Operating manual

DIS2116

Communication commands



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Safety instructions

See operating instructions Part 1

All the factory settings are stored at the factory so that they are safe from power failure and cannot be deleted or overwritten. They can be reset at any time by using the command TDD0.

For more information, see Chapter "Individual Command Descriptions".

The factory set production number must not be changed.

Remaining dangers are indicated in these instructions by the following symbols:



Symbol:

ATTENTION

Meaning: Possible dangerous situation

Warns of a potentially dangerous situation in which failure to comply with safety requirements **could** result in damage to property or some form of physical injury.

Symbols for application instructions and useful information:



Symbol:

NOTE

Means that important information about the product or its handling is being given.

1 Introduction and intended use

The DIS2116 digital scale electronics is a unit for a non-automatic weighing instrument (NAWI). It comprises all necessary scale functions for this application:

- Digital filtering
- Digital off-center load compensation
- Setting the scale characteristic curve
- Linearization
- One, two or three–range display
- · Output scaling of measured values
- Range monitoring of display values (OIML, NTEP)
- Zero setting (± 2 %)
- Tare
- · Gross / net selection
- · Standstill recognition
- Zero on start-up
- · Automatic zero tracking
- Legal–for–trade switch with LFT counter
- Gravitational acceleration correction via adjustable factor
- · Storage of parameters on an SD card
- Password protection of parameters

The abbreviation **DIS** will also be used in this text for the DIS2116 scale electronics.

2 DIS2116 command set

The commands can be divided into the following groups:

- Interface commands
 (BD1, BD2, BD3, BD4, PA2, PA3, PA4, FC2, FC3, FC4, PT3, PT4, TWC)
- Gravitational acceleration correction (GCA, GDE)
- Scale adjustment and output formatting (CWT, LDW, LWT, NOV, RSN, MRA, MRB, MTD, ENU, DPT)
- Linearization settings (LIN, LIM)
- Measuring mode settings (ASF, FMD, HSM, ZSE, ZTR)
- Measuring mode commands (MSV?, TAR, TAS, TAV, CDL, PTM, PTV)
- Special functions (TDD, RES, DPW, SPW, IDN, NAM, ERR)
- Commands for legal-for-trade applications (<u>LFT</u>, <u>TCR?</u>, <u>ENC</u>)
- Commands for the print settings (ESC, PES, PFF, PID?, PLB, PLE, PRC, PRT, PST)
- Commands for the external display (SCC, SCH, ECC, ECH, EDC, EPT, EDL, PAU)
- Commands for the limit value switch (LIV)
- Commands for setting the function keys, language, contrast (BFC, DCO, LAG, MAL, WMD)

2.1 Detailed menu structure and commands

This chapter describes the relationship between the "Parameters" menu and the implemented commands (also see the Operating Manual, Part 1).

Access level	Parameter menu	Second menu level	Third menu level	Command
0	INFORMATION			
		SCALE		
		TARE VALUE		TAV?
		WEIGHING RESULT		_
		BUSSCAN		_
		ERROR LIST		_
		SOFTWARE INFO		IDN?
		GRAPHIC		_
			OSCILLOSCOPE	
			CENTER OF GRAVITY	-
1	PRINT			
		MEASURED VALUE		PRT
		PARAMETER		
			SCALE PARAMETER	PRT
			DIS2116 PARAMETER	PRT
			BUSSCAN RESULT	PRT
2	LIMIT VALUE			
		LIMIT VALUE 1		LIV
			INPUT SIGNAL	LIV
			ACTIVATION LEVEL	LIV
			DEACTIVATION LEVEL	LIV
		LIMIT VALUE 2		LIV
			INPUT SIGNAL	LIV
			ACTIVATION LEVEL	LIV
			DEACTIVATION LEVEL	LIV
4	FILTER			
		FILTER MODE		<u>FMD</u>
		LIMIT FREQUENCY		ASF

Access level	Parameter menu	Second menu level	Third menu level	Comma nd
4	COMMUNICATION			
		Load cells (COM 1)		
			BAUD RATE	BD1
			2-WIRE COMM.	TWC
		PC/PLC (COM 2)		
			FUNCTION	FC2
			BAUD RATE	BD2
			PARITY	PA2
		PRINTER (COM 3)		
			FUNCTION	FC3
			BAUD RATE	BD3
			PARITY	PA3
			PROTOCOL	PT3
		EXT.DISPLAY (COM 4)		
			FUNCTION	FC4
			STANDARD	-
			DISPLAY	
			PROTOCOL	<u>PT4</u>
			BAUD RATE	BD4
			PARITY	PA4
			START STRING LENGTH	<u>SCC</u>
			CHARACTER	<u>SCH</u>
			END STRING LENGTH	ECC
			CHARACTER	ECH
			CRC	EDC
			DECIMAL POINT	<u>EPT</u>
			PAUSE [10ms]	PAU
			MEASURED VALUE LENGTH	EDL

Access level	Parameter menu	Second menu level	Third menu level	Comma nd
3	PRINT PROTOCOL			
		PRINTOUT NUMBER		PID?
		USER-DEFINED LINE1		<u>PST</u>
		USER-DEFINED LINE2		<u>PST</u>
		USER-DEFINED LINE3		<u>PST</u>
		BLANK LINES ABOVE		<u>PLB</u>
		BLANK LINES BELOW		PLE
		SPACES		PES
		PAGE FEED		PFF
		PRINT COPIES		PRC
		ESCAPE1 (1.CHARACTER)		ESC
		ESCAPE1 (2.CHARACTERS)		ESC
		ESCAPE1 (3.CHARACTERS)		ESC
		ESCAPE1 (4.CHARACTERS)		ESC
		ESCAPE1 (5.CHARACTERS)		ESC
		ESCAPE2 (1.CHARACTER)		ESC
		ESCAPE2 (2.CHARACTERS)		ESC
		ESCAPE2 (3.CHARACTERS)		ESC
		ESCAPE2 (4.CHARACTERS)		ESC
		ESCAPE2 (5.CHARACTERS)		ESC
4	CLOCK			
		Date		
			DAY	-
			MONTH	_
		TIME	YEAR	_
		TIME	MODE	
			MODE	-
			MINUTES HOURS	_
			HOURS	_

Access level	Parameter menu	Second menu level	Third menu level	Comma nd
4	FUNCTION KEYS			
		ZEROING		BFC
		TARING		BFC
		GROSS/NET		BFC
		10-FOLD RESOLUTION		BFC
		PRINT		BFC
4	DISPLAY			
		DISPLAY LINE 1		
			LEFT	
			RIGHT	
		DISPLAY LINE 2		
			LEFT	
			RIGHT	
		CONTRAST		DCO
0	FUNCTION TEST			
		BUSSCAN		
		LOAD CELL		
			LOAD CELL ADDRESS	
			MEASURED VALUE	
			LOAD CELL TEST	
		SEGMENT		
			SEGMENT NUMBER	
			MEASURED VALUE	
		COM1		
		COM2		
		COM3		
		COM4		
		SD CARD		
		DISPLAY		
		KEYS		

Access level	Parameter menu	Second menu level	Third menu level	Comma nd
0	MODE			
		LANGUAGE		LAG
		ACCESS LEVEL		MAL
		LEGAL-FOR-TRADE CAPABILITY		<u>LFT</u>
		ENCRYPTION		ENC
		OPERATING MODE		WMD
5	SCALE CONFIGURATION			
		NUMBER OF SEGMENTS		
		SEGMENT 1		
			NUMBER OF LOAD CELLS	
			SERIAL NUMBER WZ11	
		CONFIGURATION		
		PARAMETER		
			MANUFACTURER	<u>NAM</u>
			IDENTIFICATION	<u>IDN</u>
			LOAD CELL SAMPLING RATE	<u>HSM</u>
			UNIT	<u>ENU</u>
			DECIMAL POINT	DPT
			NOMINAL VALUE	NOV
			MULTIRANGE 1	MRA
			MULTIRANGE 2	MRB
			RESOLUTION	RES
			ZERO TRACKING	ZTR
			ZERO ON START-UP	<u>ZSE</u>
			STANDSTILL MON.	MTD
			G FACTOR CALIBRATION	GCA
			G FACTOR APPLICATION	GDE
			MANUAL TARE MODE	PTM
			MANUAL TARE VALUE	<u>PTV</u>

Access level	Parameter menu	Second menu level	Third menu level	Comma nd
		INPUT CHARACTERISTIC CURVE		
			CALIBRATION WEIGHT	CWT
			ZERO LOAD	<u>LDW</u>
			MAXIMUM CAPACITY	<u>LWT</u>
		MEASUREMENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVE		
			CALIBRATION WEIGHT	CWT
			ZERO LOAD	LDW
			MAXIMUM CAPACITY	<u>LWT</u>
		LINEARIZATION		
			WEIGHT 1	<u>LIN</u>
			MEASURED VALUE 1	<u>LIM</u>
			INPUT MEASURED VALUE 1	<u>LIM</u>
			WEIGHT 2	<u>LIN</u>
			MEASURED VALUE 2	<u>LIM</u>
			INPUT MEASURED VALUE 2	<u>LIM</u>
		LOAD CELL REPLACEMENT		
			LOAD CELL ADDRESS	
			NEW SERIAL NUMBER	
			UPLOAD PARAMETER	

Access level	Parameter menu	Second menu level	Third menu level	Comma nd
5	OFF-CENTER LOAD COMPENSATION			
		MEASURE		
			MODE	
			CALIBRATION WEIGHT	
			SEGMENT 1	
		INPUT SEGMENT 1		
			Correction value	
5	FACTORY SETTINGS			
		DIS2116		TDD0
		LOAD CELLS		
		DATABASE		
			DELETE YARD LIST	
			DATABASE REPAIR	

2.2 Command format

Commands are not case-sensitive, so either format can be used for input.

Every command input must be completed with a delimiter. This can either be a line feed (LF) or a semi-colon (;).

If a delimiter is all that is sent to the DIS, the DIS input buffer is cleared.

The data provided in round brackets () for the commands are mandatory and must be part of the command input. Parameters in pointed brackets <> are optional and do not have to be provided. The brackets themselves are not part of the input.

Text must be enclosed in quotes.

With numeric input, preceding zeroes are suppressed.

Responses are output in ASCII characters and end with LF.

Each command consists of the command shortform, one or more parameters and the delimiter.

