

Group Members

Tevin Achong - 816000026

Jimmel Greer - 816000045

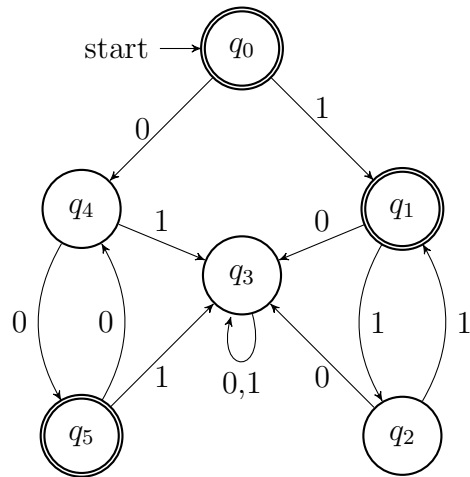
Course Code: COMP3602

Course Title: Theory of Computing

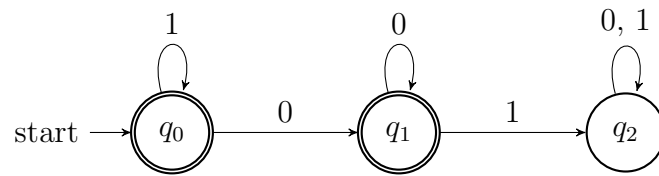
Assignment: 1

October 24, 2019

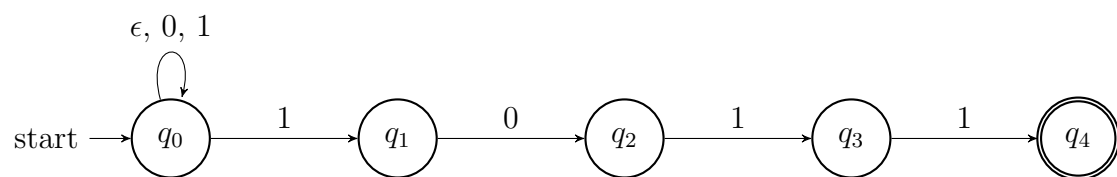
1. (a) $\{0^n \vee 1^m \mid n \text{ is even, } m \text{ is odd}\}$



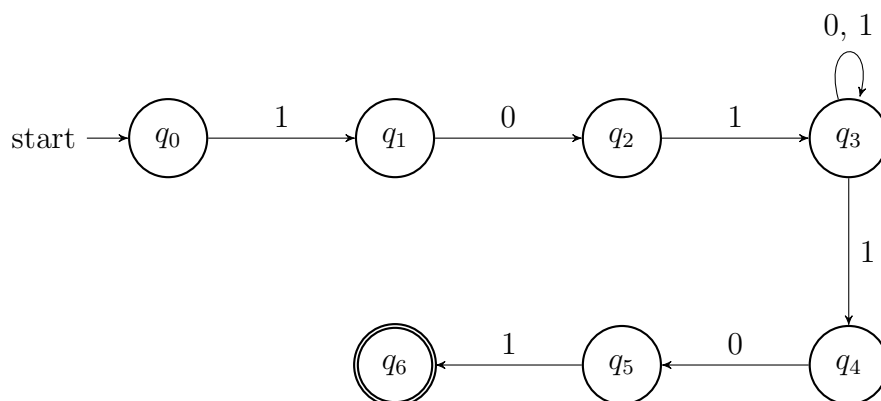
- (b) Any string that does not contain the substring 01



2. (a) Strings ending in 1011



(b) $\{101x101 \mid x \in \Sigma^*\}$



3. Let us refer to the DFA in Question 1b as M . Then $M = \{\{q_0, q_1, q_2\}, \{0, 1\}, \delta, q_0, \{q_0, q_1\}\}$ where δ is given by:
- $$\begin{aligned}\delta(q_0, 0) &= q_1 \\ \delta(q_0, 1) &= q_0 \\ \delta(q_1, 0) &= q_1 \\ \delta(q_1, 1) &= q_2 \\ \delta(q_2, 0) &= q_2 \\ \delta(q_2, 1) &= q_2\end{aligned}$$
4. Let us refer to the NFA in Question 2b as N . Then $N = \{\{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4, q_5, q_6\}, \{0, 1\}, \delta, q_0, \{q_6\}\}$ where δ is given by:
- $$\begin{aligned}\delta(q_0, 0) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_0, 1) &= \{q_1\} \\ \delta(q_0, \epsilon) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_1, 0) &= \{q_2\} \\ \delta(q_1, 1) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_1, \epsilon) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_2, 0) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_2, 1) &= \{q_3\} \\ \delta(q_2, \epsilon) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_3, 0) &= \{q_3\} \\ \delta(q_3, 1) &= \{q_3, q_4\} \\ \delta(q_3, \epsilon) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_4, 0) &= \{q_5\} \\ \delta(q_4, 1) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_4, \epsilon) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_5, 0) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_5, 1) &= \{q_6\} \\ \delta(q_5, \epsilon) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_6, 0) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_6, 1) &= \{\} \\ \delta(q_6, \epsilon) &= \{\}\end{aligned}$$

5.

