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Preface

Warning! This draft specification will change before being accepted as standard, so implementations made to this draft specification will likely not conform to the future standard.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

When a design progresses from simulation to hardware implementation, a user's control and understanding of the system's current state drops dramatically. To help bring up and debug low level software and hardware, it is critical to have good debugging support built into the hardware. When a robust OS is running on a core, software can handle many debugging tasks. However, in many scenarios, hardware support is essential.

This document outlines a standard architecture for external debug support on RISC-V platforms. This architecture allows a variety of implementations and tradeoffs, which is complementary to the wide range of RISC-V implementations. At the same time, this specification defines common interfaces to allow debugging tools and components to target a variety of platforms based on the RISC-V ISA.

System designers may choose to add additional hardware debug support, but this specification defines a standard interface for common functionality.

1.1 Terminology

A platform is a single integrated circuit consisting of one or more components. Some components may be RISC-V cores, while others may have a different function. Typically they will all be connected to a single system bus. A single RISC-V core contains one or more hardware threads, called harts.

1.1.1 Context

This document is written to work with:

- 1. The RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, Volume I: User-Level ISA, Document Version 2.2
- 2. The RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, Volume II: Privileged Architecture, Version 1.10

1.2 About This Document

1.2.1 Structure

This document contains two parts. The main part of the document is the specification, which is given in the numbered sections. The second part of the document is a set of appendices. The information in the appendix is intended to clarify and provide examples, but is not part of the actual specification.

1.2.2 Register Definition Format

All register definitions in this document follow the format shown below. A simple graphic shows which fields are in the register. The upper and lower bit indices are shown to the top left and top right of each field. The total number of bits in the field are shown below it.

After the graphic follows a table which for each field lists its name, description, allowed accesses, and reset value. The allowed accesses are listed in Table 1.1.

	Table 1.1. Register Access Abbreviations						
R	Read-only.						
R/W	Read/Write.						
R/W0	Read/Write. Only writing 0 has an effect.						
R/W1	Read/Write. Only writing 1 has an effect.						
R/W1C	Read/Write. For each bit in the field, writing 1 clears						
	that bit. Writing 0 has no effect.						
W	Write-only. When read this field returns 0.						
W1	Write-only. Only writing 1 has an effect.						

Table 1.1: Register Access Abbreviations

Names of registers and their bits are hyperlinks to their definition. If you're reading this on paper, there's an index with all their names on page 70.

1.2.2.1 Long Name (shortname, at 0x123)

31		8	7	0
	0		fie	eld
	24			8

Field	Description	Access	Reset
field	Description of what this field is used for.	R/W	15

1.3 Background

There are several use cases for dedicated debugging hardware, both internal to a CPU core and with an external connection. This specification addresses the use cases listed below. Implementations can choose not to implement every feature, which means some use cases might not be supported.

- Debugging low-level software in the absence of an OS or other software.
- Debugging issues in the OS itself.
- Bootstrapping a system to test, configure, and program components before there is any executable code path in the system.
- Accessing hardware on a system without a working CPU.

In addition, even without a hardware debugging interface, architectural support in a RISC-V CPU can aid software debugging and performance analysis by allowing hardware triggers and breakpoints. This specification aims to define common resources which can be used for different cases.

When debugging software, this specification distinguishes between two forms of external debugging. The first is *halt mode* debugging, where an external debugger halts some or all components of a platform and inspects their state while they are in stasis. The debugger can read and/or modify state, then direct the hardware to execute a single instruction, or continue to run freely.

The second is run mode debugging. In this mode a software debug agent runs on a component (eg. triggered by a timer interrupt or breakpoint on a RISC-V core) which transfers data to or from the debugger without halting the component, only briefly interrupting its program flow. This functionality is essential if the component is controlling some real-time system (like a hard drive) where long timing delays could lead to physical damage. This requires additional software support (both on the system as well as on the debugger), and efficient communication channels between the component and the debugger.

1.4 Supported Features

The debug interface described in this specification supports the following features:

- 1. RV32, RV64, and future RV128 are all supported.
- 2. Any hart in the platform can be independently debugged.
- 3. A debugger can discover almost 1 everything it needs to know itself, without user configuration.
- 4. Each hart can be debugged from the very first instruction executed.

¹Notable exceptions include information about the memory map and peripherals.

- 5. A RISC-V hart can be halted when a software breakpoint instruction is executed.
- 6. Hardware single-step can execute one instruction at a time.
- 7. Debug functionality is independent of the debug transport used.
- 8. The debugger does not need to know anything about the microarchitecture of the cores it is debugging.
- 9. Arbitrary subsets of harts can be halted and resumed simultaneously. (Optional)
- 10. Arbitrary instructions can be executed on a halted hart. That means no new debug functionality is needed when a core has additional or custom instructions or state, as long as there exist programs that can move that state into GPRs. (Optional)
- 11. Registers can be accessed without halting. (Optional)
- 12. A running hart can be directed to execute a short sequence of instructions, with little overhead. (Optional)
- 13. A system bus master allows memory access without involving any hart. (Optional)
- 14. A RISC-V hart can be halted when a trigger matches the PC, read/write address/data, or an instruction opcode. (Optional)

While both the mechanism to execute arbitrary instructions and the system bus master are optional, at least one of them must be implemented. Otherwise there is no mechanism to access memory.

This document does not suggest a strategy or implementation for hardware test, debugging or error detection techniqes. Scan, BIST, etc. are out of scope of this specification, but this specification does not intend to limit their use in RISC-V systems.

Chapter 2

System Overview

Figure 2.1 shows the main components of External Debug Support. Blocks shown in dotted lines are optional.

The user interacts with the Debug Host (eg. laptop), which is running a debugger (eg. gdb). The debugger communicates with a Debug Translator (eg. OpenOCD, which may include a hardware driver) to communicate with Debug Transport Hardware (eg. Olimex USB-JTAG adapter). The Debug Transport Hardware connects the Debug Host to the Platform's Debug Transport Module (DTM). The DTM provides access to the Debug Module (DM) using the Debug Module Interface (DMI).

The DM allows the debugger to halt any hart in the platform. Abstract commands provide access to GPRs. Additional registers are accessible through abstract commands or by writing programs to the optional Program Buffer.

The Program Buffer allows the debugger to execute arbitrary instructions on a hart. This mechanism can be used to access memory. An optional system bus access block allows memory accesses without using a RISC-V hart to perform the access.

Each RISC-V hart may implement a Trigger Module. When trigger conditions are met, harts will halt and inform the debug module that they have halted.



Figure 2.1: RISC-V Debug System Overview

Chapter 3

Debug Module (DM)

The Debug Module implements a translation interface between abstract debug operations and their specific implementation. It might support the following operations:

- 1. Give the debugger necessary information about the implementation. (Required)
- 2. Allow any individual hart to be halted and resumed. (Required)
- 3. Provide status on which harts are halted. (Required)
- 4. Provide read and write access to a halted hart's GPRs. (Required)
- 5. Provide access to a reset signal that allows debugging from the very first instruction after reset. (Required)
- 6. Provide access to other hart registers. (Optional)
- 7. Provide a Program Buffer to force the hart to execute arbitrary instructions. (Optional)
- 8. Allow multiple harts to be halted, resumed, and/or reset at the same time. (Optional)
- 9. Allow direct System Bus Access. (Optional)

In order to implement memory access, a target must implement either the Program Buffer or System Bus Access.

A single DM can debug up to 1024 harts.

3.1 Debug Module Interface (DMI)

The Debug Module is a slave to a bus called the Debug Module Interface (DMI). The master of the bus is the Debug Transport Module(s). The Debug Module Interface can be a trivial bus with one master and one slave, or use a more full-featured bus like TileLink or the AMBA Advanced Peripheral Bus. The details are left to the system designer.

The DMI uses between 7 and 32 address bits. It supports read and write operations. The bottom of the address space is used for the DM. Extra space can be used for custom debug devices, other cores, additional DMs, etc.

The Debug Module is controlled via register accesses to its DMI address space.

Tau	Table 5.1: Debug Module Interface Address Space							
0x00 - 0x3f	Registers described in Section 3.11.							
0x40 - 0x5f	This is called the 'halt region'. These 32 addresses for							
	32-bit words provide access to the halt bit for up to							
	1024 harts. If the hart is halted, the bit is 1.							
	Otherwise the bit is 0. The bit for hart 0 is the LSB							
	in the 32-bit word at 0x40. The bit for hart 1023 is							
	the MSB in the 32-bit word at 0x5f.							

Table 3.1: Debug Module Interface Address Space

3.2 Reset Control

The Debug Module controls a global reset signal, ndmreset (non-debug module reset), which can reset, or hold in reset, every component in the platform, except for the Debug Module and Debug Transport Modules. Exactly what is affected by this reset is implementation dependent, as long as it is possible to debug programs from the first instruction executed. The Debug Module's own state and registers should only be reset at power-up and while dmactive in dmcontrol is 0. The halt state of harts should be maintained across system reset provided that dmactive is 1, although trigger CSRs may be cleared.

Due to clock and power domain crossing issues, it may not be possible to perform arbitrary DMI accesses across system reset. While ndmreset or any external reset is asserted, the only supported DM operation is accessing dmcontrol. The behavior of other accesses is undefined.

There is no requirement on the duration of the assertion of ndmreset. The implementation must ensure that a write of ndmreset to 1 followed by a write of ndmreset to 0 triggers system reset. The system may take an arbitrarily long time to come out of reset, as reported by allunavail, anyunavail, or other implementation specific indicators.

When harts have been reset, they must set a sticky havereset state bit. The conceptual havereset state bits can be read for selected harts in anyhavereset and allhavereset in dmstatus. These bits must be set regardless of the cause of the reset. The havereset bits for the selected harts can be cleared by writing 1 to ackhavereset in dmcontrol. The havereset bits may or may not be cleared when dmactive is low.

3.3 Selecting Harts

Up to 1024 harts can be connected to a single DM. The debugger selects a hart, and then subsequent halt, resume, reset, and debugging commands are specific to that hart.

A debugger can enumerate all the harts attached to the DM by selecting each hart starting from 0 until anynonexistent in dmstatus is 1.

The debugger can discover the mapping between hart indices and mhartid by using the interface to read mhartid, or by reading the system's Device Tree.

3.3.1 Selecting a Single Hart

All debug modules must support selecting a single hart. The debugger can select a hart by writing its index to hartsel. Hart indexes start at 0 and are contiguous until the final index.

3.3.2 Selecting Multiple Harts

Debug Modules may optionally implement a Hart Array Mask register to allow selecting multiple harts at once. The debugger can set bits in the hart array mask register using hawindowsel and hawindow, then apply actions to all selected harts by setting hasel. If this feature is supported, multiple harts can be halted, resumed, and reset simultaneously.

Only the actions initiated by dmcontrol can apply to multiple harts at once, Abstract Commands apply only to the hart selected by hartsel.

3.4 Run Control

For every hart, the Debug Module contains 3 conceptual bits of state: halt request, resume request, and hart reset. (The hart reset bit is optional.) These bits all reset to 0. A debugger can write them for the currently selected harts through haltreq, resumereq, and hartreset in dmcontrol. In addition the DM receives halted, running, and resume ack signals from each hart.

When a running hart receives a halt request, it responds by halting and asserting its halted signal. The halted signals of all selected harts are reflected in the allhalted and anyhalted bits. haltreq is ignored by halted harts.

When a halted hart receives a resume request, it responds by resuming, clearing its halted signal, and asserting its running signal and resume ack signals. The resume ack signal is lowered when the resume request is deasserted. These status signals of all selected harts are reflected in allresumeack, anyresumeack, allrunning, and anyrunning, resumered is ignored by running harts.

When halt or resume is requested, a hart must respond in less than one second, unless it is unavailable. (How this is implemented is not further specified. A few clock cycles will be a more typical latency).

3.5 Abstract Commands

The DM supports a set of abstract commands, most of which are optional. Depending on the implementation, the debugger may be able to perform some abstract commands even when the selected hart is not halted. Debuggers can only determine which abstract commands are supported by a given hart in a given state by attempting them and then looking at cmderr in abstractcs to see if they were successful.

Debuggers execute abstract commands by writing them to command. Debuggers can determine whether an abstract command is complete by reading busy in abstracts. If the command takes arguments, the debugger must write them to the data registers before writing to command. If a command returns results, the Debug Module must ensure they are placed in the data registers before busy is cleared. Which data registers are used for the arguments is described in Table 3.2. In all cases the least-significant word is placed in the lowest-numbered data register.

	10010 0.2. 000 01 2000 100810010									
XLEN	arg0/return value	arg1	arg2							
32	data0	data1	data2							
64	data0, data1	data2 , data3	data4, data5							
128	data0- data3	data4 — data7	data8 - data11							

Table 3.2: Use of Data Registers

3.5.1 Abstract Command Listing

This section describes each of the different abstract commands and how their fields should be interpreted when they are written to command.

Each abstract command is a 32-bit value. The top 8 bits contain cmdtype which determines the kind of command. Table 3.3 lists all commands.

Tab	ole	3.3:	Meaning	ot	cmd	type

cmdtype	Command	Page
0	Access Register Command	10
1	Quick Access	12

3.5.1.1 Access Register

This command gives the debugger access to CPU registers and program buffer. It performs the following sequence of operations:

- 1. Copy data from the register specified by regno into the arg0 region of data, if write is clear and transfer is set.
- 2. Copy data from the arg0 region of data into the register specified by regno, if write is set and transfer is set.

3. Execute the Program Buffer, if postexec is set.

If any of these operations fail, cmderr is set and none of the remaining steps are executed. An implementation may detect an upcoming failure early, and fail the overall command before it reaches the step that would cause failure.

Debug Modules must implement this command and must support read and write access to all GPRs when the selected hart is halted. Debug Modules may optionally support accessing other registers, or accessing registers when the hart is running. If this command is supported for a register while the hart is running, it must also be supported for a register while the hart is halted. Each individual register (aside from GPRs) may be supported differently across read, write, and halt status.

The encoding of size was chosen to match sbaccess in sbcs.

31	24	23	22	20	19	18	17	16	15	0
cmd	type	0	siz	ze	0	postexec	transfer	write	regno	
8		1	5	3	1	1	1	1	16	

Field	Description						
cmdtype	This is 0 to indicate Access Register Command.						
size 2: Access the lowest 32 bits of the register.							
	3: Access the lowest 64 bits of the register.						
	4: Access the lowest 128 bits of the register.						
	If size specifies a size larger than the register's						
	actual size, then the access must fail. If a register						
	is accessible, then reads of size less than or equal						
	to the register's actual size must be supported.						
postexec	When 1, execute the program in the Program						
	Buffer exactly once after performing the transfer,						
	if any.						
transfer	0: Don't do the operation specified by write.						
	1: Do the operation specified by write.						
	This bit can be used to just execute the Pro-						
	gram Buffer without having to worry about plac-						
	ing valid values into size or regno.						
write	When transfer is set: 0: Copy data from the spec-						
	ified register into arg0 portion of data.						
	1: Copy data from arg0 portion of data into the						
	specified register.						
	Continued on next page						

regno	Number of the register to access, as described in
	Table 3.4. dpc may be used as an alias for PC if
	this command is supported on a non-halted hart.

3.5.1.2 Quick Access

Perform the following sequence of operations:

- 1. If the hart is halted, the command sets cmderr to halt/resume and does not continue.
- 2. Halt the hart. If the hart halts for some other reason (e.g. breakpoint), the command sets cmderr to halt/resume and does not continue.
- 3. Execute the Program Buffer. If an exception occurs, cmderr is set to exception and the program buffer execution ends, but the quick access command continues.
- 4. Resume the hart.

