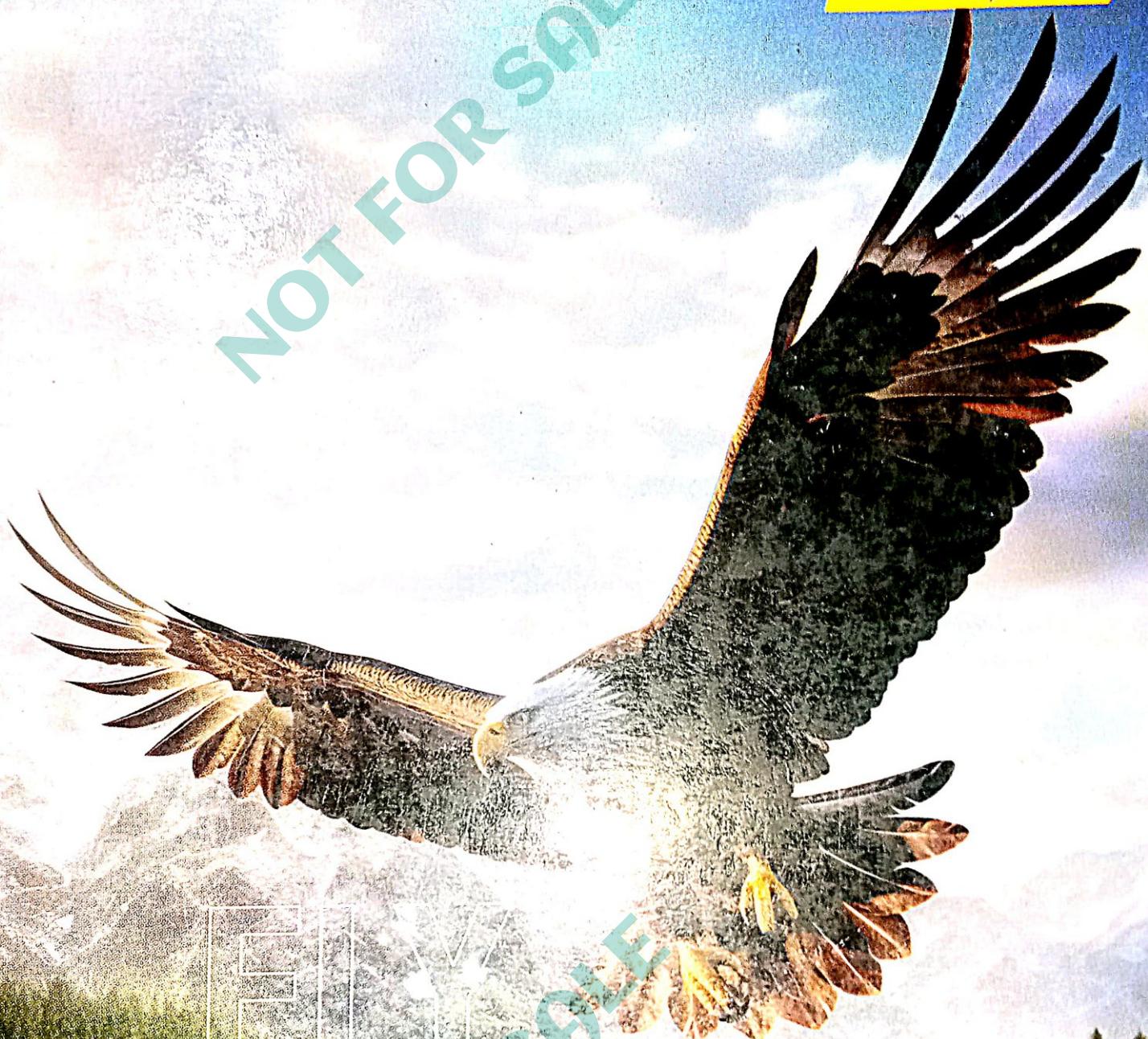


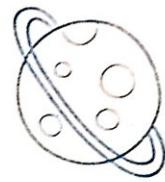
GEN>XT®



HIGH



INSERT
YOUR
DOODLED
SELFIE
HERE

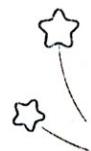


NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

MOBILE _____

EMAIL _____



FRIENDS' INFORMATION

INDEX

NAME : संकल्प कुमार पटेल

10th

1018

PAGE NO.

73

અંગ્રેજી English

SEMESTER

S.No	Date	Title	Page No	Teacher Remarks / Signature

(Large blue ink drawing of a stylized figure or logo, possibly a 'G', is centered on the page.)

