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Name:

1. **[4 marks]** Examine each of the following snippets of code and list the output expected. Write '- error -' if you think the code will crash (i.e. raise an error) during execution. Write '- nothing -' if you think the code will not produce any output.

Code	Output
<pre># Part 1 def test_one(x): print('alpha') return x > 4 def test two(x):</pre>	aipha beta brange
<pre>print('beta') return x <= 8 for i in range(4, 6):</pre>	alpha beta apple
<pre>if test_one(i) and test_two(i): print("apple") elif test_one(i) or</pre>	
<pre>test_two(i): print("orange") print('')</pre>	

2. [3 marks] Given that the variables x, y and z are of type int, and ch is of type char. Write a new boolean expression that is the **NEGATION** of each of the following Boolean expressions that is simplified. You need to apply De Morgan's laws to simplify the expression.

Expression	Negation of Expression
x > 1	Acceptable: $x \le 1$ Not acceptable: not $(x > 1)$
not $(x < 5)$ and $(y >= 7)$ $x \ge 5$ and $y >= 7$	x<5 or y<7
ch < '0' or ch > '9'	ch>'0' and ch<'9'
x > 2 and $y > 3$ or $z > 4$?
	not $(x < 5)$ and $(y >= 7)$ $x \ge 5$ and $y >= 7$ $x \ge 6$ and $y > 3$ or $y \ge 4$

3. [3 marks] Implement the <code>sort_odd_even</code> function. The function takes in an array of non-negative integers, numbers and returns an array consisting of all the even elements of numbers, followed by all the odd elements of numbers. You MUST preserve the order the digit appears in numbers.

For example, given the following script:

```
from q2 import sort odd even
print("Test 1")
result = sort odd even([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
print("Expected:[2, 4, 1, 3, 5]")
print(f"Actual :{result}")
print()
print("Test 2")
result = sort odd_even([9, 7, 7, 4, 5])
print("Expected:[4, 9, 7, 7, 5]")
print(f"Actual :{result}")
print()
print("Test 3")
result = sort odd even([2, 6, 8, 12, 14])
print("Expected:[2, 6, 8, 12, 14]")
print(f"Actual :{result}")
print()
print("Test 4")
result = sort odd even([9, 5, 1])
print("Expected:[9, 5, 1]")
print(f"Actual :{result}")
print()
print("Test 5")
result = sort odd even([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
print("Expected:<class 'list'> <class 'int'>")
print(f"Actual :{type(result)} {type(result[0])}")
print()
```

It will generate the following output:

```
Test 1

Expected: [2, 4, 1, 3, 5]

Actual : [2, 4, 1, 3, 5]

Test 2

Expected: [4, 9, 7, 7, 5]

Actual : [4, 9, 7, 7, 5]

Test 3

Expected: [2, 6, 8, 12, 14]

Actual : [2, 6, 8, 12, 14]

Test 4

Expected: [9, 5, 1]

Actual : [9, 5, 1]

Test 1

Expected: <class 'list' > <class 'int' >

Actual : <class 'list' > <class 'int' >
```

```
# Answer

def Sort_odd_even (numbers):

even=[]

odd=[]

for n in numbers:

if n 1.2 == 0:

even.append(n)

esse:

odd.appmod(n)

fmal = even + odd

rotum fmal
```

Introduction to Programming(LYL)