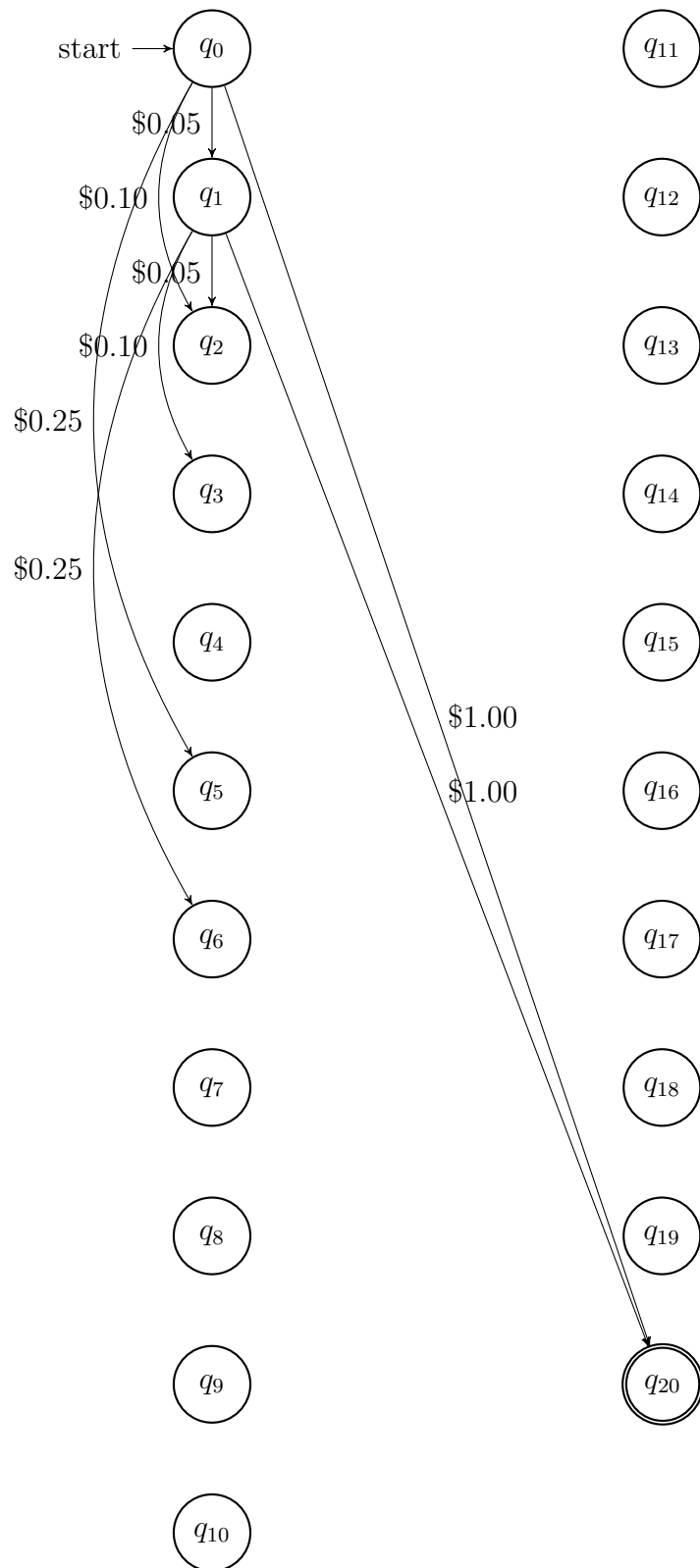
Key/Legend:

→ \$0.05

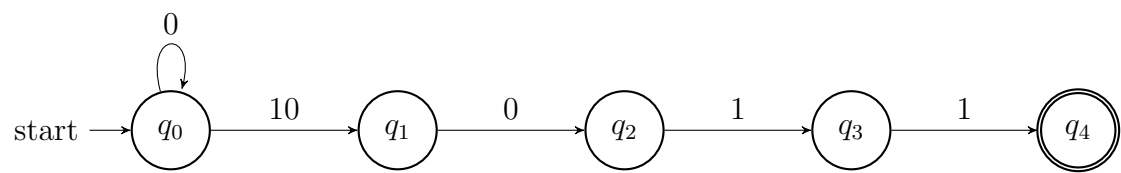
→ \$0.10

→ \$0.25

→ \$1.00



6.



7.

8.

9.

Regular Expression	Recognized Strings	Non-Recognized Strings
a^*b^*		
$a(ba)^*bb$		
$a^+ \cup b^*$		
$(\epsilon \cup a)b$		