Quantitative comparisons: bar-charts

INTRODUCTION TO DATA VISUALIZATION WITH MATPLOTLIB



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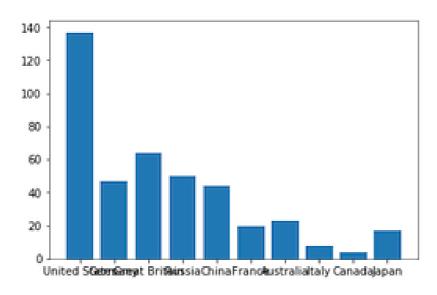


Olympic medals

```
,Gold, Silver, Bronze
United States, 137, 52, 67
Germany, 47, 43, 67
Great Britain, 64, 55, 26
Russia, 50, 28, 35
China, 44, 30, 35
France, 20, 55, 21
Australia, 23, 34, 25
Italy, 8, 38, 24
Canada, 4, 4, 61
Japan, 17, 13, 34
```

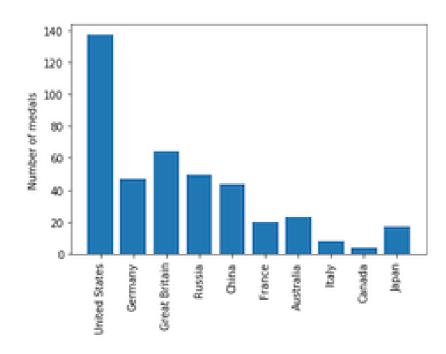
Olympic medals: visualizing the data

```
medals = pd.read_csv('medals_by_country_2016.csv', index_col=0)
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.bar(medals.index, medals["Gold"])
plt.show()
```



