ECE-231 Lab Assignment #4

Assigned Thursday 3/7/24

Due: 11:59 pm Saturday 3/16/24

Moodle References:

- Lecture 8 and 9 cover Interrupt concepts and programming
- Lecture 10 covers Thread concepts and programming
- A. Create a shell script file named "pwm gen.sh"
 - 1. Write code that configures the pin **P9_16** as a **pwm pin** and starts a PWM of period 1 second and 50% duty cycle
 - 2. Configure the pin P8_8 as a GPIO input pin
 - 3. Enable rising edge interrupt on pin P8_8
- B. Take a jumper wire and connect pin P9 16 to P8 8 on your beaglebone
- C. Develop a C program that meets the following requirements:
 - 4. Create a new **thread** function
 - 5. Inside the thread,
 - a. Use Linux epoll to configure interrupt settings
 - b. Use **epoll_wait(..)** to wait for the interrupt
 - c. When a rising edge interrupt occurs on pin P8_8, take a timestamp using clock_gettine(CLOCK_MONOTONIC,..), and store only the seconds part (tv_sec) of the timestamp in a buffer array of size 10
 - d. Store 10 timestamp measurements in the buffer array using the steps above
 - 6. Once the buffer is full, exit the thread, and print the timestamps from the buffer array to your terminal/command line from within your main function
- C. Write a makefile and use it to compile your C program
- D. Run the program binary and observe the terminal output

Notes:

- You have to use your beaglebone for this assignment
- This is an individual assignment: you must write your own code and do not share it
- Read the instructions carefully multiple times to understand the program requirements and to produce the desired outcome

- The lecture material supporting this assignment has already been covered in the class
- The TAs will support you during lab hours

What to turn in:

- By the deadline, upload to Moodle the following list of files:
 - o C source code file
 - Makefile
 - o shell script file
 - Video recording that shows your beaglebone with jumper wire pins connection, and the terminal output printing 10 timestamps