	Shortform	Parameters	Delimiter
Input	ABC	X	LF or ;
Output	ABC?	X	LF or ;

LF: Line Feed (lf = 0a hex)

Example: MSV?;

A measured value is output following this command.

All ASCII characters $\!<\!20_H$ (Blank) can be used between the command shortform, parameters and delimiter.

The following characters can be used for commands and parameters:

The input range for an input string (PST command) comprises: $0x1f_{hex} < char < 0x7f_{hex}$. In this case, the string is enclosed with "...String...".



NOTE

When the master has sent a command sequence (query), the reply must be waited for before the next query is sent.

When the master has sent a command sequence (input), the next query or command can be sent at the earliest after 10 milliseconds.

2.3 Response to commands



Note on the response times of the DIS:

The DIS response times indicated in the command description do not include the transmission time of the command to the DIS or the transmission time of a response from the DIS.

2.3.1 Response to inputs

The DIS COM2 computer interface is an RS-232 interface.

Following a valid input, the DIS responds with **0CRLF**. Following an invalid input or syntax error, with **?CRLF**.

Example:

ASF3; //Sets the filter to filter setting 3

DIS response: 0CRLF

ASF15; //Sets the filter to filter setting 15

DIS response: ?CRLF //Setting 15 does not exist (asf 0...10)

When the master has sent a command sequence (query), the reply must be waited for before the next query or command is sent.



If the parameter is a legal-for-trade parameter and the legal for trade mode is switched on, this parameter is not changed and the response to the command is ?crlf.

CRLF: carriage return, line feed (cr = 0d hex, lf = 0a hex)

2.3.2 Response to parameter queries

A parameter query is input with a command to which a question mark is added.

A parameter query is always responded to in ASCII format. The delimiter is a Line Feed (LF = 0A hex).

The output length of a query is always constant for every command.

Example:

Query: ASF?; DIS response: 03 crlf

When the master has sent a command sequence (query), the reply must be waited for before the next query or command is sent.

2.3.3 Responses to incorrect or unknown commands

The DIS responds with ?crlf when a command is incorrect or unknown.

2.4 Output types for measured values

The response to measured value queries ($\underline{MSV?}$) is a ± 8 digit measured value including decimal point followed by one blank and 4 characters unit.

Examples:

Command format	DIS response	No. of bytes
MSV?	± 000010.50⊔kg⊔⊔CRLF	14 + 2

LF: Line Feed (= 0a hex), CR: Carriage Return (= 0d hex)

The measurement output delimiter is always a Line Feed.

2.5 Password protection parameters

DIS password protection includes important settings for the characteristic curve of the scale and its identification. Commands with password protection are only activated once the password is entered. Unless the password is not entered with the command SPW this command will not be executed. A query is always possible.

2.6 Command overview (alphabetic)

Command	PW	LFT	Function	Page
<u>ASF</u>			Filter selection	56
BD1			Baud rate COM 1 (load cells)	21
BD2			Baud rate COM 2 (computer)	24
BD3			Baud rate COM 3 (printer)	27
BD4			Baud rate COM 4 (external display)	31
<u>BFC</u>			Function key settings	109
CDL			Set to zero	64
CWT	Х	Х	Calibration weight	42
DCO			LCD display contrast	112
<u>DPT</u>	Х	Х	Decimal marker	47
<u>DPW</u>			Password definition	72
ECC			Number of delimiters	87
<u>ECH</u>			Delimiter definition	89
EDC			Checksum	90
EDL			Measured value length	91
<u>EPT</u>			Decimal point	92
ESC	Χ		Printer escape sequence	96
ENC	Х	Х	Encryption	84
<u>ENU</u>	Х	Х	Unit of measurement	45
ERR?			Error query	79
FC2			Function COM 2 (computer)	23
FC3			Function COM 3 (printer)	26
FC4			Function COM 4 (external display)	30
FMD			Filter mode	57
GCA	Х	Х	Gravitational acceleration factor (adjustment)	35
GDE	Х	Х	Gravitational acceleration factor (application)	36
IDN?	Х		Electronics identification with serial number	75
LAG			Language settings	111
<u>LDW</u>	Χ	Х	Scale characteristic curve, zero point	38
<u>LFT</u>	Χ		Legal-for-trade	81
<u>LIM</u>	Χ	Х	Linearization, measured value	52
LIN	Х	Х	Linearization, output values	53
LIV	Х		Limit value switch	114
LWT	Х	Х	Scale characteristic curve, full scale	40
		1	· ·	

PW - Password protection via **DPW/SPW** commands

LFT - Legal parameter

Command	PW	LFT	Function	Page
MAL	Х		Access authorization	108
MRA	Х	Х	Multirange changeover point 1	49
MRB	Х	Х	Multirange changeover point 2	50
MSV?			Data output	62
MTD	Х	Х	Motion detection	48
NOV	Х	Х	Nominal output value	44
PA2			Parity COM2 (computer)	25
PA3			Parity COM3 (printer)	28
PA4			Parity COM4 (external display)	32
PAU			Pause [10ms]	93
PES			Number of spaces in each line (printing)	98
PFF			Printer Form Feed	105
PID?			Print number (counter)	99
PLB			Blank lines before printout	97
PLE			Blank lines after printout	104
PRC			Print copies	106
PRT	Х		Print protocol	95
<u>PST</u>			Printer strings	103
PT3			Protocol COM3 (printer)	29
PT4			Protocol COM4 (external display)	33
PTM	Х		Manual tare mode	69
PTV	Х		Manual tare input	69
RES			Electronics reset	74
RSN	Х	Х	Display resolution	46
WMD	Х		Mode of operation	110
SCC			Number of start characters	86
<u>SCH</u>			Definition of start characters	88
<u>SPW</u>			Write enable for all password-protected parameters	73
TAR;			Taring	65
TAS			Gross / net selection	68
TAV			Tare value	66
TCR?			Legal-for-trade counter	83
<u>TDD</u>	Χ	Х	Read/save settings in EEPROM	77
TWC			Communication COM 1 (load cells)	22
<u>WMD</u>	Х		Scale operating mode	110
<u>ZSE</u>	Х	Х	Zero on start-up	60
<u>ZTR</u>	Χ	X	Automatic zero tracking	59

PW - Password protection via **DPW/SPW** commands LFT - Legal parameter

3 Individual command descriptions

3.1 Interface commands

To set up communication between the DIS and the computer, the interface must be configured. The following commands are available in the DIS for setting up the interface and selecting the transmission format:

COM1	Baud rate setting	<u>BD1</u>
	Communication (2, 4-wire operation)	TWC
• COM2	Baud rate setting	BD2
	Parity setting	PA2
	Function	FC2
 COM3 	Baud rate setting	BD3
	Parity setting	PA3
	Function	FC3
	Protocol	<u>PT3</u>
• COM4	Baud rate setting	BD4
	Parity setting	<u>PA4</u>
	Function	FC4
	Protocol	<u>PT4</u>

Serial interface characteristics:

Start bit: 1
Word length: 8 Bit
Parity none / even / odd
Stop bit: 1

Baud rate: 1200 (9600) ... 115200 baud

The asynchronous interfaces of the DIS are serial interfaces, i.e., data are transferred bit by bit, one after the other and asynchronously. Asynchronous means that the transmission works without a clock signal.

A start bit is set before each data byte. Then come the word bits (D0...D7), one or no parity bit(s) for the transmission check and a stop bit.

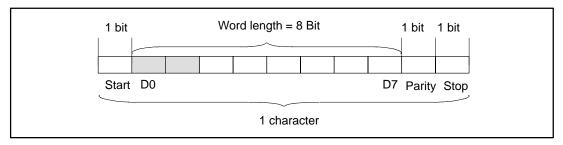


Fig. 1: Composition of a character

As the data are transmitted one after another, the transmission speed must match the reception speed. The number of bits per second is called the baud rate.

The exact baud rate of the receiver is synchronized with the start bit for each character transferred. Next come the data bits, which all have the same length. When the stop bit is reached, the receiver goes into the wait state until it is reactivated by the next start bit.

The number of characters per measured value is fixed at 13 characters (11 characters measured value and 2 characters CRLF).

3.1.1 COM1 interface commands



Baud Rate

(Setting the baud rate for the load cell interface, COM1)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	BD1	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1=9600,19200, 38400, 57600, 115200	P1 in Bd
Factory setting	38400 baud	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	BD1(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	BD1?;	
DIS response	P1	P1 = 6 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The command sets up the baud rate for serial communication of the COM1 interface.



When the baud rate of the COM1 interface is changed, the baud rate in the connected load cells is also automatically changed, the changes in the load cells are stored safe from power failure and a BUS scan is carried out in the new baud rate. The parity on the COM1 (load cells) interface cannot be changed.

Example:	Response:	
BD1?; BD1 38400;	38400crlf 0CRLF	corresponds to 38400 Baud, DIS responds at 38400 baud Parity is unchanged
		ranty is unchanged



Two wire communication

(2-wire communication for the load cell interface, COM1)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	TWC	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1=0.1	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	TWC(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	TWC?;	
DIS response	P1	P1 = 1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The command changes communication with the load cells (COM1 interface to 2–wire bus mode (half duplex). This operating mode is required when AD105C or measurement chains with AD105C are connected. In 2–wire operating mode, inputs are not responded to with 0crlf or ?crlf.

Example:	Response:	
TWC?; TWC 0;	1crlf Ocrlf	corresponds to 2-wire communication activated Configuration full duplex, DIS responds with set baud rate, parity is unchanged

3.1.2 COM2 interface commands

FC2

Function COM2

(RS-232)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	FC2	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0 =off 1=on	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	FC2 (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	FC2?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command deactivates the COM2 interface. If the interface has been deactivated, it can only be reactivated via the front panel or keyboard. No commands are executed or responses given when the interface is deactivated.

Example:	Response:	
FC2?;	1crlf	PC/PLC interface COM2 is activated
FC2 0;	none	COM2 interface is deactivated, reactivation via command is not possible.

BD2

Baud Rate

(Setting the baud rate for the PC/PLC interface, COM2)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	BD2	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600,19200, 38400, 57600,	P1 in Bd
	115200	
Factory setting	9600 baud	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	BD2(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	BD2?;	
DIS response	P1	P1 = 6 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The command sets up the baud rate for serial communication of the COM2 interface.