(Large diagonal watermark text 'NOT FOR SALE' is repeated across the page.)



Central Idea - Dust of Snow by Robert Frost

The central idea of the poem 'Dust of Snow' is composed by an American poet Robert Frost. In this poem, the poet expresses the significations of small things in changing one's attitude. So the poet admires the beauty of snowflakes which changed his mood and saved many precious moments from being wasted away. The same way one can shake off the sadness from one's heart.

Central Idea - Fire and Ice by Robert Frost

The central idea of the poem 'Fire and Ice' is composed by an American poet, Robert Lee Frost. In this symbolic poem the poet refers two predictions - The world can perish by 'Fire' and 'Ice' thus it can perish twice, the poet feels that ice of hatred is as powerful as the fire of desire, to bring complete end of this world. Hence the poet suggests through this short poem, how to end of this world?

Central Idea - The Ball Poem by John Berryman

The central idea of the poem 'The Ball Poem' is composed by an American poet, John Berryman. In this poem the poet describes the condition of the boy who loses his ball in the water. He is standing like a statue at this place. The poet suggests that the boy is learning the meaning of loss. He is also learning how to standup from these miserable condition. It is his first responsibility. At last the poet feels that worldly things can be paid but his mood can not be changed.

Central Idea - Amanda!

by Robin Klein

The central idea of the poem 'Amanda!' is composed by an Australian poetess, Robin Klein. In this poem, the poetess draws our attention to a very common problems of Amanda. She is controlled and instructed by her mother, not to hunch her shoulders, to clean her room and shoes, to finish homework and also not to eat chocolates. She feels so suffocated by this overprotection. That she wished to be a mermaid, Rapunzel and orphan. Atlast the poetess wants to say that parents should be sensitive to the feeling of their children.



Central Idea - Fog by Carl Sandburg

The central idea of the poem 'Fog' is composed by an American poet, Carl Sandburg. In this short poem the poet says that, the fog comes silently like a cat. It is generally seen during the winter season. The poet compares the movement of fog with that of cat because it comes like a little cat's feet. It sits and looks over the harbour and the city covering every thing like a cat moves silently. The poet feels that the fog disappears from the harbour and the city like the cat.

Eight Lines poem: Dust of Snow by Robert Frost

The way a crow
Shook down on me
The dust of snow
From a hemlock tree

Has given my heart
A change of mood
And saved some part
Of a day I had sued.

Bewari
18/1/95



• Question - Answers
 ☞ Book - First Flight (Prose)

Chapters no. :- 1st

Chapter Name: A Letter to God

Writer Name: G.L. Fuentes

Long Answer Type Question:

Q.1 Give a character sketch of the postmaster? mimp

Ans: Introduction:

The postmaster was a fat, amiable fellow. He was a religious and kind-hearted man who helped the needy person, Lencho.

Sympathetic and Sensitive:

Undoubtedly the postmaster was a kind person who helped Lencho giving seventy pesos by supporting of his employees.

Generous and Religious:

The postmaster was also a generous and religious person by his nature. He did not want to shake his faith in God. So, he helped the needy man, Lencho, on behalf of God.

Conclusion:

Ofcourse the postmaster was a kind-hearted and theist person who helped the needy man by giving seventy pesos to him.



Q.2

~~mimik~~

What circumstances made Lencho to write a letter to God? What does this act show about him?

Ans:

Lencho worked hard like an ox. He always promised a good harvest but during the meal just as Lencho had predicted a heavy rain began to fall from the direction of north-east. With a satisfied expression, he regarded the field of ripe corn, but suddenly a strong wind began to blow along with very large hailstorms began to fall. This is why his whole crops destroyed from it. He feels that there is no one who can help him except God. So he started to write a letter to God.

Q.3

Bring about Lencho's immense faith in God?

Ans:

Lencho had immense faith in God as his crops were ruined due to hailstorms. He had no other options for his survival in this miserable conditions. He thought that God is only one who will help him. So he wrote a letter to God asking him to send hundred pessas. So that he could sow his field again. Later when Lencho received the letter with seventy pessas he could not believe that God had made a mistake. So he blamed the postoffice employees for it.

Short Answer Type Questions:

Q.1 Why did Lencho describe the post office employees as a bunch of crooks ?

Ans: Whom did Lencho call a bunch of crooks

Q.1 When Lencho opened the envelope he found only seventy pesos instead of hundred pesos. He suspected that the post office workers had taken out thirty pesos. So he called them a bunch of crooks but they really were not a bunch of crooks.

