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Subject: Signal and Systems Laboratory

Subject Code: CSS453

Lab 6: Convolution in transform domain

1. Find the Fourier transform of the following in symbolic form

(a) $f = a|t|$

```
syms t a
f = a*abs(t);
fourier(f)
```

Output:

```
ans =

-(2*a)/w^2
```

(b) $f = a \cos(\omega t)$

```
syms t
f = a*cos(w0*t);
fourier(f)
```

Output:

```
ans =

pi*a*(dirac(t - w) + dirac(t + w))
```

(c) $f = e^{-t} \mod a u(t)$

```
syms t a
f = exp(-t*abs(a))*heaviside(t);
fourier(f)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
1/(abs(a) + w*1i) - (sign(abs(a))/2 - 1/2)*fourier(exp(-t*abs(a)), t, w)
```

(d) $f = e^{-t^2-x^2}$

```
syms t x  
f = exp(-t^2-x^2);  
fourier(f)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
pi^(1/2)*exp(- t^2 - w^2/4)
```

2. Find the Inverse Fourier transform of the following in symbolic form:

(a) $F = e^{\frac{-w^2}{4}}$

```
syms w  
F = exp(-w^2/4);  
ifourier(F)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
exp(-x^2)/pi^(1/2)
```

(b) $F = e^{\omega^2-a^2}$

```
syms a w t  
F = exp(-w^2-a^2);  
ifourier(F)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
exp(- a^2 - x^2/4)/(2*pi^(1/2))
```

3. Find the Z- transform of the following in symbolic form:

(a) $f = \sin k$

```
syms k x  
f = sin(k);  
ztrans(f, k, x)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
(x*sin(1))/(x^2 - 2*cos(1)*x + 1)
```

(b) $f(n) = a^n$

```
syms a n x  
f = a^n;  
ztrans(f, x)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
-x/(a - x)
```

(c) $f(n) = u(n - 3)$

```
syms n z  
ztrans heaviside(n - 3), n, z)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
(1/(z - 1) + 1/2)/z^3
```

(d) $f[n] = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[n]$

```
syms z n;  
ztrans(1/4^n)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
z/(z - 1/4)
```

(f) $f(n) = 2^{n+1} + 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$

```
syms z n  
ztrans(2*2^n+4*(1/2)^n)
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
(2*z)/(z - 2) + (4*z)/(z - 1/2)
```

4. Find the inverse Z- transform of the following in symbolic form

(a) $x(z) = \frac{2z}{2z-1}$

```
syms z n;  
iztrans(2*z/(2*z-1))
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
(1/2)^n
```

(b) $x(z) = \frac{6-9z^{-1}}{1-2.5z^{-1}+z^{-2}}$

```
syms z n;  
iztrans((6-9*z^-1)/(1-2.5*z^-1+z^-2))
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
2*2^n + 4*(1/2)^n
```

(c) $x(z) = \left(\frac{1}{6-5z^{-1}+z^{-2}}\right)\left(\frac{4z}{4z-1} - z^{-1} + 5z^{-1}\right)$

```
syms z n;  
iztrans((1/(6-5*z^-1+z^-2))*((4*z/(4*z-1))-z^-1+5*z^-1))
```

Output:

```
ans =  
  
5*(1/2)^n - (16*(1/3)^n)/3 + (1/4)^n/2
```

6. Verification of convolution property of

(a) Fourier Transform: $Z[x1(n) * x2(n)] = X1(z)X2(z)$

```
function [ w ] = convmat(x1,x2)  
n=0:100;  
x1=[1 2 3 4 5];  
x2=[6 7 8 9 10];  
lengthofx1=length(x1);  
lengthofx2=length(x2);  
X1=[x1,zeros(1,lengthofx2)];  
X2=[x2,zeros(1,lengthofx1)];  
for k=1:(lengthofx1+lengthofx2-1)  
w(k)=0;  
for j=1:lengthofx1  
if(k-j+1)>0  
w(k)=w(k)+X1(j)*X2(k-j+1);  
end  
end
```

```

end
subplot(2,4,2)
r=x1.*x2;
f=abs(fft(r));
stem(f)
title('fourier transform of two multiplied signals')
subplot(2,4,6)
a1=abs(fft(x1));
a2=abs(fft(x2));
b=conv(a1,a2);
stem(b)
title('convolution of two fourier transformed signals')
end

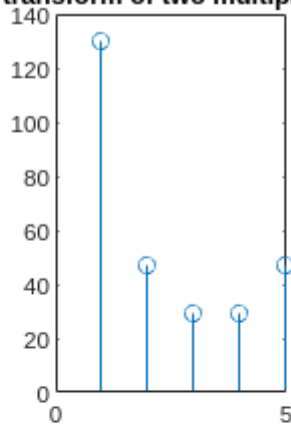
```

Output:

ans =

6 19 40 70 110 114 106 85 50

fourier transform of two multiplied signals



convolution of two fourier transformed signals

