Gravity: Analog Dissolved Oxygen Sensor SKU: SEN0237

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Introduction

There's an old saying regarding to keeping fish, "Good fish deserves good water". Good water quality is very important to the aquatic organisms. Dissolved oxygen is one of the important parameters to reflect the water quality. Low dissolved oxygen in water will lead to difficulty in breathing for aquatic organisms, which may threaten the lives of aquatic organisms their lives. We launched a new opensource dissolved oxygen sensor kit, which is compatible with Arduino. This product is used to measure the dissolved oxygen in water, to reflect the water quality. It is widely applied in many water quality applications, such as aquaculture, environment monitoring, natural science and so on. This sensor kit helps you quickly to build your own dissolved oxygen detector.

The probe is a galvanic probe, no need polarization time, and available at any time. The filling solution and membrane cap is replaceable, leading to the low maintenance cost. The signal converter board is plug and play, and has the good compatibility. It can be easily integrated to any control or detecting system.

This product is easy to use with high compatibility. With open-source code and detailed tutorial provided, this product is very suitable for your water projects in protecting detecting the dissolved oxygen concentration for the aquatic organisms.



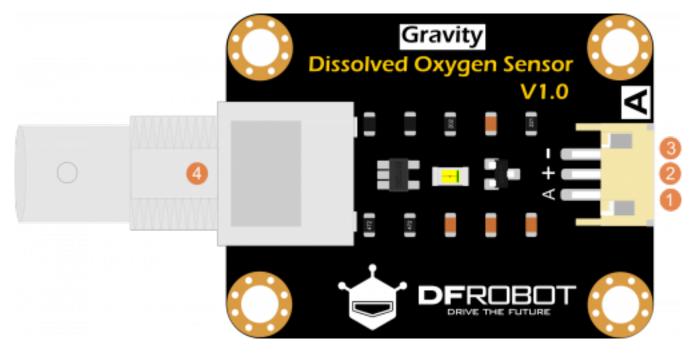
1. The filling solution is 0.5 mol/L NaOH solution. You need to pour it in the membrane cap before use. Please be caution with the operation because the solution is corrosive. Please wear gloves! If the solution accidentally drops onto the skin, wash your skin with plenty of water immediately.

- 2. The oxygen permeable membrane in the membrane cap is sensitive and fragile. Be caution when handling with it. Fingernail and other sharp objects should be avoided.
- 3. The DO sensor will consume a little oxygen during the measurement. Please gently stir the solution and let the oxygen to be distributed evenly in the water.

Specification

- Dissolved Oxygen Probe
 - o Type: Galvanic Probe
 - \circ Detection Range: 0~20 mg/L
 - o Temperature Range: 0~40 ℃
 - o Response Time: Up to 98% full response, within 90 seconds (25°C)
 - o Pressure Range: 0~50 PSI
 - o Electrode Service Life: 1 year (normal use)
 - o Maintenance Period:
 - Membrane Cap Replacement Period:
 - 1~2 months (in muddy water);
 - 4~5 months (in clean water)
 - Filling Solution Replacement Period: Once every month
 - o Cable Length: 2 meters
 - o Probe Connector: BNC
- Signal Converter Board
 - o Supply Voltage: 3.3~5.5V
 - o Output Signal: 0~3.0V
 - o Cable Connector: BNC
 - o Signal Connector: Gravity Analog Interface (PH2.0-3P)
 - o Dimension: 42mm * 32mm/1.65 * 1.26 inches

Board Overview



Dissolve
d Oxgen
Sensor

No.	Label	Description
1	A	Analog Signal Output (0~3.0V)
2	+	VCC (3.3~5.5V)
3	-	GND
4	BNC	Probe Cable Connector

Tutorial

This tutorial will show how to use this dissolved oxygen sensor kit. The dissolved oxygen probe is a precision electrochemical sensor. Please pay attention to the usage details.