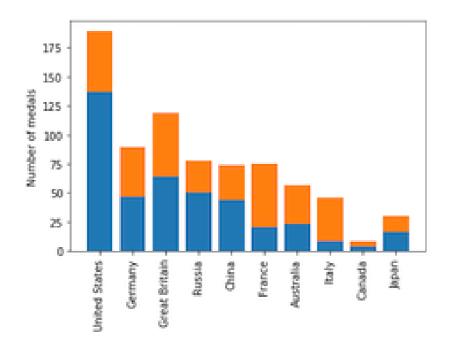
Interlude: rotate the tick labels

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.bar(medals.index, medals["Gold"])
ax.set_xticklabels(medals.index, rotation=90)
ax.set_ylabel("Number of medals")
plt.show()
```



Olympic medals: visualizing the other medals

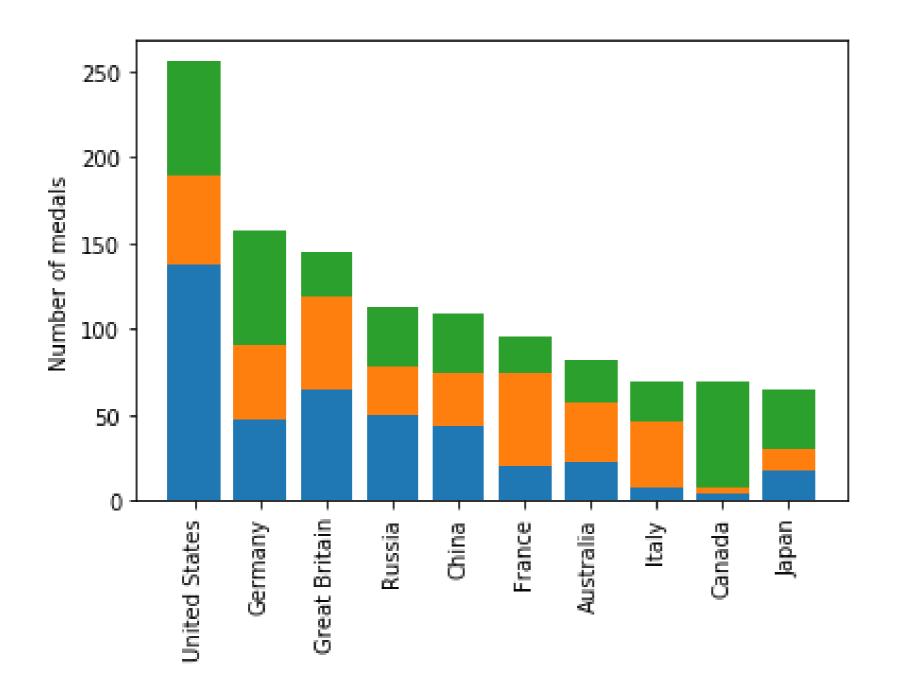
```
fig, ax = plt.subplots
ax.bar(medals.index, medals["Gold"])
ax.bar(medals.index, medals["Silver"], bottom=medals["Gold"])
ax.set_xticklabels(medals.index, rotation=90)
ax.set_ylabel("Number of medals")
plt.show()
```



Olympic medals: visualizing all three



Stacked bar chart



Adding a legend

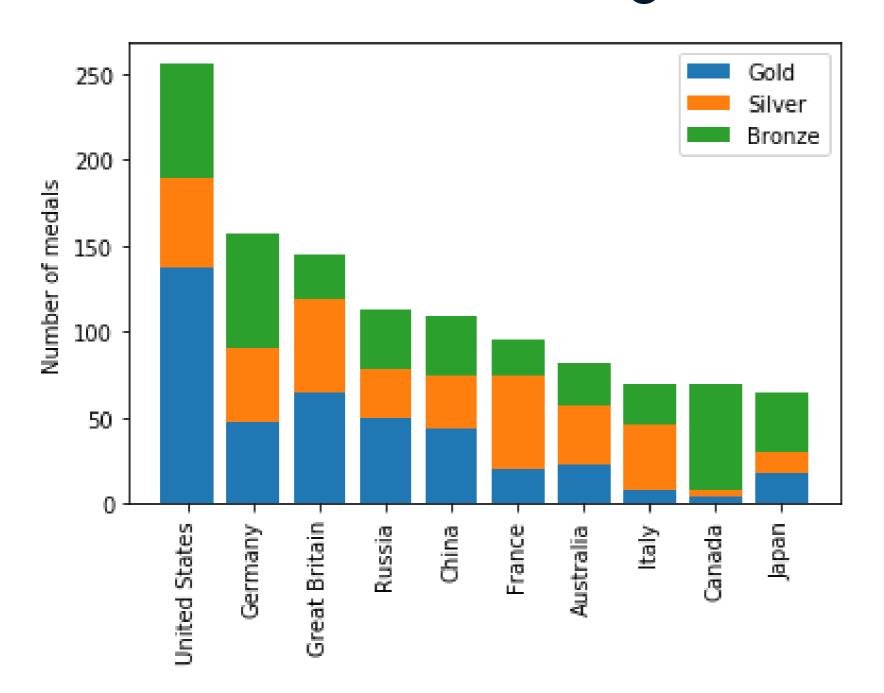


Adding a legend

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots
ax.bar(medals.index, medals["Gold"], label="Gold")
ax.bar(medals.index, medals["Silver"], bottom=medals["Gold"],
      label="Silver")
ax.bar(medals.index, medals["Bronze"],
       bottom=medals["Gold"] + medals["Silver"],
      label="Bronze")
ax.set_xticklabels(medals.index, rotation=90)
ax.set_ylabel("Number of medals")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
```



Stacked bar chart with legend





Create a bar chart!

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Quantitative comparisons: histograms

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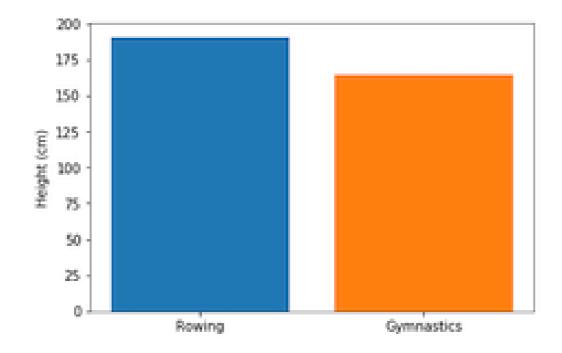
Histograms