Q.2 Why did the postmaster send a reply to Lencho's first letter addressed to God?

Ans: The postmaster send a reply to Lencho's first letter addressed to God, because he did not want to shake his faith in God. So he helped him sending money under the name of God.

Q.3 Why did the postmaster laugh heartily?

Ans: The postman laughed heartily because it was the first time in his career finding the addressed to God.



Q.4 What did the postmaster do when he received Lencho's letter?

Ans: When postmaster receive the first letter of Lencho, he decided to help by gathering money from his employees. So he was able to send only seventy pesos to him on behalf of God.

Q.5 Why did Lencho write a letter to God?

Ans: Lencho wrote a letter to God because God was only one hope in despair. As his crops had been destroyed by hailstorms. So he requested God to send hundred pesos to save his field again and support his family.

Chapter no. -

Chapter name -

Writer name -

Long Answer Type Question:

Q.1 Who was Nelson Mandela? What were the difficulties faced by Nelson Mandela in achieving freedom for his people?

Ans: Nelson Mandela was the first Black President of South Africa. He was a great leader who fought against apartheid and inhuman practices in South Africa. It is a political system that separates people on the basis of their race, poverty, gender and other discrimination. The great patriot, Nelson Mandela, had to sacrifice the comfort of his home and loving family. He declared an outlaw for demanding equality for all. He was punished, isolated and put into jail for thirty years long. He wanted that there will be no discrimination on the basis of their colors, cast or gender etc. In this way he struggled for his countrymen.

Short Answer Type Question:

Q.1 Who was Nelson Mandela? What ideals did he set out for the future of South Africa in this inauguration speech?

Ans: Nelson Mandela was the first Black President of South Africa, who fought against apartheid and inhuman practices in South Africa. He said that all people would be free from the bondage of poverty, deprivation and discrimination. All of them would enjoy equal Rights and Privilege.



Q.2

min

What is the greatest wealth of a nation in Mandela's opinion?

Ans:

According to Mandela the wealth of gems and minerals that lie beneath its soil but he has always known that the greatest wealth of a nation is its people because they are finer and truer than the purest diamond.

Q.3

Why did Nelson Mandela thank the international leaders?

Ans:

Nelson Mandela thanked the international leaders for their presence in the inaugural ceremony, due to their presence he could be considered as a common victor of the South African people for justice, peace and human dignity.

Q.4

imp

What do the military Generals do?

How has their attitude changed and why?

Ans:

The military Generals saluted Mandela to express their loyalty to democracy first these Generals had treated Nelson Mandela as a criminal and were always ready to arrest him but they changed due to the fact that Mandela was now the elected president of their country.

Q.5

MIMP

Who was Nelson Mandela? Why did he fight against the white rulers of his country?

Ans:

Nelson Mandela was the first Black President of South Africa. He fought with the white rulers of his country because white supremacy introduced the system of 'apartheid' created a deep wound in his country. Many people have sacrificed for the basic human rights.

Chapter - His first Flight

Part - Ist

Written name -

Long Answer Type Question:

Q.1

MIMP

Describe the scene that the seagull saw on the ledge the next day after he tried flying.

Ans: The imaginary story - 'His First Flight' conveys the message that we learn by taking courage and not by sitting lazy. The young seagull was the central character of the story. He was fed lovingly by his parents, his parents tried many tricks to teach him to fly but he was afraid of flying because



he thought that his wings could not support him. He was dying of hunger for 24 hours. His mother came with a piece of fish. She wanted to tempt him. The hungry seagull would come to the edge of the rock. In this way he made the first flight of his life.

Short Answer Type Question:

- 1 Why did the young seagull not want to fly with his parents?
- 2 The young seagull did not want to fly in with his parents because he became afraid of seeing the great expanse of sea. He felt that his wings would not support him.
- 3 How did the young seagull's mother tempt the young one to fly?
- 4 The young seagull was afraid to take his first flight while his brother's and sister had faced no fear in flying. So seagull's mother came nearer him with a piece of fish in her beak. The sight of the food maddened him. Thus his mother inspired him to fly.



Chapter - The Black Aeroplane

Part - IInd

Writer

Long Answer Type Question :

~~Q.1~~ How did the pilot of the black Aeroplane helped the pilot of the old Dakota to land safely at the airport?

