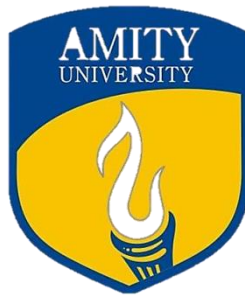


Data Structures using C

Lab File

Submitted to:

AMITY UNIVERSITY UTTAR PARDESH



**In partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of the degree of
Bachelor of technology**

In

Computer Science & Engineering

By

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CSE 4-X Semester 3

Submitted to:

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LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

[illegible]

Lab 1

Program:

Write a menu driven program for the insertion of elements in the beginning, middle, and the end of a 1-D array.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void beginning(int new_element, int n, int arr[]) {
    for(int i = n; i > 0; i--) {
        arr[i] = arr[i - 1];
    }
    arr[0] = new_element;
    printf("New array: ");
    for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++){
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    } printf("\n\n");
}
void middle(int new_element, int arr[], int position, int n) {
    for(int i = n; i >= position; i--) {
        arr[i] = arr[i - 1];
    }
    arr[position] = new_element;
    printf("New array: ");
    for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++){
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    } printf("\n\n");
}
void end(int new_element, int n, int arr[]) {
    arr[n] = new_element;
    printf("New array: ");
    for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++){
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    } printf("\n\n");
}
int main() {
    int arr[100];
    int n;
    int option;
    int new_element;
    int position;
    char repeat;

    printf("\n -> Insertion Option Menu:\n");
    printf("\nSelect the number for the task you want to perform.\n");
    printf("1- Beginning Insertion.\n2- Middle Insertion.\n3- End
Insertion.\n");
}
```

```

printf("\nCreate an array: \n");
printf("Enter number of elements: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("\nEnter the %d elements of the array: \n", n);
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    printf("Element %d: ", i);
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
}
printf("The array is: \n");
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
} printf("\n\n");

do {
    printf("Select the task (1-3): ");
    scanf("%d", &option);
    printf("\n");

    switch(option) {
        case 1:
            printf("Enter value to be inserted: ");
            scanf("%d", &new_element);
            beginning(new_element, n, arr);
            n = n + 1;
            break;
        case 2:
            printf("Enter value to be inserted: ");
            scanf("%d", &new_element);
            printf("Which position do you want to insert at: ");
            scanf("%d", &position);
            if(position < 0 || position > n) {
                printf("Invalid position...\n");
                n = n + 1;
                break;
            }
            middle(new_element, arr, position, n);
            break;
        case 3:
            printf("Enter value to be inserted: ");
            scanf("%d", &new_element);
            n = n + 1;
            end(new_element, n, arr);
            break;
        default:
            printf("Selected option does not exist.\n");
            printf("Please choose from 1-3 only...\n\n");
            break;
    }
}

```

```

        printf("Do you want to continue (Y/N): ");
        scanf(" %c", &repeat);
        printf("\n");
    }
    while(repeat == 'Y' || repeat == 'y');

    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

-> Insertion Option Menu:

Select the number for the task you want to perform.
1- Beginning Insertion.
2- Middle Insertion.
3- End Insertion.

Create an array:
Enter number of elements: 5

Enter the 5 elements of the array:
Element 0: 2
Element 1: 4
Element 2: 6
Element 3: 8
Element 4: 10
The array is:
2 4 6 8 10

Select the task (1-3): 1

Enter value to be inserted: 1
New array: 1 2 4 6 8 10

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select the task (1-3): 2

Enter value to be inserted: 5
Which position do you want to insert at: 3
New array: 1 2 4 5 6 8 10

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select the task (1-3): 3

Enter value to be inserted: 11
New array: 1 2 4 5 6 8 10 11

Do you want to continue (Y/N): n

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```

Lab 2

Program:

Write a menu driven program for the deletion of elements from the beginning middle and end of a 1-D array.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void beginning(int n, int arr[]) {
    for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        arr[i] = arr[i + 1];
    }
    n = n - 1;
    printf("New array: ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    } printf("\n\n");
}
void middle(int arr[], int position, int n) {
    for(int i = position; i <= n - 1; i++) {
        arr[i] = arr[i + 1];
    }
    n = n - 1;
    printf("New array: ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n\n");
}
void end(int n, int arr[]) {
    n = n - 1;
    printf("New array: ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    } printf("\n\n");
}
int main() {
    int arr[100];
    int n;
    int option;
    int position;
    char repeat;

    printf("\n -> Deletion Option Menu:\n");
    printf("\nSelect the number for the task you want to perform.\n");
    printf("1- First Element Deletion.\n2- Middle Element Deletion.\n3- Last\nElement Deletion.\n");
```



```

printf("\nCreate an array: \n");
printf("Enter number of elements: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("\nEnter the %d elements of the array: \n", n);
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    printf("Element %d: ", i);
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
}
printf("The array is: \n");
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
} printf("\n\n");

do {
    printf("Select the task (1-3): ");
    scanf("%d", &option);
    printf("\n");

    switch(option) {
        case 1:
            beginning(n, arr);
            n = n - 1;
            break;
        case 2:
            printf("Which position element do you want to delete: ");
            scanf("%d", &position);
            if(position < 0 || position > n) {
                printf("Invalid position...\n");
                break;
            }
            middle(arr, position, n);
            n = n - 1;
            break;
        case 3:
            end(n, arr);
            break;
        default:
            printf("Selected option does not exist.\n");
            printf("Please choose from 1-3 only...\n\n");
            break;
    }
    printf("Do you want to continue (Y/N): ");
    scanf(" %c", &repeat);
    printf("\n");
}
while(repeat == 'Y' || repeat == 'y');
return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
-> Deletion Option Menu:  
  
Select the number for the task you want to perform.  
1- First Element Deletion.  
2- Middle Element Deletion.  
3- Last Element Deletion.
```

```
Create an array:  
Enter number of elements: 8
```

```
Enter the 8 elements of the array:  
Element 0: 2  
Element 1: 4  
Element 2: 6  
Element 3: 8  
Element 4: 10  
Element 5: 12  
Element 6: 14  
Element 7: 16  
The array is:  
2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16
```

```
Select the task (1-3): 1
```

```
New array: 4 6 8 10 12 14 16
```

```
Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
```

```
Select the task (1-3): 2
```

```
Which position element do you want to delete: 4  
New array: 4 6 8 10 14 16
```

```
Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
```

```
Select the task (1-3): 3
```

```
New array: 4 6 8 10 14
```

```
Do you want to continue (Y/N): n
```

```
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```

Lab 3

Program:

Write a program to perform linear search and binary search on a 1-D array.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int linear_search(int arr[], int n, int val) {
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if(arr[i] == val) {
            return i;
        }
    }
    return -1;
}

int binary_search(int arr[], int low, int high, int val) {
    if(high >= low) {
        int mid = low + (high - low) / 2;
        if(arr[mid] == val)
            return mid;
        if(arr[mid] > val)
            return binary_search(arr, low, mid-1, val);

        return binary_search(arr, mid+1, high, val);
    }
    return -1;
}

int main() {
    int arr[100], n, val, index, optn, contn;

    printf("\nNote: array must be sorted...\n");
    printf("Create an array:\n");
    printf("\nEnter the number of elements (n) in the array: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("\nEnter the %d elements of the array:\n", n);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Element %d: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\nThe array created:\n");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    } printf("\n\n");

    do {
        printf("Choose the search you want to perform:\n");
```

```

printf(" 1- Linear search.\n 2- Binary search.\n");
printf("Enter option: ");
scanf("%d", &optn);

switch(optn) {
    case 1:
        printf("\nLinear search:\n");
        printf("Enter the value you want to search: ");
        scanf("%d", &val);
        index = linear_search(arr, n, val);
        if(index == -1) {
            printf("Element is not present in given array.\n");
        }
        else {
            printf("The value %d is present in array at index: %d\n",
val, index);
        }
        break;
    case 2:
        printf("\nBinary search:\n");
        printf("Enter the value you want to search: ");
        scanf("%d", &val);
        index = binary_search(arr, 0, n-1, val);
        if(index == -1) {
            printf("Element is not present in given array.\n");
        }
        else
            printf("The value %d is present in array at index: %d\n",
val, index);
        break;
    default:
        printf("Incorrect option...\nPlease choose from provided
menu.\n");
        break;
}
printf("\nDo you want to continue(Y/N): ");
scanf(" %c", &contn);
}
while(contn == 'Y' || contn == 'y');

printf("\nProgram terminated successfully...\n\n");

return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
Note: array must be sorted...
Create an array:

Enter the number of elements (n) in the array: 5

Enter the 5 elements of the array:
Element 0: 2
Element 1: 4
Element 2: 7
Element 3: 10
Element 4: 15

The array created:
2 4 7 10 15

Choose the search you want to perform:
1- Linear search.
2- Binary search.
Enter option: 1

Linear search:
Enter the value you want to search: 7
The value 7 is present in array at index: 2

Do you want to continue(Y/N): y
Choose the search you want to perform:
1- Linear search.
2- Binary search.
Enter option: 2

Binary search:
Enter the value you want to search: 10
The value 10 is present in array at index: 3

Do you want to continue(Y/N): n

Program terminated successfully...

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```

Lab 4

Program:

Write a menu driven program to perform operations on 2-D arrays. The program must perform the operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication, transpose, diagonal elements sum, print upper triangle, and print lower triangle.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 50
void array(int num, int n, int m, int a[MAX][MAX]) {
    printf("Enter the elements of the %d array:\n", num);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Row %d of array:\n", i);
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            printf("Element %d: ", j);
            scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("\nArray %d created:\n", num);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf(" ");
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            printf("%d ", a[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    } printf("\n");
}

void addition(int n, int m, int a1[MAX][MAX], int a2[MAX][MAX]) {
    int a_result[MAX][MAX];
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf(" ");
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            a_result[i][j] = a1[i][j] + a2[i][j];
            printf("%d ", a_result[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void subtraction(int n, int m, int a1[MAX][MAX], int a2[MAX][MAX]) {
    int a_result[MAX][MAX];
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf(" ");
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            a_result[i][j] = a1[i][j] - a2[i][j];
        }
    }
}
```

```

        printf("%d ", a_result[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
printf("\n");
}

void multiplication(int n, int m, int a1[MAX][MAX], int a2[MAX][MAX]) {
    int a_result[MAX][MAX];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            a_result[i][j] = 0;
            for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
                a_result[i][j] += a1[i][k] * a2[k][j];
            }
            printf("%d\t", a_result[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

void transpose(int n, int m, int a[MAX][MAX]) {
    int a_result[MAX][MAX];
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            a_result[i][j] = a[j][i];
            printf("%d ", a_result[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void diagonal_Sum(int n, int m, int a[MAX][MAX], int optn) {
    int sum = 0;
    if(optn == 1) {
        for(int i = 0; i < n ; i++)
            for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
                if(i == j) {
                    sum += a[i][j];
                }
            }
    }
    Else {
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
                int c = i + j;
                if(c == (n-1)) {
                    sum += a[i][j];
                }
            }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    printf("Sum of diagonal is: %d\n", sum);
}
void upper_Triangle(int n, int m, int a[MAX][MAX]) {
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            printf("%d ", a[i][j]);
        }
        m--;
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("\n");
}
void lower_Triangle(int n, int m, int a[MAX][MAX]) {
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            int c = i + j;
            if(c > (n-1)) {
                printf("%d ", a[i][j]);
            }
            else
                printf(" ");
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("\n");
}
int main() {
    int option, arrChoice;
    int n, m, num, transpose_of, up_tri, lo_tri, optn;
    int a1[MAX][MAX], a2[MAX][MAX];
    char exit;

    //Creating 2 2D arrays from user input:
    printf("Create array 1:\n");
    printf("Enter number of rows of array: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter number of columns of array: ");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    array(1, n, m, a1);

    printf("Create array 2:\n");
    array(2, n, m, a2);