When the baud rate is changed, communication is initially no longer possible. The computer also has to be changed over to the chosen new setting (baud rate). For the change in baud rate to become permanent, it has to be saved with the **TDD1** command. This procedure ensures that you do not set baud rates in the DIS which are not supported by the remote station. If the new baud rate entry is not saved, the DIS will return to the previously valid baud rate after a reset or a power–up.

Example:	Response:	
BD2?; BD2 38400;	38400crlf 0CRLF	corresponds to 38400 Baud, DIS responds at 38400 baud Parity is unchanged



COM2 parity

(Setting the parity for the PC/PLC interface, COM2)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PA2	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0=none, 1=even, 2=odd	P1 = 1 character
Factory setting	1 (=even)	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	PA2(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PA2 ?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The command sets up the parity for serial communication of the COM2 PC/PLC interface.

Example:	Response:	
PA3?;	1CRLF	corresponds to even parity
PA3 2;	0CRLF Changes parity to odd	
		The baud rate remains unchanged

3.1.3 COM3 interface commands

FC3

Function COM3

(RS-232 /USB)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	FC3	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 02	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	FC3 (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	FC3?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	P1 = 1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the COM3 interface.

Definition of parameters:

P1 = 0: Print function is deactivated (OFF)

P1 = 1; Printing via RS232 P1 = 2; Printing via USB



Baud rate COM3

(Setting the baud rate for the printer interface)

Contents	Note
BD3	
1	
P1 = 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600,19200, 38400, 57600, 115200	P1 in Bd
9600	
< 10 ms	
No	
No	
With command TDD 1;	
BD3(P1);	
Ocrif	On input OK
BD3?;	
P1crlf	P1 = 6 character
	BD3 1 P1 = 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600,19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 9600 < 10 ms No No With command TDD1; BD3(P1); Ocrlf BD3?;

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The command sets up the baud rate for printer interface.

Example:	Response:	
BD3?;	9600CRLF	corresponds to 9600 baud
BD3 38400;	0CRLF	Changes the baud rate to 38400

PA3

COM3 parity

(Setting the parity for the printer interface)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PA3	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0=none, 1=even, 2=odd	P1 = 1 character
Factory setting	1 (=even)	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	PA3(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PA3 ?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The command sets up the parity for serial communication of the printer interface.

Example:	Response:		
PA3?;	1CRLF	corresponds to even parity	
PA32;	0CRLF	Changes parity to odd	

PT3

Protocol COM3

(RS232 / USB)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PT3	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0 = DTR, 1 = DC1	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PT3 (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PT3?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the protocol for the serial printer interface COM3.

Definition of parameters:

P1 = 0; Printer: Hardware protocol (DTR)

P1 = 1; Printer: Software protocol (DC1/DC3/DC4)

3.1.4 COM4 interface commands

FC4

External display function

(Selection of telegram for external display at COM4)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	FC4	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0 5	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	FC4 (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	FC4?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

Definition of output string:

P1 = 0 :	no external display			
P1 = 1;	String 1 Gross or net value + unit (<= 1	19 chara	cters)	
P1 = 2;	String 2 Gross or net value + unit and tare	value	(<= 28 characte	rs)
P1 = 3;	String 3 Weighing result + unit		(<= 19 characte	rs)
P1 = 4;	String 4 Gross or net value	(<=	9 characters)	
P1 = 5;	String 5 Gross or net value + unit + status	(<= ′	17 characters)	

A detailed description of the telegrams can be found in the Operating Manual.



Baud rate COM4

(Setting the baud rate for external display)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	BD4	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600,19200, 38400, 57600,	P1 in Bd
	115200	
Factory setting	9600	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	BD4(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	BD4?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 6 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The command sets up the baud rate for serial communication with the external display COM 4.

Example:	Response:	
BD4?;	9600CRLF	corresponds to 9600 baud
BD4 38400;	0CRLF	Changes the baud rate to 38400 Baud
		Parity remains unchanged



COM4 parity

(Setting the COM4 interface parity for external display)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PA4	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0=none, 1=even, 2=odd	P1 = 1 character
Factory setting	1 (=even)	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	PA4(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PA4 ?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The command sets up the parity for serial communication of the COM4 interface (external display).

Example:	Response:		
PA4?;	1CRLF	corresponds to even parity	
PA42;	0CRLF	Changes parity to odd	



External display: Protocol

(Interface protocol for external display at COM4)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PT4	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0 2	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PT4 (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PT4?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	1 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the protocol for the serial communication of the COM4 interface (external display).

Definition of parameters:

P1 = 0; External display: no protocol (send only)

P1 = 1; External display: Hardware protocol (DTR)

P1 = 2; External display: Software protocol (DC1/DC3/DC4)

3.2 Scale characteristic curve and output scaling

Adjustment of scale characteristic curve LDW, LWT LDW, LWT Adjustment weight for LDW, LWT **CWT** Nominal value **NOV** Unit of measurement **ENU** Resolution **RSN** Decimal marker **DPT** Motion detection **MTD MRA** 2-range display 3-range display **MRB** Gravitational acceleration correction GCA, GDE

The DIS2116 is solely suitable for operation with digital load cells (e.g. C16i). With these load cells, the factory settings are stored in the load cells themselves.

An unloaded digital load cell delivers a measured value of 0 and a digital load cell loaded with the maximum capacity delivers a measured value of 1000000 internal digits.

The relationship between internal digits and weight units, e.g. kg, t, etc. is implemented via the user characteristic curve (<u>LDW</u>, <u>LWT</u>)

The user characteristic curve is set with the commands described in this section:

Setting the characteristic curve

The DIS works with the factory characteristic curve set in the load cells. This factory characteristic curve must not be changed.

A second characteristic curve (LDW, LWT) is available for the adjustment of the scale.

The gravitational acceleration correction is, in this case, activated via the command <u>GCA</u> and <u>GDE</u>, when the site where the scale was adjusted is different to where it is now installed and when the gravitational acceleration factors are not identical.



G Correction Factor

(G factor correction, calibration site)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	GCA	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 97000 99000	
Factory setting	98104	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	GCA(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	GCA?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 7 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

This command is used to correct for the effect of gravitational acceleration when the site where the scale is adjusted is not identical to the installation site and when the gravitational acceleration factors (g) are different.

Parameter description:

When queried, the value is output in 6 digits with a positive or negative sign (e.g. 098102 CRLF).

The correction is deactivated with GCA = GDE.

Calculation of the internal correction factor:

The internal GF parameter is automatically reset (GDE := GCA) when

• the characteristic curve LDW / LWT is measured again.

Typical input example:

Adjustment site = Darmstadt \rightarrow g = 9.8104 Installation site = Tokyo \rightarrow g = 9.7977 **GF = 1.001285**



Gravitation Correction Destination

G factor correction, destination

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	GDE	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 97000 99000	
Factory setting	98104	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	GDE(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	GDE?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 7 character

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

When queried, the value is output in 6 digits with a positive or negative sign (e.g. 098104 CRLF).

The correction is deactivated with GCA = GDE.

See command GCA.

You can adapt the DIS characteristic curve with the command pair <u>LDW/LWT</u> to your particular requirements.

Using the command **CWT**, the user characteristic curve can also be set with partial load.



NOTE

The characteristic curve commands<u>LDW</u> and <u>LWT</u> must be input or executed in the following order: <u>LDW</u> and then <u>LWT</u>. The input data are only offset when both these parameters have been entered or measured in pairs.

After the scale is adjusted, the range $\underline{\mathsf{LDW}} \to \underline{\mathsf{LWT}}$ is assigned to the following number ranges:

Output on max. capacity	NOV
ASCII	NOV value

Calculation of the internal correction factor:

Setting the scale characteristic curve with <u>LDW</u>, <u>LWT</u> (for max. capacity adjustment)

Action	Command sequence	
Enter the password, e.g.	SPW"000";	
Loading with scale zero load	LDW(P1);	
Loading with scale max. capacity	LWT(P2);	

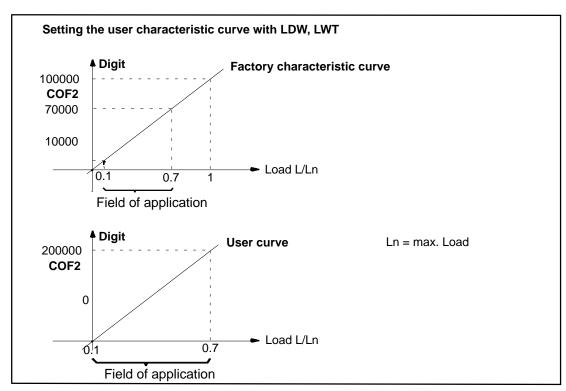


Fig. 4: Setting the user characteristic curve



Load Cell Deadload Weight

(Scale characteristic curve zero point)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	LDW	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 ±3000000	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms for input or query	
	< 4.2 s for measurement (LDW;)	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	After input of LWT with TDD1;	
Master input	LDW <p1>;</p1>	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	LDW;	On measurement, only possible if LFT=0
DIS response	Ocrlf	After measurement
Master query	LDW?;	
DIS response	P1crlf (P1 = 7 digits plus sign)	P1 = 8 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

When measuring, the actual input signal (e.g. scale not loaded, but with deadload weight) is assigned to the internal measured value, the output value 0 digits.

Parameter description:

When queried, the value is output in 7 digits with a positive or negative sign (e.g. -0000246 CRLF).

The user characteristic curve is deactivated at LDW = 0 and LWT = 1000000.

The **LDW** value is not converted via **NOV**.

There are two options for zero point adjustment:

1. Adopting the zero point of the user characteristic curve with LDW (reaction time < 4.2 s):

The scale is not loaded. Adopt the zero point with the command LDW;

The transducer electronics measure the input signal between ± 3 mV/V or the zero load of the scale, store the measured value and offset it, but only after the parameter for LWT is entered.

2. Manual input of the user curve zero point via LDW (reaction time < 10 ms):

Use the command LDW<zero point> to enter the value for the zero point of the scale. The value entered is stored, but only offset after the parameter for LWT is entered.



If the LDW/LWT adjustment is not being executed with 100 % of the input signal, the CWT value (calibration weight) must be set first.



