

Code 1:

```
# Sayantani Karmakar, 20CS8024
labels = []

def calculatePathWeight(path, graph):
    total_weight = 0
    for i in range(len(path) - 1):
        total_weight += graph[path[i]][path[i + 1]]
    total_weight += graph[path[-1]][path[0]]
    return total_weight

# Function to convert numerical indices to labels (A, B, C, D)
def index_to_label(index):
    return labels[index]

# Function to convert numerical indices in the path to labels
def convert_indices_to_labels(indices):
    return [index_to_label(index) for index in indices]

# Implementation of traveling Salesman Problem
def travellingSalesmanProblem(graph):
    V = len(graph)

    vertices = list(range(V))

    min_path_weight = float('inf')
    min_path = []

    def generate_permutations(arr, i):
        if i == len(arr):
            nonlocal min_path_weight, min_path
            path_weight = calculatePathWeight(arr, graph)
            if path_weight < min_path_weight:
                min_path_weight = path_weight
                min_path = arr[:]
        else:
            for j in range(i, len(arr)):
                arr[i], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[i]
                generate_permutations(arr, i + 1)
                arr[i], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[i]
    generate_permutations(vertices, 0)
    return min_path, min_path_weight

if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("Sayantani Karmakar, 20CS8024")
    # Input the number of vertices
    V = int(input("Enter the number of vertices: "))
    for i in range(V):
        labels.append(chr(ord('A')+i))

    # Input the matrix
```

```

graph = []
print("Enter the matrix (space-separated values):")
for _ in range(V):
    row = list(map(int, input().split()))
    graph.append(row)

s = 0

# Calculate the minimum path and path weight
min_path, min_path_weight = travellingSalesmanProblem(graph)

# Convert the indices in the path to labels (A, B, C, D)
min_path = convert_indices_to_labels(min_path)

# Print the minimum path and path weight
print("Minimum Path Weight:", min_path_weight)
print("Minimum Path:")

for i in range(len(min_path) - 1):
    print(min_path[i], "->", min_path[i + 1])

print(min_path[-1], "->", min_path[0])

```

Output 1:

```

> python sol.py
Sayantani Karmakar, 20CS8024
Enter the number of vertices: 4
Enter the matrix (space-separated values):
999 4 9 5
6 999 4 8
9 4 999 9
5 8 9 999
Minimum Path Weight: 22
Minimum Path:
A -> B
B -> C
C -> D
D -> A

```

Code 2:

```
# Sayantani Karmakar, 20CS8024
labels = []

def calculatePathWeight(path, graph):
    total_weight = 0
    for i in range(len(path) - 1):
        total_weight += graph[path[i]][path[i + 1]]
    total_weight += graph[path[-1]][path[0]]
    return total_weight

# Function to convert numerical indices to labels (A, B, C, D)
def index_to_label(index):
    return labels[index]

# Function to convert numerical indices in the path to labels
def convert_indices_to_labels(indices):
    return [index_to_label(index) for index in indices]

# Implementation of traveling Salesman Problem
def travellingSalesmanProblem(graph):
    V = len(graph)

    vertices = list(range(V))

    min_path_weight = float('inf')
    min_path = []

    def generate_permutations(arr, i):
        if i == len(arr):
            nonlocal min_path_weight, min_path
            path_weight = calculatePathWeight(arr, graph)
            if path_weight < min_path_weight:
                min_path_weight = path_weight
                min_path = arr[:]
        else:
            for j in range(i, len(arr)):
                arr[i], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[i]
                generate_permutations(arr, i + 1)
                arr[i], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[i]
    generate_permutations(vertices, 0)
    return min_path, min_path_weight

if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("Sayantani Karmakar, 20CS8024")
    # Input the number of vertices
    V = int(input("Enter the number of vertices: "))
    for i in range(V):
        labels.append(chr(ord('A')+i))

    # Input the matrix
```

```

graph = []
print("Enter the matrix (space-separated values):")
for _ in range(V):
    row = list(map(int, input().split()))
    graph.append(row)

s = 0

# Calculate the minimum path and path weight
min_path, min_path_weight = travellingSalesmanProblem(graph)

# Convert the indices in the path to labels (A, B, C, D)
min_path = convert_indices_to_labels(min_path)

# Print the minimum path and path weight
print("Minimum Path Weight:", min_path_weight)
print("Minimum Path:")

for i in range(len(min_path) - 1):
    print(min_path[i], "->", min_path[i + 1])

print(min_path[-1], "->", min_path[0])

```

Output 2:

```

> python sol.py
Sayantani Karmakar, 20CS8024
Enter the number of vertices: 5
Enter the matrix (space-separated values):
999 2 5 7 1
6 999 3 8 2
8 7 999 4 7
12 4 6 999 5
1 3 2 8 999
Minimum Path Weight: 15
Minimum Path:
A -> B
B -> C
C -> D
D -> E
E -> A

```