Implementing this command is optional.



Field	Description
cmdtype	This is 1 to indicate Quick Access command.

Table 3.4: Abstract Register Numbers

0x0000 - 0x0fff	CSRs. The "PC" can be accessed here through dpc.
0x1000 - 0x101f	GPRs
0x1020 - 0x103f	Floating point registers
0xc000 - 0xffff	Reserved for non-standard extensions and internal use.

3.6 Program Buffer

To support executing arbitrary instructions on a halted hart, a Debug Module can include a Program Buffer that a debugger can write small programs to. Systems that support all necessary functionality using abstract commands only may choose to omit the Program Buffer.

A debugger can write a small program to the Program Buffer, and then execute it exactly once with the Access Register Abstract Command, setting the postexec bit in command. The debugger can write whatever program it likes (including jumps out of the Program Buffer), but the program

must end with ebreak or ebreak.c. To save hardware, an implementation may support an implied ebreak that is executed when a hart runs off the end of the Program Buffer. This is indicated in impebreak. With this feature, a Program Buffer of just 2 32-bit words can offer efficient debugging.

If progbufsize is 1, the Program Buffer may only hold a single instruction, and impebreak must be 1. This instruction can be a 32-bit instruction, or a compressed instruction in the lower 16 bits accompanied by a compressed nop in the upper 16 bits.

If the debugger executes a program that does not terminate with an ebreak instruction, the hart will remain in Debug Mode until it is reset.

While these programs are executed, the hart does not leave Debug Mode (see Section 4.1). If an exception is encountered during execution of the Program Buffer, no more instructions are executed, the hart remains in Debug Mode, and cmderr is set to 3 (exception error). If the debugger executes a program that doesn't terminate, then it loses control of the hart.

Executing the Program Buffer may clobber dpc. If that is the case, it must be possible to read/write dpc using an abstract command with postexec not set. The debugger must attempt to save dpc between halting and executing a Program Buffer, and then restore dpc before leaving Debug Mode.

Allowing Program Buffer execution to clobber \mathtt{dpc} allows for direct implementations that don't have a separate PC register, and do need to use the PC when executing the Program Buffer.

The Program Buffer may be implemented as RAM which is accessible to the hart as RAM memory. A debugger can determine if this is the case by executing small programs that attempt to write and read back relative to pc while executing from the Program Buffer. If so, the debugger has more flexibility in what it can do with the program buffer.

3.7 Overview of States

Figure 3.1 shows a conceptual view of the states passed through by a hart during run/halt debugging as influenced by the different fields of dmcontrol, abstractcs, abstractauto, and command.

3.8 System Bus Access

When a Program Buffer is present, a debugger can access the system bus by having a RISC-V hart perform the accesses it requires. A Debug Module may also include a System Bus Access block to provide memory access without involving a hart, regardless of whether Program Buffer is implemented. The System Bus Access block uses physical addresses.

Depending on the microarchitecture, data accessed through System Bus Access may not always be coherent with that observed by each hart. (For instance, a hart may have caches that don't snoop or aren't write-through.) It is up to the debugger to enforce coherency if the implementation does not. This specification does not define a standard way to do this, as it is implementation/platform specific. Possibilities may include using the System Bus Interface and/or Program Buffer to write to special memory-mapped locations, or executing special instructions via the Program Buffer.



Figure 3.1: Run/Halt Debug State Machine. As only a small amount of state is visibile to the debugger, the states and transitions are conceptual.

Implementing a System Bus Access block has several benefits even when a Debug Module also implements a Program Buffer. First, it is possible to access memory in a running system with minimal impact. Second, it may improve performance when accessing memory. Third, it may provide access to devices that a hart does not have access to.

3.9 Quick Access

Depending on the task it is performing, some harts can only be halted very briefly. There are several mechanisms that allow accessing resources in such a running system with a minimal impact on the running hart.

First, an implementation may allow some abstract commands to execute without halting the hart.

Second, the Quick Access abstract command can be used to halt a hart, quickly execute the contents of the Program Buffer, and let the hart run again. Combined with instructions that allow Program Buffer code to access the data registers, as described in 3.11.3, this can be used to quickly perform a memory or register access. For some systems this will be too intrusive, but many systems that can't be halted can bear an occasional hiccup of a hundred or less cycles.

Third, if the System Bus Access block is implemented, it can be used while a hart is running to access system memory.

3.10 Security

To protect intellectual property it may be desirable to lock access to the Debug Module. To allow access during a manufacturing process and not afterwards, a reasonable solution could be to add a fuse bit to the Debug Module that can be used to be permanently disable it. Since this is technology specific, it is not further addressed in this spec.

Another option is to allow the DM to be unlocked only by users who have an access key. A few bits in dmstatus and authdata can support an arbitrarily complex authentication mechanism. When authenticated is clear, the DM must not interact with the rest of the platform in any way.

3.11 Debug Module DMI Registers

When read, unimplemented Debug Module DMI Registers return 0. Writing them has no effect.

3.11.1 Debug Module Status (dmstatus, at 0x11)

The address of this register will not change in the future, because it contains version. It has changed from version 0.11 of this spec.

Table 3.5: Debug Module Debug Bus Registers

Address Name							
0x04	Abstract Data 0	Page 27					
		21					
0x0f	Abstract Data 11	10					
0x10	Debug Module Control	19					
0x11	Debug Module Status	15					
0x12	Hart Info	21					
0x13	Halt Summary	22					
0x14	Hart Array Window Select	22					
0x15	Hart Array Window	23					
0x16	Abstract Control and Status	23					
0x17	Abstract Command	24					
0x18	Abstract Command Autoexec	26					
0x19	Device Tree Addr 0	26					
0x1a	Device Tree Addr 1						
0x1b	Device Tree Addr 2						
0x1c	Device Tree Addr 3						
0x20	Program Buffer 0	27					
0x2f	Program Buffer 15						
0x30	Authentication Data	27					
0x38	System Bus Access Control and Status	27					
0x39	System Bus Address 31:0	29					
0x3a	System Bus Address 63:32	29					
0x3b	System Bus Address 95:64	29					
0x3c	System Bus Data 31:0	30					
0x3d	System Bus Data 63:32	31					
0x3e	System Bus Data 95:64	31					
0x3f	System Bus Data 127:96	31					
	V	_					

This register reports status for the overall debug module as well as the currently selected harts, as defined in hasel.

Harts are nonexistent if they will never be part of this system, no matter how long a user waits. Eg. in a simple single-hart system only one hart exists, and all others are nonexistent.

Harts are unavailable if they might exist/become available at a later time. Eg. in a multi-hart system some might temporarily be powered down, or a system might support hot-swapping harts.

This entire register is read-only.

	31	2	3	22		21	20		19		18		
		0	l	mpebre	ak	0		allha	vereset	anył	naver	eset	
		9		1		2			1		1		-
	17			16			15			14			13
allres	ume	ack	any	resumea	ack	alln	onex	istent	anyno	nexist	ent	allu	navail
	1			1			1			1			1
		12		11	-		10		9		8		
	an	12 Iyunav	/ail	allrun		an		ning	9 allhalte	d a	8 nyhal	ted	
	an		/ail			an				d a		ted	
	an	ıyunav	/ail		ning	an		ning		d a		ted	
	an	iyunav 1	7		ning		yrun 1	ning	allhalte	3	nyhal	ted	

Field	Description	Access	Reset
impebreak	If 1, then there is an implicit ebreak instruction	R	Preset
	at the non-existent word immediately after the		
	Program Buffer. This saves the debugger from		
	having to write the ebreak itself, and allows the		
	Program Buffer to be one word smaller.		
	This must be 1 when progbufsize is 1.		
allhavereset	This field is 1 when all currently selected harts	R	-
	have been reset but the reset has not been ac-		
	knowledged.		
anyhavereset	This field is 1 when any currently selected hart	R	-
	has been reset but the reset has not been acknowl-		
	edged.		
allresumeack	This field is 1 when all currently selected harts	R	-
	have acknowledged the previous resume request.		
anyresumeack	This field is 1 when any currently selected hart	R	-
	has acknowledged the previous resume request.		
	Continu	ued on ne	ext page

allnonexistent	This field is 1 when all currently selected harts do not exist in this system.	R	-
anynonexistent	This field is 1 when any currently selected hart does not exist in this system.	R	-
allunavail	This field is 1 when all currently selected harts are unavailable.	R	-
anyunavail	This field is 1 when any currently selected hart is unavailable.	R	-
allrunning	This field is 1 when all currently selected harts are running.	R	-
anyrunning	This field is 1 when any currently selected hart is running.	R	-
allhalted	This field is 1 when all currently selected harts are halted.	R	-
anyhalted	This field is 1 when any currently selected hart is halted.	R	-
authenticated	0 when authentication is required before using the DM. 1 when the authentication check has passed. On components that don't implement authentication, this bit must be preset as 1.	R	Preset
authbusy	 0: The authentication module is ready to process the next read/write to authdata. 1: The authentication module is busy. Accessing authdata results in unspecified behavior. authbusy only becomes set in immediate response to an access to authdata. 	R	0
devtreevalid	0: devtreeaddr0-devtreeaddr3 hold information which is not relevant to the Device Tree. 1: devtreeaddr0-devtreeaddr3 registers hold the address of the Device Tree.	R	Preset
version	 There is no Debug Module present. There is a Debug Module and it conforms to version 0.11 of this specification. There is a Debug Module and it conforms to version 0.13 of this specification. There is a Debug Module but it does not conform to any available version of this spec. 	R	2

3.11.2 Debug Module Control (dmcontrol, at 0x10)

This register controls the overall debug module as well as the currently selected harts, as defined in hasel.

	31 haltreq 1		30		:	29	28	27		
			haltreq resumereq				ackhavere	0		
			1		1		1		1	
	26	25	16	15	2		1		0	
h	asel	hartsel			0		ndmreset	dmactiv		е
	1	10		14		1		1		

Field	Description	Access	Reset				
haltreq	Writes the halt request bit for all currently se-	W	-				
•	lected harts. When set to 1, each selected hart						
	will halt if it is not currently halted.						
	Writing 1 or 0 has no effect on a hart which is						
	already halted, but the bit must be cleared to 0						
	before the hart is resumed.						
	Writes apply to the new value of hartsel and hasel.						
resumereq	Writes the resume request bit for all currently se-	W	-				
	lected harts. When set to 1, each selected hart						
	will resume if it is currently halted.						
	The resume request bit is ignored while the halt						
	request bit is set.						
	Writes apply to the new value of hartsel and hasel.						
hartreset	This optional field writes the reset bit for all the	R/W	0				
	currently selected harts. To perform a reset the						
	debugger writes 1, and then writes 0 to deassert						
	the reset signal.						
	If this feature is not implemented, the bit always						
	stays 0, so after writing 1 the debugger can read						
	the register back to see if the feature is supported.						
	Writes apply to the new value of hartsel and hasel.						
ackhavereset	Writing 1 to this bit clears the havereset bits for	W	-				
	any selected harts.						
	Writes apply to the new value of hartsel and hasel.						
hasel	Selects the definition of currently selected harts.	R/W	0				
	0: There is a single currently selected hart, that						
	selected by hartsel.						
	1: There may be multiple currently selected harts						
	- that selected by hartsel, plus those selected by						
	the hart array mask register.						
	An implementation which does not implement the						
	hart array mask register should tie this field to 0.						
	A debugger which wishes to use the hart array mask register feature should set this bit and read						
	back to see if the functionality is supported.						
	Continu	ed on nex	ct page				

hartsel	The DM-specific index of the hart to select. This	R/W	0
	hart is always part of the currently selected harts.		
ndmreset	This bit controls the reset signal from the DM to	R/W	0
	the rest of the system. The signal should reset		
	every part of the system, including every hart,		
	except for the DM and any logic required to access		
	the DM. To perform a system reset the debugger		
	writes 1, and then writes 0 to deassert the reset.		
dmactive	This bit serves as a reset signal for the Debug	R/W	0
	Module itself.		
	0: The module's state, including authentication		
	mechanism, takes its reset values (the dmactive bit		
	is the only bit which can be written to something		
	other than its reset value).		
	1: The module functions normally.		
	No other mechanism should exist that may result		
	in resetting the Debug Module after power up,		
	including the platform's system reset or Debug		
	Transport reset signals.		
	A debugger may pulse this bit low to get the de-		
	bug module into a known state.		
	Implementations may use this bit to aid debug-		
	ging, for example by preventing the Debug Mod-		
	ule from being power gated while debugging is		
	active.		

3.11.3 Hart Info (hartinfo, at 0x12)

This register gives information about the hart currently selected by hartsel.

This register is optional. If it is not present it should read all-zero.

If this register is included, the debugger can do more with the Program Buffer by writing programs which explicitly access the data and/or dscratch registers.

This entire register is read-only.

	31	24	23	20	19	17	16	15	12	11	0
	0		nscratch		0		dataaccess	datasize		dataaddr	
8		4	1	5	3	1	4	1	1:	2	

Field	Description	Access	Reset
nscratch	Number of dscratch registers available for the	R	Preset
	debugger to use during program buffer execution,		
	starting from dscratch0. The debugger can make		
	no assumptions about the contents of these regis-		
	ters between commands.		
dataaccess	0: The data registers are shadowed in the hart by	R	Preset
	CSR registers. Each CSR register is XLEN bits		
	in size, and corresponds to a single argument, per		
	Table 3.2.		
	1: The data registers are shadowed in the hart's		
	memory map. Each register takes up 4 bytes in		
	the memory map.		
datasize	If dataaccess is 0: Number of CSR registers dedi-	R	Preset
	cated to shadowing the data registers.		
	If dataaccess is 1: Number of 32-bit words in the		
	memory map dedicated to shadowing the data		
	registers.		
dataaddr	If dataaccess is 0: The number of the first CSR	R	Preset
	dedicated to shadowing the data registers.		
	If dataaccess is 1: Signed address of RAM where		
	the data registers are shadowed, to be used to		
	access relative to zero.		

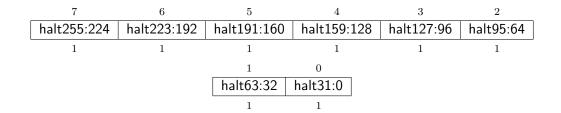
3.11.4 Halt Summary (haltsum, at 0x13)

This register contains a summary of which harts are halted.

Each bit contains the logical OR of 32 halt bits. When there are a large number of harts in the system, the debugger can first read this register, and then read from the halt region (0x40-0x5f) to determine which hart is the one that is halted.

This entire register is read-only.

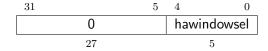
31	30	30 29		27	26	
halt1023:992	halt991:960	halt959:928	halt927:896	halt895:864	halt863:832	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
25	24	23	22	21	20	
halt831:800	halt799:768	halt767:736	halt735:704	halt703:672	halt671:640	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
19	18	17	16	15	14	
halt639:608	halt607:576	halt575:544	halt543:512	halt511:480	halt479:448	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
13	12	11	10	9	8	
halt447:416	halt415:384	halt383:352	halt351:320	halt319:288	halt287:256	
1	1	1	1	1	1	



3.11.5 Hart Array Window Select (hawindowsel, at 0x14)

This register selects which of the 32-bit portion of the hart array mask register is accessible in hawindow.

The hart array mask register provides a mask of all harts controlled by the debug module. A hart is part of the currently selected harts if the corresponding bit is set in the hart array mask register and hasel in dmcontrol is 1, or if the hart is selected by hartsel.



