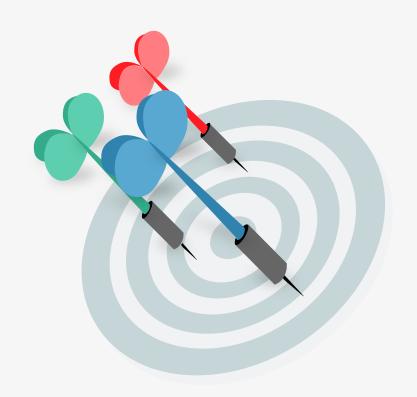
Big O Notations



Understanding Big O

How efficient is an algorithm or piece of code?

- 01 CPU (time) usage
- 02 Memory usage
- 03 Disk usage
- 04 Network usage



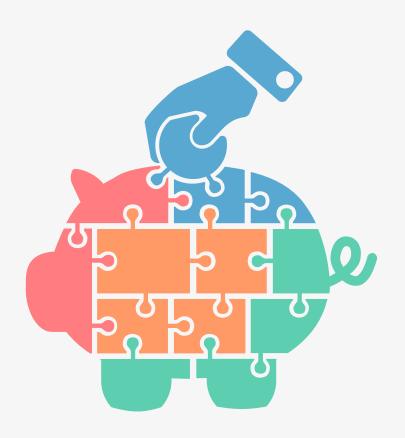
Common Confusion

PERFORMANCE

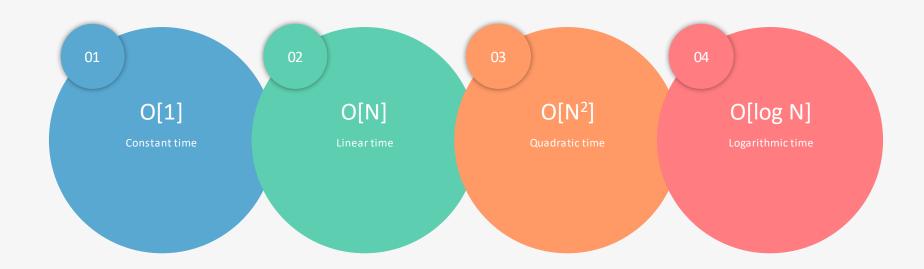
COMPLEXITY

Complexity Measurement

- 1 One Arithmetic Operation
- 2 One Assignment
- 3 One read
- 4 One write



Big-O Notation





Time Complexity

Constant Time

When we are adding two number programmatically

E.g.:
$$10 + 12 = 22$$

$$O[1] + O[1] + O[1] => O[3]$$

Linear time

Linear to the number of inputs and time

Find the sum of all the elements in the Array

Input = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10}

$$O[1] + O[1] + ... + O[1] => O[10]$$



O[N]

Problem



Given an array of integers, sort the array without inbuilt function

15 Minutes

Quadratic time

Squared result in time for every increase in input

Input = $\{3,5,7,1,10,8\}$

Sorting 3



O[N]

Sorting 5



O[N]

:

Sorting 8



O[N]





+









O[N*N]

~

O[N]

O[N^2]

Logarithmic time

Running time grows in proportion to the logarithm of the input size

Find the atmost divisible by 2 for the any given number

$$32 \implies 16 \implies 8 \implies 4 \implies 2 \implies 0 \implies O[5]$$

$$21 \implies 10 \implies 5 \implies 2 \implies 0 \implies O[4]$$

Some rules to remember

Different Steps Added

 $O[a] + O[b] \Rightarrow O[a+b] \Rightarrow O[1]$

2 conditions outside the loop*

Drop Constants

 $O[2N] \Rightarrow O[N]$

2 individual for loops*

Different inputs => Different variables

O[NXM] Not equal to O[N²]

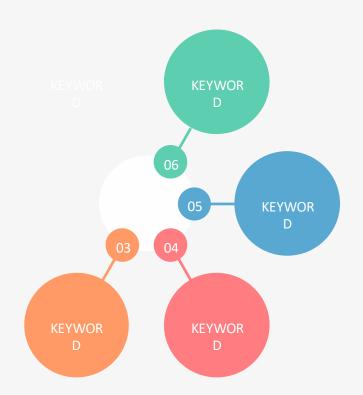
2 for loops inner with different variables

KFYWOR

Drop Non dominate terms

 $O[N^2] + O[N] + O[1] => O[N^2]$

3 loops with one inner and one external and with one condition outside of all loop





Space Complexity

Constant Time

When we are adding two number programmatically

E.g.:
$$10 + 12 = 22$$

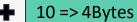


Linear to the number of inputs and time



2 => 4 Bytes





4 Bytes + 4 Bytes + ... + 4 Bytes => 40 Bytes



O[N]

Complexity



	Static Array	Dynamic Array
Access	O(1)	O(1)
Search	O(n)	O(n)
Insertion	N/A	O(n)
Appending	N/A	O(1)
Deletion	N/A	O(n)

First Problem



Given an array of integers, reverse the array without inbuilt function

5 Minutes