	ID	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City	Sport	Event	
158	62	Giovanni Abagnale	М	21.0	198.0	90.0	Italy	ITA	2016 Summer	2016	Summer	Rio de Janeiro	Rowing	Rowing Men's Coxless Pairs	Bronze
11648	6346	Jrmie Azou	М	27.0	178.0	71.0	France	FRA	2016 Summer	2016	Summer	Rio de Janeiro	Rowing	Rowing Men's Lightweight Double Sculls	Gold
14871	8025	Thomas Gabriel Jrmie Baroukh	М	28.0	183.0	70.0	France	FRA	2016 Summer	2016	Summer	Rio de Janeiro	Rowing	Rowing Men's Lightweight Coxless Fours	Bronze
15215	8214	Jacob Jepsen Barse	М	27.0	188.0	73.0	Denmark	DEN	2016 Summer	2016	Summer	Rio de Janeiro	Rowing	Rowing Men's Lightweight Coxless Fours	Silver
18441	9764	Alexander Belonogoff	М	26.0	187.0	90.0	Australia	AUS	2016 Summer	2016	Summer	Rio de Janeiro	Rowing	Rowing Men's Quadruple Sculls	Silver



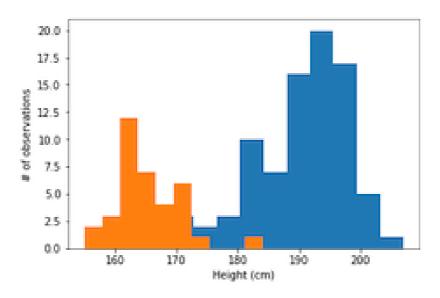
A bar chart again

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.bar("Rowing", mens_rowing["Height"].mean())
ax.bar("Gymnastics", mens_gymnastics["Height"].mean())
ax.set_ylabel("Height (cm)")
plt.show()
```



Introducing histograms

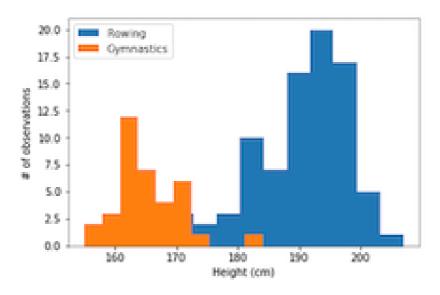
```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.hist(mens_rowing["Height"])
ax.hist(mens_gymnastic["Height"])
ax.set_xlabel("Height (cm)")
ax.set_ylabel("# of observations")
plt.show()
```





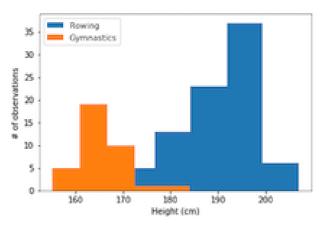
Labels are needed

```
ax.hist(mens_rowing["Height"], label="Rowing")
ax.hist(mens_gymnastic["Height"], label="Gymnastics")
ax.set_xlabel("Height (cm)")
ax.set_ylabel("# of observations")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
```

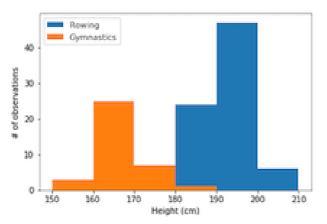


Customizing histograms: setting the number of bins