3.11.6 Hart Array Window (hawindow, at 0x15)

This register provides R/W access to a 32-bit portion of the hart array mask register. The position of the window is determined by hawindowsel. I.e. bit 0 refers to hart hawindowsel *32, while bit 31 refers to hart hawindowsel *32 + 31.



3.11.7 Abstract Control and Status (abstractcs, at 0x16)

	31	29	28	24	23		13	12	11	10	8	7	5	4	0
0)	progbi	ıfsize		0		busy	0	cmd	err	()	data	count
3		5			11		1	1	3		3	3		5	

Field	Description	Access	Reset
progbufsize	Size of the Program Buffer, in 32-bit words. Valid	R	Preset
	sizes are 0 - 16.		
busy	1: An abstract command is currently being exe-	R	0
	cuted.		
	This bit is set as soon as command is written, and		
	is not cleared until that command has completed.		
cmderr	Gets set if an abstract command fails. The bits in	R/W1C	0
	this field remain set until they are cleared by writ-		
	ing 1 to them. No abstract command is started		
	until the value is reset to 0.		
	0 (none): No error.		
	1 (busy): An abstract command was executing		
	while command, abstractcs, abstractauto was		
	written, or when one of the data or progbuf registers was read or written.		
	2 (not supported): The requested command is		
	not supported. A command that is not supported		
	while the hart is running may be supported when		
	it is halted.		
	3 (exception): An exception occurred while ex-		
	ecuting the command (eg. while executing the		
	Program Buffer).		
	4 (halt/resume): An abstract command couldn't		
	execute because the hart wasn't in the expected		
	state (running/halted).		
	7 (other): The command failed for another rea-		
	son.		
datacount	Number of data registers that are implemented	R	Preset
	as part of the abstract command interface. Valid		
	sizes are 0 - 12.		

3.11.8 Abstract Command (command, at 0x17)

Writes to this register cause the corresponding abstract command to be executed.

Writing while an abstract command is executing causes cmderr to be set.

If cmderr is non-zero, writes to this register are ignored.

cmderr inhibits starting a new command to accommodate debuggers that, for performance reasons, send several commands to be executed in a row without checking cmderr in between. They can safely do so and check cmderr at the end without worrying that one command failed but then a later command (which might have depended on the previous one succeeding) passed.

31	24	23		0
cmdtype			control	
	3		24	

Field	Description	Access	Reset
cmdtype	The type determines the overall functionality of	W	0
	this abstract command.		
control	This field is interpreted in a command-specific	W	0
	manner, described for each abstract command.		

3.11.9 Abstract Command Autoexec (abstractauto, at 0x18)

This register is optional. Including it allows more efficient burst accesses. Debugger can attempt to set bits and read them back to determine if the functionality is supported.

31	16	15	12	11	0
autoexecprogb	uf	0) autoexe	
16		4	L	-	12

Field	Description	Access	Reset
autoexecprogbuf	When a bit in this field is 1, read or write ac-	R/W	0
	cesses the corresponding progbuf word cause the		
	command in command to be executed again.		
autoexecdata	When a bit in this field is 1, read or write accesses	R/W	0
	the corresponding data word cause the command		
	in command to be executed again.		

3.11.10 Device Tree Addr 0 (devtreeaddr0, at 0x19)

When devtreevalid is set, reading this register returns bits 31:0 of the Device Tree address. Reading the other devtreeaddr registers returns the upper bits of the address.

When system bus mastering is implemented, this must be an address that can be used with the System Bus Access module. Otherwise, this must be an address that can be used to access the Device Tree from the hart with ID 0.

If devtreevalid is 0, then the devtreeaddr registers hold identifier information which is not further specified in this document.

The Device Tree itself is described in the RISC-V Privileged Specification.

This entire register is read-only.

31		0
	addr	
•	39	

3.11.11 Abstract Data 0 (data0, at 0x04)

Basic read/write registers that may be read or changed by abstract commands.

Accessing them while an abstract command is executing causes cmderr to be set.

Attempts to write them while busy is set does not change their value.

The values in these registers may not be preserved after an abstract command is executed. The only guarantees on their contents are the ones offered by the command in question. If the command fails, no assumptions can be made about the contents of these registers.



3.11.12 Program Buffer 0 (progbuf0, at 0x20)

The progbuf registers provide read/write access to the optional program buffer.

Accessing them while an abstract command is executing causes cmderr to be set.

Attempts to write them while busy is set does not change their value.



3.11.13 Authentication Data (authdata, at 0x30)

This register serves as a 32-bit serial port to the authentication module.

When authbusy is clear, the debugger can communicate with the authentication module by reading or writing this register. There is no separate mechanism to signal overflow/underflow.



3.11.14 System Bus Access Control and Status (sbcs, at 0x38)

31	21	20	19	17	16	15	14	12
C		sbsingleread	sbac	cess	sbautoincrement	sbautoread	sbei	rror
1	1	1	;	3	1	1	3	3

11	5	4	3	2	1	0
sbas	ize	sbaccess128	sbaccess64	sbaccess32	sbaccess16	sbaccess8
7		1	1	1	1	1

Field	Description	Access	Reset				
sbsingleread	When a 1 is written here, triggers a read at the	W1	0				
	address in sbaddress using the access size set by						
	sbaccess.						
sbaccess	Select the access size to use for system bus ac-	R/W	2				
	cesses triggered by writes to the sbaddress reg-						
	isters or sbdata0.						
	0: 8-bit						
	1: 16-bit						
	2: 32-bit						
	3: 64-bit						
	4: 128-bit						
	If an unsupported system bus access size is writ-						
	ten here, the DM does not perform the access and						
	sberror is set to 3.						
sbautoincrement	When 1, sbaddress is incremented by the access	R/W	0				
	size (in bytes) selected in sbaccess after every sys-						
	tem bus access.						
sbautoread	When 1, every read from sbdata0 automatically	R/W	0				
	triggers a system bus read at the (possibly auto-						
	incremented) address.						
sberror	When the debug module's system bus master	R/W1C	0				
	causes a bus error, this field gets set. The bits						
	in this field remain set until they are cleared by						
	writing 1 to them. While this field is non-zero, no						
	more system bus accesses can be initiated by the						
	debug module.						
	0: There was no bus error.						
	1: There was a timeout.						
	2: A bad address was accessed.						
	3: There was some other error (eg. alignment).						
	4: The system bus master was busy when one of						
	the sbaddress or sbdata registers was written,						
	or sbdata0 was read when it had stale data.						
	Continued on next page						

sbasize	Width of system bus addresses in bits. (0 indi-	R	Preset
	cates there is no bus access support.)		
sbaccess128	1 when 128-bit system bus accesses are supported.	R	Preset
sbaccess64	1 when 64-bit system bus accesses are supported.	R	Preset
sbaccess32	1 when 32-bit system bus accesses are supported.	R	Preset
sbaccess16	1 when 16-bit system bus accesses are supported.	R	Preset
sbaccess8	1 when 8-bit system bus accesses are supported.	R	Preset

3.11.15 System Bus Address 31:0 (sbaddress0, at 0x39)

If sbasize is 0, then this register is not present.

When the system bus master is busy, writes to this register will set sberror.

If sberror is 0 and sbautoread is set then the system bus master will start to read after updating the address from address. The access size is controlled by sbaccess in sbcs.

If sbsingleread is set, the bit is cleared.



Field	Description	Access	Reset
address	Accesses bits 31:0 of the physical address in	R/W	0
	sbaddress.		

3.11.16 System Bus Address 63:32 (sbaddress1, at 0x3a)



Field	Description	Access	Reset
address	Accesses bits 63:32 of the physical address in	R/W	0
	sbaddress (if the system address bus is that wide).		

3.11.17 System Bus Address 95:64 (sbaddress2, at 0x3b)

If sbasize is less than 65, then this register is not present.



Field I	Description	Access	Reset
address A	Accesses bits 95:64 of the physical address in	R/W	0
	sbaddress (if the system address bus is that wide).		

3.11.18 System Bus Data 31:0 (sbdata0, at 0x3c)

If all of the sbaccess bits in sbcs are 0, then this register is not present.

Any successful system bus read updates the data in this register, and marks it no longer stale.

If sberror isn't 0 then accesses do nothing.

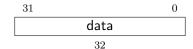
Writes to this register:

- 1. If the bus master is busy then accesses set sberror, and don't do anything else.
- 2. Start a bus write of sbdata to sbaddress.
- 3. If sbautoincrement is set, increment sbaddress.

Reads from this register:

- 1. If the register is marked stale, then set sberror and don't do anything else.
- 2. "Return" the data.
- 3. Mark the register stale.
- 4. If sbautoincrement is set, increment sbaddress.
- 5. If sbautoread is set, start another system bus read.

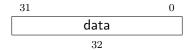
Only sbdata0 has this behavior. The other sbdata registers have no side effects. On systems that have buses wider than 32 bits, a debugger should access sbdata0 after accessing the other sbdata registers.



Field	Description	Access	Reset
data	Accesses bits 31:0 of sbdata.	R/W	0

3.11.19 System Bus Data 63:32 (sbdata1, at 0x3d)

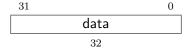
If sbaccess64 and sbaccess128 are 0, then this register is not present.



Field	Description	Access	Reset
data	Accesses bits 63:32 of sbdata (if the system bus	R/W	0
	is that wide).		

3.11.20 System Bus Data 95:64 (sbdata2, at 0x3e)

This register only exists if sbaccess128 is 1.



Field	Description	Access	Reset
data	Accesses bits 95:64 of sbdata (if the system bus	R/W	0
	is that wide).		

3.11.21 System Bus Data 127:96 (sbdata3, at 0x3f)

This register only exists if sbaccess128 is 1.



Field	Description	Access	Reset
data	Accesses bits 127:96 of sbdata (if the system bus	R/W	0
	is that wide).		

Chapter 4

RISC-V Debug

Modifications to the RISC-V core to support debug are kept to a minimum. There is a special execution mode (Debug Mode) and a few extra CSRs. The DM takes care of the rest.

4.1 Debug Mode

Debug Mode is a special processor mode used only when the core is halted for external debugging. How Debug Mode is implemented is not specified here.

When executing code from the Program Buffer, the processor stays in Debug Mode and the following apply:

- 1. All operations are executed at machine mode privilege level, except that mprv in mstatus is ignored.
- 2. All interrupts are masked.
- 3. Exceptions don't update any registers. That includes cause, epc, tval, dpc, and mstatus. They do end execution of the Program Buffer.
- 4. No action is taken if a trigger matches.
- 5. Trace is disabled.
- 6. Counters may be stopped, depending on stopcount in dcsr.
- 7. Timers may be stopped, depending on stoptime in dcsr.
- 8. The wfi instruction acts as a nop.
- 9. Almost all instructions that change the privilege level have undefined behavior. This includes ecall, mret, hret, sret, and uret. (To change the privilege level, the debugger can write prv in dcsr). The only exception is ebreak. When that is executed in Debug Mode, it halts the processor again but without updating dpc or dcsr.

4.2 Load-Reserved/Store-Conditional Instructions

The reservation registered by an lr instruction on a memory address may be lost when entering Debug Mode or while in Debug Mode. This means that there may be no forward progress if Debug Mode is entered between lr and sc pairs.

4.3 Single Step

A debugger can cause a halted hart to execute a single instruction and then re-enter Debug Mode by setting step before setting resumereq.

If executing or fetching that instruction causes an exception, Debug Mode is re-entered immediately after the PC is changed to the exception handler and the appropriate tval and cause registers are updated.

If executing or fetching the instruction causes a trigger to fire, Debug Mode is re-entered immediately after that trigger has fired. In that case cause is set to 2 (trigger) instead of 4 (single step). Whether the instruction is executed or not depends on the specific configuration of the trigger.

If the instruction that is executed causes the PC to change to an address where an instruction fetch causes an exception, that exception does not occurr until the next time the hart is resumed. Similarly, a trigger at the new address does not fire until the hart actually attempts to execute that instruction.

4.4 Reset

If the halt signal (driven by the hart's halt request bit in the Debug Module) is asserted when a hart comes out of reset, the hart must enter Debug Mode before executing any instructions, but after performing any initialization that would usually happen before the first instruction is executed.

4.4.1 dret Instruction

To return from Debug Mode, a new instruction is defined: dret. It has an encoding of 0x7b200073. On harts which support this instruction, executing dret in Debug Mode changes pc to the value stored in dpc. The current privilege level is changed to that specified by prv in dcsr. The hart is no longer in debug mode.

It is not necessary for the debugger to know whether an implementation supports dret, as the Debug Module will ensure that it is executed if necessary. It is defined in this specification only to reserve the opcode and allow for reusable Debug Module implementations.

4.5 Core Debug Registers

The supported Core Debug Registers must be implemented for each hart that can be debugged.

These registers are only accessible from Debug Mode.

Table 4.1: Core Debug Registers

Address	Name	Page
0x7b0	Debug Control and Status	35
0x7b1	Debug PC	37
0x7b2	Debug Scratch Register 0	
0x7b3	Debug Scratch Register 1	

4.5.1 Debug Control and Status (dcsr, at 0x7b0)

31	28	27	16	1	.5	14		13			12		11
xdebu	gver	()	ebre	akm	0	eł	orea	ks	eb	reak	(u	stepie
4		1	2	:	1	1		1			1		1
		10	,	9	8	6	5	3	2		1	0	
	stop	count	stop	time	cau	se	C)	ste	p	pr	٧]
		1		1	3		3	3	1		2	2	=

Field	Description	Access	Reset			
xdebugver	0: There is no external debug support.	R	Preset			
	4: External debug support exists as it is described					
	in this document.					
	15: There is external debug support, but it does					
	not conform to any available version of this spec.					
ebreakm	When 1, ebreak instructions in Machine Mode	R/W	0			
	enter Debug Mode.					
ebreaks	When 1, ebreak instructions in Supervisor Mode	R/W	0			
	enter Debug Mode.					
ebreaku	When 1, ebreak instructions in User/Application	R/W	0			
	Mode enter Debug Mode.					
stepie	0: Interrupts are disabled during single stepping.	R/W	0			
	1: Interrupts are enabled during single stepping.					
	Implementations may hard wire this bit to 0. The					
	debugger must read back the value it writes to					
	check whether the feature is supported. If not					
	supported, interrupt behavior can be emulated by					
	the debugger.					
	Continu	ued on ne	ext page			

ohom server!	O. In anomant countage of1	D /117	Dnc 4
stopcount	0: Increment counters as usual.	R/W	Preset
	1: Don't increment any counters while in Debug		
	Mode or on ebreak instructions that cause en-		
	try into Debug Mode. These counters include the		
	cycle and instret CSRs. This is preferred for		
	most debugging scenarios.		
	An implementation may choose not to support		
	writing to this bit. The debugger must read back		
	the value it writes to check whether the feature is		
	supported.		
stoptime	0: Increment timers as usual.	R/W	Preset
	1: Don't increment any hart-local timers while in		
	Debug Mode.		
	An implementation may choose not to support		
	writing to this bit. The debugger must read back		
	the value it writes to check whether the feature is		
	supported.		
cause	Explains why Debug Mode was entered.	R	0
	When there are multiple reasons to enter Debug		
	Mode in a single cycle, the cause with the highest		
	priority is the one written.		
	1: An ebreak instruction was executed. (priority		
	(3)		
	2: The Trigger Module caused a breakpoint ex-		
	ception. (priority 4)		
	3: The debugger requested entry to Debug Mode.		
	(priority 2)		
	4: The hart single stepped because step was set.		
	(priority 1)		
	Other values are reserved for future use.		
		d on ma	rrt name
	Continue	ea on ne	xı page

step	When set and not in Debug Mode, the hart will	R/W	0
	only execute a single instruction and then enter		
	Debug Mode. If the instruction does not com-		
	plete due to an exception, the hart will immedi-		
	ately enter Debug Mode before executing the trap		
	handler, with appropriate exception registers set.		
prv	Contains the privilege level the hart was operating	R/W	0
	in when Debug Mode was entered. The encoding		
	is described in Table 4.4. A debugger can change		
	this value to change the hart's privilege level when		
	exiting Debug Mode.		
	Not all privilege levels are supported on all harts.		
	If the encoding written is not supported or the		
	debugger is not allowed to change to it, the hart		
	may change to any supported privilege level.		