- Before using the dissolved oxygen probe, 0.5 mol/L NaOH solution should be added into the membrane cap as the filling solution of the probe. As NaOH solution has strong corrosivity, protective gloves should be put on before handling the solution. If the solution accidentally drops onto the skin, wash your skin with plenty of water immediately.
- The oxygen permeable membrane in the membrane cap is sensitive and vulnerable. Be caution when handling with it. Fingernail and other sharp objects should be avoided.
- During the measuring process, the oxygen probe will consume a little oxygen. You need to gently stir the water and let the oxygen to be distributed evenly in water. On the other hand, do not stirring

violently to prevent the oxygen in the air from quickly entering into the water.

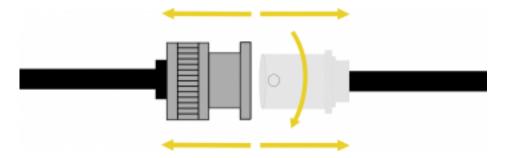
Requirements

- Hardware
 - o Dissolved Oxygen Probe (With Membrane Cap) x 1
 - 0.5mol/L NaOH Solution x 1
 - o <u>DFRduino UNO R3</u> (or similar) x 1
 - o Dissolved Oxygen Signal Converter Board x 1
 - Analog Cable (3Pin) x 1
- Software
 - o Arduino IDE (Version requirements: V1.0.x, V1.6.x or V1.8.x), Click to Download Arduino IDE from Arduino®

Prepare the Probe

For a new dissolved oxygen probe, 0.5 mol/L NaOH solution should be added into the membrane cap firstly as the filling solution. If the probe has been used for some time and the error grows greatly, it is time to change the filling solution. The following tutorial details how to fill the probe with the NaOH solution.

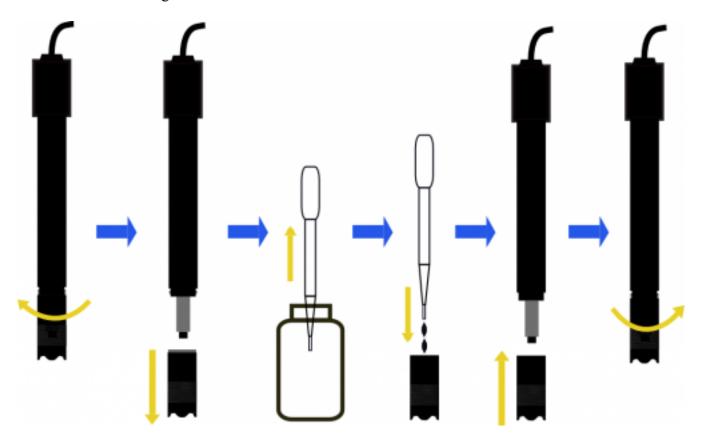
- 1. Pick up the probe and take off the BNC jumper
 - The BNC jumper is protecting the probe by shorting the output signal so as to keep the two poles of the probe at the same voltage level when probe is not filled with NaOH solution. When the probe is filled with NaOH solution, it outputs a voltage signal, and as a result, the probe should not be shorted. In sum, before filling the probe with the NaOH solution, the BNC jumper should be taken off, or it may shorten the lifespan of the probe.



2. Unscrew the membrane cap from the probe and fill about 2/3 volume of the cap with 0.5 mol/L NaOH solution. Make sure the probe is in vertical position with respect to the

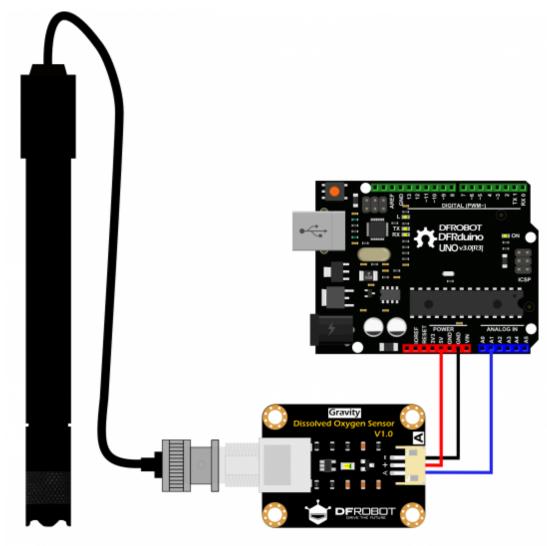
horizontal plane. Carefully screw the cap back to the probe. It would be nice if a little bit solution overflows out of the cap to ensure the probe is fully filled with NaOH solution.