    //Printing menu and taking option input:
    printf("\n***** 2D Array Operations *****\n\n");
    printf("Choose the operation you want to perform:\n");

```



```

printf(" 0- Create new arrays.\n 1- Addition.\n 2- Subtraction.\n 3-  
Multiplication.\n 4- Transpose.\n 5- Diagonal sum.\n 6- Upper triangle.\n 7-  
Lower triangle.");

```

```

do {
    printf("\nSelect operation: ");
    scanf("%d", &option);
    printf("\n");

    switch(option) {
        case 0:
            printf("Create array 1:\n");
            printf("Enter number of rows of array: ");
            scanf("%d", &n);
            printf("Enter number of columns of array: ");
            scanf("%d", &m);
            array(1, n, m, a1);
            printf("Create array 2:\n");
            array(2, n, m, a1);
            break;
        case 1:
            addition(n, m, a1, a2);
            break;
        case 2:
            subtraction(n, m, a1, a2);
            break;
        case 3:
            multiplication(n, m, a1, a2);
            break;
        case 4:
            printf("Choose array to transpose(1/2): ");
            scanf("%d", &transpose_of);
            if(transpose_of == 1) {
                transpose(n, m, a1);
            }
            else {
                transpose(n, m, a2);
            }
            break;
        case 5:
            printf("Choose diagonal:\n");
            printf(" 1- Decreasing diagonal.\n 2- Increasing  
diagonal.\n");
            printf("Enter option: ");
            scanf("%d", &optn);
            printf("Choose array to sum the diagonal of(1/2): ");
            scanf("%d", &arrChoice);
            if(arrChoice == 1) {
                diagonal_Sum(n, m, a1, optn);
            }
        }
    }
} while(option != -1);

```

```

    }
    else {
        diagonal_Sum(n, m, a2, optn);
    }
    break;
case 6:
    printf("Choose array to print upper triangle of(1/2): ");
    scanf("%d", &up_tri);
    if(up_tri == 1) {
        upper_Triangle(n, m, a1);
    }
    else {
        upper_Triangle(n, m, a2);
    }
    break;
case 7:
    printf("Choose array to print lower triangle of(1/2): ");
    scanf("%d", &lo_tri);
    if(lo_tri == 1) {
        lower_Triangle(n, m, a1);
    }
    else {
        lower_Triangle(n, m, a2);
    }
    break;
default:
    printf("Wrong option...\n");
    printf("Choose from given options (1 - 7).\n\n");
    break;
}
printf("Do you want to continue (Y/N): ");
scanf(" %c", &exit);
}
while(exit == 'Y' || exit == 'y');
printf("\nProgram terminated successfully...\n\n");
return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
Create array 1:
Enter number of rows of array: 3
Enter number of columns of array: 3
Enter the elements of the 1 array:
Row 0 of array:
Element 0: 1
Element 1: 2
Element 2: 3
Row 1 of array:
Element 0: 4
Element 1: 5
Element 2: 6
Row 2 of array:
Element 0: 7
Element 1: 8
Element 2: 9
```

Array 1 created:

```
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
```

```
Create array 2:
Enter the elements of the 2 array:
Row 0 of array:
Element 0: 9
Element 1: 8
Element 2: 7
Row 1 of array:
Element 0: 6
Element 1: 5
Element 2: 4
Row 2 of array:
Element 0: 3
Element 1: 2
Element 2: 1
```

Array 2 created:

```
9 8 7
6 5 4
3 2 1
```

***** 2D Array Operations *****

Choose the operation you want to perform:

- 0- Create new arrays.
- 1- Addition.
- 2- Subtraction.
- 3- Multiplication.
- 4- Transpose.
- 5- Diagonal sum.
- 6- Upper triangle.
- 7- Lower triangle.

Select operation: 1

```
10 10 10
10 10 10
10 10 10
```

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select operation: 2

```
-8 -6 -4
-2 0 2
4 6 8
```

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select operation: 3

```
30    24    18
84    69    54
138   114    90
```

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select operation: 4

Choose array to transpose(1/2): 1