Load Weight

(Scale characteristic curve, full scale)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	LWT	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 ±3000000	
Factory setting	1000000	
Response time	< 10 ms for input or query	
	< 4.2 s for measurement	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	LWT (P1);	For input, only possible if LFT=0
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master input	LWT;	For input, only possible if LFT=0
DIS response	Ocrlf	After measurement
Master query	LWT?;	
DIS response	P1crlf? (P1 = 7 digits plus sign)	P1 = 8 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

When measuring, the actual input signal (e.g. loaded scale = max. capacity) is assigned to the internal measured value, the output value 1000000 digits.

Parameter description:

When queried, the value is output in 7 digits with a positive or negative sign (e.g. -0950246 CRLF).

The user characteristic curve is deactivated at LDW = 0 and LWT = 1000000.

The LWT value is not converted via NOV.

Adopting the nominal value of the user characteristic curve with LWT (reaction time < 4.2 s):

- 1. The scale is loaded at max. capacity.
- 2. Using the command LWT;, the AED/FIT measures an input signal between ± 3.0 mV/V or at max. capacity and offsets this measured value with the previously entered value for LDW to a new characteristic curve.

Manual input of the user curve full scale via LWT (reaction time < 10 ms):

- 1. Enter the LDW value.
- Use the command LWT<nominal value> to enter the measured value for the max. capacity. The value entered is stored and offset with the previously measured or entered LDW value.



If the LDW/LWT adjustment is not being executed with 100 % of the input signal, the CWT value (calibration weight) must be set first.

Manual input of nominal value via LWT:

- Use the command <u>SPW</u> to enter your password.
- 2. Set the legal–for–trade switch to LFT = 0.
- 3. Reset the correction factor: **GCA** = **GDE**
- 4. The scale is not loaded.
- 5. Query the measurement output (MSV?).
- Enter the <u>LDW</u> value.
- 7. Load the scale with maximum capacity.
- 8. Query the measurement output (MSV?).
- Enter the measured value for the maximum capacity via the command <u>LWT</u><Maximum capacity>.

The input value is stored and offset with the previously measured or input LDW value.

10. Save the new characteristic curve with TDD1;.



NOTE

The characteristic curve commands <u>LDW</u> and <u>LWT</u> must be input or executed in the following order: <u>LDW</u> and then <u>LWT</u>. The input data are only offset when both these parameters have been entered or measured in pairs.

With partial load adjustment (measurement):

The LWT value is offset to 100% according to the input CWT value, the CWT value is then reset to its 100% value (= 1000000).



Calibration Weight

(Weight for partial load adjustment)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	CWT	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 50000 1200000 (5 % 120 %)	1000000 = 100 %
Factory setting	1000000 (100%)	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	CWT(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	CWT?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 7 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

If you cannot apply 100 % of the input signal when adjusting the user characteristic curve, then the **CWT** command also gives you the opportunity to adjust the DIS with an input signal in the range 5 % to 120 % of the required nominal value (partial load calibration).

Parameter description:

P1 is a 7 digit decimal number in the range 50000 to 1200000 (=5 % ... 120 %). When P1 = 1000000 (= 100 %), this partial load calibration is deactivated.

P1 is a 7 digit decimal number in the range 50000 to 1200000 (=5 % ... 120 %) in not legal-for-trade applications.

In legal–for–trade applications, the partial load calibration must be implemented with a load of = 20% of the nominal value.

P1 is the percentage of the maximum capacity with which the next **LDW** / **LWT** adjustment must be carried out.

Example:

The scale characteristic curve **LDW/LWT** of a scale is adjusted with 15 kg = 15000 d. However, only a 10 kg balancing weight is available for the adjustment. Please proceed as follows:

- 1. Set the CWT value to 666667 for the adjustment (corresponds to 66%).
- 2. Set the NOV value to 15000 for the adjustment.
- Carry out an LDW/LWT-adjustment.
 After the adjustment, the DIS will output the measured value 10000 digit at 10 kg and 15000 digit at 15 kg.
- 4. Set the increment to **RSN**5 and the decimal sign to **DPT**3. With a maximum capacity of 15 kg, this gives a partial number of 3000d = e and a display of 15.000.



After an adjustment, the **LDW** and **LWT** values can be read out. They correspond to parameters as if the adjustment was carried out at maximum capacity (and not at partial load). If you need to enter the values for **LDW** and **LWT** again at a later time, you must first enter **CWT** = **1000000** and then the **LDW** value to be read out, followed by the value read out for **LWT**.



Nominal Output Value

(Resolution of the scale characteristic curve)

Contents	Note
NOV	
1	
P1 = 100 5000000	
10000	
< 10 ms	
Yes	
Yes	
With command TDD1;	
NOV (P1);	
Ocrlf	On input OK
NOV?;	
P1crlf	P1 = 7 characters
	NOV 1 P1 = 100 5000000 10000 < 10 ms Yes Yes With command TDD1; NOV(P1); Ocrlf NOV?;

Note: () Required parameters, <> optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The **NOV** value is used to scale the output value during measurement output. ASCII measurement output is scaled at the factory to 10000. If a measurement output of e.g. 2000 digits is required at maximum capacity, the nominal value **NOV2000**; must be set with this command. The input parameters are not changed by this scaling.

The tare value lies on the **NOV** characteristic curve and is output in this scaling.

Measured value output format at maximum capacity	NOV ≧ 100
ASCII	NOV value



Engineering Unit

(Unit of measurement)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	ENU	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 4 ASCII characters	Put in "
Factory setting	4137	No unit
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	ENU"xxxx"	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	ENU?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 4 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

This command is used to input a unit of measurement.



The quotation marks "" are necessary for input. They are not output. They are only used to mark the text.



Resolution

(Display resolution, increment)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	RSN	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50,100 [d]	
Factory setting	1 [d]	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	RSN(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	RSN?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 3 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

This command specifies the increment of the measurement output. The following functions are affected by the increment:

- Standstill recognition(MTD)
- Zero tracking(ZTR)
- Measuring range monitoring
- Zero on start-up (ZSE)
- Measurement resolution



Decimal Point

(Position of decimal point)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	DPT	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 6	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	DPT (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	DPT?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 1 characters
	Command string No. of parameters Parameter range Factory setting Response time Password protection Relevant to verification Parameter protection Master input DIS response Master query	Command string No. of parameters Parameter range P1 = 0 6 Factory setting Response time Password protection Relevant to verification Parameter protection With command TDD1; Master input DPT(P1); DIS response Master query DPT?;

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

This command specifies the number of decimal places for the measurement output.

DPT0: xxxxxxx. (no decimal point)DPT1: xxxxxx.x

DPT2: xxxxx.xx
DPT3: xxxx.xxx
DPT4: xxx.xxxx
DPT5: xx.xxxxx

X.XXXXX

DPT6:



Motion Detection

(Motion detection)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	MTD	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 4	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	MTD(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	MTD?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 2 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

MTD0: OFF (motion detection is deactivated, unit is always displayed)
MTD1: 0.25 d/s
MTD2: 0.5 d/s
MTD3: 1.0 d/s (must be set for legal-for-trade applications)
MTD4: 2.0 d/s
MTD5: 3.0 d/s

When the standstill conditions are met, the selected unit (ENU) is displayed.

The unit Digit (d) is based on the nominal value (NOV) and the selected increment (RSN).

Example:

RSN = 5, NOV = 15000, ENU = g, weighing range = 15000 g

At MTD3, the standstill condition is met when the weight deviation is less than 5 g/s.

At MTD4, the standstill condition is met when the weight deviation is less than 10 g/s.



Multi Range Mode

(2-range scale display)

Contents	Note
MRA	
1	
P1 = 0 NOV (5000000)	0 = deactivated
0	
< 10 ms	
Yes	
Yes	
With command TDD1;	
MRA(P1);	
Ocrlf	On input OK
MRA?;	
P1crlf	P1 = 8 characters
	MRA 1 P1 = 0 NOV (5000000) 0 < 10 ms Yes Yes With command TDD1; MRA(P1); Ocrlf MRA?;

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

This command is used to set up the scale as a one or two range scale. **MRA0**; deactivates the 2–range mode. Use **MRA** > 0 ... \underline{NOV} to specify the changeover point between range 1 and 2. When the 2–range mode is activated, then the set \underline{RSN} increment applies for range 1. The increment for range 2 is then automatically the next increment.

Examples:

RSN = 2: Range 1 with increment 2, range 2 with increment 5 RSN = 5: Range 1 with increment 5, range 2 with increment 10

When the scale is unloaded, the display changes back to the increment of range 1.



Multi Range Mode 2

(3-range scale display)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	MRB	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 NOV (5000000)	0 = deactivated
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	MRB (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	MRB?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 8 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

This command is used to set up the scale as a one, two or three range scale. **MRB0**; deactivates the 3–range mode. Use $\frac{MRA}{NOV} < \frac{NOV}{NOV}$ to specify the changeover point between range 2 and 3. When the 3–range mode is activated, then the set $\frac{RSN}{NOV}$ increment applies for range 1. The increment for range 2 is then automatically the next increment and the next one again is for range 3.

Examples (0 < MRA < MRB < NOV):

RSN = 2: Range 1 with increment 2, range 2 with increment 5, range 3 with increment 10

RSN = 5: Range 1 with increment 5, range 2 with increment 10, range 3 with increment 20

When the scale is unloaded, the display changes back to the increment of range 1.

3.3 Linearization settings

The DIS has the ability of reducing the linearity deviation of the scale. The DIS works with a 3rd order polynomial. Two additional points between dead load (<u>LDW</u>) and maximum capacity(<u>LWT</u>) must be used for this correction.

These commands must be set after the scale is adjusted (LDW, LWT, NOV).

Measured value of the correction
 Weight value for the correction

Four value pairs are required to calculate the coefficients for a 3rd order polynomial:

Weight	Measured value	Note
0	0	Dead load removed
LIN1	LIM1	First point
LIN2	LIM2	Second point
NOV	NOV	Maximum capacity

These two additional points must therefore lie in the range 0 ... NOV. In addition, the following conditions must be met:

0 < LIM1 < LIM2 < NOV

0 < LIN1 < LIN2 < NOV



Linearization Measured Values

(Linearization curve of input values)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	LIM	
No. of parameters	2	
Parameter range	P1 = 1, 2	Value 1 or
	P2 = 0 NOV (±3000000)	2 parameters
Factory setting	P2 = 0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to	Yes	
verification		
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	LIM (P1), <p2>;</p2>	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	LIM (P1)?;	
DIS response	P2 crif	P2= 6 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The LIM values are the input values of the linearization curve.

