

a.) $3e8/1.055e8 = 3/1.055 = 2.8436019$

$2.8436019/4 = .7109 \text{ m}$

$3e8/2.4e9 = .125$

$.125/4 = .03125 \text{ m}$

$3e8/6e10 = .005$

$.005/4 = .00125 \text{ m}$

2.) $10000/4\pi(20000^2) = 0.000019894 \text{ watts/m}^2$

$50 \text{ cm}^2 = .005\text{m}^2$

$.005 * 0.000019894 = .00000009947 \text{ watts}$

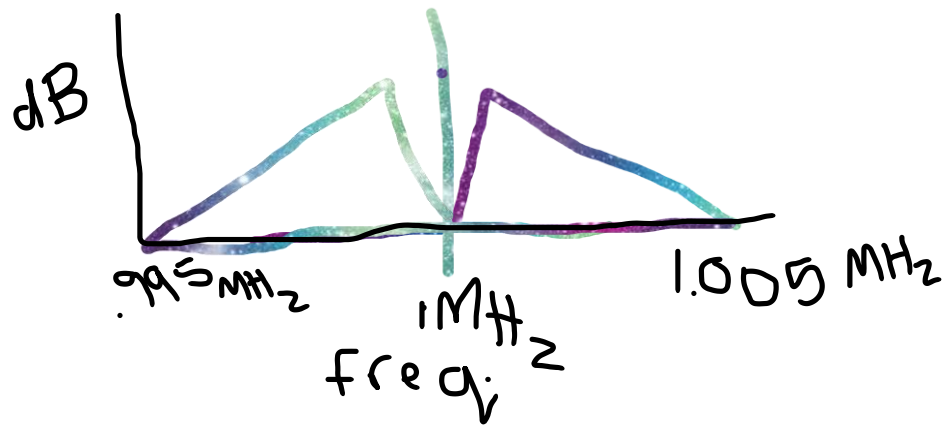
3.) $2.4 \text{ GHz} = 10^{(-.008/10)} = .998 = .2\% \text{ attenuation}$ red graph is negligible

$5 \text{ GHz} = 10^{(-.008-.002/10)} .997 = .3\% \text{ attenuation}$

$60 \text{ GHz} = 10^{(-10-.1/10)} = .097 = 80.3\% \text{ attenuation}$

b.) 60 GHz reduces the amount of signal that leaks outside of the building, long distance signal is undesirable