```
ax.hist(mens_rowing["Height"], label="Rowing", bins=5)
ax.hist(mens_gymnastic["Height"], label="Gymnastics", bins=5)
ax.set_xlabel("Height (cm)")
ax.set_ylabel("# of observations")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
```



Customizing histograms: setting bin boundaries

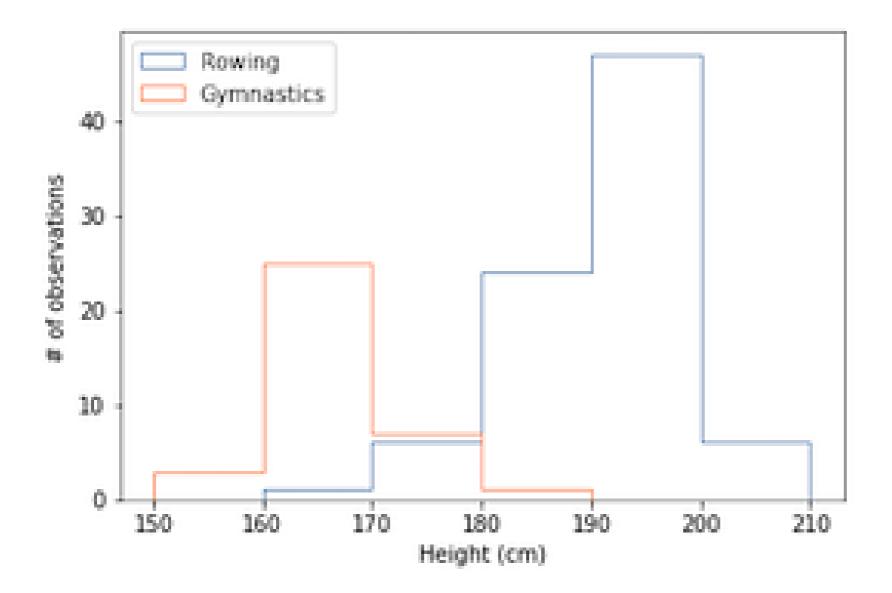




Customizing histograms: transparency

```
ax.hist(mens_rowing["Height"], label="Rowing",
        bins=[150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210],
        histtype="step")
ax.hist(mens_gymnastic["Height"], label="Gymnastics",
        bins=[150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210],
        histtype="step")
ax.set_xlabel("Height (cm)")
ax.set_ylabel("# of observations")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
```

Histogram with a histtype of step



Create your own histogram!

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Statistical plotting

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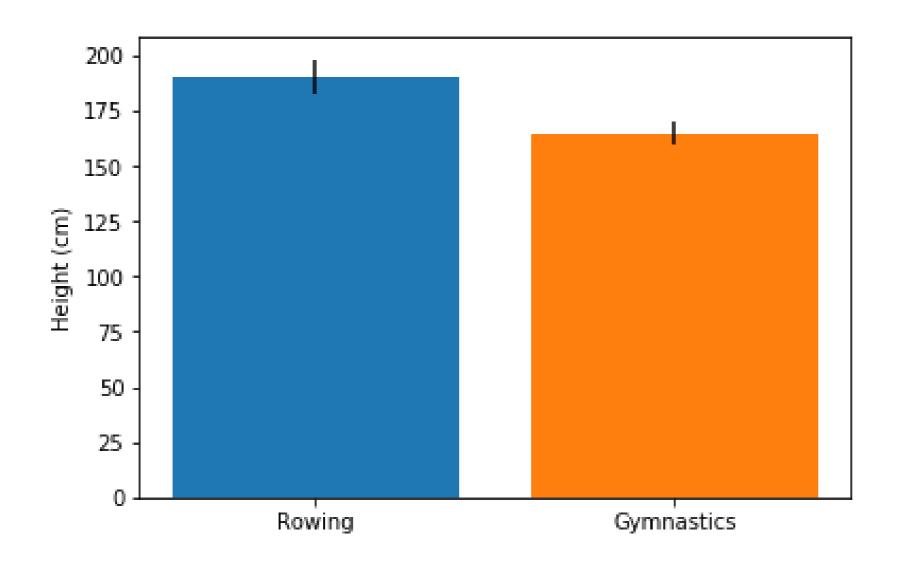


Adding error bars to bar charts

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.bar("Rowing",
       mens_rowing["Height"].mean(),
       yerr=mens_rowing["Height"].std())
ax.bar("Gymnastics",
       mens_gymnastics["Height"].mean(),
       yerr=mens_gymnastics["Height"].std())
ax.set_ylabel("Height (cm)")
plt.show()
```