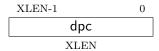
4.5.2 Debug PC (dpc, at 0x7b1)

Upon entry to debug mode, dpc is updated with the virtual address of the next instruction to be executed. The behavior is described in more detail in Table 4.2.

Table 4.2: Virtual address in DPC upon Debug Mode Entry

1 0
Virtual Address in DPC
Address of the ebreak instruction
Address of the instruction that would be executed
next if no debugging was going on. Ie. $pc + 4$ for
32-bit instructions that don't change program flow,
the destination PC on taken jumps/branches, etc.
If timing is 0, the address of the instruction which
caused the trigger to fire. If timing is 1, the address of
the next instruction to be executed at the time that
debug mode was entered.
Address of the next instruction to be executed at the
time that debug mode was entered

When resuming, the hart's PC is updated to the virtual address stored in dpc. A debugger may write dpc to change where the hart resumes.



4.5.3 Debug Scratch Register 0 (dscratch0, at 0x7b2)

Optional scratch register that can be used by implementations that need it. A debugger must not write to this register unless hartinfo explicitly mentions it (the Debug Module may use this register internally).

4.5.4 Debug Scratch Register 1 (dscratch1, at 0x7b3)

Optional scratch register that can be used by implementations that need it. A debugger must not write to this register unless hartinfo explicitly mentions it (the Debug Module may use this register internally).

4.6 Virtual Debug Registers

Virtual debug registers are a requirement on the debugger SW/interface, not on the Core designer.

Users of the debugger shouldn't need to know about the core debug registers, but may want to change things affected by them. A virtual register is one that doesn't exist directly in the hardware, but that the debugger exposes as if it does.

Table 4.3: Virtual Core Debug Registers

Address	Name	Page
virtual	Privilege Level	38

4.6.1 Privilege Level (priv, at virtual)

User can read this register to inspect the privilege level that the hart was running in when the hart halted. User can write this register to change the privilege level that the hart will run in when it resumes.

This register contains prv from dcsr, but in a place that the user is expected to access. The user should not access dcsr directly, because doing so might interfere with the debugger.

Table 4.4: Privilege Level Encoding

Encoding	Privilege Level
0	User/Application
1	Supervisor
3	Machine

Field	Description	Access	Reset
prv	Contains the privilege level the hart was operating	R/W	0
	in when Debug Mode was entered. The encoding		
	is described in Table 4.4, and matches the priv-		
	ilege level encoding from the RISC-V Privileged		
	ISA Specification. A user can write this value to		
	change the hart's privilege level when exiting De-		
	bug Mode.		

Chapter 5

Trigger Module

Triggers can cause a breakpoint exception, entry into Debug Mode, or a trace action without having to execute a special instruction. This makes them invaluable when debugging code from ROM. They can trigger on execution of instructions at a given memory address, or on the address/data in loads/stores. These are all features that can be useful without having the Debug Module present, so the Trigger Module is broken out as a separate piece that can be implemented separately.

Each trigger may support a variety of features. A debugger can build a list of all triggers and their features as follows:

- 1. Write 0 to tselect.
- 2. Read back tselect to confirm this trigger exists. If not, exit.
- 3. Read tdata1, and possible tdata2 and tdata3 depending on the trigger type.
- 4. If type is 0, this trigger doesn't exist. Exit the loop.
- 5. Repeat, incrementing the value in tselect.

There are two ways to check whether a given trigger is the last one to support these implementations:

- 1. When no hardware triggers are implemented at all, all related registers return 0. The algorithm above terminates when checking type.
- 2. When 2 triggers are implemented, tselect is just a single bit that selects one of the two. When the debugger writes 2, it reads back as 0 which terminates the enumeration.

5.1 Trigger Registers

The trigger registers are only accessible in machine and Debug Mode to prevent untrusted user code from causing entry into Debug Mode without the OS's permission.

14510 5.11 1118801 1408154015									
Address	Name	Page							
0x7a0	Trigger Select	42							
0x7a1	Trigger Data 1	42							
0x7a1	Match Control	43							
0x7a1	Instruction Count	47							
0x7a2	Trigger Data 2	43							
0x7a3	Trigger Data 3	43							

Table 5.1: Trigger Registers

5.1.1 Trigger Select (tselect, at 0x7a0)

This register determines which trigger is accessible through the other trigger registers. The set of accessible triggers must start at 0, and be contiguous.

Writes of values greater than or equal to the number of supported triggers may result in a different value in this register than what was written. Debuggers should read back the value to confirm that what they wrote was a valid index.

Since triggers can be used both by Debug Mode and M Mode, the debugger must restore this register if it modifies it.



5.1.2 Trigger Data 1 (tdata1, at 0x7a1)

XLEN-1	XLEN-4	XLEN-5	XLEN-6	0
ty	pe	dmode	data	
	4	1	XLEN - 5	

Field	Description	Access	Reset
type	0: There is no trigger at this tselect.	R	Preset
	1: The trigger is a legacy SiFive address match		
	trigger. These should not be implemented and		
	aren't further documented here.		
	2: The trigger is an address/data match trig-		
	ger. The remaining bits in this register act as		
	described in mcontrol.		
	3: The trigger is an instruction count trigger. The		
	remaining bits in this register act as described in		
	icount.		
	15: This trigger exists (so enumeration shouldn't		
	terminate), but is not currently available.		
	Other values are reserved for future use.		
dmode	0: Both Debug and M Mode can write the tdata	R/W	0
	registers at the selected tselect.		
	1: Only Debug Mode can write the tdata regis-		
	ters at the selected tselect. Writes from other		
	modes are ignored.		
	This bit is only writable from Debug Mode.		
data	Trigger-specific data.	R/W	Preset

5.1.3 Trigger Data 2 (tdata2, at 0x7a2)

Trigger-specific data.



5.1.4 Trigger Data 3 (tdata3, at 0x7a3)

Trigger-specific data.



5.1.5 Match Control (mcontrol, at 0x7a1)

This register is accessible as tdata1 when type is 2.

Writing unsupported values to any field in this register results in the reset value being written

instead. When a debugger wants to use a feature, it must write the appropriate value and then read back the register to determine whether it is supported.

Address and data trigger implementation are heavily dependent on how the processor core is implemented. To accommodate various implementations, execute, load, and store address/data triggers may fire at whatever point in time is most convenient for the implementation. The debugger may request specific timings as described in timing. Table 5.2 suggests timings for the best user experience.

Table 5.2: Suggested Breakpoint Timings

Match Type	Suggested Trigger Timing
Execute Address	Before
Execute Instruction	Before
Execute Address+Instruction	Before
Load Address	Before
Load Data	After
Load Address+Data	After
Store Address	Before
Store Data	Before
Store Address+Data	Before

XLEN-1	XLE	N-4	XLEN-5	XLI	EN-6	XL	EN-	11	XLEI	N-12	20	19	18
type			dmode		mas	skma	X			0		select	timing
4			1			6				XLEN - 31		1	1
	17	12	11	10	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	action		chain	ma	tch	m	h	S	u	execute	store	load	
6		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

Field	Description	Access	Reset					
maskmax	Specifies the largest naturally aligned powers-of-	R	Preset					
	two (NAPOT) range supported by the hardware.							
	The value is the logarithm base 2 of the number							
	of bytes in that range. A value of 0 indicates							
	that only exact value matches are supported (one							
	byte range). A value of 63 corresponds to the							
	maximum NAPOT range, which is 2^{63} bytes in							
	size.							
	Continued on next page							

select	0: Perform a match on the virtual address.	R/W	0
	1: Perform a match on the data value loaded/s-	,	
	tored, or the instruction executed.		
timing	0: The action for this trigger will be taken just be-	R/W	0
	fore the instruction that triggered it is executed,	,	
	but after all preceding instructions are are com-		
	mitted.		
	1: The action for this trigger will be taken af-		
	ter the instruction that triggered it is executed.		
	It should be taken before the next instruction is		
	executed, but it is better to implement triggers		
	and not implement that suggestion than to not		
	implement them at all.		
	Most hardware will only implement one timing or		
	the other, possibly dependent on select, execute,		
	load, and store. This bit primarily exists for the		
	hardware to communicate to the debugger what		
	will happen. Hardware may implement the bit		
	fully writable, in which case the debugger has a		
	little more control.		
	Data load triggers with timing of 0 will result in		
	the same load happening again when the debugger		
	lets the core run. For data load triggers, debug-		
	gers must first attempt to set the breakpoint with		
	timing of 1.		
	A chain of triggers that don't all have the same		
	timing value will never fire (unless consecutive in-		
	structions match the appropriate triggers).		
	Continued on	next pa	age

action	Determines what happens when this trigger	R/W	0
	matches.		
	0: Raise a breakpoint exception. (Used when soft-		
	ware wants to use the trigger module without an		
	external debugger attached.)		
	1: Enter Debug Mode. (Only supported when		
	dmode is 1.)		
	2: Start tracing.		
	3: Stop tracing.		
	4: Emit trace data for this match. If it is a data		
	access match, emit appropriate Load/Store Ad-		
	dress/Data. If it is an instruction execution, emit		
	its PC.		
chain	Other values are reserved for future use.	D/W	0
cnain	0: When this trigger matches, the configured ac-	R/W	U
	tion is taken.		
	1: While this trigger does not match, it prevents		
	the trigger with the next index from matching.	D/W	0
match	0: Matches when the value equals tdata2.	R/W	0
	1: Matches when the top M bits of the value		
	match the top M bits of tdata2. M is XLEN-1		
	minus the index of the least-significant bit containing 0 in tdata2.		
	2: Matches when the value is greater than (un-		
	signed) or equal to tdata2.		
	3: Matches when the value is less than (unsigned)		
	tdata2.		
	4: Matches when the lower half of the value equals		
	the lower half of tdata2 after the lower half of the		
	value is ANDed with the upper half of tdata2.		
	5: Matches when the upper half of the value		
	equals the lower half of tdata2 after the upper		
	half of the value is ANDed with the upper half of		
	tdata2.		
	Other values are reserved for future use.		
	Continued on	next pa	ge

m	When set, enable this trigger in M mode.	R/W	0
h	When set, enable this trigger in H mode.	R/W	0
S	When set, enable this trigger in S mode.	R/W	0
u	When set, enable this trigger in U mode.	R/W	0
execute	When set, the trigger fires on the virtual address	R/W	0
	or opcode of an instruction that is executed.		
store	When set, the trigger fires on the virtual address	R/W	0
	or data of a store.		
load	When set, the trigger fires on the virtual address	R/W	0
	or data of a load.		

5.1.6 Instruction Count (icount, at 0x7a1)

This register is accessible as tdata1 when type is 3.

Writing unsupported values to any field in this register results in the reset value being written instead. When a debugger wants to use a feature, it must write the appropriate value and then read back the register to determine whether it is supported.

This trigger type is intended to be used as a single step that's useful both for external debuggers and for software monitor programs. For that case it is not necessary to support count greater than 1. The only two combinations of the mode bits that are useful in those scenarios are u by itself, or m, h, s, and u all set.

If the hardware limits count to 1, and changes mode bits instead of decrementing count, this register can be implemented with just 2 bits. One for u, and one for m, h, and s tied together. If only the external debugger or only a software monitor needs to be supported, a single bit is enough.

	XLEN-1	XLEN-4	XLEN-5	XLEN-6	24	23	10	9	8	7	6	5	0
	type		dmode	0		cour	nt	m	h	S	u	actio	on
4		1	XLEN - 29		14		1	1	1	1	6		

Field	Description	Access	Reset		
count	When count is decremented to 0, the trigger fires.	R/W	1		
	Instead of changing count from 1 to 0, it is also				
	acceptable for hardware to clear m , h , s , and u .				
	This allows count to be hard-wired to 1 if this				
	register just exists for single step.				
	Continued on next page				

m	When set, every instruction completed or excep-	R/W	0						
	tion taken in M mode decrements count by 1.								
h	When set, every instruction completed or excep-	R/W	0						
	tion taken in H mode decrements count by 1.								
S	When set, every instruction completed or excep-	R/W	0						
	tion taken in S mode decrements count by 1.	·							
u	When set, every instruction completed or excep-	R/W	0						
	tion taken in U mode decrements count by 1.	·							
action	Determines what happens when this trigger	R/W	0						
	matches.								
	0: Raise a breakpoint exception. (Used when soft-								
	ware wants to use the trigger module without an								
	external debugger attached.)								
	1: Enter Debug Mode. (Only supported when								
	dmode is 1.)								
	2: Start tracing.								
	3: Stop tracing.								
	4: Emit trace data for this match. If it is a data								
	access match, emit appropriate Load/Store Ad-								
	dress/Data. If it is an instruction execution, emit								
	its PC.								
	Other values are reserved for future use.								

Chapter 6

Debug Transport Module (DTM)

Debug Transport Modules provide access to the DM over one or more transports (eg. JTAG or USB).

There may be multiple DTMs in a single platform. Ideally every component that communicates with the outside world includes a DTM, allowing a platform to be debugged through every transport it supports. For instance a USB component could include a DTM. This would trivially allow any platform to be debugged over USB. All that is required is that the USB module already in use also has access to the Debug Module Interface.

Using multiple DTMs at the same time is not supported. It is left to the user to ensure this does not happen.

This specification defines a JTAG DTM in Section 6.1. Additional DTMs may be added in future versions of this specification.

6.1 JTAG Debug Transport Module

This Debug Transport Module is based around a normal JTAG Test Access Port (TAP). The JTAG TAP allows access to arbitrary JTAG registers by first selecting one using the JTAG instruction register (IR), and then accessing it through the JTAG data register (DR).

6.1.1 JTAG Background

JTAG refers to IEEE Std 1149.1-2013. It is a standard that defines test logic that can be included in an integrated circuit to test the interconnections between integrated circuits, test the integrated circuit itself, and observe or modify circuit activity during the components normal operation. This specification uses the latter functionality. The JTAG standard defines a Test Access Port (TAP) that can be used to read and write a few custom registers, which can be used to communicate with debug hardware in a component.

6.1.2 JTAG DTM Registers

JTAG TAPs used as a DTM must have an IR of at least 5 bits. When the TAP is reset, IR must default to 00001, selecting the IDCODE instruction. A full list of JTAG registers along with their encoding is in Table 6.1. If the IR actually has more than 5 bits, then the encodings in Table 6.1 should be extended with 0's in their most significant bits. The only regular JTAG registers a debugger might use are BYPASS and IDCODE, but this specification leaves IR space for many other standard JTAG instructions. Unimplemented instructions must select the BYPASS register.