- When screwing the cap back to the probe, the probe should be in vertical position with respect to the horizontal plane to avoid creating bubbles in the filling solution.
- If the cap is fully filled with NaOH solution, there will be too much solution overflowing when screwing the cap back to the probe. If the filling solution is too little, bubbles may be created inside the cap. In sum, the best way is to fill about 2/3 volume of the cap,a little bit overflow when screwing the cap back to the probe.
- Clean the overflowed solution with tissue.
- Screw the NaOH solution bottle after every use to prevent the CO2 in the air from affecting the solution.



Connection Diagram

When the probe is filled with NaOH solution, it needs calibration for once. Before calibration, please connect the probe as the following diagram. Connect the probe to BNC connector of the signal converter board. Connect the board to the analog input of Arduino main-board.



Dissolved Oxygen Sensor

Probe Calibration

If this is the first time you use the probe or the probe has been used for some time, the probe needs to be calibrated for accuracy.

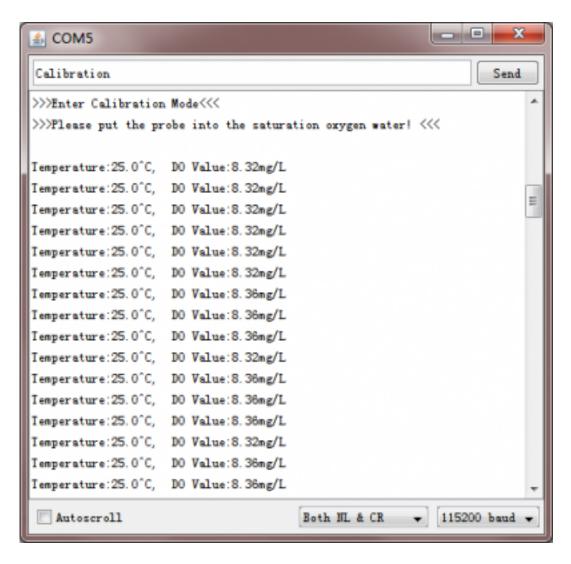
Common calibration methods: single point calibration and double points calibration. The single point calibration calibrates the probe with saturated dissolved oxygen. The double points calibration calibrates the probe with both saturated dissolved oxygen and zero dissolved oxygen. In most cases, the single point calibration is good enough and convenient. The following tutorial details the process of single point calibration.

- 1. Upload the sample code to Arduino and open the serial monitor. The program refreshes and prints the dissolved oxygen on the screen every seconds.
- 2. Dip the probe into the saturated dissolved oxygen water and gently stir the water. Check the dissolved oxygen readings and wait for the readings to be stable.

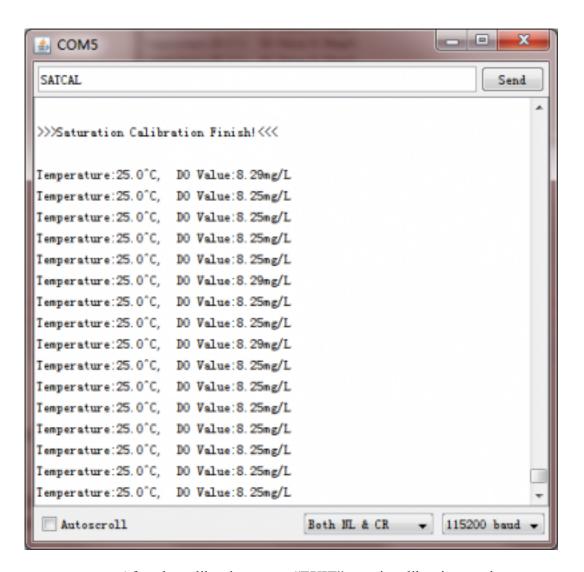
- Usually, it takes over 1 minute for the readings to become stable, because the electrochemical reaction in the probe takes time.
- If saturated dissolved oxygen water is not available, the air will be a replacement. Dip the probe into the water and stir it for several times to wet the permeable membrane of the cap. Expose the probe to the air for over 1 minute.

