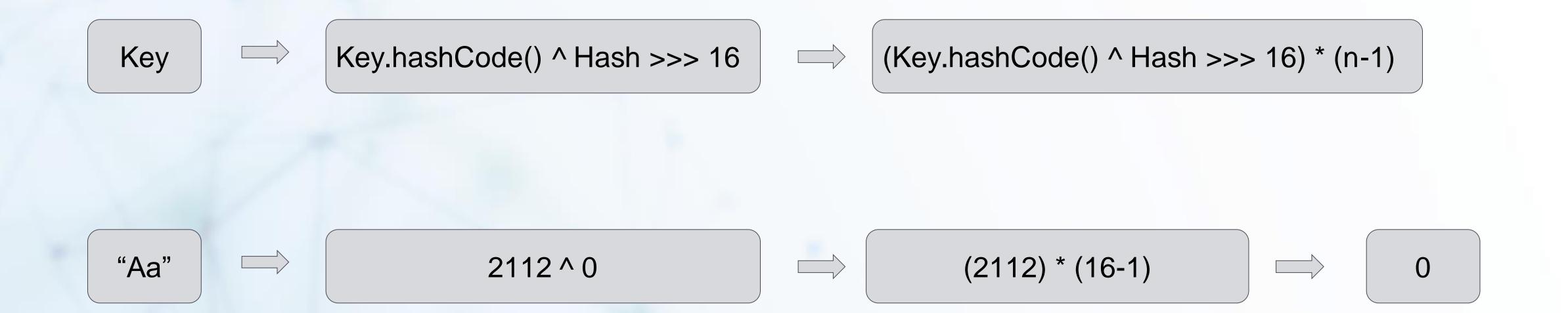


HashMap

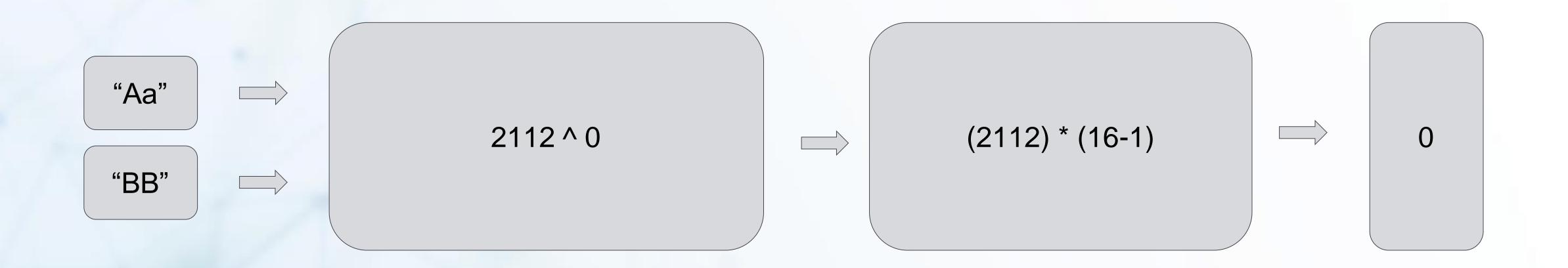
# HashMap – Hashing calculation

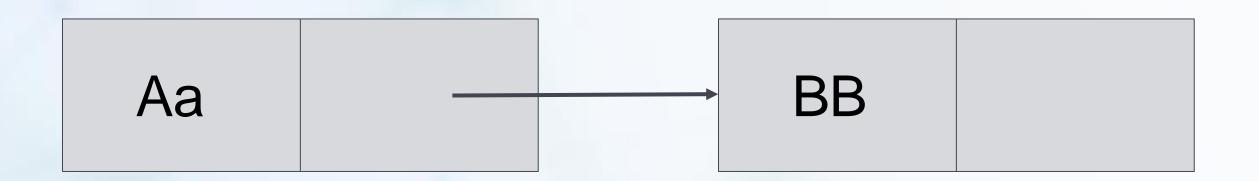




# HashMap – Hash Collision







## HashMap – Java 8 Enhancements





Java 8 improves the performance by converting the linked list into a **Red-black Tree** if the size is bigger than a threshold.

#### Methods

- > entrySet()
- > put(Object key, Object value)
- > putAll(Map map)
- get(Object key)
- getOrDefault(Object key, V default Val)
- > clone()
- containsValue(Object value)
- > containsKey(Object key)
- > keySet()
- > values()
- > remove(Obj key, Obj value)





HashSet



### HashSet Internals



### HashSet Methods



Complexity

#### First Problem



Given an array of integers nums and an integer target, return indices of the two numbers such that they add up to target.

You may assume that each input would have exactly one solution, and you may not use the same element twice.

Input: nums = [2,7,11,15], target = 9

Output: [0,1]