Table 6.1: JTAG DTM TAP Registers

Address	Name	Description	Page
0x00	BYPASS	JTAG recommends this encoding	
0x01	IDCODE	JTAG recommends this encoding	
0x10	DTM Control and Status	For Debugging	51
0x11	Debug Module Interface Access	For Debugging	52
0x12	Reserved (BYPASS)	Reserved for future RISC-V debugging	
0x13	Reserved (BYPASS)	Reserved for future RISC-V debugging	
0x14	Reserved (BYPASS)	Reserved for future RISC-V debugging	
0x15	Reserved (BYPASS)	Reserved for future RISC-V standards	
0x16	Reserved (BYPASS)	Reserved for future RISC-V standards	
0x17	Reserved (BYPASS)	Reserved for future RISC-V standards	
0x1f	BYPASS	JTAG requires this encoding	

6.1.3 IDCODE (at 0x01)

This register is selected (in IR) when the TAP state machine is reset. Its definition is exactly as defined in IEEE Std 1149.1-2013.

This entire register is read-only.

31 28	27 12	11 1	0
Version	PartNumber	Manufld	1
4	16	11	1

Field	Description	Access	Reset
Version	Identifies the release version of this part.	R	Preset
PartNumber	Identifies the designer's part number of this part.	R	Preset
Manufld	Identifies the designer/manufacturer of this part.	R	Preset
	Bits 6:0 must be bits 6:0 of the designer/manufac-		
	turer's Identification Code as assigned by JEDEC		
	Standard JEP106. Bits 10:7 contain the modulo-		
	16 count of the number of continuation characters		
	(0x7f) in that same Identification Code.		

6.1.4 DTM Control and Status (dtmcs, at 0x10)

The size of this register will remain constant in future versions so that a debugger can always determine the version of the DTM.

31	18	17	16	15	14	12	11	10	9	4	3	0
0 dmihardreset		dmireset	0	id	le	dmis	stat	abi	ts	vers	ion	
	14	1	1	1		3	2	!	6		4	

Field	Description	Access	Reset
dmihardreset	Writing 1 to this bit does a hard reset of the DTM,	W1	0
	causing the DTM to forget about any outstand-		
	ing DMI transactions. In general this should only		
	be used when the Debugger has reason to expect		
	that the outstanding DMI transaction will never		
	complete (e.g. a reset condition caused an inflight		
	DMI transaction to be cancelled).		
dmireset	Writing 1 to this bit clears the sticky error state	W1	0
	and allows the DTM to retry or complete the pre-		
	vious transaction.		
idle	This is a hint to the debugger of the minimum	R	Preset
	number of cycles a debugger should spend in Run-		
	Test/Idle after every DMI scan to avoid a 'busy'		
	return code (dmistat of 3). A debugger must still		
	check dmistat when necessary.		
	0: It is not necessary to enter Run-Test/Idle at		
	all.		
	1: Enter Run-Test/Idle and leave it immediately.		
	2: Enter Run-Test/Idle and stay there for 1 cycle		
	before leaving.		
	And so on.		
	Continu	ied on ne	ext page

dmistat	0: No error.	R	0
	1: Reserved. Interpret the same as 2.		
	2: An operation failed (resulted in op of 2).		
	3: An operation was attempted while a DMI ac-		
	cess was still in progress (resulted in op of 3).		
abits	The size of address in dmi.	R	Preset
version	0: Version described in spec version 0.11.	R	1
	1: Version described in spec version 0.13 (and		
	later?), which reduces the DMI data width to 32		
	bits.		
	15: Version not described in any available version		
	of this spec.		

6.1.5 Debug Module Interface Access (dmi, at 0x11)

This register allows access to the Debug Module Interface (DMI).

In Update-DR, the DTM starts the operation specified in op unless the current status reported in op is sticky.

In Capture-DR, the DTM updates data with the result from that operation, updating op if the current op isn't sticky.

See Section B.1 and Table B.1 for examples of how this is used.

For instance a series of scans may write a Debug Program and execute it. If one of the writes fails but the execution continues, then the Debug Program may hang or have other unexpected side effects.

abits+33	34	33		2	1	0
address			data		0	р
abits			32		2	2

Field	Description	Access	Reset	
address	Address used for DMI access. In Update-DR this	R/W	0	
	value is used to access the DM over the DMI.			
data	The data to send to the DM over the DMI during	R/W	0	
	Update-DR, and the data returned from the DM			
	as a result of the previous operation.			
Continued on next page				

The still-in-progress status is sticky to accommodate debuggers that batch together a number of scans, which must all be executed or stop as soon as there's a problem.

op | When the debugger writes this field, it has the | R/W following meaning:

0: Ignore data and address. (nop)

Don't send anything over the DMI during Update-DR. This operation should never result in a busy or error response. The address and data reported in the following Capture-DR are undefined.

- 1: Read from address. (read)
- 2: Write data to address. (write)
- 3: Reserved.

When the debugger reads this field, it means the following:

- 0: The previous operation completed successfully.
- 1: Reserved.
- 2: A previous operation failed. The data scanned into dmi in this access will be ignored. This status is sticky and can be cleared by writing dmireset in dtmcs.

This indicates that the DM itself responded with an error. Note: there are no specified cases in which the DM would respond with an error, and DMI is not required to support returning errors. 3: An operation was attempted while a DMI request is still in progress. The data scanned into dmi in this access will be ignored. This status is sticky and can be cleared by writing dmireset in dtmcs. If a debugger sees this status, it needs to give the target more TCK edges between Update-DR and Capture-DR. The simplest way to do that is to add extra transitions in Run-Test/Idle. (The DTM, DM, and/or component may be in different clock domains, so synchronization may be required. Some relatively fixed number of TCK ticks may be needed for the request to reach the DM, complete, and for the response to be synchronized back into the TCK domain.)

6.1.6 BYPASS (at 0x1f)

1-bit register that has no effect. It is used when a debugger does not want to communicate with this TAP.

This entire register is read-only.

0

6.1.7 Recommended JTAG Connector

To make it easy to acquire debug hardware, this spec recommends a connector that is compatible with the Atmel AVR JTAG Connector, as described below.

The connector is a .05"-spaced, gold-plated male header with .016" thick hardened copper or beryllium bronze square posts (SAMTEC FTSH-105 or equivalent). Female connectors are compatible $20\mu m$ gold connectors.

Viewing the male header from above (the pins pointing at your eye), a target's connector looks as it does in Table 6.2. The function of each pin is described in Table 6.3.

Table 6.2: JTAG Connector Diagram

THE COLUMN		_	
TCK	1	2	GND
TDO	3	4	VCC
TMS	5	6	(SRSTn)
(NC)	7	8	(TRSTn)
TDI	9	10	GND

Table 6.3: JTAG Connector Pinout

1	TCK	JTAG TCK signal, driven by the debug adapter. This
		pin must be clearly marked in both male and female
		headers.
5	TMS	JTAG TMS signal, driven by debug adapter.
9	TDI	JTAG TDI signal, driven by the debug adapter.
3	TDO	JTAG TDO signal, driven by the target.
8	TRSTn	Test Reset (optional, only used by some devices. Used
		to reset the JTAG TAP Controller).
4	VCC	Reference voltage for logic high. A debug adapter
		may attempt to draw up to 20mA from this pin to
		power itself, but a target is not obligated to provide
		that power.
2, 10	GND	Target ground.
6	SRSTn	Active-low reset signal, driven by the debug adapter.
		Asserting reset should reset any RISC-V cores as well
		as any other peripherals on the PCB. It should not
		reset the debug logic. Although connecting this pin is
		optional, it is recommended as it allows the debugger
		to hold the target device in a reset state, which may
		be essential to debug some scenarios. If not
		implemented in a target, this pin must not be
		connected.

Target connectors may be shrouded. In that case the key slot should be next to pin 5. Female headers should have a matching key.

Debug adapters should be tagged or marked with their isolation voltage threshold (i.e. unisolated, $250\mathrm{V},\,\mathrm{etc.}$).

All debug adapter pins other than GND should be current-limited to 20mA.

Appendix A

Hardware Implementations

Below are two possible implementations. A designer could choose one, mix and match, or come up with their own design.

A.1 Abstract Command Based

Halting happens by stalling the processor execution pipeline.

Muxes on the register file(s) allow for accessing GPRs and CSRs using the Access Register abstract command.

System Bus Access allows main memory access.

A.2 Execution Based

This implementation only implements the Access Register abstract command for GPRs on a halted hart, and relies on the Program Buffer for all other operations.

This method uses the processor's existing pipeline and ability to execute from arbitrary memory locations to avoid modifications to a processor's datapath. When the halt request bit is set, the Debug Module raises a special interrupt to the selected hart(s). This interrupt causes each hart to enter Debug Mode and jump to a defined memory region that is serviced by the DM. When taking this exception, pc is saved to dpc and cause is updated in dcsr.

The code in the Debug Module causes the hart to execute a "park loop". In the park loop the hart writes its mhartid to a memory location within the Debug Module to indicate that it is halted. To allow the DM to individually control one out of several halted harts, each hart polls for flags in a DM-controlled memory location to determine whether the debugger wants it to execute the Program Buffer or perform a resume.

To execute an abstract command, the DM first populates some internal words of program buffer

according to command. When transfer is set, the debugger populates these words with lw <gpr>, 0x400(zero) or sw 0x400(zero), <gpr>>. 64- and 128-bit accesses use ld/sd and lq/sq respectively. If transfer is not set, these instructions are populated as nops. If execute is set, execution continues to the debugger-controlled Program Buffer, otherwise the debug module causes a ebreak to execute immediately.

When ebreak is executed (indicating the end of the Program Buffer code) the hart returns to its park loop. If an exception is encountered, the hart jumps to a defined debug exception address within the Debug Module. The code at that address causes the hart to write to an address in the Debug Module which indicates exception. Then the hart jumps back to the park loop. The DM infers from the write that there was an exception, and sets cmderr appropriately.

To resume execution, the debug module sets a flag which causes the core to execute a dret. When dret is executed, pc is restored from dpc and normal execution resumes at the privilege set by prv.

data0 etc. are mapped into regular memory at an address relative to zero with only a 12-bit imm. The exact address is an implementation detail that a debugger must not rely on. For example, the data registers might be mapped to 0x400.

For additional flexibility, progbuf0, etc. are mapped into regular memory immediately preceding data0, in order to form a contiguous region of memory which can be used for either program execution or data transfer.

Appendix B

Debugger Implementation

This section details how an external debugger might use the described debug interface to perform some common operations on RISC-V cores using the JTAG DTM described in Appendix ??. All these examples assume a 32-bit core but it should be easy to adapt the examples to 64- or 128-bit cores.

To keep the examples readable, they all assume that everything succeeds, and that they complete faster than the debugger can perform the next access. This will be the case in a typical JTAG setup. However, the debugger must always check the sticky error status bits after performing a sequence of actions. If it sees any that are set, then it should attempt the same actions again, possibly while adding in some delay, or explicit checks for status bits.

B.1 Debug Module Interface Access

To read an arbitrary Debug Module register, select dmi, and scan in a value with op set to 1, and address set to the desired register address. In Update-DR the operation will start, and in Capture-DR its results will be captured into data. If the operation didn't complete in time, op will be 3 and the value in data must be ignored. The busy condition must be cleared by writing dmireset in dtmcs, and then the second scan scan must be performed again. This process must be repeated until op returns 0. In later operations the debugger should allow for more time between Capture-DR and Update-DR.

To write an arbitrary Debug Bus register, select dmi, and scan in a value with op set to 2, and address and data set to the desired register address and data respectively. From then on everything happens exactly as with a read, except that a write is performed instead of the read.

It should almost never be necessary to scan IR, avoiding a big part of the inefficiency in typical JTAG use.

B.2 Main Loop

A debugger continuously monitors haltsum to see if any harts have spontaneously halted.

B.3 Halting

To halt one or more harts, the debugger selects them, sets haltreq, and then waits for allhalted to indicate the harts are halted before clearing haltreq to 0.

B.4 Running

First, the debugger should restore any registers that it has clobbered. Once that's done, it can let the selected harts run by setting resumereq. Once allresumeack is set, the debugger knows the hart has resumed, and it can clear resumereq. Note that harts might halt very quickly after resuming (eg. by hitting a software breakpoint) so the debugger cannot use allhalted/anyhalted to check whether the hart resumed.

B.5 Single Step

Using the hardware single step feature is almost the same as regular running. The debugger just sets step in dcsr before letting the core run. The core behaves exactly as in the running case, except that interrupts may be disabled (depending on stepie) and it only fetches and executes a single instruction before re-entering Debug Mode.

B.6 Accessing Registers

B.6.1 Using Abstract Command

Read s0 using abstract command:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	command	size = 2, transfer, $0x1008$	Read s0
Read	data0	-	Returns value that was in s0

Write mstatus using abstract command:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	data0	new value	
Write	command	size = 2, transfer, write, $0x300$	Write mstatus

B.6.2 Using Program Buffer

Abstract commands are used to exchange data with GPRs. Using this mechanism, other registers can be accessed by moving their value into/out of GPRs.

Write mstatus using program buffer:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	progbuf0	csrw s0,	
		MSTATUS	
Write	progbuf1	ebreak	
Write	data0	new value	
Write	command	size = 2,	Write s0, then execute program buffer
		postexec,	
		transfer,	
		write, $0x1008$	

Read f1 using program buffer:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	progbuf0	fmv.x.s s0, f1	
Write	progbuf1	ebreak	
Write	command	postexec	Execute program buffer
Write	command	transfer $0x1008$	read s0
Read	data0	-	Returns the value that was in f1

B.7 Reading Memory

B.7.1 Using System Bus Access

Read a word from memory using system bus access:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	sbaddress0	address	
Write	sbcs	sbaccess = 2, $sbsingleread$	Perform a read
Read	sbdata0	-	Value read from memory

Read block of memory using system bus access:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	sbaddress0	address	
Write	sbcs	sbaccess = 2,	Turn on autoread and autoincrement, and perform a
		sbsingleread,	read
		sbautoread,	
		sbautoincremen	t
Read	sbdata0	-	Value read from memory
Read	sbdata0	-	Next value read from memory
•••			
Write	sbcs	0	Clear sbautoread
Read	sbdata0	-	Get last value read from memory.

B.7.2 Using Program Buffer

Read a word from memory using program buffer:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	progbuf0	lw s0, 0(s0)	
Write	progbuf1	ebreak	
Write	data0	address	
Write	command	write, postexec, 0x1008	Write s0, then execute program buffer
Write	command	0x1008	Read s0
Read	data0	-	Value read from memory

Read block of memory using program buffer:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	progbuf0	lw s1, 0(s0)	
Write	progbuf1	addi s0, s0, 4	
Write	progbuf2	ebreak	
Write	data0	address	
Write	command	write, postexec, 0x1008	Write s0, then execute program buffer
Write	command	postexec, 0x1009	Read s1, then execute program buffer
Write	abstractauto	autoexecdata [0]	Set autoexecdata [0]
Read	data0	-	Get value read from memory, then execute program
			buffer
Read	data0	-	Get next value read from memory, then execute
			program buffer
Write	abstractauto	0	Clear autoexecdata [0]
Read	data0	-	Get last value read from memory.

TODO: Table B.1 shows the scans involved in reading a single word using this method.

