

Project 8 (C++) : K-Curvature edge detector as taught in lecture and in lecture notes. A very easy project.  
You will be given four data files: dataA, dataB, dataC, and dataD, run your program four times for each data

Include in your hard copy:

- cover page
- source code
- outFile1, outFile2, outFile3 for dataA
- outFile1, outFile2, outFile3 for dataB
- outFile1, outFile2, outFile3 for dataC
- outFile1, outFile2, outFile3 for dataD

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Language: C++

Project points: 10 pts

Due Date: Soft copy (\*.zip) and hard copies (\*.pdf):

- 10 on time: 5/11/2021 Tuesday before midnight
- 1 for 1 day late: 5/12/2021 Wednesday before midnight
- 2 for 2 days late: 5/13/2021 Thursday before midnight
- 10/10: 5/13/2021 Thursday after midnight
- 5/10: does not pass compilation
- 0/10: program produces no output
- 0/10: did not submit hard copy.

\*\*\* Follow “Project Submission Requirement” to submit your project.

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I. Inputs: There are two inputs.

- a) inFile (argv[1]) : A text file contains a list of boundary points of an object in an image.  
The format of the input is as follows:

```
#rows #cols minVal maxVal // image header
label // the label of the object
r1 c1
r2 c2
r3 c3
:
```

- b) K (from console): ask the user for K to be used in the K-curvature computation.

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II. Outputs: There are three output files.

- a) outFile1 (argv[2]): The result of the K-curvature of the object boundary points.  
The format of this output file is as follows:

```
#rows #cols minVal maxVal // image header
label // the label of the object.
#pts // the number of boundary points
r1 c1 1 // not a corner
r2 c2 9 // a corner (use 9 for corner indicator for the K-curvature)
r3 c3 1 // not a corner
:
:
```

- b) outFile2 (argv[3]): Pretty print (displaying) of the result of the K-curvature corner detection, as in an image, where corner points are printed as 8 and non-corner points are printed as 1.

- c) outFile3 (argv[4]): for all debugging output

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### III. Data structure:

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#### - An image class

friend of kCurvature class

- numRows (int)
- numCols (int)
- minVal (int)
- maxVal (int)
- imgAry (int\*\*) // a 2D array for display, initially set to 0

methods:

- constructor(...)
- plotPt2Img (...) // put each point (x, y)'s corner value (1 or 9) at ImgAry(x, y)
- reformatPrettyPrint (...) // reuse code from your previous project

#### - A boundaryPt class

friend of kCurvature class

- (int) x
- (int) y
- (double) curvature
- (int) localMax
- (int) corner // 1 means it is not a corner or 9 means it is a corner

#### - A kCurvature class

- (int) K // Ask the user from console
- (int) numPts // # of boundary pts
- Q (int) // an index of the array, initially set to 0
- P (int) // an index of the array, initially set to K
- R (int) // an index of the array, initially set to 2\*K
- (boundaryPt \*) PtAry // an 1D array of boundaryPt class size is numPts,  
// need to dynamically allocate.  
// use mod function to compute the curvature for the beginning of  
// the K points without extending the tail of the array,

methods:

- constructors (...)
- initialization (...) // See algorithm below
- cornerDetection (...) // See algorithm below
- (int) countPts (...) // reads and returns the count of the boundary points in the input file.
- storePt (x, y, index) // the x, y to PtAry[index]
- computeCurvature (Q,P,R) // taught in class
- computeLocalMaxima (PtAry)  
// P(i) is a local maxima if in its 1 X 5 neighborhood if the curvature  
// of p(i) is >= the curvatures of  
// its linear neighbors: p(i-2), p(i-1), p(i+1), p(i+2)  
// returns 1 if yes, returns 0 if not.
- (int) markCorner (PtAry) // go thru the entire PtAry, i = 0 to numPts -1  
// set PtAry[i]-> corner to 9  
if a) PtAry [i] is a local maxima &&  
b) in its 1X5 neighborhood, only PtAry [i-1] or PtAry [i+1] can be a local maxima  
// otherwise, set PtAry[i]-> corner to 1
- printBoundary(outFile1)  
// output only (x, y, corner) of the entire PtAry to outFile1 in format given in the above.
- display(...) // plot PtAry to imgAry
- printPtAry(outFile3) // For debugging, print the content of the entire PtAry to outFile3

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#### IV. main ()

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// Algorithm may contain bugs, debugging is yours and report bugs to Dr. Phillips.

Step 0: inFile, outFile1, outFile2, outFile3  $\leftarrow$  open input files  
numRows, numCols, minVal, maxVal  $\leftarrow$  get from inFile  
label  $\leftarrow$  get from inFile  
K  $\leftarrow$  ask the user from console  
imgAry  $\leftarrow$  dynamically allow

Step 1: initialization (inFile)  
printPtAry (outFile3)

Step 2: cornerDetection (...)  
printPtAry(outFile3)

Step 3: computeLocalMaxima (PtAry) for all point in PtAry[index], index from 0 to numPts-1

Step 4: markCorner (PtAry)

Step 5: printBoundary(outFile1)

Step 6: plotPt2Img() // put each point (x, y)'s corner value (1 or 9) at Img(x, y)

Step 7: reformatPrettyPrint (imgAry, outFile2) // output imgAry to outFile2

Step 8: close all files

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#### V. initialization (inFile)

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// Algorithm may contain bugs, debugging is yours and report bugs to Dr. Phillips.

Step 1: numPts  $\leftarrow$  countPts (inFile)

Step 2: close inFile  
inFile  $\leftarrow$  open the input file the second time.

Step 3: index  $\leftarrow$  0

Step 4: (x, y)  $\leftarrow$  read from inFile

Step 5: storePt (x, y, index) // store x, y to PtAry[index]

Step 6 : index ++;

Step 7 : Repeat step 4 - step 6 until inFile is empty

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#### VI. cornerDetection (...)

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// Algorithm may contain bugs, debugging is yours and report bugs to Dr. Phillips.

Step 0: Q  $\leftarrow$  0  
P  $\leftarrow$  K  
R  $\leftarrow$  2\* K

Step 1: index  $\leftarrow$  P

Step 2: curvature  $\leftarrow$  computeCurvature (Q, P, R)

Step 3: PtAry[index]->curvature  $\leftarrow$  curvature

Step 4: outFile3  $\leftarrow$  print Q, P, R, index, x, y, curvature of PtAry[index] // for debugging to see the curvature.

Step 5: Increment Q, P, R by 1 // each need to mod with numPts

Step 6: repeat step 2 to step until P == K-1