```
1 4 7
2 5 8
3 6 9
```

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select operation: 4

Choose array to transpose(1/2): 2

```
9 6 3
8 5 2
7 4 1
```

```
Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select operation: 5

Choose diagonal:
1- Decreasing diagonal.
2- Increasing diagonal.
Enter option: 1
Choose array to sum the diagonal of(1/2): 1
Sum of diagonal is: 15

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select operation: 6

Choose array to print upper triangle of(1/2): 2
9 8 7
6 5
3

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y

Select operation: 7

Choose array to print lower triangle of(1/2): 1

    6
  8 9

Do you want to continue (Y/N): n

Program terminated successfully...

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```

Lab 5

Program:

Write a program to pass an array as a parameter to a function.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 50
int array_multiple(int n, int m, int x, int arr[MAX][MAX]) {
    int new_arr[MAX][MAX];
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            new_arr[i][j] = arr[i][j] * x;
            printf("%d ", new_arr[i][j]); }
        printf("\n");
    }
}
int main() {
    int n, m, x;
    int arr[MAX][MAX];

    printf("Create a 2-D array:\n");
    printf("Enter number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter number of columns: ");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter the elements of the array:\n");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Row %d of array:\n", i);
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            printf("Element %d: ", j);
            scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]); }
    }
    printf("\nArray created:\n");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("  ");
        for(int j = 0; j < m; j++){
            printf("%d ", arr[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    } printf("\n");
    printf("Enter the multiple value: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    array_multiple(n, m, x, arr);

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
    } ; if ($?) { .\Array_parameter }  
Create a 2-D array:  
Enter number of rows: 2  
Enter number of columns: 3  
Enter the elements of the array:  
Row 0 of array:  
Element 0: 1  
Element 1: 2  
Element 2: 3  
Row 1 of array:  
Element 0: 4  
Element 1: 5  
Element 2: 6  
  
Array created:  
    1 2 3  
    4 5 6  
  
Enter the multiple value: 3  
3 6 9  
12 15 18  
PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C> █
```

Lab 6

Program:

Write a menu driven program to implement the stack operations of PUSH, POP, and Display.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 5
int stack[MAX];
int top = -1;
void PUSH(int val) {
    printf("\nEnter value to push to stack: ");
    scanf("%d", &val);
    if(top == (MAX - 1)) {
        printf("\nStack is full.\nCannot PUSH new value to stack.\n");
    }
    else {
        top++;
        stack[top] = val;
        printf("%d pushed to stack.\n", val);
    }
}
void POP() {
    if(top == -1) {
        printf("Stack is empty.\n");
    }
    else {
        printf("%d popped from stack.\n", stack[top]);
        top--;
    }
}
void display() {
    if(top == -1) {
        printf("Stack is empty.\nNo Display...\n");
    }
    else {
        printf("Stack Display:\n");
        for(int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
            printf("    %d\n", stack[i]);
        }
    }
}
int main() {
    int optn, val;
    char contn;
    printf("Stack operations:\n 1- PUSH.\n 2- POP.\n 3- Display stack.\n");
```



```

do {
    printf("Enter option (1-3): ");
    scanf("%d", &optn);
    switch(optn) {
        case 1:
            PUSH(val);
            break;
        case 2:
            POP();
            break;
        case 3:
            display();
            break;
        default:
            printf("Incorrect option.\nPlease choose from given
options.\n");
            break;
    }
    printf("\nDo you want to continue (Y/N): ");
    scanf(" %c", &contn);
}
while(contn == 'Y' || contn == 'y');
printf("\nProgram terminates successfully...\n\n");
return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
s } ; if ($?) { .\Stack_Operations }
Stack operations:
1- PUSH.
2- POP.
3- Display stack.
Enter option (1-4): 1

Enter value to push to stack: 10
10 pushed to stack.

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-4): 1

Enter value to push to stack: 20
20 pushed to stack.

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-4): 1

Enter value to push to stack: 30
30 pushed to stack.

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-4): 3
Stack Display:
    30
    20
    10

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-4): 2
30 popped from stack.

Do you want to continue (Y/N): n

Program terminates successfully...
```

