresses that are anticipated.

1-2. To layout the inductors for the breakaway PC board, it should be noted that the amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on inductor layout.

An example below should be counted for better design.



1-3. When breaking PC boards along their perforations, the amount of mechanical stress on the inductors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, any ideal SMD inductor layout must also consider the PCB splitting procedure.

3. Considerations for automatic placement

- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
 - 1. Excessive impact load should not be imposed on the inductors when mounting onto the PC boards.
 - 2. The maintenance and inspection of the mounter should be conducted periodically.

Precautions

◆Selection of Adhesives

- 1. Mounting inductors with adhesives in preliminary assembly, before the soldering stage, may lead to degraded inductor characteristics unless the following factors are appropriately checked; the size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, it is imperative to consult the manufacturer of the adhesives on proper usage and amounts of adhesive to use.
- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
 - 1. If the lower limit of the pick-up nozzle is low, too much force may be imposed on the inductors, causing damage. To avoid this, the following points should be considered before lowering the pick-up nozzle:
 - (1) The lower limit of the pick-up nozzle should be adjusted to the surface level of the PC board after correcting for deflection of the board.
 - (2) The pick-up pressure should be adjusted between 1 and 3N static loads.
 - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins should be used under the PC board. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good pick-up nozzle placement:

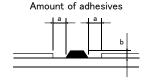
Item	Improper method	Proper method
Single-sided mounting	chipping or cracking	supporting pins or back-up pins
Double-sided mounting	chipping or cracking	supporting pins or back-up pins

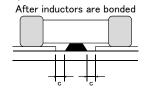
Technical considerations

- 2. As the alignment pin wears out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of the inductors because of mechanical impact on the inductors. To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pin in the stopped position, and maintenance, inspection and replacement of the pin should be conducted periodically.
- ◆Selection of Adhesives
- 1. Some adhesives may cause reduced insulation resistance. The difference between the shrinkage percentage of the adhesive and that of the inductors may result in stresses on the inductors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect component placement, so the following precautions should be noted in the application of adhesives.
 - (1) Required adhesive characteristics
 - a. The adhesive should be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
 - b. The adhesive should have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
 - c. The adhesive should have good coating and thickness consistency.
 - d. The adhesive should be used during its prescribed shelf life.
 - e. The adhesive should harden rapidly.
 - f. The adhesive must not be contaminated.
 - g. The adhesive should have excellent insulation characteristics.
 - h. The adhesive should not be toxic and have no emission of toxic gasses.
 - (2) When using adhesives to mount inductors on a PCB, inappropriate amounts of adhesive on the board may adversely affect component placement. Too little adhesive may cause the inductors to fall off the board during the solder process. Too much adhesive may cause defective soldering due excessive flow of adhesive on to the land or solder pad.

[Recommended conditions]

	[Recommended conditions]		
Figure 0805 case sizes as examples			
	а	0.3mm min	
	b	100∼120 µm	
	С	Area with no adhesive	





4. Soldering

Precautions

◆Selection of Flux

- 1. Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of inductors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;
 - (1) Flux used should be with less than or equal to 0.1 wt% (Chlorine conversion method) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content should not be applied.
 - (2) When soldering inductors on the board, the amount of flux applied should be controlled at the optimum level.
 - (3) When using water-soluble flux, special care should be taken to properly clean the boards.

♦Soldering

 Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. are specified in accordance with the following recommended conditions, and please contact us about peak temperature when you use lead-free paste.

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◆Selection of Flux

- 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate the flux, or highly acidic flux is used, an excessive amount of residue after soldering may lead to corrosion of the terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surface of the Inductor.
- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in flow soldering, but if too much is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may detrimentally affect solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved by water content in the air, the residue on the surface of Inductor in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and therefore affect the reliability of the components. The cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used should also be considered carefully when selecting water-soluble flux.

◆Soldering

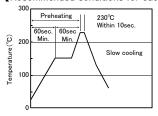
1-1. Preheating when soldering

Heating: Chip inductor components should be preheated to within $100 \text{ to } 130^{\circ}\text{C}$ of the soldering. Cooling: The temperature difference between the components and cleaning process should not be greater than 100°C .

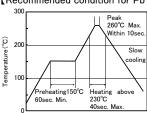
Chip inductors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling. Therefore, the soldering process must be conducted with a great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock.