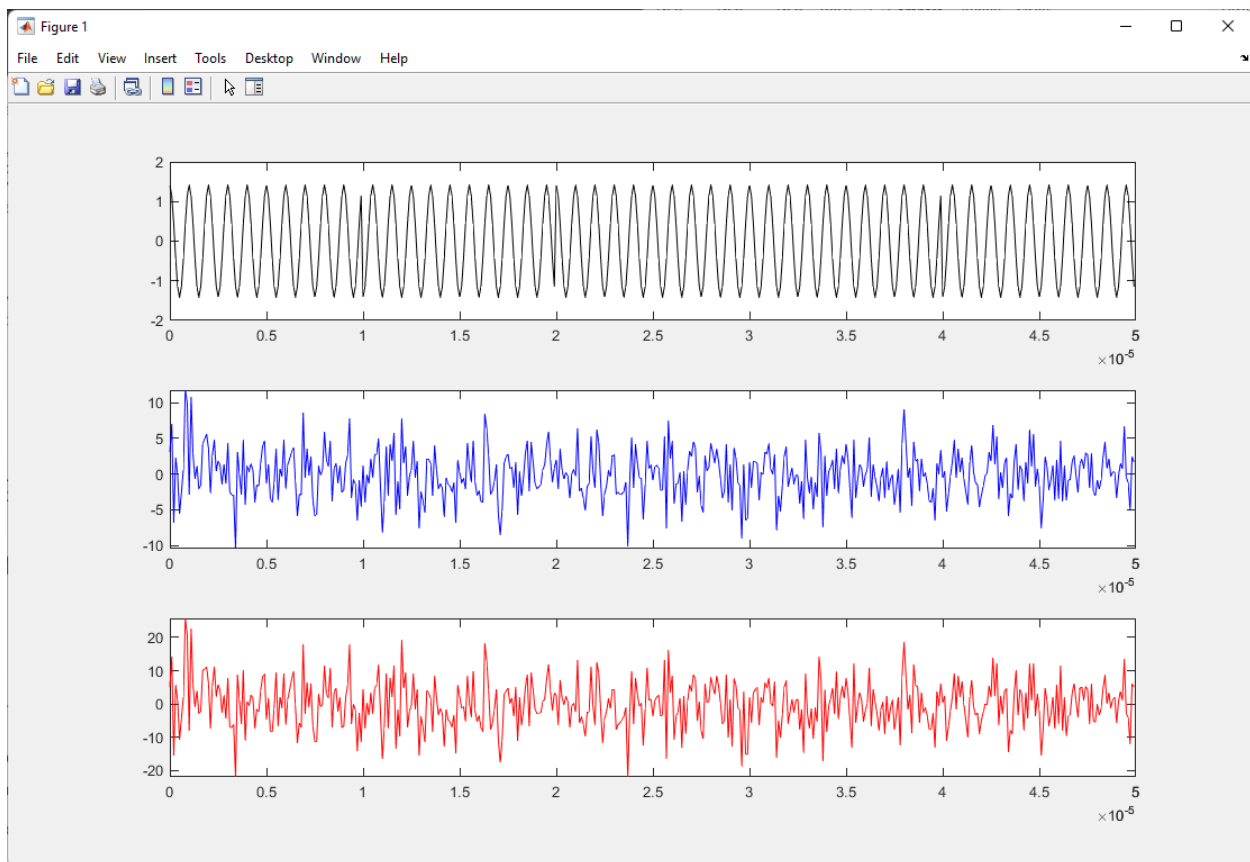
4.) .995 MHz to 1.005 MHz



5.) $400 \text{ Mb/sec SNR} = 4.65$

$100 \text{ Mb/sec SNR} = 1$

b.) $x = 100000 \log_2(1+8) = 316992.5 \text{ bit/sec}$



```
>> r=r0;
br=[];
for k=1:5
rk=r(100*(k-1)+1:100*k);
yk=sum(rk.*c);
brk=(yk>=0);
br=[br,brk];
end
br

br =

    1     0     1     1     0
no error
```

```
>> r=r1;
br=[];
for k=1:5
rk=r(100*(k-1)+1:100*k);
yk=sum(rk.*c);
brk=(yk>=0);
br=[br,brk];
end
br

br =

    1     0     1     1     0
```

```
no error
br=[];
for k=1:5
rk=r(100*(k-1)+1:100*k);
yk=sum(rk.*c);
brk=(yk>=0);
br=[br,brk];
end
br

br =

    1     0     1     1     0
no error
```

```
rk=xk+sqrt(50*P)*nk;  
yk=sum(rk.*c);  
brk=(yk>=0);  
nerror=nerror+abs(brk-b(k));  
end  
>> ber=nerror/10000
```

ber =

0

```
>> P=5;  
nerror=0;  
for k=1:10000  
xk=(2*b(k)-1)*c;  
nk=randn(size(xk));  
rk=xk+sqrt(50*P)*nk;  
yk=sum(rk.*c);  
brk=(yk>=0);  
nerror=nerror+abs(brk-b(k));  
end  
>> ber=nerror/10000
```

ber =

0.2651

```
>> P=1;  
nerror=0;  
for k=1:10000  
xk=(2*b(k)-1)*c;  
nk=randn(size(xk));  
rk=xk+sqrt(50*P)*nk;  
yk=sum(rk.*c);  
brk=(yk>=0);  
nerror=nerror+abs(brk-b(k));  
end  
>> ber=nerror/10000
```

ber =

0.0755

