Assignment #2: 编程练习

Updated 0953 GMT+8 Feb 24, 2024

2024 spring, Complied by 李鹏辉,元培学院

说明:

- 1) The complete process to learn DSA from scratch can be broken into 4 parts:
 - Learn about Time and Space complexities
 - Learn the basics of individual Data Structures
 - Learn the basics of Algorithms
 - Practice Problems on DSA
- 2) 请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python, 或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora https://typoraio.cn, 或者用word)。AC 或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 3) 课程网站是Canvas平台, https://pku.instructure.com, 学校通知3月1日导入选课名单后启用。**作业写好后,保留在自己手中,待3月1日提交。**

提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。

4) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

编程环境

Windows 10 Home, PyCharm 2022.3.2 (Community Edition)

操作系统: macOS Ventura 13.4.1 (c)

Python编程环境: Spyder IDE 5.2.2, PyCharm 2023.1.4 (Professional Edition)

C/C++编程环境: Mac terminal vi (version 9.0.1424), g++/gcc (Apple clang version 14.0.3, clang-

1403.0.22.14.1)

1. 题目

27653: Fraction类

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27653/

思路:约30分钟。

```
def reduce(a, b):
1
 2
        min_num = min(a, b)
 3
        for k in range(2, min_num+1):
4
            if a \% k == 0 and b \% k == 0:
 5
                 return reduce(a//k, b//k)
 6
        return a, b
 7
8
9
    class Fraction:
10
11
        def __init__(self, num, den):
12
            self.num = num
13
            self.den = den
14
15
        def to_add(self, another):
            num = self.num * another.den + self.den * another.num
16
            den = self.den * another.den
17
18
            self.num, self.den = reduce(abs(num), abs(den))
19
            if num < 0: self.num = -self.num</pre>
20
            if den < 0: self.den = -self.den
21
        def __str__(self):
22
23
            return f'{self.num}/{self.den}'
24
25
    num_list = input().split()
26
27
    first_fraction = Fraction(int(num_list[0]), int(num_list[1]))
    second_fraction = Fraction(int(num_list[2]), int(num_list[3]))
28
29
   first_fraction.to_add(second_fraction)
    print(first_fraction)
30
```

代码运行截图

状态: Accepted

基本信息

04110: 圣诞老人的礼物-Santa Clau's Gifts

greedy/dp, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04110

思路:约50分钟。最后打印时一开始未采用格式化输出,而是使用round函数。

```
1
    def q2_parser():
 2
        sort, max_weight = map(int, input().split())
 3
        candies = []
 4
        for _ in range(sort):
 5
            value, weight = map(int, input().split())
 6
            candies.append([value/weight, value, weight])
 7
        candies.sort(key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=True)
 8
        return max_weight, candies
9
10
11
    def value_calculator(max_weight, candies):
        total_value = 0
12
13
        total_weight = 0
        for candy in candies:
14
15
            if max_weight > total_weight:
                if max_weight >= total_weight + candy[2]:
16
17
                     total_value += candy[1]
18
                     total_weight += candy[2]
19
                else:
20
                     total_value += candy[0] * (max_weight - total_weight)
21
            else: break
22
23
        return total_value
24
25
    print("{:.1f}".format(value_calculator(*q2_parser())))
26
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

状态: Accepted

```
源代码
                                                                              #: 44066469
                                                                             题目: 04110
 def q2_parser():
                                                                           提交人: 2100017777_李鹏辉
    sort, max_weight = map(int, input().split())
    candies = []
                                                                         (2100017777)
                                                                             内存: 3540kB
    for _ in range(sort):
        value, weight = map(int, input().split())
                                                                             时间: 20ms
        candies.append([value/weight, value, weight])
                                                                             语言: Python3
    candies.sort(key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=True)
                                                                          提交时间: 2024-03-04 16:30:33
     return max weight, candies
```

基本信息

18182: 打怪兽

implementation/sortings/data structures, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18182/

思路:

```
1 | # 2 |
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

230B. T-primes

binary search/implementation/math/number theory, 1300, http://codeforces.com/problemset/problemse

思路:约1小时。最开始没有用埃氏筛法导致超时,换到第6题看到提示后全部重写。

代码

```
1 import math
2
3
   def sieve(n):
        sieve_list = [False, False] + [True] * (n - 1)
4
5
        for i in range (2, int(n**0.5)):
6
            if sieve_list[i]:
7
                for j in range(i*i, n+1, i):
8
                    sieve_list[j] = False
9
        return sieve_list
10
11
12
    sieve_list = sieve(1000000)
13 | ignored = input()
14
   nums = map(int, input().split())
15
   for i in nums:
        print('YES' if math.sqrt(i) == int(math.sqrt(i)) and
16
    sieve_list[int(math.sqrt(i))] else 'NO')
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

```
import math

def sieve(n):
    sieve_list = [False, False] + [True] * (n - 1)
    for i in range (2, int(n**0.5)):
        if sieve_list[i]:
            for j in range(i*i, n+1, i):
                sieve_list[j] = False
    return sieve_list

sieve_list = sieve(1000000)
ignored = input()
nums = map(int, input().split())
for i in nums:
    print('YES' if math.sqrt(i) == int(math.sqrt(i)) and sieve_list[int(math.sqrt(i))] else 'NO')
```

1364A. XXXXX

brute force/data structures/number theory/two pointers, 1200, https://codeforces.com/problemse t/problem/1364/A

思路:

代码

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

18176: 2050年成绩计算

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18176/

思路: 在第4题的基础上再多花约20分钟。

代码

```
import math

def sieve(n):
    sieve_list = [False, False] + [True] * (n - 1)
    for i in range(2, int(math.sqrt(n))):
        if sieve_list[i]:
```

```
for j in range(i*i, n+1, i):
 8
                     sieve_list[j] = False
9
        return sieve_list
10
11
12
    def is_T_prime(i):
        if i < 4:
13
14
            return False
15
        if math.sqrt(i) == int(math.sqrt(i)) and sieve_list[int(math.sqrt(i))]:
16
            return True
        return False
17
18
19
    def average_calculate(scores):
20
        total = 0
21
22
        for score in scores:
23
            if is_T_prime(score):
                total += score
24
        if total == 0: return 0
25
26
        return "{:.2f}".format(total / len(scores))
27
28
    sieve_list = sieve(10000)
29
30
    students_num = int(input().split()[0])
31
    for _ in range(students_num):
32
        scores = list(map(int, input().split()))
33
        print(average_calculate(scores))
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

状态: Accepted

```
#: 44067293
源代码
                                                                           题目: 18176
 import math
                                                                          提交人: 2100017777_李鹏辉
                                                                        (2100017777)
 def sieve(n):
    sieve_list = [False, False] + [True] * (n - 1)
                                                                            内存: 4300kB
     for i in range(2, int(math.sqrt(n))):
                                                                            时间: 68ms
        if sieve_list[i]:
                                                                           语言: Python3
           for j in range(i*i, n+1, i):
                                                                         提交时间: 2024-03-04 17:49:54
               sieve_list[j] = False
     return sieve_list
```

2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"2024spring每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站 题目。

第2题在输出细节上花费了大量时间,之后要更精确地理解题目的输出要求,如果读不懂就直接看答案的输出方式好了。第4题与第6题的一脉相承再次说明了写函数的重要性!