3. Wait for the dissolved oxygen readings to be stable. Then you can do the calibration. The steps are as followed.

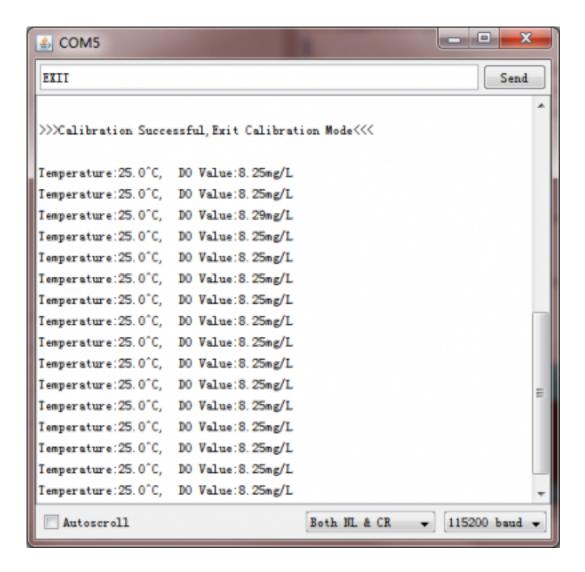
• Enter "Calibration" in the serial monitor to enter into calibration mode.



• Enter "SATCAL" for dissolved oxygen calibration. The program will print whether the calibration is successful or not.



• After the calibration, enter "EXIT" to exit calibration mode.



4. After the process stated above, the saturated dissolved oxygen calibration has completed. The probe is now ready for measurement.

FAQ

- Q1. How to config the saturated dissolved oxygen water by myself?
 - **A.** You can pump air into water for about 20 minutes to saturate the water with oxygen to obtain 100% dissolved oxygen standard liquid.
- Q2. How to make zero dissolved oxygen water?
 - **A.** Add sodium sulfite(Na2SO3) into water until it is saturated. This can consume all the oxygen in the water to obtain the zero dissolved oxygen liquid.
- **Q3.** How to store the probe ?

A.

- **1.** Short time (over nigh to a week): dip the probe into purified water or deionized water to prevent the filling solution to be evaporated. Disconnect the probe from instrument every time when it is not in use.
- **2.** Long time: (over a week): unscrew the cap from the probe and wash the electrodes core (cathode: platinum, anode: lead) and the cap with purified water or deionized water. Dry all the components with tissue. Screw the cap back to the probe without adding any filling solution to prevent the anode from being consumed. Put all the components back into the package.

O4. How to make 0.5 mol/L NaOH solution?

A. You need to purchase the NaOH solution firstly, and add 1~2 drops glycerinum to the NaOH solution every 100mL. Only by adding the NaOH solution into the probe can it be ready for use.

Q5. What problems would I usually meet? How to solve it?

A.

- **1.** If the readings of zero dissolved oxygen liquid is not zero or close to zero, you can polish the cathode of the probe.
- **2.** If the readings is not within normal range or the readings drifts, please check the membrane on the cap. If there are cracks, holes or contaminations on the membrane, please change the cap.

For any questions, advice or cool ideas to share, please visit the **DFRobot Forum**.

For more documents go to:

https://www.dfrobot.com/wiki/index.php/Gravity: Analog Dissolved Oxygen Sensor SKU:SE N0237#More

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