Table B.1: Memory Read Timeline

	JTAG State	Activity
TODO	TODO	TODO

B.8 Writing Memory

B.8.1 Using System Bus Access

Write a word to memory using system bus access:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	sbaddress0	address	
Write	sbdata0	value	

Write block of memory using system bus access:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	sbaddress0	address	
Write	sbcs	sbaccess = 2,	Turn on autoincrement
		sbautoincremen	t
Write	sbdata0	value0	
Write	sbdata0	value1	
•••			
Write	sbdata0	valueN	

B.8.2 Using Program Buffer

Write a word to memory using program buffer:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	progbuf0	sw s1, 0(s0)	
Write	progbuf1	ebreak	
Write	data0	value	
Write	command	write, 0x1008	Write s0
Write	data0	address	
Write	command	write, postexec, 0x1009	Write s1, then execute program buffer

Write block of memory using program buffer:

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	progbuf0	sw s1, 0(s0)	
Write	progbuf1	addi s0, s0, 4	
Write	progbuf2	ebreak	
Write	data0	address	
Write	command	write, 0x1008	Write s0
Write	data0	value0	
Write	command	write, postexec, 0x1009	Write s1, then execute program buffer
Write	abstractauto	autoexecdata [0]	Set autoexecdata [0]
Write	data0	value1	
•••			
Write	data0	valueN	
Write	abstractauto	0	Clear autoexecdata [0]

B.9 Handling Exceptions

Generally the debugger can avoid exceptions by being careful with the programs it writes. Sometimes they are unavoidable though, eg. if the user asks to access memory or a CSR that is not implemented. A typical debugger will not know enough about the platform to know what's going to happen, and must attempt the access to determine the outcome.

When an exception occurs while executing the Program Buffer, cmderr becomes set. The debugger can check this field to see whether a program encountered an exception. If there was an exception, it's left to the debugger to know what must have caused it.

B.10 Quick Access

Halt the hart for a minimum amount of time to perform a single memory write.

There are a variety of instructions to transfer data between GPRs and the data registers. They are either loads/stores or CSR reads/writes. The specific addresses also vary. This is all specified in hartinfo. The example here uses the pseudo-op transfer dest, src to represent all these options.

Op	Address	Value	Comment
Write	progbuf0	transfer arg2, s0	Save s0
Write	progbuf1	transfer s0, arg0	Read first argument (address)
Write	progbuf2	transfer arg0, s1	Save s1
Write	progbuf3	transfer s1, arg1	Read second argument (data)
Write	progbuf4	sw s1, 0(s0)	
Write	progbuf5	transfer s1, arg0	Restore s1
Write	progbuf6	transfer s0, arg2	Restore s0
Write	progbuf7	ebreak	
Write	data0	address	
Write	data1	data	
Write	command	0x10000000	Perform quick access

Appendix C

Future Ideas

All items in this section are future ideas and should not be considered part of the specification.

Some future version of this spec may implement some of the following features.

- 1. The spec defines several additions to the Device Tree which enable a debugger to discover hart IDs and supported triggers for all the cores in the system.
- 2. DTMs can function as general bus slaves, so they would look like regular RAM to bus masters.
- 3. Harts can be divided into groups. All the harts in the same group can be halted/run/stepped simultaneously. When a hart hits a breakpoint, all the other harts in the same group also halt within a few clock cycles.
- 4. DTMs are specified for protocols like USB, I2C, SPI, and SWD.
- 5. Core registers can be read without halting the processor.
- 6. The debugger can communicate with the power manager to power cores up or down, and to query their status.
- 7. Serial ports can raise an interrupt when a send/receive queue becomes full/empty.
- 8. The debug interrupt can be masked by running code. If the interrupt is asserted, then deasserted, and then asserted again the debug interrupt happens anyway. This mechanism can be used to eg. read/write memory with minimal interruption, making sure never to interrupt during a critical piece of code.
- 9. The debugger can non-intrusively sample a recent PC value from any running hart.
- 10. The Debug Module can include a serial interface for re-using the DTM interface as a generic communication interface.

C.1 Serial Ports

The Debug Module may implement up to 8 serial ports. They support basic flow control and full duplex data transfer between a component and the debugger, essentially allowing the Debug Transport to be used to communicate with a debug monitor running on a hart, or more generally emulate devices which aren't present. All these uses require software support, and are not further specified here. Only the DMI side of the Debug Module serial registers are defined in this specification as the core side interface should look like a peripheral device.

Table C.1: Debug Module Debug Bus Registers

Address	Name	Page
0x34	Serial Control and Status	68
0x35	Serial TX Data	69
0x36	Serial RX Data	69

C.1.1 Serial Control and Status (sercs, at 0x34)

If serialcount is 0, this register is not present.

31	28	27	26	24	23	22	21	20	19	18
serialcou	nt	0	seria	I	error 7	7 valid7	full 7	7 error	6 valid	6 full6
4		1	3		1	1	1	1	1	1
17		16	15		14	13	12	11	10	9
error5	Vā	alid5	full5	er	ror4	valid4	full4	error3	valid3	full3
1		1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1
8		7	6		5	4	3	2	1	0
error2	Vā	alid2	full2	er	ror1	valid1	full1	error0	valid0	full0
1		1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1

Field	Description	Access	Reset	
serialcount	serialcount Number of supported serial ports.			
serial	serial Select which serial port is accessed by serrx and			
	sertx.			
error0	error0 1 when the debugger-to-core queue for serial port			
	0 has over or underflowed. This bit will remain			
	set until it is reset by writing 1 to this bit.			
valid0	1 when the core-to-debugger queue for serial port	R	0	
	0 is not empty.			
	Conti	nued on ne	ext page	

full0	1 when the debugger-to-core queue for serial port	R	0
	0 is full.		

C.1.2 Serial TX Data (sertx, at 0x35)

If serialcount is 0, this register is not present.

This register provides access to the write data queue of the serial port selected by serial in sercs.

If the error bit is not set and the queue is not full, a write to this register adds the written data to the core-to-debugger queue. Otherwise the error bit is set and the write returns error.

A read to this register returns the last data written.



C.1.3 Serial RX Data (serrx, at 0x36)

If serialcount is 0, this register is not present.

This register provides access to the read data queues of the serial port selected by serial in sercs.

If the error bit is not set and the queue is not empty, a read from this register reads the oldest entry in the debugger-to-core queue, and removes that entry from the queue. Otherwise the error bit is set and the read returns error.

This entire register is read-only.



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Appendix D

Change Log

Revision	Date	${f Author(s)}$	Description
8458598	2017-11-28	mwachs5	changelog: remove slashes
38f9d55	2017-11-28	mwachs5	Revert "Add Fdmerr."
6c7d031	2017-11-27	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #179 from riscv/step_corners
caa1258	2017-11-27	Megan Wachs	badaddr -¿ tval (Priv Spec 1.9 -¿ 1.9.1)
32b0f08	2017-11-22	Tim Newsome	Incorporate feedback.
2f7aa54	2017-11-22	Tim Newsome	Simplify, and explain trigger behavior.
3e5887f	2017-11-21	Tim Newsome	Clarify some single step corner cases.
f4b9ae2	2017-11-21	Tim Newsome	Make ackhavereset write-only. (#178)
efe3dc8	2017-11-21	Tim Newsome	Make hartreset R/W $(#177)$
ce1b359	2017-11-17	Megan Wachs	Reset clarifications (#172)
f49bf1d	2017-11-16	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #174 from riscv/context
bac9a94	2017-11-16	mwachs5	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into con-
			text
852a70d	2017-11-16	Megan Wachs	icount: remove warning (#173)
363348f	2017-11-16	Tim Newsome	Explain cache coherency wrt to system bus access (#171)
26ea898	2017-11-15	Tim Newsome	Refer to ISA and priv docs.
e803d67	2017-11-03	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #170 from riscv/index
ffc8c62	2017-11-03	Tim Newsome	Mention the index in "about this doc"
a4257ef	2017-11-02	Tim Newsome	Add an index to the document.
f5f45a5	2017-10-30	Megan Wachs	Add 'has reset' status and control (#168)
e87 fd2d	2017-10-26	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #158 from riscv/bits_not_signals
dfe6a49	2017-10-25	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into bits_not_signals
46f3f54	2017-10-25	Tim Newsome	Incorporate review feedback.
104247f	2017-10-24	Megan Wachs	Update README.md
6dd5c80	2017-10-24	Megan Wachs	Update README.md
cb1a847	2017-10-24	Megan Wachs	Add a note to the README about the built PDF
9e1fe79	2017-10-19	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request $\#167$ from riscv/include_pdf
e00625f	2017-10-18	Tim Newsome	Include pdf.
3ea45f1	2017-10-18	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into bits_not_signals
c23e729	2017-10-18	Tim Newsome	Clarify more.

6cab794	2017-10-12	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #162 from riscv/impebreak
ecdaf0a	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into impebreak
83f9faf	2017-10-11	Tim Newsome	Clarify what Fimpebreak does.
58 fdc0e	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #164 from riscv/legend_on_fig
5f3933f	2017-10-11	Tim Newsome	Merge branch 'impebreak' of github.com:riscv/riscv-
			debug-spec into impebreak
78082b5	2017-10-11	Tim Newsome	Mention Fimpebreak in Program Buffer description.
0378324	2017-10-11	mwachs5	Add legend and update some transitions on the Ab-
			stract Command State Machine diagram
a418a25	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into impebreak
d1c895a	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #161 from riscv/no_h_mode_fig
f9981e8	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into no_h_mode_fig
ae30fc1	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #163 from riscv/fix_build
fa2b600	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	add missing period
0610630	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	Just do simple hmode -; dmode replacement
16e11f3	2017-10-11	Tim Newsome	Remove hmode reference, to fix build.
84b9a6a	2017-10-11	Tim Newsome	Add Fimpebreak, to support of implicit ebreak.
cc90b77	2017-10-11	mwachs5	Remove reference to 'H' mode from the figure
cc6a9de	2017-10-11	Megan Wachs	Change old reference to 'hmode' to 'dmode'
4a9e017	2017-10-10	Tim Newsome	Merge branch 'bits_not_signals' of
			github.com:riscv/riscv-debug-spec into
			bits_not_signals
ea2877d	2017-10-10	Tim Newsome	Move how-to-debug into the relevant section.
d7b9f4c	2017-10-06	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into bits_not_signals
48f437b	2017-10-06	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #159 from riscv/unsup-
			ported_access_size
24f0494	2017-10-06	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into unsupported_access_size
812686d	2017-10-06	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #157 from riscv/reset
486ecc 6	2017-10-05	Tim Newsome	Refuse unsupported bus accesses.
6ca221d	2017-10-05	Tim Newsome	haltreq, resumereq, hartreset are per-hart bits
c9cdf9e	2017-10-05	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into reset
2be57af	2017-10-04	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #128 from riscv/connector
d16b390	2017-10-04	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into connector
d4118ab	2017-09-30	Tim Newsome	ndmreset can't reset logic required to access DM.
d569387	2017-09-29	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #154 from riscv/nikhil
2a47bd1			
6269d9d	2017-09-29	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil
c6bd8d1	2017-09-29	Tim Newsome Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize
	2017-09-29 2017-09-29	Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -¿ or
58c2441	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29	Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step
58c2441 $94c5f78$	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29	Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset.
58c2441 94c5f78 12810b4	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29	Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset. Clarify that sbaddress is physical.
58c2441 94c5f78 12810b4 5862fdf	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset. Clarify that sbaddress is physical. Unify M mode and mprv comment.
58c2441 94c5f78 12810b4 5862fdf aea1bd5	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset. Clarify that sbaddress is physical. Unify M mode and mprv comment. Define behavior when haltreq and resumereq are set
58c2441 94c5f78 12810b4 5862fdf aea1bd5 fe76d39	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-28	Tim Newsome Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset. Clarify that sbaddress is physical. Unify M mode and mprv comment. Define behavior when haltreq and resumereq are set Merge branch '0.13' into progbufsize
58c2441 94c5f78 12810b4 5862fdf aea1bd5 fe76d39 146b348	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-28 2017-09-28	Tim Newsome Megan Wachs Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset. Clarify that sbaddress is physical. Unify M mode and mprv comment. Define behavior when haltreq and resumereq are set Merge branch '0.13' into progbufsize remove superflous 'an'
58c2441 94c5f78 12810b4 5862fdf aea1bd5 fe76d39 146b348 a5d16c4	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-28 2017-09-28 2017-09-28	Tim Newsome Megan Wachs Megan Wachs Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset. Clarify that sbaddress is physical. Unify M mode and mprv comment. Define behavior when haltreq and resumereq are set Merge branch '0.13' into progbufsize remove superflous 'an' remove superfluous 'a'
58c2441 94c5f78 12810b4 5862fdf aea1bd5 fe76d39 146b348 a5d16c4 052a8ab	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-28 2017-09-28 2017-09-28 2017-09-28	Tim Newsome Megan Wachs Megan Wachs Megan Wachs Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset. Clarify that sbaddress is physical. Unify M mode and mprv comment. Define behavior when haltreq and resumereq are set Merge branch '0.13' into progbufsize remove superflous 'an' remove superfluous 'a' Clarify that a debugger can lose hart control.
58c2441 94c5f78 12810b4 5862fdf aea1bd5 fe76d39 146b348 a5d16c4	2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-29 2017-09-28 2017-09-28 2017-09-28	Tim Newsome Megan Wachs Megan Wachs Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into nikhil Merge pull request #132 from riscv/progbufsize and -; or Mention Fstepie in Single Step Clarify ndmreset. Clarify that sbaddress is physical. Unify M mode and mprv comment. Define behavior when haltreq and resumereq are set Merge branch '0.13' into progbufsize remove superflous 'an' remove superfluous 'a'

25685eb	2017-09-28	Tim Newsome	Explain that bus master or progbuf is required.
f75ee7d	2017-09-28	Tim Newsome	Clarify debugger can discover "almost" everything
71e6788	2017-09-27	Tim Newsome	Remove description of manual stepping.
9aea347	2017 - 09 - 27	Tim Newsome	Move Running/Single Step near Halting.
2090d9b	2017 - 09 - 27	Tim Newsome	data0 should be sbdata0 in this table.
5858cfe	2017 - 09 - 27	Tim Newsome	Clarify why priv exists.
bc3c2aa	2017-09-27	Tim Newsome	Mention where priv encoding comes from.
ef77cc4	2017-09-27	Tim Newsome	One more attempt to clarify DPC after single step.
80a288e	2017-09-27	Tim Newsome	Clarify instret not incrementing on ebreak.
4359b78	2017-09-27	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #152 from riscv/nikhil
c163d22	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Remove ebreakh.
9971075	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Clarify we're talking about privilege
3 fbe 495	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Clarify that we're talking about *implementation*
3684854	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Use steps environment in sbdata0.
d4eda18	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Explain that only sbdata0 has side effects.
ae781c6	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Don't refer to internal system bus registers.
875922e	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Explain sbdata0 being stale a bit more.
cd44fd5	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Clarify autoread
194484b	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Clarify hawindow.
02f1aac	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Clarify that Fdataaddr is relative to zero.
0e9b6ae	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Clarify nonexistent vs unavailable.
b55ff41	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Fix devtreevalid.
4325ef8	2017-09-20	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into progbufsize
2eccb86	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Explicitly state which registers are read-only.
4af505c	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Show section numbers for registers.
cbd5573	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Thank Nikhil
19c206f	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Clarify how to determine whether progbuf is RAM
$0651 \mathrm{f7d}$	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Explain what happens if ebreak is missing.
e889dae	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Move figure of states into its own section.
cff7b80	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Explain when Ftransfer might be used.
6b2ee61	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Explain where Fsize encoding came from.
900d8ab	2017-09-20	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #145 from riscv/nikhil
c9f3b73	2017-09-14	Tim Newsome	Fix typo.
4b25400	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Mention dpc in CSRs abstract register numbers.
c3ee426	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Move abstract regno table closer to its reference.
111b9a3	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	cycle -¿ operation
994afdc	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Account for multiple selected harts.
aa4a297	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Halt Control -; Run Control
e97c821	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	continuous -; contiguous
97f73ff	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Clarify ndmreset behavior.
6078220	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Explain ndmreset
a3d4f30	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Describe 'halt region'
272b3d9	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Clarify accessing unimplemented DM DMI regs
3e91f1b	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome	Clarify either Prog Buf or Sys Bus Acc is required
e8a6145	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome Tim Newsome	Clarify CSR access; remove serial port
ce20766	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome Tim Newsome	Remove section referencing itself.
1195a61	2017-09-13	Tim Newsome Tim Newsome	Generate constants to be unsigned for clang.
ba200ab	2017-09-18	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into progbufsize
Dazuuan	2011-00-10	wiegan wachs	Morge branch 0.10 into progratisize