D5: C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNIT_STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C> █

Lab 7

Program:

Write a menu driven program to implement the queue operations of enqueue, dequeue, and display.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 10
int Q[MAX];
int F = -1, R = -1;
void enqueue(int val) {
    if(R == (MAX - 1)) {
        printf("Queue is full.\n");
    }
    else if(F == -1 && R == -1) {
        F = 0;
        R = 0;
        printf("\nEnter value to add to queue: ");
        scanf("%d", &val);
        Q[R] = val;
        printf("%d added to queue.\n", val);
    }
    else {
        R++;
        printf("\nEnter value to add to queue: ");
        scanf("%d", &val);
        Q[R] = val;
        printf("%d added to queue.\n", val);
    }
}
void dequeue() {
    if(F == -1 && R == -1) {
        printf("Queue is already empty.\n");
    }
    else if(F == (MAX - 1) && R == (MAX - 1)) {
        F = -1;
        R = -1;
    }
    else {
        printf("%d deleted from queue.\n", Q[F]);
        F++;
    }
}
void display() {
    printf("\nDisplay Queue:\n");
    printf(" ");
}
```

```

        for(int i = F; i <= R; i++)
            printf("%d ", Q[i]);
        printf("\n");
    }
int main() {
    int val, optn;
    char contn;
    printf("\nQueue operations:\n 1- Insert in queue.\n 2- Delete from
queue.\n 3- Display queue.\n");
    do {
        printf("Enter option (1-3): ");
        scanf("%d", &optn);
        switch(optn) {
            case 1:
                enqueue(val);
                break;
            case 2:
                dequeue();
                break;
            case 3:
                display();
                break;
            default:
                printf("Incorrect option.\nChoose from given options (1-
3).\n");
                break;
        }
        printf("\nDo you want to continue (Y/N): ");
        scanf(" %c", &contn);
    }
    while(contn == 'Y' || contn == 'y');
    printf("\nProgram terminated successfully...\n\n");
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C> cd C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop
ns } ; if ($?) { .\Queue_Operations }

Queue operations:
1- Insert in queue.
2- Delete from queue.
3- Display queue.
Enter option (1-3): 1

Enter value to add to queue: 10
10 added to queue.

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-3): 1

Enter value to add to queue: 20
20 added to queue.

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-3): 1

Enter value to add to queue: 30
30 added to queue.

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-3): 3

Display Queue:
10 20 30

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-3): 2
10 deleted from queue.

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter option (1-3): 3

Display Queue:
20 30

Do you want to continue (Y/N): n

Program terminated successfully...

PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C> █
```

Lab 8

Program:

Write a program to take a string of parenthesis as input and to check whether the parenthesis are balanced or not with the use of stacks.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define MAX 100
void parenthesis_check(char s[]) {
    char stack[MAX];
    int stack_index = -1;
    int len = strlen(s);
    char input[MAX];
    int input_index = -1;
    int flag = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
        char c = s[i];
        if(c == '(' || c == '[' || c == '{') {
            stack_index++;
            stack[stack_index] = c;
        }
        else if(c == ')' || c == ']' || c == '}') {
            if(stack_index > -1) {
                if((c == ')' && stack[stack_index] == '(') || (c == ']' &&
stack[stack_index] == '[') || (c == '}' && stack[stack_index] == '{')) {
                    stack_index--;
                    // printf("%d \n", stack_index);
                }
                else {
                    // printf("Unbalanced!\n");
                    flag = 1;
                    break;
                }
            }
            else if(stack_index == -1) {
                // printf("Unbalanced!\n");
                flag = 1;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    if(stack_index == -1) {
        if(flag == 0) {
            printf("\nParenthesis string is balanced...\n\n");
        }
    }
}
```

```

        else {
            printf("\nString is unbalanced...\n\n");
        }
    }
    else if(stack_index >= 0) {
        printf("\nString is unbalanced...\n\n");
    }
}
int main() {
    char string[MAX];
    printf("Parenthesis Checker:\n\n");
    printf("Enter parenthesis string: ");
    fgets(string, MAX, stdin);
    parenthesis_check(string);
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

sis_checker.c -o Parenthesis_Checker } ; if ($?) { .\Parenthesis_Checker }
Parenthesis Checker:

Enter parenthesis string: {()}[([[])][]]}

Parenthesis string is balanced...

PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C> cd "c:\Users\Faizan\Desktop" & gcc sis_checker.c -o Parenthesis_Checker } ; if ($?) { .\Parenthesis_Checker }
Parenthesis Checker:

Enter parenthesis string: {{()}[([[])][]]}

String is unbalanced...

PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C> 