[Reflow soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



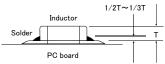
*Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.

*Assured to be reflow soldering for 2 times.

Caution

Technical considerations

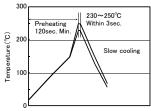
1. The ideal condition is to have solder mass(fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of the inductor, as shown below:



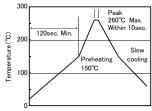
2. Because excessive dwell times can detrimentally affect solderability, soldering duration should be kept as close to recommended times as possible.

[Wave soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



 $\%\mbox{Ceramic chip components}$ should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.

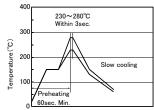
*Assured to be wave soldering for 1 time. *Except for reflow soldering type.

Caution

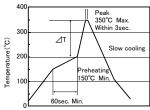
- 1. Make sure the inductors are preheated sufficiently.
- 2. The temperature difference between the inductor and melted solder should not be greater than 100 to 130° C.
- 3. Cooling after soldering should be as gradual as possible.
- 4. Wave soldering must not be applied to the inductors designated as for reflow soldering only.

[Hand soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



(**※**⊿TT190°C)

 $\rm \%It$ is recommended to use 20W soldering iron and the tip is 1 ϕ or less.

*The soldering iron should not directly touch the components.

*Assured to be soldering iron for 1 time.

Note: The above profiles are the maximum allowable soldering condition, therefore these profiles are not always recommended.

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Caution 1. Use a 20W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm. 2. The soldering iron should not directly touch the inductor.

5. Cleaning Cleaning conditions 1. When cleaning the PC board after the Inductors are all mounted, select the appropriate cleaning solution according to the type of flux Precautions used and purpose of the cleaning (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.) 2. Cleaning conditions should be determined after verifying, through a test run, that the cleaning process does not affect the inductor's characteristics. ◆Cleaning conditions 1. The use of inappropriate solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to the inductor, resulting in a degradation of the inductor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance). 2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may detrimentally affect the performance of the inductors. (1) Excessive cleaning **Technical** a. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of the PC board which may lead to the considerations cracking of the inductor or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Thus the following conditions should be carefully checked: Ultrasonic output Below 20W/Q

Bulltrasonic washing period 5 min. or less 6. Post cleaning processes Application of resin coatings, moldings, etc. to the PCB and components. 1. With some type of resins a decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the inductor's performance. 2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than the inductor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excess heat may lead to inductor damage or destruction. 3. Stress caused by a resin's temperature generated expansion and contraction may damage inductors. The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended. When inductors are coated/molded with resin, please check effects on the inductors by analyzing them in actual applications prior to use.

Below 40kHz 5 min. or less

Ultrasonic frequency

7. Handling	
Precautions	 ◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations) 1. When splitting the PC board after mounting inductors and other components, care is required so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board. 2. Board separation should not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices. ◆ General handling precautions 1. Always wear static control bands to protect against ESD. 2. Keep the inductors away from all magnets and magnetic objects. 3. Use non-magnetic tweezers when handling inductors. 4. Any devices used with the inductors (soldering irons, measuring instruments) should be properly grounded. 5. Keep bare hands and metal products (i.e., metal desk) away from chip electrodes or conductive areas that lead to chip electrodes. 6. Keep inductors away from items that generate magnetic fields such as speakers or coils. ◆ Mechanical considerations 1. Be careful not to subject the inductors to excessive mechanical shocks. (1) If inductors are dropped on the floor or a hard surface they should not be used. (2) When handling the mounted boards, be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other heards or components

	 6. Keep inductors away from items that generate magnetic fields such as speakers or coils. Mechanical considerations 1. Be careful not to subject the inductors to excessive mechanical shocks. (1) If inductors are dropped on the floor or a hard surface they should not be used.
	(2) When handling the mounted boards, be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.
0 C+	
8. Storage condit	
Precautions	◆Storage 1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packaging material in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible. •Recommended conditions Ambient temperature: Below 30°C Humidity: Below 70% RH The ambient temperature must be kept below 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of inductor is deteriorated as time passes, so inductors should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. •Inductor should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.
Technical considerations	◆Storage 1. If the parts are stocked in a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place. For this reason, components should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the inductors.

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