Conditions: 0 < LIM1 < LIM2 < NOV

Example:

LIM1,12345; The measured weight value is input

LIM1; The weight value is measured by the DIS

For further information, refer to the **LIN** command.



Linearization Nominal Values

(Linearization curve of output values)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	LIN	
No. of parameters	2	
Parameter range	P1 = 1, 2	Value 2 parameter
	P2 = 0 NOV (3000000)	
Factory setting	P2 = 0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	LIN (P1),(P2);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	LIN (P1)?;	
DIS response	P2 crlf	P2= 6 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The LIM values are the required output values of the linearization curve.

The LIN values are the values that should be displayed for the applied weight. The LIM values are the actual values measured for the applied weight.

Example:

Curve for unloaded scale = 0 scale loaded with maximum capacity = 10.000kg(10000)

The linearity error should be compensated for at 2.5kg and 7kg.

Use command LIN 1 to input 2500 (2.5kg) and the command LIM 1 to acquire the measured value for the 2.5kg load.

Then use command LIN 2 to input 7000 (7kg) and the command LIM 2 to acquire the measured value for the 7kg load.

The linearity compensation is calculated from the 4 values pairs for 0, LIN1/LIM1, LIN2/LIM2, nominal value. Both value pairs LIN1/LIM1, LIN2/LIM2 must always be input (measured). The value pairs for 0 and nominal value cannot be input.

Conditions: 0 < LIN1 < LIN2 < NOV

Setting the linearization:

- Use the command <u>SPW</u> to enter your password.
- Set the legal-for-trade switch to **LFT** = 0.
- The scale is adjusted (<u>LDW</u>, <u>LWT</u>, <u>NOV</u>...).
- Switch off the previous linearization: LIN1=0, LIN2=0, LIM1=0 LIM2=0.
- Load the scale with the first known weight (Point1).
- Enter the LIN1 value (weight without decimal point).

There are two options for the **LIM1** value

- a) Query the measurement output MSV?).
 - Enter the **LIM1** value (weight without decimal point), <MSV value>.
- b) Have the **LIM1**1 value measured **LIM1**;
- Load the scale with the second known weight (Point2).
- Enter the **LIN2** value (weight without decimal point).
- Query the measurement output MSV?).

There are two options for the LIM2 value

- a) Query the measurement output MSV?).
 - Enter the LIM2 value (weight without decimal point), LIM2,<MSV value>.
- b) Have the LIM2 value measured LIM2;
- Save the new values with using TDD1 to EEPROM

Switch off the previous linearization:

Enter the default values:

Enter the password (DPW).

Switch off legal-for-trade (LFT0; if necessary)

LIN1,0;

LIN2,0;

LIM1,0;

LIM2,0;

TDD1;

3.4 Settings for the measuring mode

These commands should be set before data output.

•	Filter selection, limit frequencies	<u>ASF</u>
•	Filter mode	<u>FMD</u>
•	High Speed Mode	<u>HSM</u>
•	Automatic zero tracking	<u>ZTR</u>
•	Zero on start-up	ZSE



Messverstärkerfilter (Amplifier Filter)

(Filter selection Limit frequencies)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	ASF	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 10	
Factory setting	5	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	ASF (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	ASF?;	
DIS response	P1 crif	P1 = 2 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

This command selects a digital filter. This influences the filter performance of the DIS (measurement signal bandwidth).

The limit frequency of the filter determines the settling time. The higher the filter index, the better the filter effect, but the longer the settling time when changing the weight. The filter setting should be chosen to be as low as possible, while still being able to ensure non–operation (standstill) at a weight that does not change.

Mean-value calculation influences the overall settling time of the DIS. The total settling time is also dependent on the mechanical construction of the transducer, on the dead load of the scale and on the weight to be weighed.

Parameter description:

With ASF0, the filter is deactivated.

The measured signal filtering occurs in the load cells, please refer to the descriptions of the load cells or measurement chain used for the filter properties.

When setting and selecting the filter, the commands **HSM**, **ASF** and **FMD** must be taken into account.



Filtermodus (Filter Mode)

(Selection of filter mode)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	FMD	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 4	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	FMD (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	FMD?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	P1 = 1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

FMD0: Standard filters (IIR 2nd order low-pass filters)

FMD1: 3-stage fast-settling digital filters (FIR low-pass filters)

FMD2: IIR 8th order low-pass filters

FMD3: Fast-settling digital filters (IIR 4th order low-pass filters)

FMD4: Fast–settling digital filters (FIR low–pass filters)

The measured signal filtering occurs in the load cells, please refer to the descriptions of the load cells or measurement chain used for the filter properties.

When setting and selecting the filter, the commands <u>HSM</u>, <u>ASF</u> and <u>FMD</u> must be taken into account.



High Speed Mode

(High speed mode)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	HSM	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	$P1 = 0/1 \ (0 = Off, 1 = On)$	
Factory setting	0	Deactivated
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	HSM (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	HSM?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	P1 = 1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

HSM=0 The connected load cells are set at standard measuring rates.

AED,FIT at 600 MW/s AD104,AD105,C16i at 100 MW/s

HSM=1 The connected load cells are set at doubled measuring rates.

AED,FIT at 1200 MW/s AD104,AD105,C16i at 200 MW/s



Nullnachlauf (Zero Tracking)

(Automatic zero tracking)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	ZTR	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	$P1 = 0/1 \ (0 = Off, 1 = On)$	
Factory setting	0	Deactivated
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD 1;	
Master input	ZTR(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	ZTR?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	P1 = 1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

Automatic zero tracking occurs for a gross or net measured value < 0.5 d in the range $\pm 2\%$ of the nominal value of the scale (NOV). The maximum reset speed is 0.5 d/s when the scale is at standstill. The unit Digit (d) is based on the nominal value (NOV) and the selected increment (RSN).



Nullstellen (Zero Setting)

(Zero setting on start-up)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	ZSE	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 4	
Factory setting	0	Deactivated
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1;	
Master input	ZSE (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	ZSE?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	P1 = 2 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

After switching on the voltage, during a RESET or after an <u>RES</u> command, zero setting is carried out after a standstill of approx. 2.5 s in the selected range. Any change to the zero on start-up range only takes effect after the voltage cut-in or after the <u>RES</u> command.

If there is no standstill or if the gross value falls outside the selected limits, zero setting does not occur. The internal zero memory is always cleared before automatic zeroing. If the gross value at standstill falls within the selected range, the gross value is accepted into the zero memory. Zero memory cannot be read out. The standstill condition is specified with MTD. The unit Digit (d) is relates to the nominal value (NOV) and the increment (RSN).

Parameter description:

ZSE0: Zeroing deactivated

ZSE1: Zeroing range ± 2 % of the **NOV** value **ZSE2:** Zeroing range ± 5 % of the **NOV** value **ZSE3:** Zeroing range ± 10 % of the **NOV** value **ZSE4:** Zeroing range ± 20 % of the **NOV** value

3.5 Commands for measuring mode

Before starting measuring mode, the scale should be adjusted (Section 3.3) and the necessary settings for the measuring mode should have been saved (Section 3.4).

•	Measurement output	MSV?
•	Zero setting gross value (+/-2 %)	<u>CDL</u>
•	Tare mode	<u>TAR</u>
•	Tare value	<u>TAV</u>
•	Gross / net selection	<u>TAS</u>
•	Manual tare function	<u>PTM</u>
•	Manual tare value	<u>PTV</u>

The taring is a subtractive taring.



Messwert (Measured Value)

(Measurement query)

Property Command string	Contents MSV?	Note
No. of parameters	_	
Parameter range	-	
Factory setting	-	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	No data to protect	
Master query	MSV?;	
DIS response	See description	
Note: () Dequired personators	antional narameters on narameter input	

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input. DIS responds with ?CRLF, if the input or the query is incorrect.

Function:

The measured values are defined as before (see commands \underline{NOV} and \underline{RSN}) and output in ASCII format. The maximum scope for the measured values is :

For ASCII measurement output: ASCII ±5000000

The output length is 9 characters.

The measured value is output in relation to the particular measuring range (<u>NOV</u>). The measured value can be a net or gross measured value (<u>TAS</u>).

Preparing for measurement output:

- 1. Define the **output scaling** via the **NOV** command.
- 2. Define the **display resolution** via the **RSN** command.
- 3. Define the **position of the decimal point** via the **DPT** command.
- 4. Define the **operating mode** via the **MRA** and **MRB** command.
- 5. Define the digital filter mode via the FMD command.
- 6. Define the **digital filter** via the **ASF** command.

Output scaling is defined by the parameter of the **NOV** command.

Measured value output format at maximum capacity	NOV w 100
ASCII	NOV value

The measured value is saved in the output buffer independently of the measurement query.

ASCII output:

The ASCII output length is 16 byte (incl. CRLF) irrespective of content:

9 characters	1 characters	4 characters	1 characters
1 – 9	10	11 – 14	15,16
Measured value	Space	Adjustable	crlf
(Sign, measured value with decimal sign)		E.g. kg (see ENU command)	
9 x '' , when outside the display range for LFT > 0		Only for standstill, otherwise 4 spaces	Delimiter

The display range is defined as follows:

LFT = 0: $-160 \times NOV \dots + 160 \times NOV$ (cannot be checked)

LFT = 1: -2 % ... + NOV + 9 d (legal-for-trade, OIML, R76)

LFT = 2: -2 % ... + NOV + 5 % (legal-for-trade, NTEP)

NOV is the output scaling (NOV w 100). The percentages relate to NOV.

The informatio (d) relates to the set increment (**RSN**).

RN = 2 -> 9 d = 18 Digit (d).



Clear Dead Load

(Zeroing)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	CDL	
No. of parameters	-	
Parameter range	-	
Factory setting	-	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	No data to protect	
Master input	CDL;	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The command **CDL**; initiates a zero balance of the gross value, when this lies in the range of ± 2 % (or ± 20 % when LFT=0) of the weighing range (<u>NOV</u>) and a standstill has occured. If one of the two conditions is not met, zeroing does not take place.

A CDL?; query is not permitted.