```

Lab 9

Program:

Write a program to perform infix to prefix conversion on an expression and to perform evaluation of the prefix expression.

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define MAX 100
int precedence(char c) {
    if (c == '^')
        return 3;
    else if (c == '/' || c == '*')
        return 2;
    else if (c == '+' || c == '-')
        return 1;
    else
        return -1;
}
void ReverseString(char* str) {
    int len = strlen(str);
    for (int i = 0; i < len / 2; i++) {
        char temp = str[i];
        str[i] = str[len - 1 - i];
        str[len - 1 - i] = temp;
    }
}
void Prefix(char s[]) {
    char exp[MAX];
    int len = strlen(s);
    char stack[MAX];
    int stack_index = -1;
    int output_index = 0;
    ReverseString(s);
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
        char c = s[i];
        if (isdigit(c) || isalpha(c)) {
            exp[output_index++] = c;
        } else if (c == ')') {
            stack[++stack_index] = c;
        } else if (c == '(') {
            while (stack_index >= 0 && stack[stack_index] != ')') {
                exp[output_index++] = stack[stack_index--];
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```

        stack_index--;
    } else {
        while (stack_index >= 0 && precedence(c) <
precedence(stack[stack_index])) {
            exp[output_index++] = stack[stack_index--];
        }
        stack[++stack_index] = c;
    }
}
while (stack_index >= 0) {
    exp[output_index++] = stack[stack_index--];
}
exp[output_index] = '\0';
ReverseString(exp);
printf("Prefix expression:\n %s\n", exp);
int evaluation[MAX];
int eval_index = -1;
for (int i = strlen(exp) - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    char e = exp[i];
    if (isdigit(e)) {
        evaluation[++eval_index] = e - '0';
    } else if (e == '+' || e == '-' || e == '*' || e == '/') {
        int a = evaluation[eval_index--];
        int b = evaluation[eval_index--];
        int result = 0;
        if (e == '+') {
            result = a + b;
            printf("%d + %d = %d\n", a, b, result);
        } else if (e == '-') {
            result = a - b;
            printf("%d - %d = %d\n", a, b, result);
        } else if (e == '*') {
            result = a * b;
            printf("%d * %d = %d\n", a, b, result);
        } else if (e == '/') {
            result = a / b;
            printf("%d / %d = %d\n", a, b, result);
        }
        evaluation[++eval_index] = result;
    }
}
printf("Evaluation of prefix expression:\n %d\n", evaluation[eval_index]);
}
int main() {
    char exp[MAX];
    char contn;
    do {
        printf("Enter expression: ");

```

```

    fgets(exp, MAX, stdin);
    exp[strcspn(exp, "\n")] = '\0';
    Prefix(exp);
    int ch;
    while ((ch = getchar()) != '\n' && ch != EOF);
    printf("Do you want to continue (Y/N): ");
    scanf(" %c", &contn);
    while ((ch = getchar()) != '\n' && ch != EOF);
}
while(contn == 'y' || contn == 'Y');
printf("\nProgram terminated successfully...\n\n");
return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C> cd "c:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C"
cc Prefix.c -o Prefix } ; if ($?) { .\Prefix }
Enter expression: 5+4*3
Prefix expression:
+5*43
4 * 3 = 12
5 + 12 = 17
Evaluation of prefix expression:
17

