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1.	A data team at a household goods retailer is asked to predict the success of an upcoming sale on patio furniture. To make an informed prediction, they use statistics to analyze data on past patio furniture sales. What type of probability are they using? Dependent Objective Subjective Independent Correct	1 / 1 point
2.	The probability of an event is close to 1. Which of the following statements best describes the likelihood that the event will occur? The event is unlikely to occur. The event is certain not to occur. The event is likely to occur. The event is certain to occur. Correct	1 / 1 point
3.	A coin is tossed twice. To calculate the probability of getting two heads in a row, which of the following equations should be used? \[\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{2} \] \[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \] \[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \] \[\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{2} \d	1 / 1 point
4.	Fill in the blank: Two events are if the occurrence of one event does not change the probability of the other event. dependent discrete	1 / 1 point

	continuous	
	independent	
5.	What concept refers to the probability of an event before new data is collected?	1 / 1 point
	Prior probability	
	Subjective probability	
	Conditional probability	
	Posterior probability	
6.	Which of the following are examples of discrete random variables? Select all that apply.	1 / 1 point
	The number of radios produced in a factory each day	
	The length of an airplane	
	The number of rooms in a hotel	
	The time it takes to drive from one city to another city	
7.	Fill in the blank: The distribution best models the number of heads in 10 fair coin flips.	1 / 1 point
	Bernoulli	
	Poisson	
	Binomial	
	Normal	

8.	A data professional working for a smartphone manufacturer is analyzing sample data on the weight of a specific smartphone. The data follows a normal distribution, with a mean weight of 150g and a standard deviation of 10g. According to the empirical rule, approximately what percentage of the data values lie between 140g and 160g? 50% 68% 99.7% 95%	1 / 1 point
9.	The mean and the standard deviation of a standard normal distribution always equal what values?	1 / 1 point
	Mean = 2; standard deviation = 1	
	Mean = 0; standard deviation = 1	
	Mean = 0; standard deviation = 2	
	Mean = 1; standard deviation = 2	
10.	A data professional is analyzing sales data for a retail store. The data follows a normal distribution. What Python function can they use to compute z-scores for the data?	1 / 1 point
	median.zscore()	
	mean.zscore()	
	stats.zscore()	
	normal.zscore()	