Error bars in a bar chart



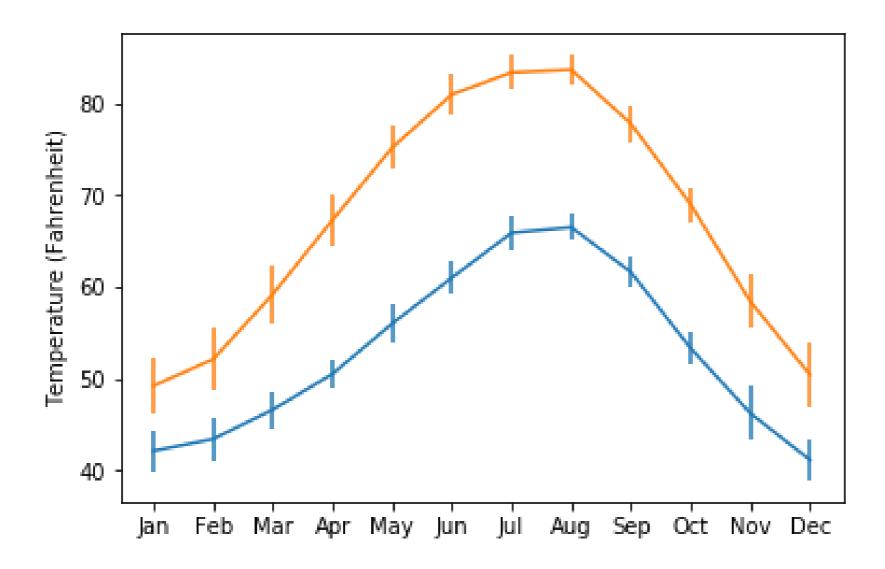


Adding error bars to plots

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.errorbar(seattle_weather["MONTH"],
            seattle_weather["MLY-TAVG-NORMAL"],
            yerr=seattle_weather["MLY-TAVG-STDDEV"])
ax.errorbar(austin_weather["MONTH"],
            austin_weather["MLY-TAVG-NORMAL"],
            yerr=austin_weather["MLY-TAVG-STDDEV"])
ax.set_ylabel("Temperature (Fahrenheit)")
plt.show()
```



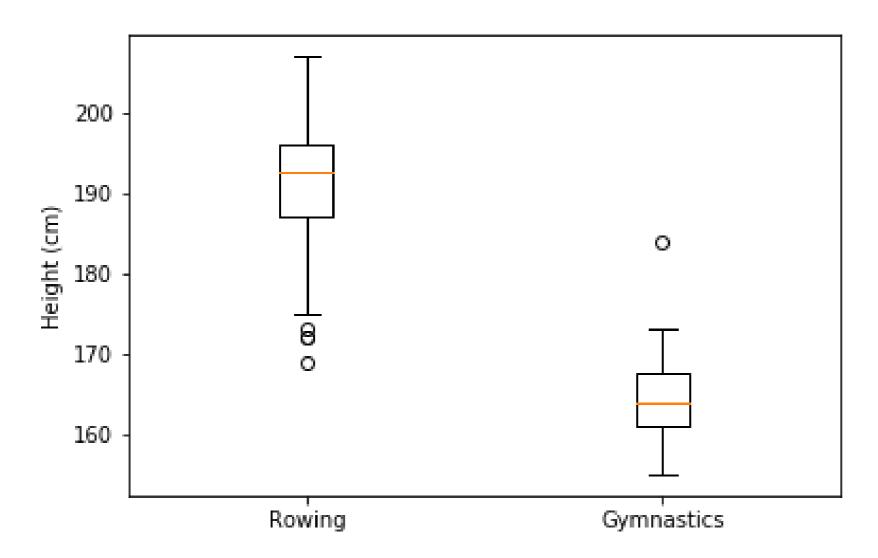
Error bars in plots



Adding boxplots



Interpreting boxplots





Try it yourself!

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Quantitative comparisons: scatter plots

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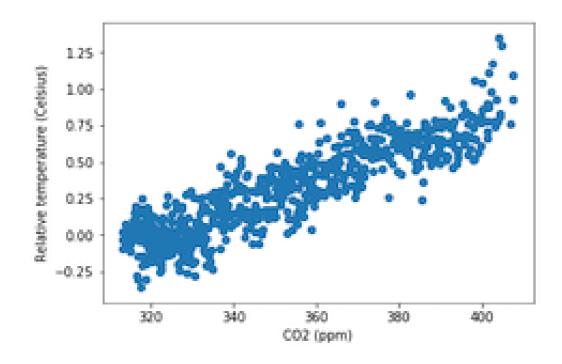


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Introducing scatter plots

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.scatter(climate_change["co2"], climate_change["relative_temp"])
ax.set_xlabel("CO2 (ppm)")
ax.set_ylabel("Relative temperature (Celsius)")
plt.show()
```

