

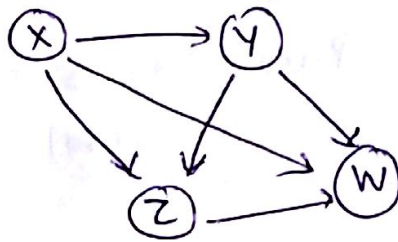
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## Graphical Models

### HW 1

1) Assuming  $w, x, y, z$  are binary discrete Random Variable

(a)



$$\text{Parameters} = 1 + 2 + 4 + 8 = 15$$

$\swarrow \quad \searrow \quad \downarrow \quad \searrow$

$P(x) \quad P(y|x) \quad P(z|x,y) \quad P(w|x,y,z)$

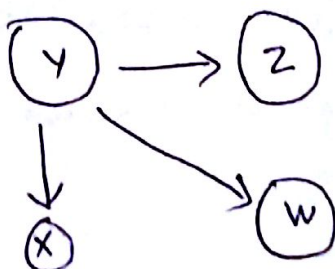
(b)



$$\text{Parameters} = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 4$$

$P(x) \quad P(y) \quad P(z) \quad P(w)$

(c)

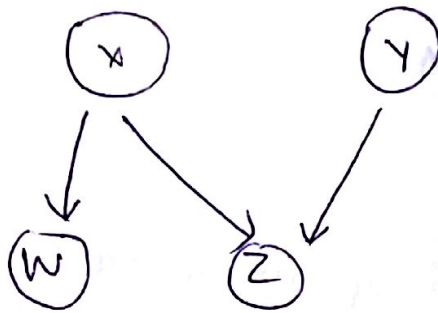


$$\text{Parameters} = 1 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 7$$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$

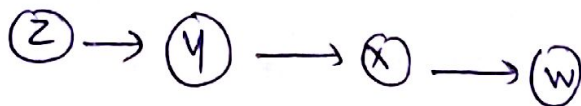
$P(x) \quad P(y|x) \quad P(z|y) \quad P(w|y)$

d)



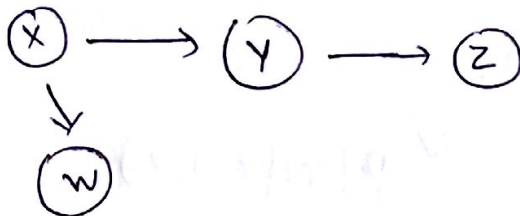
$$\text{Parameters} = 1 + \frac{1}{P(X)} + \frac{1}{P(Y)} + \frac{2}{P(W|X)} + \frac{4}{P(Z|X,Y)} = 8$$

e)



$$\text{Parameters} = 1 + \frac{2}{P(W|Z)} + \frac{2}{P(Y|Z)} + \frac{2}{P(X|Y)} + \frac{2}{P(W|X)} = 7$$

f)



$$\text{Parameters} = 1 + \frac{2}{P(X)} + \frac{2}{P(Y|X)} + \frac{2}{P(Z|Y)} + \frac{2}{P(W|X)} = 7$$

2)

(a) "Projector-plugged-in" and "sam-reading-book" are conditionally independent as there are no active path between them. Hence the knowledge of "projector-plugged-in" does not affect the belief in "sam-reading-book".

(b) "Screen-lit-up" and "sam-reading-book" are not independent as there is an "split" between them which is active. Hence the knowledge of "screen-lit-up" affects "sam-reading-book".

"power-in-building" and "projector-plugged-in" are conditionally dependent on observing "screen lit-up", which in turn affects "Sam-reading-book". Hence "projector" it affects the belief of "sam-reading-book".

(d) "Projector-lamp-on", "screen-lit-up", "ray-says-"screen is dark".

(e) All the probabilities except "light-switch-on", "mirror-working" & "ray-is-awake".

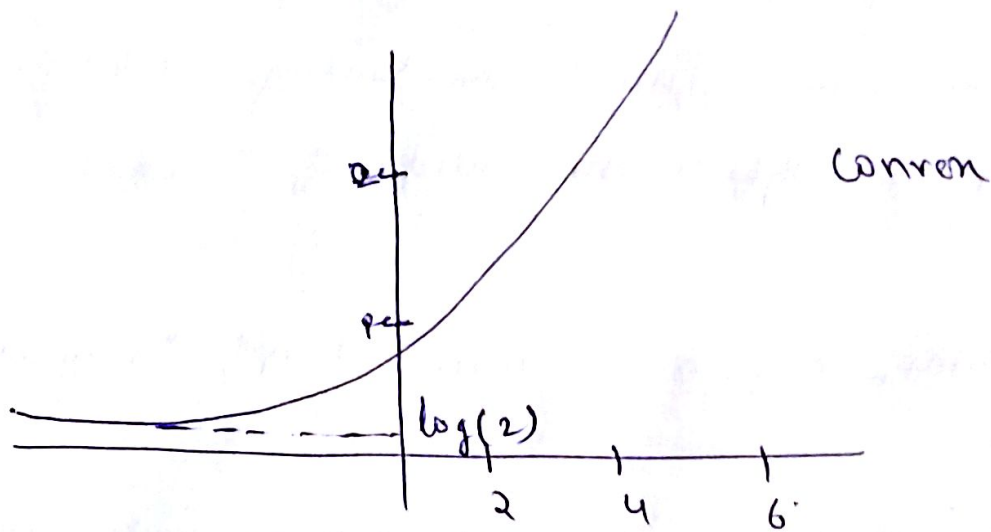
3) a) 
$$\sum_y \sum_x P(x, y; \theta) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sum_y \sum_x \exp[\theta_{nx} + \theta_{xy} x y]}{e^{A(\theta)}} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{A(\theta)} = e^0 + e^0 + e^{\theta_n} + e^{(\theta_n + \theta_{ny})}$$

$$A(\theta) = \log(2 + e^{\theta_n} + e^{(\theta_n + \theta_{ny})}).$$

(b) for  $Q_{ny} = 1$   $A(\theta) = \log(2 + (1e) \cdot e^{Q_n})$



(c)  $\nabla A(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial A(\theta)}{\partial Q_n} & \frac{\partial A(\theta)}{\partial Q_{ny}} \end{bmatrix}$

$= \frac{Q_n \cdot e^{Q_n}}{\log(2 + e^{Q_n} + e^{Q_n + Q_{ny}})} + Q_{ny}$

$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{Q_n \cdot e^{Q_n}}{2 + e^{Q_n} + e^{Q_n + Q_{ny}}} & \frac{Q_{ny} \cdot e^{Q_n + Q_{ny}}}{2 + e^{Q_n} + e^{Q_n + Q_{ny}}} \end{bmatrix}$

At  $\theta = [1, 2]$   $\nabla A(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e + e^3}{2 + e + e^3} & \frac{2 \cdot e^3}{2 + e + e^3} \end{bmatrix}$

Gradient is monotonic, even increasing