MECH230 Dynamics - Fall 2024
**Recommended Problems - Set 1**

The problems are taken from J. L. Meriam, L. G. Kraige, and J. N. Bolton (MKB), Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics, Ninth Edition, Wiley, New York, 2018.

2/24 A particle moving along a straight line has an acceleration which varies according to position as shown. If the velocity of the particle at the position $x = -5$ ft is $v = 4$ ft/sec, determine the velocity when $x = 9$ ft.
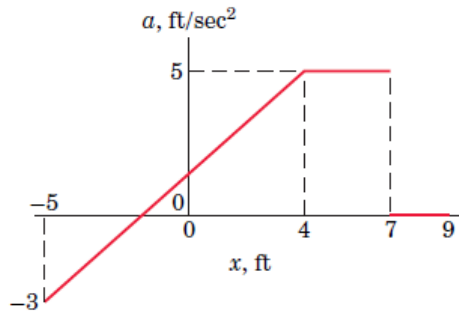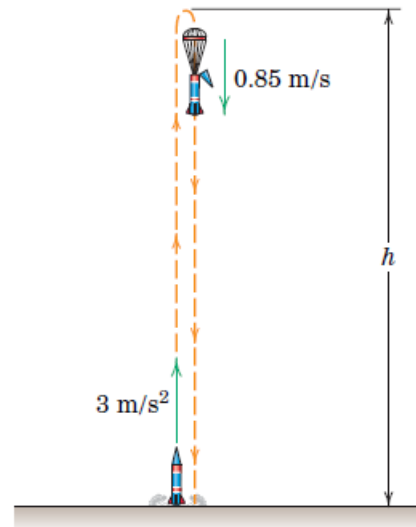

PROBLEM 2/24

2/28 The 230,000-lb space-shuttle orbiter touches down at about 220 mi/hr. At 200 mi/hr its drag parachute deploys. At 35 mi/hr, the chute is jettisoned from the orbiter. If the deceleration in feet per second squared during the time that the chute is deployed is $-0.0003v^2$ (speed v in feet per second), determine the corresponding distance traveled by the orbiter. Assume no braking from its wheel brakes.
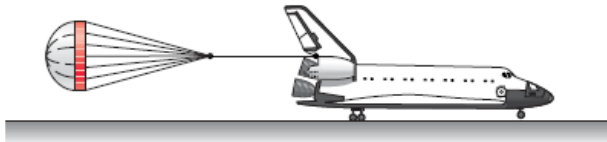
PROBLEM 2/28

2/25 A model rocket is launched from rest with a constant upward acceleration of 3 m/s^2 under the action of a small thruster. The thruster shuts off after 8 seconds, and the rocket continues upward until it reaches its apex. At apex, a small chute opens which ensures that the rocket falls at a constant speed of 0.85 m/s until it impacts the ground. Determine the maximum height h attained by the rocket and the total flight time. Neglect aerodynamic drag during ascent, and assume that the mass of the rocket and the acceleration of gravity are both constant.

0.85 m/s

h

3 m/s^2

PROBLEM 2/25