8967b0a	2017-08-16	Megan Wachs	Compressed instructions are c.foo, not foo.c
b5698a9	2017-08-16	Megan Wachs	clarify progbufsize description
d221bab	2017-08-16	Megan Wachs	Remove progbufsize enums from register description
d232d64	2017-08-16	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #134 from riscv/sw-examples-
			cleanup
0498102	2017-08-16	Megan Wachs	appendix: Use standard assembly format for sw
6e20373	2017-08-15	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #131 from riscv/devtree
50ea 40 c	2017-08-15	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into devtree
4e51a25	2017-08-10	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #130 from riscv/trigsign
4456d99	2017-08-09	Tim Newsome	Rename progsize to progbufsize.
55d5b66	2017-08-09	Tim Newsome	Clarify that trigger comparisons are unsigned.
21e35ef	2017-08-09	Tim Newsome	Configuration String -; Device Tree
dc52f28	2017-08-03	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #127 from riscv/cmdtype
f044f45	2017-08-02	Tim Newsome	Don't require a target to provide 25mA on VCC.
c883943	2017-08-02	Tim Newsome	Add table of Abstract Command Types
d6b8148	2017-08-02	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #123 from riscv/lists
71f5cb2	2017-08-02	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into lists
b83af70	2017-08-02	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #125 from riscv/no_dmi_error
2a41bd8	2017-08-02	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into no_dmi_error
9c73ce8	2017-08-02	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #111 from riscv/dpc
a814400	2017-08-02	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into dpc
8bdc5cd	2017-08-02	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #126 from riscv/build
985a3df	2017-08-02	Tim Newsome	Fix and speed up build.
95b9108	2017-08-02	mwachs5	DTM: Clarify that there are no cases when DMI
			would actually return an error.
9c9e0c0	2017-08-02	mwachs5	SystemBus: No longer returns error. So DMI has no
			'error' return code.
ae1e9e4	2017-07-28	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into dpc
5ba 18 f 9	2017-07-27	Tim Newsome	Fix more typos.
c6fef98	2017-07-26	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request $#122$ from riscv/version
dbc65bf	2017-07-26	Tim Newsome	Fix typos.
bba0ad9	2017-07-26	Tim Newsome	Tighten up introduction lists.
e22d5eb	2017-07-26	Tim Newsome	Add version constants for "not compatible".
c79038e	2017-07-26	Tim Newsome	Small clarification.
9df0411	2017 - 07 - 21	Tim Newsome	Incorporate review feedback.
d67419c	2017-07-21	Tim Newsome	Clarify dpc contents.
c562898	2017-07-11	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request $#109$ from riscv/ll
498cdf 4	2017 - 07 - 11	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into ll
0e707f1	2017-07-11	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #105 from
			riscv/quick_access_errors
2d34f65	2017-07-11	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into ll
a56831c	2017-07-11	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into quick_access_errors
65d596e	2017-07-11	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #106 from riscv/er-
			ror_halt_resume
9f50c05	2017-07-11	Tim Newsome	Use LL instead of L for 64-bit constant suffix.
23 fd 24 a	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	Cleaning up whitespaces
102ba67	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into error_halt_resume
1720505	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #107 from riscv/csr_individuality

d67f6ef	2017 07 10	Magan Washa	Manga hamah 2012' into aga individuality
c1e61b0	2017-07-10	Megan Washs	Merge branch '0.13' into csr_individuality
	2017-07-10	Megan Washs	Merge pull request #108 from riscv/dcsr_causes
c5ab04c	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	Update abstract_commands.xml
6e8cdf1	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	Update abstract_commands.xml
cf6e3f2	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	clarify DCSR.cause
79ffbb9	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	Clarify implications of CSR read, write, halt
013e191	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	Clarify when you would get error halt/resume
231e457	2017-07-10	Megan Wachs	Quick Access error clarification
7c760b0	2017-07-03	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #104 from riscv/serial_to_appendix
c54c2f2	2017-07-03	mwachs5	serial: add the XML file, not the TEX file
ac77477	2017-07-03	mwachs5	serial: Fix compile errors after moving serial port to
			appendix
6defcb8	2017-07-03	mwachs5	serial: Move serial ports out of main spec and into
			Future Work appendix
3541152	2017-07-03	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #102 from riscv/remove_trace
a28f639	2017-06-30	mwachs5	remove trace dependencies from Makefile
52a122b	2017-06-30	mwachs5	remove trace section
d9e166b	2017-06-30	mwachs5	remove trace registers
7caf 4 e 5	2017-06-30	mwachs5	remove trace appendix
aff0c16	2017-06-30	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #82 from riscv/intdisable
4688988	2017-06-29	mwachs5	DCSR: define a 'stepie' bit which may be hard-wired
4000300	2011-00-23	III Wacii 50	to 0.
443b3fe	2017-06-29	mwachs5	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into int-
4430316	2017-00-29	mwachsə	disable
407° 405	2017 06 20	Magan Washa	
497ed95	2017-06-29	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #96 from riscv/j-
C1 400 4	2017 06 20	М . 337 1	tagdtm_non_appendix
f1488c4	2017-06-29	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into jtagdtm_non_appendix
920ec9a	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #95 from riscv/remove_spontaneous
67 fa 7 b 0	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into remove_spontaneous
78eb65e	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #94 from riscv/anynonexistent
d97b296	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into anynonexistent
61c6d30	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #93 from riscv/define-dret-again
389ee69	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into define-dret-again
421dcf2	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #97 from riscv/implementa-
			tion_deets
9a0492c	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Add missing period and some other small text edits
13ccdbf	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	fix typo in ProgBuf register macro
b01f989	2017-06-13	mwachs5	implementations: be a bit more concrete about the
			one example implementation we have.
a7b5f83	2017-06-13	mwachs5	jtagdtm: Move it out of the appendix as it is really
			part of the specification
87aceb0	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	remove "spontaneous"
50b9950	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Forward reference for anynonexistent
adea3e2	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	More clarifications on dret
1b8dd0e	2017-06-13	Megan Wachs	Define DRET instruction
		Tim Newsome	
b4f1f43	2017-06-08	1 IIII Newsoine	Merge pull request #79 from riscv/cleanups

09c7f6e	2017-06-08	mwachs5	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into cleanups
617 da4c	2017-06-08	Megan Wachs	Update description of R/W1C
de2c56b	2017-06-08	Megan Wachs	Clarify that DCSR is also not updated on ebreak
efa615d	2017-06-07	Tim Newsome	Increase xdebugver field size to 4 bits. (#92)
a0e147a	2017-06-07	Tim Newsome	Address some review comments.
c1b3e54	2017-06-07	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #91 from riscv/ndmreset
5c7c1bb	2017-06-07	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into cleanups
72bb874	2017-06-06	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into ndmreset
1fbbe6e	2017-06-06	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #90 from riscv/dpc_clarifications
89 ffe 50	2017-06-06	mwachs5	NDMRESET: Clarify what it may and may not do
1932 da0	2017-06-06	mwachs5	DPC: Clarifications on its meaning
03bcafe	2017-06-06	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #89 from riscv/datacount
6470fdb	2017-06-06	mwachs5	ABSTRACTCS: Correct inconsistency on the num-
			ber of data words.
1f4a1fe	2017-06-06	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #88 from riscv/W0_corrections
3ca82b4	2017-06-06	Megan Wachs	More corrections for R vs R/W1C on SERCS
9705fb8	2017-06-06	Megan Wachs	Correct a bunch of W0 registers
1058690	2017-06-05	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into intdisable
7531c41	2017-06-05	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #80 from riscv/issue76
1347371	2017-06-05	Tim Newsome	Add intdisable to dcsr.
850 bd 87	2017-06-05	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into issue76
43307 eb	2017-06-05	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #81 from riscv/issue63
989c60d	2017-06-05	Tim Newsome	Fix language. We can only halt harts, not cores.
517a08b	2017-06-05	Tim Newsome	Incorporate review feedback.
802 be 28	2017-06-05	Tim Newsome	Clarify/fix Quick Access example.
dbcaec8	2017-06-02	Tim Newsome	Merge branch '0.13' into cleanups
b8cc523	2017-06-02	Tim Newsome	Add included tex files as dependencies. (#78)
d0a5959	2017-06-02	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #77 from riscv/pageno
15f864a	2017-06-01	Tim Newsome	Language cleanups, consistency and typo fixes.
4ecae86	2017-06-01	Tim Newsome	Add page numbers to list-of-register tables.
59b3e4a	2017-05-19	Megan Wachs	Setting up a Travis regression to check for build errors
		_	(#72)
124 bf 44	2017-05-17	mwachs5	Debug Module: CMDERR is Write-1-to clear, not
			R/W0
bb6c7f0	2017-05-17	mwachs5	SW Registers file should be XML, not TEX
d360358	2017-05-10	Megan Wachs	Remove virtual register from core_registers.xml
		(Temporary	
		Acct.)	
bfc64fb	2017-05-10	Megan Wachs	Add missing sw_registers.tex file
		(Temporary	
		Acct.)	
0512 f5 d	2017-05-06	mwachs5	Move virtual 'prv' register to a seperate section to
			make it more clear it is not a real register.
6b3c9d7	2017-05-06	mwachs5	Clarify haltreq/resumereq/resumack
0a487eb	2017-04-26	mwachs5	jtag: Change specified JTAG pinout from Coretex to
			AVR, to provide for TRSTn option.

93cdfaf	2017-04-26	mwachs5	DM : Clarify that DATA/PROGBUF can't be writ-
			ten while busy.
ef98f23	2017-04-19	mwachs5	jtag: Make it clear that a NOP is really a NOP.
a6f8efa	2017-04-17	mwachs5	single_step: Exceptions count as the 'step' completion.
bf11e9e	2017-04-17	mwachs5	resumeack: fix some LaTeX cross references
4afa081	2017-04-11	mwachs5	halt/resumereq: Clarify what setting them to 0 or 1 does
297a39b	2017-04-06	mwachs5	fix chisel build
082c499	2017-04-06	mwachs5	Rename resumed to resumeack, and add more text about what these bits mean.
909d617	2017-04-06	mwachs5	Correct some cross references after removing all the multiply listed registers
dd09914	2017-04-06	mwachs5	Add 'resumedall' and 'resumedany' bits to avoid race condition on about to resume and just halted
feb88fc	2017-04-05	mwachs5	JTAG DTM: Clarify that leading bits are 0 for more than 5-bit IR
75b 96 ea	2017-04-04	mwachs5	use renamed dm_registers file
9f3ec7e	2017-04-04	mwachs5	debugger_implementation: remove some old TODO and commentary.
45dd5b5	2017-04-04	mwachs5	Don't list out every single DM register for those that are just indexed versions
b8b3aa2	2017-04-04	mwachs5	remove core-side register definitions from Debug Module. Rename dm1 to dm
d979a13	2017-04-04	mwachs5	remove core-side serial port specification, as these should look like implementation-specific devices with appropriate drivers.
b56870b	2017-04-04	mwachs5	Remove the wording about 'debug exception', as it is called breakpoint exception in the RISC-V Spec.
$1\mathrm{e}9347\mathrm{d}$	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Add description of hasel
0 dda 84 d	2017-04-03	mwachs5	JTAG DTM: Clean up TAP register descriptions
82ccde5	2017-04-03	mwachs5	JTAG DTM: Add a hard DMI bit which cancels the outstanding DMI transaction
bd2a3d1	2017-04-03	mwachs5	remove preexec
02c733a	2017-04-03	mwachs5	remove preexec from Abstract State diagram.
1e271d6	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Update Debugger implementation for DMI register access, and fix tex compile issues.
155dda4	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Rewrite HW Implementation examples to describe a pure abstract command approach, and to not rely on harts executing every instruciton which is fetched from the Debug Module
556c2be	2017-04-03	mwachs5	minor wording edits about RISC-V core registers
523c64a	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Edits to the Debug Module section.
b9a371f	2017-04-03	mwachs5	add missing trace.tex file.
58b2396	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Re-order the JTAG DTM Sections
a8827e2	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Edits to the System Overview.
c5417ce	2017-04-03	mwachs5	add more sections as seperate files.
287d5c6	2017-04-03	mwachs5	moving more files to seperate tex files.

9e873f4	2017-04-03	mwachs5	move this gan info into gangets file
$\frac{9687314}{268986}$	2017-04-03	mwachs5	move trigger info into seperate file.
e676491		mwachs5	move risc-v core debug info into seperate file.
	2017-04-03		Move System Overview to separate file
03df6ee	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Move Debug Module description to a seperate file.
5faa430	2017-04-03	mwachs5	add back in JTAG DTM in appendix
7b28b11	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Move jtag DTM to appendix. Move some text to
1001	2017 04 02	1 -	commentary.
cc183ba	2017-04-03	mwachs5	move introduction to a seperate file. Comment out
2 22222	201 = 24.02	1 ~	reading order.
2c83830	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into 0.13
e3cf6ab	2017-04-03	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #18 from riscv/intro_edits
60c5a1c	2017-04-03	Megan Wachs	Merge branch '0.13' into intro_edits
f727d14	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Use Chapters vs Sections. Needs reorganization.
815951d	2017-04-03	mwachs5	Formatting updates. Make this look more like the
			RISC-V specs. Need to use chapter vs. section
69ffaf8	2017-03-31	mwachs5	Move XML files into a subdirectory.
b276384	2017-03-31	mwachs5	Remove debug_rom.S
112bbac	2017-03-31	mwachs5	figures: reorganize the figures into directories.
2d05746	2017-03-31	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #50 from riscv/add_license
1e5c068	2017-03-27	Megan Wachs	Add LICENSE
0e2d08a	2017-03-22	Megan Wachs	Merge pull request #47 from poweihuang17/0.13
fc17730	2017-03-22	Po-wei Huang	Change some halt mode into debug mode.
8ccf029	2017-03-22	Po-wei Huang	All halt mode changed to debug mode to synchronize
a			with the priv spec.
f143d9e	2017-03-21	mwachs5	Correct duplicated progbuf register names
0797ec1	2017-03-17	mwachs5	autoexec: make autoexec bits match the number of
			data words there really are.
8e76d93	2017-03-17	mwachs5	dm1_registers: move a few more things around. Re-
			duce abstract data words back to 12.
f8bf292	2017-03-17	mwachs5	dm1_registers: resolve some address conflicts and in-
			consistencies
a74dff9	2017-03-17	mwachs5	access_register: some small bit changes
2e6b0ca	2017-03-15	mwachs5	config string: Fix LaTeX compile errors.
f83260a	2017-03-10	mwachs5	Abstract Commands: clarify that 32-bit reads should
0.600 1 =	201-02-10	, ~	always work. This allows reading MISA.
6f9347a	2017-03-10	mwachs5	Config String: change the Abstract Command to
			DMI registers. Allow the same registers to be used
			for unspecified identifier information.
4ea10ff	2017-03-10	mwachs5	abstract: Make autoexec apply to all data and prog-
			buf words. Make a seperate register which is optional.
5008436	2017-03-10	mwachs5	abstract: Allow up to 16 progbuf and/or data words.
			Inform debugger about dscratch registers available
			for its use.
aaa13e5	2017-03-06	mwachs5	Command: use the name 'cmdtype' not 'type' to al-
			low easier auto-generation of Scala code.
e9bb72c	2017-03-06	mwachs5	Hart Array: Add registers for hart array.
5d17a35	2017-03-06	mwachs5	DM: Move addresses around for better seperation of
			functionalities in HW

