"Discovering" is the beginning of an investigation

Understand data format

- Video: Discover what is missing from your dataset
 5 min
- Reading: Reference guide: Datetime manipulation
- Reading: Follow-along instructions:

 Date string manipulations with
 Python

 10 min
- Lab: Annotated follow-along guide:
 Date string manipulations with
 Python
 20 min
- Video: Date string manipulations with Python
- Practice Quiz: Test your knowledge:
 Understand data format
 3 questions

Create structure from raw data Review: Explore raw data

Reference guide: Datetime manipulation

The following tables can serve as reference guides to remind you of the shorthand code for manipulating datetime strings into individual objects.

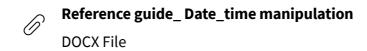
Save this course item

You may want to save a copy of this guide for future reference. You can use it as a resource for additional practice or in your future professional projects. To access a downloadable version of this course item, click the link below and select "Use Template."

Reference guide: Datetime manipulation

OR

If you don't have a Google account, you can download the item directly from the attachment below.



Manipulating datetime strings in Python

Below that you will find a table with the datetime functions you can use to help you manipulate datetime objects in different ways.

Code	Format	Example
% a	Abbreviated weekday	Sun
% A	Weekday	Sunday
% b	Abbreviated month	Jan
%B	Month name	January
% c	Date and time	Sun Jan 1 00:00:00 2021
% d	Day (leading zeros)	01 to 31
%Н	24 hours	00 to 23
%I	12 hours	01 to 12
% j	Day of year	001 to 366
% m	Month	01 to 12
% M	Minute	00 to 59
%р	AM or PM	AM/PM
% S	Seconds	00 to 61
%U	Week number (Sun)	00 to 53
%W	Week number (Mon)	00 to 53
%w	Weekday	0 to 6
% x	Locale's appropriate date representation	08/16/88 (None); 08/16/1988 (en_US); 16.08.1988 (de_DE)
%X	A locale's appropriate time representation	21:30:00 (en_US); 21:30:00 (de_DE)
%у	Year without century	00 to 99
% Y	Year	2022
% z	Offset	+0900
%Z	Time zone	EDT/JST/WET etc (GMT)

Datetime functions to remember

All of the following date string manipulations require the datetime package to be imported first.

(from datetime import datetime)

Code	Input Type	Input Example	Output Type	Output Example
datetime.strptime("25/11/2022", "%d/%m/%Y")	string	"25/11/2022"	DateTime	"2022-11-25 00:00:00"
<pre>datetime.strftime(dt_object, "%d/%m/%Y")</pre>	DateTime	"2022-11-25 00:00:00"	string	"25/11/2022"
<pre>dt_object = datetime.strptime("25/11/2022", "%d/%m/%Y") datetime.timestamp(dt_object)</pre>	string	"25/11/2022"	float (UTC timestamp in seconds)	1617836400.0
datetime.strptime("25/11/2022", "%d/%m/%Y").strftime("%Y-%m-%d")	string	"25/11/2022"	string	"2022-11-25"
datetime.fromtimestamp(1617836400.0)	float (UTC timestamp in seconds)	1617836400.0	DateTime	"2022-11-25 00:00:00"
datetime.fromtimestamp(1617836400.0).strftime("%d/%m/%Y")	float (UTC timestamp in seconds)	1617836400.0	string	"25/11/2022"
<pre>from pytz import timezone ny_time = datetime.strptime("25-11-2022 09:34:00-0700", "%d-%m-%Y %H:%M:%S%z") Tokyo_time = ny_time.astimezone(timezone('Asia/Tokyo'))</pre>	string	NewYork timezone "25-11-2022 09:34:00- 0700"	DateTime	Tokyo timezone 2022, 11, 26, 1, 34, JST+9:00:00 STD>
datetime.strptime("20:00", "%H:%M").strftime("%I:%M %p")	string	"20:00"	string	"08:00 PM"
<pre>datetime.strptime("08:00 PM", "%I:%M %p").strftime("%H:%M")</pre>	string	"08:00 PM"	string	"20:00"

Key takeaways

Use reference guides like the tables above throughout your career to help remind you of the different ways to manipulate datetime objects. Even experts in the field use reference guides, rather than memorizing all this information. Getting familiar with guides like these will be beneficial because you will be using them throughout your career as a data professional.

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