Tare

(Taring with the gross actual value)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	TAR	
No. of parameters	-	
Parameter range	-	
Factory setting	-	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	No data to protect	
Master input	TAR;	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The **TAR**; command tares the actual measured value. After taring, the system changes back to the net measured value (**TAS**0;). The actual value is stored in the tare memory (see also the **TAV** command) and subtracted from the measured value and all subsequent measured values.

Taring is only permissible in legal–for–trade applications (KFT > 0) when the standstill conditions are met.

Permissible tare range:

LFT = 0: $\pm 100 \%$ of NOV LFT > 0: $\pm 100 \%$ of NOV

A TAR?; query is not permitted.

The stored tare value can be read out with **TAV?** The tare value is lost when switching off unless it has been saved with TDD1;.



Tare Value

(Tare value)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	TAV	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 NOV	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	TAV (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	TAV?;	
DIS response	X crlf	X = 8 characters
	(X = actual 7 digits tare value with sign)	

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The tare value can be preset or a tare value saved with the tare function (TAR) is output.

The value, scaled with the parameter \underline{NOV} , lies on the $\underline{LDW}/\underline{LWT}$ characteristic curve (0 ... NOV). After the characteristic curve is input with the commands \underline{LDW} , \underline{LWT} the tare memory is cleared (content = 0).

When the tare value is input, the display changes to the net weight.

Query: TAV?;

The content of the tare memory is output. The tare value is converted to the **NOV** value.

In legal–for–trade applications (**LFT** > 0) the tare range is restricted to 0 ... 100 % of **NOV** Permissible tare range:

LFT = 0: $\pm 100 \% \text{ of NOV}$

LFT > 0: 0 ... **NOV**

Example:

NOV3000; (Scale scaling, scale maximum capacity = 3000)

TAS1; (Gross output activated)

MSV?; 1500 LF (Measured value at 50 % of maximum capacity of scale)

TAR; (Tare and select net output)

TAV?; 1500 LF (Query tare value)

MSV?; 0 LF (Net measured value)

TAS?; 0 LF (Net is activated)

TAS1; (Select gross)

MSV?; 3000 LF (Measured value at 100 % = maximum capacity of scale)

TAV?; 1500 LF (Query tare value, unchanged)

TAS

Tare Set

(Gross/net selection)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	TAS	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	$P1 = 0/1 \ (0 = net, 1 = gross)$	
Factory setting	1	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	TAS (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrif	On input OK
Master query	TAS?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	P1 = 1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command selects the measurement output (MSV?).

TAS0: Net measured value

The value in tare memory is subtracted from the actual measured value.

TAS1: Gross measured value

The value in tare memory is not offset. The tare value remains unchanged by the gross/net selection.



Pretare Mode

(Manual tare function)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PTM	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0/1 (0 = off, 1 = on)	
Factory setting	1	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PTM (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PTM?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	P1 = 1 characters

PTM = 1: Manual tare function activated.

Each time net is selected, the input manual tare value is used and shown in the NET PT display. Taring with the TAR command overwrites the manual tare value and only the NET display is shown.



Pretare Value

(Manual tare value)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PTV	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 NOV	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PTV (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PTV?;	
DIS response	X crlf (X = actual 7 digits tare value with sign)	X = 8 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The manual tare value can be preset and is offset as the tare value when the manual tare mode PTM is activated. If the manual tare value is offset, the net value is marked with NET PT in the display and on printouts.

3.6 Special functions

Password commands
 Amplifier reset
 Amplifier identification
 Store / Restore all parameters
 Manufacturer's designation
 Memory error
 DPW, SPW
 RES
 IDN
 TDD
 NAM
 ERR?

The DIS has password protection for legal-for-trade parameters.

When the password is **not** activated with **SPW**, the parameters of a protected function can be read out but not changed. A new password can be entered with the command **DPW**.



Define Password

(Define password)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	DPW	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1= string with max. 7 ASCII characters	
Factory setting	"HBM"	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	DPW ("P1");	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The command stores the new password. A query is not possible. The new password must be activated after it has been entered with the SPW command.

The password function is case-sensitive.

A DPW? query is not permitted.



Set Password

(Write enable for all password–protected parameters)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	SPW	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1= string with max. 7 ASCII characters	Must agree with P1 from DPW
Factory setting	"HBM"	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	_	
Master input	SPW ("P1");	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The command **SPW** with the correctly entered password (by the <u>DPW</u> command) authorizes data input with all commands. The command **SPW** with an incorrect password inhibits data input for protected commands. A password is not necessary for output.

The use of protected commands is also inhibited after **RES** or power–up.

An SPW? query is not permitted.

Kapitel 2.6 contains an overview of protected commands.

RES

Restart

(Reset electronics)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	RES	
No. of parameters	_	
Parameter range	_	
Factory setting	_	
Response time	< 4 s	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	_	
Master input	RES;	No response

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The command **RES** initiates the start–up of the device (warm start). This command does not generate a response. All parameters are set exactly as they were stored with the last **TDD**1 command, i.e. the EEPROM values are transferred to the RAM memory.

An RES? query is not permitted.



Identification

(Identification of electronics and serial number)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	IDN?	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = Type, 15 ASCII characters	
Factory setting	HBM,DIS2116,xxxxxxx,P1yy crlf	Response to IDN?;
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	IDN("P1")	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	IDN?;	
DIS response	HBM,P1,xxxxxxx,P1yy crlf	P1 = 15 characters
	Pyy is the program version number xxxxxxx is the serial number	32 characters + delimiter

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

An identification string is output (32 characters + delimiter).

Sequence: Manufacturer, electronics, serial number, software version.

A fixed number of characters are output. The manufacturer is always output with 3 characters, the electronics with 15 characters, the serial number with 7 characters and the version number with 4 characters (each separated by a comma).

Only the manufacturer can enter the serial number (any ASCII characters).



Manufacturer ID

(Manufacturer identification)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	NAM	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 3 ASCII characters	
Factory setting	HBM	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	NAM ("P1");	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	NAM?;	
DIS response	P1 crif	P1 = 3 characters + delimiter

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

Entering a manufacturer identification. The manufacturer identification must have no more than 3 characters and must be entered as a string in quotes.

Input:

NAM ("HBM");



Transmit Device Data

(Protect device parameters)

Property	Contents		Note
Command string	TDD		
No. of parameters	1		
Parameter range	P1 = 0, 1, 2		
	0 = Establish facto	ry settings	
	1 = Protect actual	parameters	
	2 = Activate protec	cted parameters	
Factory setting	_		
Response time	< 0.2 s		
Password protection	TDD0;	YES	
	TDD1;,TDD2;	No	
Relevant to	TDD0;	YES	
verification	TDD1;,TDD2;	No	
Parameter protection	No data to protect		
Master input	TDD (P1);		
DIS response	Ocrlf		On input OK

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command is used to store all parameters. The DIS has two memorys. The customized parameters are stored safe from power failure in the first memory. The second memory contains the legal parameters.

Content of the first memory:

ASF, BD1, BD2, BD3, BD4, WMD, FMD, TAV, TAS, ESC, PES, PID?, PLB, PLE, PRT, PST, MTD, LIV, BFC, MAL, DPW

Content of the second memory (legal parameters):

GCA, GDE, CWT, LDW, LWT, NOV, RSN, MRA, MRB, MTD, ENU, DPT, LIN, LIM, ZSE, ZTR, LFT, TCR)

When LFT > 0, then only the parameters in the first memory are stored.

When LFT = 0, then the parameters of both memorys are stored.

A TDD? query is not permitted.

When the parameters are entered, changed settings are only saved in the RAM initially, so they are not safe from power failure. Store the settings that have been changed in the working memory with the command **TDD**1 on the SD card so that they are safe from power failure.

TDD0, Restoring the factory settings:

This command restores the parameters of the factory settings:

Unchanged parameter:

Commands for communication: <u>BD1</u> ... <u>BD4</u>, <u>PA2</u> ... <u>PA4</u>,

FC2 ... FC4, PT3, PT4, TWC

Commands for external display: <u>EPT, EDL, PAU, EDC,</u>

ECH, SCH, ECC, SCC

Commands for print settings: <u>ESC, PES, PLB, PLE</u>

PRT, PST, PFF, PRC

Commands for settings function keys: BFC, DCO, LAG, MAL, WMD

All other parameters are, as described in this manual, set to the factory settings values.



After TDD0, the scale must be adjusted again. The legal-for-trade switch is deactivated (OFF). The calibration counter is increased by one.



Error Status

(Error status)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	ERR?	
No. of parameters	-	
Parameter range	-	
Factory setting	-	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	-	
Master query	ERR?;	
DIS response	P1 crlf	P1 = 5 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The error code has a range of $0 \dots 99999$ (ERR = 0 = no error). After the error status is read out, the error memory is set to zero.

The description of errors can be found in Chapter 20.2 in the Operating Manual.

3.7 Commands for legal for trade applications

The commands are used to monitor changes to legal-for-trade parameters via the standard counter.

Legal-for-trade switch
 Legal-for-trade counter
 TCR?

The legal-for-trade parameters are:

<u>GCA, GDE, CWT, LDW, LWT, NOV, RSN, MRA, MRB, MTD, ENU, DPT, LIN, LIM, ZSE, ZTR, LFT, TCR)</u>

When the legal-for-trade switch is set to LFT > 0, no changes can be made to legal-for-trade parameters. **Before changing legal-for-trade parameters, the password must be activated (DPW, SPW) and LFT set to zero.** Every LFT change increases the calibration counter (TCR) (which cannot be reset) by 1.

After verification, set the LFT to a value greater than zero. Then read the LFT counter and note the value on the type plate of the scale.



Legal for Trade

(Legal-for-trade switch)

Contents	Note
LFT	
1	
P1 = 0 4	
0 = Industrial applications (not legal-for-trade)	
1 = Legal-for-trade application OIML III (R76) switched on	
2 = Legal-for-trade application OIML IIII	ordenary accuracy weighing machines up to 1000d
3 = Legal-for-trade application NTEP	up to 1000u
	LIC trustagadas un
4 = Legal-Ior-trade application NTEPIIL	US truckscales up to 10000d
0	Deactivated
< 10 ms	
Yes	
Yes	
With command TDD1	
LFT(P1);	
Ocrlf	On input OK
LFT?;	
P1 crif	P1 = 1 characters
	LFT 1 P1 = 0 4 0 = Industrial applications (not legal-for-trade) 1 = Legal-for-trade application OIML III (R76) switched on 2 = Legal-for-trade application OIML IIII 3 = Legal-for-trade application NTEP switched on 4 = Legal-for-trade application NTEPIIIL 0 < 10 ms Yes Yes With command TDD1 LFT(P1); Ocrlf LFT?;

Function:

Each time the **LFT** command is changed, the legal–for–trade counter (<u>TCR</u>) is increased by

When LFT > 0 (legal for trade applications), parameter input is blocked for the following commands:

SZA, SFA, GCA, GDE, CWT, LDW, LWT, NOV, RSN, MRA, MRB, MTD, ENU, DPT, LIN, LIM, ZSE, ZTR

This means that every change to these legal-for-trade parameters can be detected by the legal-for-trade counter ICR, which cannot be reset.