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter expression: (a-b/c)*(A/K-L)
Prefix expression:
*-a/bc-/AKL
PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C>

```

Lab 10

Program:

Write a program to perform infix to postfix conversion on an expression and to perform evaluation of the postfix expression.

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define MAX 100
int precedence(char c) {
    if (c == '^')
        return 3;
    else if (c == '/' || c == '*')
        return 2;
    else if (c == '+' || c == '-')
        return 1;
    else
        return -1;
}
void Postfix(char s[]) {
    char output_exp[MAX];
    int output_index = 0;
    int len = strlen(s);
    char stack[MAX];
    int stack_index = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
        char c = s[i];
        if ((c >= 'a' && c <= 'z') || (c >= 'A' && c <= 'Z') || (c >= '0' && c
<= '9')) {
            output_exp[output_index++] = c;
        }
        else if (c == '(') {
            stack[++stack_index] = c;
        }
        else if (c == ')') {
            while (stack_index >= 0 && stack[stack_index] != '(') {
                output_exp[output_index++] = stack[stack_index--];
            }
            stack_index--;
        }
        else {
            while (stack_index >= 0 && (precedence(s[i]) <
precedence(stack[stack_index]) ||
```

```

                                precedence(s[i]) ==
precedence(stack[stack_index])) {
    output_exp[output_index++] = stack[stack_index--];
}
output_exp[output_index++] = ' ';
stack[++stack_index] = c;
}
}
while (stack_index >= 0) {
    output_exp[output_index++] = stack[stack_index--];
    output_exp[output_index++] = ' ';
}
output_exp[output_index] = '\0';
printf("Postfix expression:\n %s\n", output_exp);
int evaluation[MAX];
int eval_index = -1;
int i = 0;
while (output_exp[i] != '\0') {
    if (isdigit(output_exp[i])) {
        int num = 0;
        while (isdigit(output_exp[i])) {
            num = num * 10 + (output_exp[i] - '0');
            i++;
        }
        evaluation[++eval_index] = num;
    } else if (output_exp[i] == ' ') {
        i++;
    } else if (output_exp[i] == '+' || output_exp[i] == '-' ||
output_exp[i] == '*' || output_exp[i] == '/') {
        int b = evaluation[eval_index--];
        int a = evaluation[eval_index--];
        int result = 0;
        if (output_exp[i] == '+') {
            result = a + b;
            printf("%d + %d = %d\n", a, b, result);
        } else if (output_exp[i] == '-') {
            result = a - b;
            printf("%d - %d = %d\n", a, b, result);
        } else if (output_exp[i] == '*') {
            result = a * b;
            printf("%d * %d = %d\n", a, b, result);
        } else if (output_exp[i] == '/') {
            result = a / b;
            printf("%d / %d = %d\n", a, b, result);
        }
        evaluation[++eval_index] = result;
        i++;
    } else {

```

```

        i++;
    }
}
printf("Evaluation of expression:\n %d\n", evaluation[eval_index]);
}
int main() {
    char exp[MAX];
    char contn;
    int ch;
    do {
        printf("Enter expression: ");
        fgets(exp, MAX, stdin);
        exp[strcspn(exp, "\n")] = '\0';
        Postfix(exp);
        while ((ch = getchar()) != '\n' && ch != EOF);
        printf("Do you want to continue (Y/N): ");
        scanf(" %c", &contn);
        while ((ch = getchar()) != '\n' && ch != EOF);
    }
    while (contn == 'y' || contn == 'Y');
    printf("\nProgram terminated successfully...\n\n");
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C> cd "c:\Users\Faizan\Desktop"
cc Postfix.c -o Postfix } ; if ($?) { .\Postfix }
Enter expression: 14+3-8*2
Postfix expression:
  14 3+ 8 2* -
14 + 3 = 17
8 * 2 = 16
17 - 16 = 1
Evaluation of expression:
  1

Do you want to continue (Y/N): y
Enter expression: (A-K*(B+C)/D*E)+F
Postfix expression:
  A K B C+* D/ E*- F+
0 + 0 = 0
0 * 0 = 0
PS C:\Users\Faizan\Desktop\UNI-STUFF\Semester 3\Data Structures in C>

```