Ans: The pilot of the old Dakota was lost in the black storm clouds. He could see nothing outside his plane. Suddenly he spotted an other plane that had no light on its wing. The pilot of that plane signalled the Dakota pilot to follow him. The plane turned towards the north. After an hour the first pilot was left with frigstned and started moving down. The Dakota pilot saw the lights on the runway but the black aeroplane - which he had followed just dessappear

Short Answer Type Question:

Q.1 What risk did the writer take while flying and why?

Ans: The writer took the risk of flying into a storm instead of returning to safely.



He could not see anything and lost contact with control room. He did this because he wanted to reach home and have breakfast, with his family, showing his strong desire to be with loved ones.

2 What did the pilot encounter on his way to England? Where was he at that time?

5: The pilot encountered huge black clouds and stormy weather. When he was about 150 kilometers away from Paris. They looked like black mountains. He realised that it was not easy flight. He was still at an hour distance from the nearest airport.

3 What did the pilot see near his plane? What was so peculiar about that?

5: The pilot saw a black aeroplane that was flying near his plane in the storm. He saw the pilot in it, waving and helping him. The strange thing about the black aeroplane was that it had no lights on its wings and it appeared from now here.



Chapter no - 4th

Chapter Name - From the diary of Anne

Writer name - Anne Frank.

Long Answer Type Question:

Q.1 How does Anne feel about Mrs. Kupepus and Mr. Keesing? What do these tell you about her?

Ans: Anne was very attached to her teacher, Mrs. Kupepus. She cried when she was separated from her. Anne Frank felt that her math's teacher, Mr. Keesing was very strict and always annoyed for her talkative nature. Everytime she was punished by Mr. Keesing. He asked her to write essay as punishment again and again on the common topic of being 'A Chatterbox'. Anne's attachment with the people shows that she was very lovable and smart. She was also obedient and hardworking.

Short Answer Type Question:

Q.1 Who was Anne Frank? Where did she write a diary?

Ans: Anne Frank was a German born Jewish girl. She wrote a diary while hiding



with her family in Amsterdam from Nazis who had occupied the Netherlands during the 2nd world war.

Q.2 Why did Anne Frank maintain a diary?

Ans: Anne Frank maintained a diary because she wanted to disclose her secrets in it as she had never been able to confide in anyone. She hoped that the diary which she named - 'Kitty' would be a great source of comfort to her. She thought that paper had more patience than people.

Q.3 Why was Mr. Keesing annoyed with Anne Frank? What did he ask her to do?

Ans: Mr. Keesing, the math teacher, was annoyed with Anne Frank because she talked much in the class so he asked her to do extra homework as a punishment and asked her to write an essay on the topic - 'A Chatterbox'.

Q.4 What does Anne write in her first essay?



with her family in Amsterdam from Nazis who had occupied the Netherlands during the 2nd world war.

Q.2 Why did Anne Frank maintain a diary?

Ans: Anne Frank maintained a diary because she wanted to disclose her secrets in it. As she had never been able to confide in anyone. She hoped that the diary which she named - 'Kitty' would be a great source of comfort to her. She thought that paper had more patience than people.

Q.3 Why was Mr. Keesing annoyed with Anne Frank? What did he asked her to do?

Ans: Mr. Keesing, the math teacher, was annoyed with Anne Frank because she talked much in the class so he asked her to do extra homework as a punishment and asked her to write an essay on the topic - 'A Chatterbox'.

Q.4 What does Anne write in her first essay?



Ans: In her first essay, Anne writes about her talkative nature. She tries to justify her trait as a characteristic of every student. She also tells that she would try to cure it but was not sure. She wrote that she had inherited this trait from her mother and no one can cure an inherited.

Q.5 What does Anne Frank say about her father and grandmother in her diary? **IMP**

Ans: In her diary, Anne tells us about her father and her grandmother that her father was the most adorable father. She tells that her grandmother loves her and remembers her a lot.

Chapter no - 5

Chapter name - Glimpses of India

Writers - Lucio Rodriguez, Lokesh Absoal, Arup Kumar Datta

mimp Short Answer Type Question:

Q.1 Where were Rajvir and Pranjal going?

Ans: Rajvir and Pranjal were going to Assam.

Pranjal had invited Rajvir to spend the summer vacation there. Pranjal's father was



the manager was of a tea garden in Assam. So he wanted Rajvir to visit the tea garden and know about how tea grown?

Q.2 What does the writer say about the tea from Assam?

Ans: Assam is known as the tea country. It has the world's largest concentration of tea plantation in the world. A large number of tea garden's can be found there. Most of the tea grown in Assam is supplied all over the world.

Q.3 *mimpi* What is a Baker important for a party or a feast in Goa?