DIS2116 HBM

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

The display range is defined as follows:

LFT = 0: $-160 \times NOV \dots + 160 \times NOV$ (cannot be checked)

LFT = 1,2: -2 % ... + NOV + 9 d (legal-for-trade, OIML, R76) LFT = 3,4: -2 % ... + NOV + 5 % (legal-for-trade, NTEP)

Permissible tare range:

LFT = 0: $\pm 100 \% \text{ vom NOV}$

LFT > 0: 0 ... NOV



Trade Counter

(Legal-for-trade (calibration) counter)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	TCR?	
No. of parameters	-	
Parameter range	-	
Factory setting	unchanged	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	Yes	
Parameter protection	-	
Master query	TCR?;	
DIS response	xxxxx crlf	7 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This counter, which cannot be reset, marks parameter changes in legal–for–trade commands (see command <u>LFT</u>). The maximum counter count is ⁹⁹⁹⁹⁹⁹⁹. Once this count is reached the counter stops and the legal–for–trade mode cannot be switched on again. This situation can only be remedied at the factory.



Encryption

(Encrypted transmission of measurements)

Property	Content	Note
Command string	ENC	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 (Off)/1(On)	
Factory default	0	Off
Reaction time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to legal for	Yes	
trade		
Parameter backup	With command TDD1	
Input Master	ENC (P1);	
Response DIS	Ocrlf	On entry of OK
Query Master	ENC?;	
Response DIS	P1 crlf	P1 = 1 character

Note: () required parameters, < > optional parameters for parameter input.

Function:

Use this command to enable encrypted transmission of measurements for manipulation–safe data transmission.

Encryption is enabled as soon as legal for trade (LFT>0) is set.

In the encryted mode for legal-for-trade applications, every measurement of the connected digital load cells is encrypted for transmission and, in addition, provided with information about the load cell.

DIS checks the authenticity of each measurement and disables the display, if necessary.

3.8 Commands for setting up an external display

The commands are used to set up communication with the external display via the fourth serial connection (COM4).

SCC Number of start characters Number of delimiters **ECC** Start character **SCH ECH** Delimiter **CRC** character **EDC** Output length **EDL** Decimal point **EPT** Update rate **PAU**

An external display can be connected via the fourth serial connection.

Baud rate: 1200 ... 115200
Parity bit: none / even / odd

Type: RS232

Update rate: adjustable 10ms..2500ms

Protocol: no protocol (send only);

Hardware protocol (DTR)

Software protocol (DC1/DC3/DC4)

The protocol must be defined in the parameter menu (COMMUNICATION/EXT-DISPLAY (COM4)) or via the command PT4.



External display: Number of start characters (External Display: Start Character Count)

(Protocol of external display, definition of number of start characters)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	SCC	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	0 15	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	SCC(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	SCC?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	2 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the number of start characters in the output string.

SCC = 0: No start character is defined

SCC = 1 ... 15 Up to 15 start characters can be input

The individual characters are set via the parameter SCH.

Examples:

SCC1;

SCH1,2: The start character is STX (= 02hex).

SCC5; SCH1,83; SCH2,84 SCH3,65; SCH4,82;

SCH5,84; The start sequence 'START' is transmitted



External display: Number of end characters (External Display: End Character Count)

(Protocol of external display, definition of number of end characters)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	ECC	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	0 5	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	ECC(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	ECC?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	2 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the number of end characters in the output string.

ECC = 0: No end character is defined

ECC = 1 ... 5 Up to 5 end characters can be input

The individual characters are set via the parameter ECH.

Examples:

ECC1;

ECH1,3: The end character is ETX (= 03hex).

ECC3; ECH1,69; ECH2,78;

ECH3,68; The end sequence 'END' is transmitted



External display: Start character

(Protocol of external display, definition of start characters)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	SCH	
No. of parameters	2	
Parameter range	P1: 1 15	
	P2: 0 255	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	SCH (P1),(P2);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	SCH?(P1);	
DIS response	P1crlf	3 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the start characters in the output string. Input is decimal.

The number of sent start characters is specified via the command SCC.

When SCC = 0, no start character is sent.

Examples:

SCH1,2: The first start character is STX (= 02hex). SCH15,83: The 15th start character is 'S' (= 53hex).



External display: End character

(Protocol of external display, definition of end characters)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	ECH	
No. of parameters	2	
Parameter range	P1: 1 5	
	P2: 0 255	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	ECH (P1),(P2);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	ECH?(P1);	
DIS response	P1crlf	3 characters

Note: () Required parameters, <> optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the end characters in the output string. Input is decimal.

The number of sent end characters is specified via the command ECC.

When ECC = 0, no end character is sent.

Examples:

ECH1,3: The first end character is ETX (= 03hex). ECH5,69: The 5th end character is 'E' (= 45hex).



External display: Checksum

(Protocol of external display, definition of checksum)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	EDC	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	0,1	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	EDC (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	EDC?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	3 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the checksum in the output string.

EDC = 0: No checksum is defined (the telegram is 1 byte shorter).

EDC = 1: A checksum is calculated.

The checksum is the XOR function: The first byte is the first start character (<u>SCH</u>) and the last byte is the last end character (<u>ECH</u>).



External Display: Length

(Setting the maximum length of the external display)

Contents	Note
EDL	
1	
P1 = 08	0 = deactivated
0	
< 10 ms	
No	
No	
With command TDD1	
EDL (P1);	
Ocrlf	On input OK
EDL?;	
P1crlf	P1 = 1 characters
	EDL 1 P1 = 08 0 < 10 ms No No With command TDD1 EDL(P1); Ocrlf EDL?;

Note: () Required parameters, <> optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This parameter can be used to limit the number of characters for the measured value in the telegram.

When EDL = 0, the measured value is always output with a total of 9 characters. If necessary, spaces are added to the left.

These leading spaces can be suppressed by setting EDL>0.

If the number of places in EDL is insufficient to display all relevant places, decimal places will also be removed.

If the measured value can no longer be correctly displayed, '----' is output.

EDL0:No limit, the measured value is output with 9 characters

EDL>0: The measured value is reduced to the set number of places.

Examples:

EDL6: The measured value is output with 6 characters



External display: Decimal point

(Protocol of external display, decimal point display)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	EPT	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	02	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	EPT (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	EPT?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines the decimal point in the output string.

EPT = 0: No decimal point is output (the telegram is 1 byte shorter).

EPT = 1: The decimal point is output as a point.

EPT = 2: The decimal point is output as a comma.



External display: Pause

(Setting the update rate of the external display)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PAU	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 1255	0 = deactivated
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PAU (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PAU?	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command sets the update rate in 10ms increments:

PAU1: Update rate 10ms PAU200: Update rate 2s

3.9 Commands for print function settings

•	Print protocol	<u>PRT</u>
•	Escape sequence	ESC
•	Number of empty lines before printing	<u>PLB</u>
•	Number of spaces in each line	PES
•	Print ID counter	PID ²
•	Printer strings	<u>PST</u>
•	Number of empty lines after printing	<u>PLE</u>

The print function must be activated to start a printout (FC3).

The printer can be connected either via USB or via the third serial connection.

Baud rate: 1200 ... 115200
Parity bit: none / even / odd

Type: RS232

Protocol: Hardware protocol (DTR)

Software protocol (DC1/DC3/DC4)

The protocol must be defined in the parameter menu (COMMUNICATION/PRINTER/PROTOCOL) or via the command <u>PT3</u>.

The various printouts are described in Part 1 of the manual.



Print

(Output of measured value into alibi memory and printout, if necessary)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PRT	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0 5	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PRT(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PRT?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

When a printer is connected and the print function (FC3) is activated, this command automatically starts a printout for the various print protocols.

- P1 = 0: Print function is deactivated.
- P1 = 1: Actual measured value: Gross or net and tare

When the legal-for-trade mode is set (<u>LFT</u> >0), then the output is stored in the alibi memory and the printout, if necessary, is only implemented when the standstill condition is met within 5s.

- P1 = 2: Gross or net weighing1 and tare for vehicle scale
- P1 = 3: Gross or net weighing2 and tare for vehicle scale
- P1 = 4: Gross or net weighing1, weighing2, result (weighing2–weighing1) and tare for vehicle scale
- P1 = 5: Gross or net result (weighing2-weighing1) and tare for vehicle scale



Escape sequences

(Escape sequences for the print protocol)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	ESC	
No. of parameters	2	
Parameter range	P1: 0 9	
	P2: 0 255	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	ESC (P1),(P2);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	ESC?(P1);	
DIS response	P1crlf	3 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The Escape sequences are used to set the printer (see printer manual).

The DIS has two Escape sequences:

Sequence 1:ESC ESC0, ESC1, ESC2, ESC3, ESC4 Sequence 2:ESC ESC5, ESC6, ESC7, ESC8, ESC9

When the ESC character is set to zero (ESCx,0), this character is not transferred.

To deactivate sequence 1, the command ESC0,0 must be sent. To deactivate sequence 2, the command ESC5,0 must be sent.



Print Empty Lines Before Printing

(Print empty lines before printing)

Property Command string No. of parameters Parameter range Factory setting	Contents PLB 1 P1: 0 99	Note
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PLB (P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PLB?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	2 characters
Note: () Required parameters.	< > optional parameters on parameter input.	

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

P1 defines the number of empty lines at the start of printing.



Print Empty Spaces

(Print empty spaces in each line)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PES	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0 99	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PES(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PES?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	2 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

P1 defines the number of spaces (blanks) at the start of each new line.