45ef6c2	25ccaa8	2017-03-06	mwachs5	CONTROL: Rename control and status registers toCS for consistency and to accurately reflect their
b436d77 2017-03-03 mwachs5 triggers: Clarify that matches are against virtual addresses. 793bb85 2017-03-03 mwachs5 triggers: Add suggested timings for best user experience. 2669866 2017-03-03 mwachs5 stoptime/stopcycle: Make their functionality match their name. Allow any reset value. c85a1cf 2017-03-01 mwachs5 config.string: Simplify the Config String Address abstract command. a303a6b 2017-03-01 Megan Wachs Update README.md 1951ac3 2017-03-01 Megan Wachs Merge pull request #35 from sifive/generate_chisel 2c2dc28 2017-03-01 mwachs5 Merge pull request #34 from sifive/serial_addrs c087c34 2017-03-01 mwachs5 serial: tweak addresses. b09f460 2017-03-01 mwachs5 serial: tweak addresses. 6477837 2017-02-28 Tim Newsome Clarify stoptime, stopcycle. 7F94662 2017-02-27 Tim Newsome Acknowledge Alex. 617c17c 2017-02-27 Tim Newsome Explain tdatal type a bit more. 613c2e0 2017-02-21 Tim Newsome Clarify how to enumerate triggers	45cf6c2	2017-03-06	mwachs5	Errors: fix up the bit assignments in SERSTATUS
	38cb5a0	2017-03-06	mwachs5	Errors: Make errors write-1-to-clear.
ence. ence	b436d77	2017-03-03	mwachs5	
c85a1cf 2017-03-01 mwachs5 their name. Allow any reset value. c85a1cf 2017-03-02 mwachs5 config.string: Simplify the Config String Address abstract command. a303a6b 2017-03-01 Megan Wachs Update README.md 1951ac3 2017-03-01 Megan Wachs Merge pull request #35 from sifive/generate.chisel c087c34 2017-03-01 mwachs5 Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into generate.chisel 92a4923 2017-03-01 mwachs5 serial: tweak addresses. 6477837 2017-03-01 mwachs5 serial: tweaks to class names. be83e3e 2017-02-27 mwachs5 Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into generate.chisel c17c17c 2017-02-27 mwachs5 Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into generate.chisel c17c17c 2017-02-27 Tim Newsome Abstract command that returns config string addr. c63e3e2 2017-02-24 Tim Newsome Explain tdata1 type a bit more. c43ac2 2017-02-24 Tim Newsome Clarify how to enumerate triggers again. c663e20 2017-02-23 Tim Newsome Revert previ	793bb85	2017-03-03	mwachs5	
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34ff1d82017-02-22Tim NewsomeMerge pull request #30 from sifive/-more_ibuf_progbuff83a1ca2017-02-22mwachs5Finish up replacement of ibuf-¿progbufddde0a22017-02-22Tim NewsomeMerge pull request #28 from sifive/inst_supply_vs_progbuf9666e512017-02-22mwachs5IBUF-¿PROGBUF5308ecd2017-02-22mwachs5Remove last references to "Instruction Supply"f6ebde92017-02-22Tim NewsomeMove authentication to a serial protocol.	c9db98c	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	Simplify description of op statuses.
more_ibuf_progbuf f83a1ca 2017-02-22 mwachs5 Finish up replacement of ibuf-¿progbuf ddde0a2 2017-02-22 Tim Newsome Merge pull request #28 from	bda39cc	2017 - 02 - 22	mwachs5	Add explicit type field to Abstract Command.
ddde0a2 2017-02-22 Tim Newsome Merge pull request #28 from sifive/inst_supply_vs_progbuf 9666e51 2017-02-22 mwachs5 IBUF-;PROGBUF 5308ecd 2017-02-22 mwachs5 Remove last references to "Instruction Supply" f6ebde9 2017-02-22 Tim Newsome Move authentication to a serial protocol.	34ff1d8	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	
sifive/inst_supply_vs_progbuf 9666e51 2017-02-22 mwachs5 IBUF-;PROGBUF 5308ecd 2017-02-22 mwachs5 Remove last references to "Instruction Supply" f6ebde9 2017-02-22 Tim Newsome Move authentication to a serial protocol.	f83a1ca	2017-02-22	mwachs5	Finish up replacement of ibuf-¿progbuf
5308ecd 2017-02-22 mwachs5 Remove last references to "Instruction Supply" f6ebde9 2017-02-22 Tim Newsome Move authentication to a serial protocol.	ddde0a2	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	- "
5308ecd 2017-02-22 mwachs5 Remove last references to "Instruction Supply" f6ebde9 2017-02-22 Tim Newsome Move authentication to a serial protocol.	9666e51	2017-02-22	mwachs5	, – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –
•	5308ecd	2017-02-22	mwachs5	Remove last references to "Instruction Supply"
0f079c8 2017-02-22 Tim Newsome Reserve bit for per-hart reset.	f6ebde9	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	Move authentication to a serial protocol.
	0 f 0 79 c 8	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	Reserve bit for per-hart reset.

f2c93ac	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	Clarify that dractive resets authentication.
59154ac	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #27 from asb/clarify_reset
f5e7b1c	2017-02-22	Alex Bradbury	Clarify that the halt state of all harts is maintained
		J. T. T. T. J.	through reset
3dfe8fd	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	More Debug Mode -; Halt Mode.
d29fc1f	2017-02-22	Tim Newsome	Debug Mode -; Halt Mode
55d6030	2017-02-21	Tim Newsome	Generate debug_defines.h as part of normal make
b0e6a7f	2017-02-21	Tim Newsome	Minor clarifications.
0f 9885 c	2017-02-20	Tim Newsome	Various clarifications.
e443ab9	2017-02-15	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #25 from sifive/ctrl_status
3b08e90	2017-02-15	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #24 from
			$sifive/sm_diagram_resumereq$
0802d5a	2017-02-15	mwachs5	Use consistent 'Control and Status' naming for CS
			registers.
$5 \operatorname{accc} 7 \operatorname{d}$	2017-02-15	Tim Newsome	Change all the "other" JTAG IRs to just reserved.
bcbd7da	2017-02-15	mwachs5	sm_diagram: Show using resumereq bit to resume.
18f6e55	2017-02-14	Tim Newsome	Introduce resumered command, similar to haltred.
fb40538	2017-02-14	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #22 from sifive/sb_errors
4b62c40	2017-02-14	mwachs5	SystemBus: Clean up some formatting and error
			specification notes.
0f346e4	2017-02-14	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #21 from
			$sifive/sm_for_quick_access$
bc97723	2017-02-14	mwachs5	quick-access: Update SM Diagram for Quick Access
d27066e	2017-02-14	Tim Newsome	Clarify haltreq bit.
6f8ec43	2017-02-14	Tim Newsome	Always generate long constants when required.
c6ac6bc	2017-02-13	Tim Newsome	Include field descriptions in C header file.
b849213	2017-02-13	Tim Newsome	Fix the build.
c82c62e	2017-02-12	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #20 from sifive/jtag_ir_minimum
1cf8033	2017-02-12	mwachs5	jtag: More clarifications
6203bd 6	2017-02-12	Megan Wachs	Update requirements—W GPRs Required
f2b43a7	2017-02-12	Megan Wachs	Remove double 'the'
2c64ef1	2017-02-12	Megan Wachs	Remove comma
f84abce	2017-02-12	Megan Wachs	Whitespace edits and address come comments
7246b44	2017-02-12	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #19 from sifive/jtag_dtm_edits
23c2648	2017-02-11	mwachs5	jtag_dtm: ask for clarification on TAP sharing.
7020d23	2017-02-11	mwachs5	jtag_dtm: Clarifications, DBUS-¿DMI
292d49c	2017-02-11	Megan Wachs	fix indentation
55ef8d6	2017-02-11	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #17 from sifive/prog_buffer_size
b879b86	2017-02-11	Megan Wachs	Add missing period
bbe0521	2017-02-11	mwachs5	Make comments on program buffer size match the
			address map.
4ceaa 37	2017-02-11	mwachs5	Flesh out and edit the introduction/background Add
			a description of use cases this spec has in mind, and
			what it doesn't cover.
cbf89d6	2017-02-11	Tim Newsome	Rewrite Quick Access.
9115 db1	2017-02-10	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #16 from sifive/re-
			duce_prog_buffer_size
$170 \mathrm{bff}1$	2017-02-10	Megan Wachs	Allow size 4 for the program buffer

9d46077	2017-02-10	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #15 from sifive/dmactive
c911e6e	2017-02-10	Tim Newsome	Clarify use of dmactive.
2ca296f	2017-02-09	Tim Newsome	Reserve command register space for custom use.
e49666e	2017-02-09	Tim Newsome	Clarify hart index change per Megan's comments.
84865e9	2017-02-09	Tim Newsome	Add header prefix for abstract commands.
2434f4f	2017-02-09	Tim Newsome	Select harts by index instead of hart ID.
7bf 112 a	2017-02-09	Tim Newsome	Generate correct headers for ¿32-bit registers.
7f0f09a	2017-02-08	Tim Newsome	Reset dbus status to "failure" to avoid confusion.
7b1803e	2017-02-08	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #13 from sifive/arg0_clarification
8b1c6f0	2017-02-08	Megan Wachs	Fix line wrap issue
345c33f	2017-02-08	Megan Wachs	Call out "arg0" specifically.
9f080f5	2017-02-08	Megan Wachs	Clarify "arguments" to commands
259badd	2017-02-08	Tim Newsome	Make haltsum/halt registers mandatory.
eb0f1d3	2017-02-07	Tim Newsome	Allow for early abstract command failures.
bb49bd1	2017-02-07	Tim Newsome	Clarify error handling a little.
3 fc0a97	2017-02-07	Tim Newsome	Explain when abstract data regs may be clobbered.
c37167e	2017-02-07	Tim Newsome	Fix old language in description of halt registers.
6943c96	2017-02-07	Tim Newsome	Generate more useful C header files from reg defs
d7a8045	2017-02-06	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #11 from sifive/sm_diagram
8bef 40 e	2017-02-05	mwachs5	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into
			$\mathrm{sm_diagram}$
98639df	2017-02-05	mwachs5	Include the SM Diagram as a figure. Also some minor
			capitalization fixes.
a95e4c3	2017-02-05	mwachs5	Update State Machine diagram to show uncertainty
			of halt bit during auto halt/resume.
ba76744	2017-02-05	Tim Newsome	Combine loabits and hiabits.
02b1d92	2017-02-05	Tim Newsome	DMI can get away with just 6 address bits.
35d6e33	2017-02-05	mwachs5	Update State machine diagram to show BUSY with-
			out HALTED
f511b05	2017-02-04	Tim Newsome	Clarify command busy bit.
a8e5ae7	2017-02-03	mwachs5	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/0.13' into
			$\mathrm{sm_diagram}$
d0f8961	2017-02-03	mwachs5	Update figures
e18a68d	2017-02-03	Tim Newsome	Clarify prehalt/postresume failure.
ac3e2a9	2017-02-02	Tim Newsome	Clarify abstract command failure behavior.
ce4baee	2017-02-02	Tim Newsome	Add Quick Access section.
0490377	2017-02-02	Tim Newsome	Add prehalt and postresume to reg command.
67515bd	2017-02-02	Tim Newsome	Deal with a few minor TODOs.
96456fc	2017-02-02	Tim Newsome	Turn register names into links.
317cd98	2017-02-02	Tim Newsome	Explain what register access is required.
f3ad2f2	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Revert Plain Exception implementation to be simple
a0ad281	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	execb -; preexec, execa -; postexec
1d4a2c3	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Limit Program Buffer sizes to 0, 1, 8.
cc40815	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Incorporate Po-wei's feedback.
c8b45d6	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Clarify how all autoexec bits work.
dbb1deb	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Remove stale TODO.
c5f8f59	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Explain why cmderr inhibits starting new commands.
5c69194	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Fix editing error.

50 f7 c48	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Remove empty hart info register.
781c68e	2017-02-01	Megan Wachs	Update README.md
f46b32e	2017-02-01	mwachs5	Add a diagram of Abstract Command flow.
633 bd 63	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Move Reading Order into About This Document
51ec 4 d 1	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	Add reading order section.
03d20ad	2017-02-01	Tim Newsome	autoexec0 applies to data0, not inst0.
c302353	2017-01-31	Tim Newsome	Don't rely on hart fetching instructions once.
2558c25	2017-01-31	Tim Newsome	Change how exceptions in Halt Mode are handled.
a36ddce	2017-01-31	Tim Newsome	Add size to abstract register command.
64 de 458	2017-01-31	Tim Newsome	Detail bus master reads.
c08486f	2017-01-31	Megan Wachs	reset: Add some comments (#5)
1558049	2017-01-30	Tim Newsome	Automate Change Log.
51525a4	2017-01-29	Tim Newsome	Update System Overview
7d39ac0	2017-01-29	Tim Newsome	Update Supported Features.
9e7cbea	2017-01-29	Tim Newsome	Update RISC-V Core section.
515188d	2017-01-29	Tim Newsome	Update Hardware Implementations section.
4b19ed8	2017-01-29	mwachs5	system_bus: be consistent and always call it 'System
			Bus'. Even if some dislike the name, we should be
			consistent and clear in the spec.
9ccef3d	2017-01-29	Tim Newsome	Fleshed out some debugger implementation.
04b9176	2017-01-28	Tim Newsome	Rename debug exception to breakpoint exception.
5ac4ea1	2017-01-27	Tim Newsome	WIP on big update on instruction supply.
2d9c3e2	2017-01-27	Tim Newsome	Reorganize dm registers.
de50ba8	2017-01-27	Tim Newsome	Abstract command support is already addressed.
27cb 0 da	2017-01-26	Tim Newsome	Merge pull request #4 from sifive/access_renames
5085046	2017-01-26	mwachs5	Rename registers and fields like 'access' that were
			confusingly the same name.
10bbf6f	2017-01-26	Tim Newsome	Fix #2: DM address space table
a05c582	2017-01-26	Tim Newsome	Add debugger inspection as a feature.
4062681	2017-01-24	Tim Newsome	Add publish target.
5c8bb83	2017-01-24	Tim Newsome	Clarify use of data registers.
1504 da6	2017-01-24	Tim Newsome	Replace manual date with automatic git hash/date.
997f2a0	2017-01-23	Tim Newsome	Deal with unsupported abstract commands.
cb6f2b8	2017-01-23	Tim Newsome	Renumber registers to prevent duplicates.
8b4db96	2017-01-23	Tim Newsome	Don't print out addresses if they're not provided.
b00cd21	2017-01-23	Tim Newsome	Add an abstract command.
675b556	2017-01-23	Tim Newsome	Reorganize DM bits into functional group regs.
5 fc 7512	2017-01-23	Tim Newsome	Remove bits 33:32 from sbdata[23].
ceb5d66	2017-01-20	Tim Newsome	Starting point for a comprehensive spec