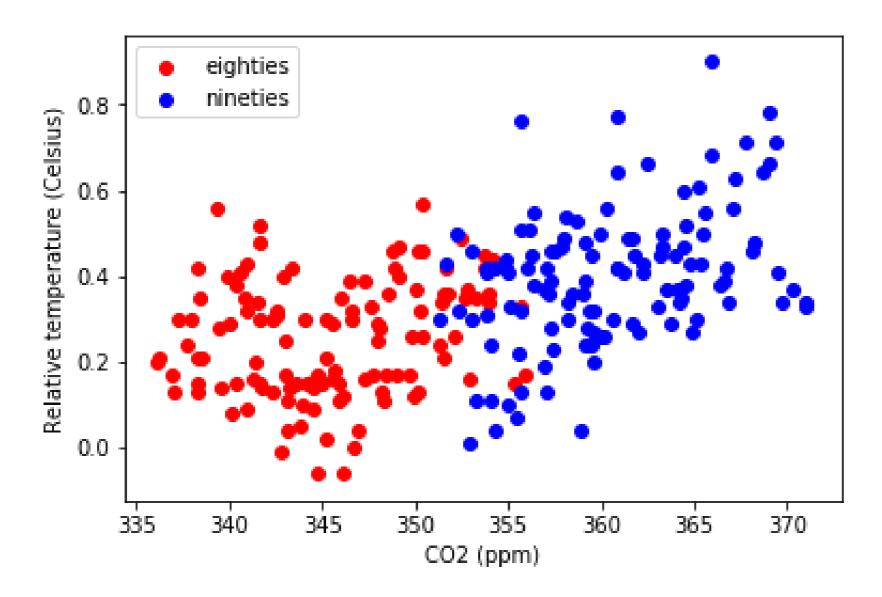


Customizing scatter plots

```
eighties = climate_change["1980-01-01":"1989-12-31"]
nineties = climate_change["1990-01-01":"1999-12-31"]
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.scatter(eighties["co2"], eighties["relative_temp"],
           color="red", label="eighties")
ax.scatter(nineties["co2"], nineties["relative_temp"],
           color="blue", label="nineties")
ax.legend()
ax.set_xlabel("CO2 (ppm)")
ax.set_ylabel("Relative temperature (Celsius)")
plt.show()
```



Encoding a comparison by color

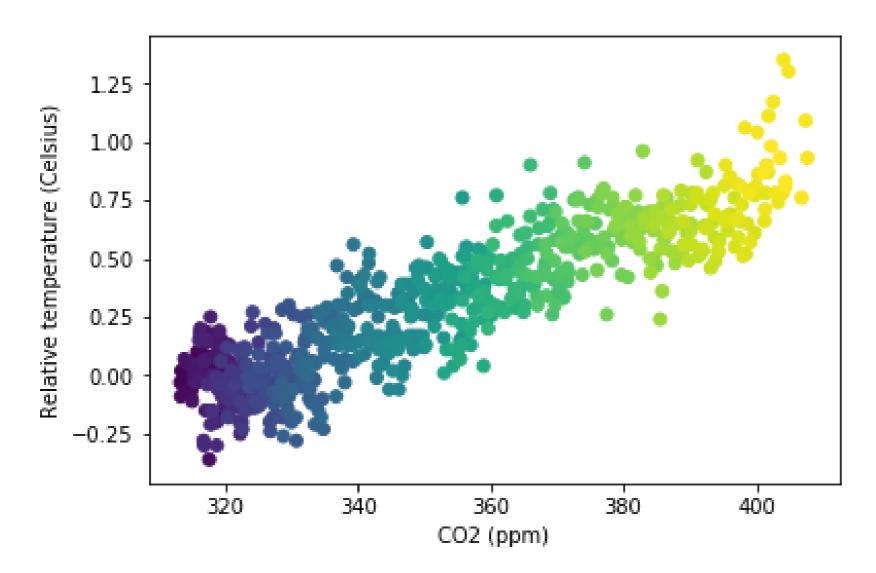




Encoding a third variable by color



Encoding time in color





Practice making your own scatter plots!

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