Ans: A Baker is important for a party in Goa. He carries the age old tradition of the baking bread. Baker's cakes are also important for village celebration like Christmas.

Chapter no. - 7

Chapter name - Madam Rides the Bus
Writer - Vallikannan

Short Answer Type Question:

~~Q.1~~ Who was Valli? Why did she keep standing in front of the door?

~~Ans:~~ Valli was an eight years old girl who was very curious. She kept standing in front of the door as there were no playmates of her age. So she used to keep on watching the street outside her house.

~~Q.2~~ Why does the conductor call Valli 'madam'?

~~Ans:~~ The conductor calls Valli 'madam' because she treated as a grown up in the bus. She had a great sense of self-respect which prevented her from taking any one's help. She felt that she was able to take care of herself very well. While the conductor was amused at her behavior and he wanted to tease her so he called her 'madam'.

~~Q.3~~ How did Valli save money for the bus ticket?

~~Ans:~~ Valli saved money for her first journey by not spending money on twice and thrice. She controlled herself from purchasing things. Thus she was able to save sixty paise for her first bus journey.

4 Why did not Valli get off the bus at the bus station?

Valli did not get off the bus at the bus station because she had to go back on that same bus. She took out another thirty paise from her pocket and handed the coins to the conductor. She just wanted to ride on the bus.

5 What made Valli sad on her return journey?

Valli felt sad on her return journey because she saw a young cow lying dead on the road. It was the same playful cow as she had seen earlier. This sight of its lifeless body very upset her and spoiled her mood.

6 What was the most fascinating things that Valli saw on the street?

The most fascinating thing that Valli saw on the street was the bus that travelled between her village and the nearest town. It passed through her street each hour, one's going to the town and one's coming back.



B.7. What does Valli tell elderly man when he calls her a child?

Ans: When the elderly man called her a child, Valli told him that there is nobody on the bus who was a child. She had paid her fair of thirty paise like everyone's else.

Long Answer Type Question:

B.1. How did Valli fulfill her desire to ride a bus to the town and back?

Ans: The riding of the bus was not an easy task for Valli. Many difficulties came in our way to stop us from doing our best to achieve our goals. In the story an 8 years old girl, Valli develops a strong desire to take a ride on the bus. She was a confident and bold girl. She controlled her desires to buy things. Finally, she was able to fulfill her dream, her passion and self-respect nature helped her to take the journey safely. It is true that with focused attention, determination one can achieve everythings in life.



Chapter no.: 8

Chapter name: The sermon at Benares
Writer name: Betty Rendlaw

Long Answer Type Question

Q.1

Why was Kisa Gotami in so much grief? What did she learn in the end?

08

Why was Kisa Gotami sad? What lesson she learned in the end?

Ans:

Kisa Gotami had the only son who had died. She carrying the dead son, went to all her neighbours to get some medicine that would cure her son. A man sent her to the Buddha for curing. Buddha asked her to get a handful of mustard seeds from a house where no one had died, but she could not find such a house and realises that death is universal. And grieving can not bring the dead back. This marks her path to wisdom.

Short Answer Type Question:

Q.1

Where did Buddha preach his first sermon? What does his sermon reflect?



Ans:

Gautam Buddha preached his first sermon at Sarnath in Benares, which is regarded as the holiest of the dipping place on the river Ganga. The sermon reflects his knowledge about an inscrutable kind of sufferings.

Q.2

How did Gautam Buddha convince Kisa Gotami that death is unavoidable?

Ans:

Gautam Buddha changed Kisa's thinking with the help of simple act. He asked her to get a handful of mustard seeds from that house where none had died. Initially she could not understand it but gradually she understood that death is inevitable.

Q.3

How did Siddharta Gautam get the name of Buddha?

Ans:

Siddharta Gautam sat under a peepal tree where he vowed stay until he got enlightenment. He was enlightened after 7 years. He began to teach and share his new understanding in this way he came to be known as 'Buddha'.



Supplementary

Reader

Footprints without feel

Chapter no - 1

Chapter Name - A Triumph of Saa

Writer - James Herriot - gery.

Short Answer Type Question:

Q.1 How was Mrs. Pumphrey responsible for the poor condition of Tricki?

or

Who was responsible for the poor condition of the dog, named, Tricki?

Ans: Mrs. Pumphrey, who was the owner of Tricki. She was a rich lady and spent a lot of money on buying expensive food items for Tricki. She gave him much food that he fell ill. This is why she was responsible for the poor condition of the dog named Tricki.

NOT FOR SALE