

COMPSCI 250 Discussion #1: What is a Proof? Group Response Sheet

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Writing Exercises:

1. Prove that if x is an even natural, x's predecessor (if it has one) is odd.

$$X = 2y + 1$$
 $X \neq \emptyset$
 $X - 1 = 2y + 1 - 1$
 $X - 1 = 2y$

X-1 is even 3. Prove that if x's predecessor is odd, then x is even.

$$X-1 = 2y+1$$
 $x \neq \emptyset$
 $X = 2y+2$
 $X = 2(y+1)$
 $X = 2(y+1)$

4. Prove that if x's predecessor is even, then x is odd.

$$X-1 = 2y \qquad X=\emptyset$$

$$X = 2y+1$$

$$X = 15 \text{ odd}$$

5. Prove that every natural is either odd or even. (Hint: By the Least Number Axiom, if any natural is neither odd nor even, there's a least such natural. Could it be 0? If not, what about its predecessor? Use the results of (1) – (4) to get a contradiction.)

1 = odd

predecessor of odd Must be even

therefore 1-1 = even 0= even

Assume natural neither odd on even & x

(cannot be 0 because 0 = 2(0) is even.

Predecessor x-1 = must be odd leven

ex is the least humber that is neither

x-12x by (2) if x-1 is even then x is odd

and vice vers a Contradiction ho natural exists

6. Prove that no natural is both odd and even. (Similar to (5) - get a contradiction by assuming

some natural is both.)

x cannot be 0 because 0 is not odd if it were equal to 22+7 (definition of odd) then 22 is the predecessor which doesn't exist.

X has predecessor Z-1

By (2) X-7 is even because Z is odd and

X-1 is also odd because Z is even

4 X-1 both even and odd therefore

contradicts