Print Identification Counter

(ID counter for the print protocol)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PID	
No. of parameters	0/1/2	
Parameter range	0 9.999.999	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	-	
Master input	-	
DIS response	-	
Master query	PID?(,P1(,P2));	
DIS response	see below	6 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The print identification counter is the identifier of a measurement in the alibi memory (SD memory card).

On each printout (PRT) the current measurement in the alibi memory is archived and the print identification counter is incremented by one.

The counter cannot be written to.

The command delivers the current print ID or results of a particular print ID in binary or ASCII format according to choice

Description of response

1. Read print ID

Master query PID?;
DIS response xxxxxxx crif

Example:

PID?;

0000012; There are 12 measurements in the alibi memory

2. Binary output

Master query PID?(P1);

DIS response <100 characters>

Parameter P1 contains the print ID.

The DIS2116 responds with a block of 100 bytes. The last byte contains a checksum based on the first 99 bytes.

Data content	Data type	Offset	Length
Print ID counter	U32	0	4
Date – day	U08	4	1
Date – month	U08	5	1
Date – year	U08	6	1
Time – hour	U08	7	1
Time – minute	U08	8	1
Mode	U08	9	1
Decimal point	U08	10	1
Measured value 1	S32	11	4
Measured value 2	S32	15	4
Tare value 1	S32	19	4
Tare value 2	S32	23	4
Status 1	S32	27	4
Status 2	S32	31	4
Unit	CH[4]	35	4
Truck license tag	CH[10]	39	10
Truck loading	CH[10]	59	10
Truck process	CH[10]	79	10
Checksum	U08	99	1

CH[x]: Zero terminated field with ASCII characters length x

The checksum is calculated by concatenating the first 99 bytes via XOR.

Checksum = response[0] XOR response[1] XOR ... XOR response[98]

Example:

PID?12;

<Response: 100 bytes> The data of the 12th measured value in binary format

3. ASCII output

Master query PID?(P1),(P2);
DIS response According to P2

Parameter P1 contains the print ID.

Parameter P2 specifies the content.

P2	Data content	Character count	Example of response*
0	Print ID counter	7	0000002
1	Total measured value	7	0005200
2	Date/time	14	27.04.09 14:50
3	Mode	1	1
4	Decimal point	2	03
5	Measured value 1	7	8400
6	Measured value 2	7	3300
7	Tare value 1	7	1000
8	Tare value 2	7	1000
9	Status 1	10	27
10	Status 2	10	31
11	Unit	4	kg
12	Truck license tag	10	DA-HM 123
13	Truck loading	10	1-DIS2116
14	Truck process	10	A432.639

^{*} Final character is crlf in each case

Examples:

PID?12,2;

27.04.09 11:48 crlf Date/time of 12th measurement

PID?12,1;

0005612 crl Measured value;

PID?12,4;

02 crlf Decimal point

PID?12,11;

kg crlf Unit

On 27.04.09 at 11:48 the measured value 56.12 kg was stored in the alibi memory.

Description of data content

Print ID counter

Measured value identifier

Mode

The mode is set via the operation type (WMD).

0 = standard measured value (measurement 1 only)

1 = vehicle weigh station (measurement 1/measurement 2)

Total measured value

Mode 0: Measured value 1

Mode 1: Difference between measurement 1 and measurement 2

Date/time

Date and time of measurement

Decimal point

Number of decimal places for all measured and tare values

Measured value 1/measured value 2

Measured values (measured value 2 only in mode 1)

Tare value 1/tare value 2

Tare values of the measurements (tare value 2 only in mode 1)

Whether the measured values are gross or net is described in the status

Status 1/status 2

Status of the measurements (status 2 only in mode 1)

Bit	Meaning	Bit	Meaning
0	Gross/net	15	Overflow
1	True zero	16	Display range overrun
3	Standstill	18	System error
4	Limit value 1	19	Error
5	Limit value 2		
6	Measuring range 1		
7	Measuring range 2		
8	Preset tare		

Unit

Unit of measurement for all measured and tare values

Truck license tag

Mode 1 only: License tag of the vehicle

Truck loading

Mode 1 only: Characteristics of the loading

Truck process

Mode 1 only: Characteristics of the process



Print Strings

(Print strings for the print protocol)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	PST	
No. of parameters	2	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 2	
	P2 = String with 30 characters	
Factory setting	Empty string	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	PST (P1)," P2 ";	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	PST?(P1);	
DIS response	P2 crlf	Max. 32 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The DIS has three print strings (P1=0 ... 2). All ASCII characters can be used for P2 (20hex ... 7f hex).



Print Empty Lines at the End of Printing

(Printing of blank lines at the end of the print job)

Property	Content	Note
Command string	PLE	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0 99	
Factory default	0	
Reaction time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to legal for trade	No	
Parameter backup	With command TDD1	
Input Master	PLE (P1);	
Response DIS	Ocrlf	On entry of OK
Query Master	PLE?;	
Response DIS	P1 crlf	2 characters

Note: () required parameters, < > optional parameters for parameter input.

Function:

P1 defines the number of blank lines at the end of the print job.



Print Form Feed

(Automatic form feed at the end of the print job)

Property	Content	Note
Command string	PFF	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1:0/1	
Factory default	1	
Reaction time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to legal for trade	No	
Parameter backup	With command TDD1	
Input Master	PFF (P1);	
Response DIS	Ocrlf	On entry of OK
Query Master	PFF?;	
Response DIS	P1crlf	2 characters

Note: () required parameters, <> optional parameters for parameter input.

Function:

This command activates a form feed at the end of the print job. The command for ejecting the page is sent to the printer.



Print Copies

(Number of additional copies to be printed)

Property	Content	Note
Command string	PRC	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	03	
Factory default	0	
Reaction time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to legal for trade	No	
Parameter backup	With command TDD1	
Input Master	PRC(P1);	
Response DIS	Ocrlf	On entry of OK
Query Master	PRC?;	
Response DIS	P1crlf	1 characters

Note: () required parameters, <> optional parameters for parameter input.

Function:

Use this command to specify the number of additional copies for automatically printing several copies of a printout.

P1 = 0: No additional copy, only one printout is made

• • •

P1 = 3: 3 additional copies, a total of 4 printouts is made

3.10 Commands for setting the function keys and the parameter menus

Access level to parameter menu
 Function keys function
 Scale operating mode
 Display language
 Display contrast

MAL
WMD
LAG
DCO



Menu Access Level

(Access level at the "Parameter" menu)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	MAL	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1: 0 4	
Factory setting	4	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	MAL(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	MAL?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command defines access to the parameter menu of the DIS:

P1	Access at menu level
0	INFORMATION, FUNCTION TEST, MODE
1	Like Level 0 plus PRINT
2	Like Level 1 plus LIMIT VALUE
3	Like Level 2 plus PRINT PROTOCOL
4	Like Level 3 plus FILTER, COMMUNICATION, CLOCK, FUNCTION KEYS, DISPLAY
5	Like Level 4 plus SCALE CONFIGURATION, SCALE PARAMETERS, OFF-CENTER LOAD COMPENSATION, FACTORY SETTINGS



Function Keys, Function (Key Function)

(Activate function keys)

Property Command string	Contents BFC	Note
No. of parameters	2	
Parameter range	P1: 1 5	
	P2: 0/1	
Factory setting	0	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	BFC (P1),(P2);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	BFC?(P1);	
DIS response	P2 crlf	1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command activates the function keys.

P1 = 1: Function key ZEROING

P1 = 2: Function key TARING

P1 = 3: Function key GROSS/NET

P1 = 4: Function key 10–FOLD RESOLUTION

P1 = 5: Function key PRINT

The parameter P2 specifies whether the function key is activated/deactivated:

P2 = 0: Function key deactivated

P2 = 1: Function key activated



Weighing Mode

(Activating the vehicle scale function)

Note
0 = deactivated
nd TDD 1
On input OK
P1 = 1 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

This command activates the vehicle scale:

WMD0: Normal mode (non-automatic scale)

WMD1: Vehicle scale

P1 = 1 characters



Language

(Setting the display language)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	LAG	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0/1	
Factory setting	0 (English)	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	LAG(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	LAG?;	

P1crlf Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

DIS response

This command sets the display language:

LAG0: English LAG1: Deutsch



Display Contrast

(Setting the display contrast)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	DCO	
No. of parameters	1	
Parameter range	P1 = 0 20	
Factory setting	10	
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	Yes	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	DCO(P1);	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	DCO?;	
DIS response	P1crlf	P1 = 2 characters

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The display contrast has 20 adjustment levels

DCO0: Minimum contrast
DCO19: Maximum contrast

3.11 Commands for limit value switch settings

· Limit value switch

<u>LIV</u>



Limit values

(Limit value switch)

Property	Contents	Note
Command string	LIV	
No. of parameters	5	
Parameter range	P1 = 1 2, $P2 = 0, 1, 2$, $P3 = 0/1$	
	P4 = P5 = 0 NOV	
Factory setting	x, 0, 0, 0, 0 for all limit values	Deactivated
Response time	< 10 ms	
Password protection	No	
Relevant to verification	No	
Parameter protection	With command TDD1	
Master input	LIV (P1), <p2>,<p3>,<p4>,<p5>;</p5></p4></p3></p2>	
DIS response	Ocrlf	On input OK
Master query	LIV?(P1);	
DIS response	P1,P2,P3,P4,P5 crlf	P1, P2, P3 = 1 character,
		P4, P5 = 8 characters each

Note: () Required parameters, < > optional parameters on parameter input.

Function:

The DIS contains 2 limit value switches with selectable hysteresis. These can monitor gross or net measured values. The monitoring speed depends upon the output rate. Monitoring is always implemented, even when there is no communication via the serial interface.

Parameter description:

Input: LIV(P1),(P2),< P3, P4, P5>;

P1: Number of limit value switches (1/2)

P2: Limit value monitoring on/off

0=OFF

1= ON

P2: Input signal of limit value switch (0, 1)

0= Net measured value

1= Gross measured value

P4: Activation level (= ON_Level):

P3 = 0 ... NOV

P5: Deactivation level (= OFF_Level)

P4 = 0 ... NOV

Example:

LIV1, 1, 0, 9000, 1000;

The command in the example sets limit value 1 (P1 = 1).

the limit value monitoring is active (P2 = 1).

The limit value 1 switches to he net measured value (P3 =0).

Limit value 1 activates at a gross measured value > 9000 (P4 = 9000) and deactivates at a gross measured value < 1000 (P5 = 1000).

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