Prepare a UX portfolio for job applications

Prepare for UX interviews

- Answer interview questions

 Video: Use strategies to answer
- 3 min

 Reading: Learn more about the STAR method

interview questions

Practice Quiz: Activity: Develop responses to potential interview questions

1 question

- Reading: Activity Exemplar: Develop responses to potential interview questions
- 10 min

 Reading: Manage difficult interview questions
- Discussion Prompt: Share difficult interview questions
- Video: Jay Interview tips from a hiring manager

Develop an elevator pitch

Ace whiteboarding and panel

Ace whiteboarding and panel interviews

Pursue freelance UX design work

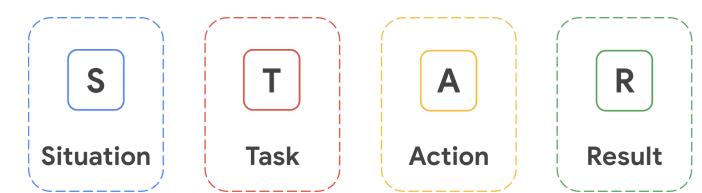
Week 6 review

Course review

Certificate program review

Learn more about the STAR method

In the video, you just learned about using the STAR method to answer interview questions clearly and directly. Using the STAR method can make your responses easy to follow and provide a logical structure to each story you share.



As a reminder, here's what each letter of the STAR acronym stands for:

- **S** is for **situation**. Describe the context around a particular circumstance, challenge, or event you experienced.
- **T** is for **task**. Describe your responsibility in this situation. What were you asked to do, or what problem were you asked to solve?
- **A** is for **action**. Describe what you did to meet the challenge or solve the problem. Give specific details that demonstrate your abilities in the job.
- **R** is for **result**. Describe the outcome of the project or task. Give specific numbers whenever possible to make your results more concrete.

What does the STAR method look like in action? Well, we asked three UX designers at Google to use the STAR method to answer these common UX design interview questions:

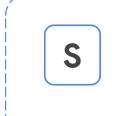
- Can you tell me about a time when you did your own research?
 What part of the design process do you enjoy doing the most? Why?
- How have you handled receiving negative feedback about your designs?

Ready to read their answers? Dig in!

Kartik

Interaction designer at YouTube

Interview question: Can you tell me about a time when you did your own research?



Situation

When I was a UX intern at Google, I was designing new user flows for a wearable device. [A wearable device is technology that users wear and interact with, like a smartwatch.]



I wanted to find out if there were any issues in these new user flows. I had tested these flows multiple times myself, but I was biased since I was the designer. The new designs had to be delivered within two days for engineering implementation, so I was too short on time to ask a UX researcher to help fully test the new designs.



I decided to use a heuristic evaluation method to test these new flows.

I gathered my team (four engineers, two managers, and two designers) in a meeting room. Heuristic evaluation involves examining an interface and seeing if it complies with a set of usability principles. Each of my team members put on the wearable device one at a time, and I gave them tasks to complete using the new flow. They were also given a set of usability principles (heuristics). While they performed the task, they had to evaluate the design and find usability problems in the interface with reference to the heuristics.



Each team member performing the tasks found a few common and unique usability problems. In a meeting of an hour, the team of eight people found 13 usability problems in the new designs! I documented these problems and fixed them before delivering the new designs for the engineering implementation. So, doing my own research for this project paid off.

Alice

UX designer at <u>Google One</u> [2

Interview question: What part of the design process do you enjoy doing the most? Why?



I love the iteration process! After the design process (empathize, define, ideate, prototype, test) is completed and the initial designs have been tested, like in a usability study, the designer receives feedback from the engineering team, research studies, and cross-functional partners. Then, we iterate!



The iteration process balances understanding engineering constraints and business strategies with user and market needs.



Action

I personally like how designer empathy takes a back seat for once, and the problem solving muscle is exercised to the maximum. To be a great partner, the designer needs to demonstrate understanding and provide solutions to all stakeholders' needs.



This process typically would go through a few rounds of reiterations, with communication, collaboration, and presentations on repeat. For a project I recently worked on, we conducted multiple rounds of user testing and iterated on the designs after each round. Even after the product launched in the real world, we are still iterating! During these reiterations, I feel like an empowered captain to a giant moving ship. That's why iterating is my favorite part of the design process!

Dane

Visual designer at Reach UX, Google

Interview question: How have you handled receiving negative feedback about your designs?



After presenting user testing feedback for a mobile application I was working on in Hong Kong, I received feedback that the insights from initial interviews and testing were based too heavily on U.S. culture.



Being that this was a mobile app based in Hong Kong, I needed to understand the behavioral differences that come from interacting with digital touchpoints on the opposite side of the world.



My goal was to research interaction patterns and interview people who knew first-hand the major differences when it came to building out the solution. I found myself reworking elements on the screen, such as text spacing for buttons, and designing for all devices, not just an iPhone. I also restructured my persona's favorite trends and hobbies to be HK specific products and locations. This prompted the idea to explore designing for right-to-left languages.



Not only was I able to expand my horizon and truly understand the fact that I'm not the user, I was able to develop a new app based on culturally specific patterns and insights.

Result

More practice with the STAR method

If you'd like to see the STAR method in action for other interview questions and in fields other than UX design, there are many resources available!

- This article about <u>how to use the STAR method</u> \(\subseteq \) by the Muse has a section that answers common interview questions using the STAR method.

Mark as completed