

Script Video Asdos

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1. Nyatakan bilangan kompleks berikut ke dalam bentuk kutub dan gambarlah dalam bidang kompleks:

(e) $z = -\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}i$

Penyelesaian. Modulus dari z adalah

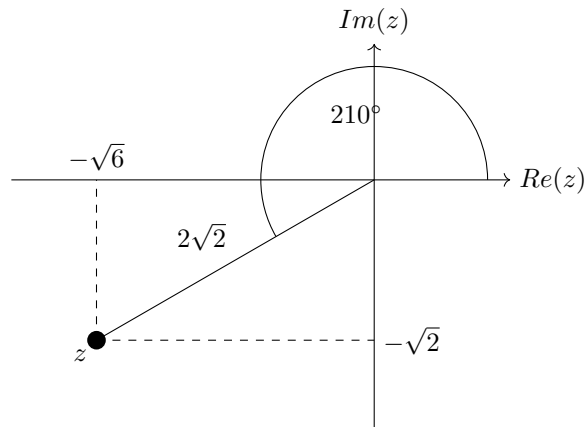
$$r = |-\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}i| = \sqrt{(-\sqrt{6})^2 + (-\sqrt{2})^2} = \sqrt{6 + 2} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

θ atau Argumen dari z adalah

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{-\sqrt{6}}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = \left\{\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}\right\}$$

Karena a dan b keduanya negatif maka $Arg(z)$ atau θ adalah $\frac{7\pi}{6}$.

\therefore Bentuk kutubnya adalah $z = 2\sqrt{2}(\cos \frac{7\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{6})$



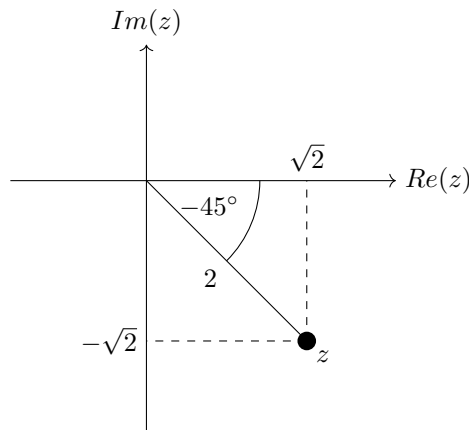
2. Nyatakan bilangan kompleks berikut ke dalam bentuk $z = a + bi$ dan gambarlah dalam bidang kompleks:

(f) $2e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}i}$

Penyelesaian. Ingat bahwa $re^{\theta i} = r\text{cis}(\theta)$

$$2e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}i} = 2\text{cis}\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 2\left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right) = 2\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right) = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}i\right)$$

$$\therefore 2e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}i} = \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i$$



3. Diberikan $z_1 = 2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$ dan $z_2 = 3 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right)$.

(a) $z_1 z_2$

Penyelesaian. *Teorema De Moivre* $z_1 z_2 = r_1 r_2 (\cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + i \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2))$

$$z_1 z_2 = 2 \cdot 3 \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{6} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right) = 6 \left(\cos \left(\frac{5\pi}{12} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{5\pi}{12} \right) \right)$$

(b) $\frac{z_1}{z_2}$

Penyelesaian. *Teorema De Moivre* $\frac{z_1}{z_2} = \frac{r_1}{r_2} (\cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + i \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2))$

$$\frac{z_1}{z_2} = \frac{2}{3} \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right) = \frac{2}{3} \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{12} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{12} \right) \right)$$

4. Hitunglah

(e) $\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}i}{1-\sqrt{3}i} \right)^{10}$

Penyelesaian. Ubah kedalam bentuk kutub $1 + \sqrt{3}i = 2\text{cis} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right)$ dan $1 - \sqrt{3}i = 2\text{cis} \left(-\frac{\pi}{3} \right)$. Sehingga didapatkan

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{3}i}{1 - \sqrt{3}i} \right)^{10} &= \left(\frac{2\text{cis} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right)}{2\text{cis} \left(-\frac{\pi}{3} \right)} \right)^{10} = \left(\text{cis} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - \left(-\frac{\pi}{3} \right) \right) \right)^{10} = \left(\text{cis} \left(\frac{2\pi}{3} \right) \right)^{10} = \text{cis} \left(\frac{20\pi}{3} \right) = \text{cis} \left(\frac{2\pi}{3} + 6\pi \right) \\ &= \text{cis} \left(\frac{2\pi}{3} \right) = \cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

(f) $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-i}{\sqrt{3}+i} \right)^4 \left(\frac{1-i}{1+i} \right)^5$

Penyelesaian. Dengan cara yang sama seperti 4e, Didapatkan

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-i}{\sqrt{3}+i} \right)^4 \left(\frac{1-i}{1+i} \right)^5 =$$