

project2_sta3030

April 19, 2018

```
In [49]: import numpy as np, pandas as pd, matplotlib.pyplot as plt, csv, matplotlib.mlab as mlab
        %matplotlib inline
        import scipy.stats as stat
        import timeit
```

```
In [50]: bristol_86 = np.genfromtxt("Bristol_86.csv", delimiter=",", skip_header=1)
```

We are now goign to do the exploratory analysis

```
In [51]: After =bristol_86[:,1]
        Before = bristol_86[:,0]

        difference = Before - After

        BeMean = Before.mean()
        AfMean = After.mean()
        diffMean = difference.mean()
        BeSTD = Before.std()
        AfSTD = After.std()
        diffSTD = difference.std()
```

Now we are going to plot a histogram of the difference

```
In [52]: BeMean
```

```
Out[52]: 12.49
```

```
In [53]: AfMean
```

```
Out[53]: 11.949999999999999
```

```
In [54]: diffMean
```

```
Out[54]: 0.54000000000000004
```

```
In [55]: BeSTD
```

```
Out[55]: 1.5977797094718658
```

```
In [56]: AfSTD
```

```
Out[56]: 1.8575521526998913
```

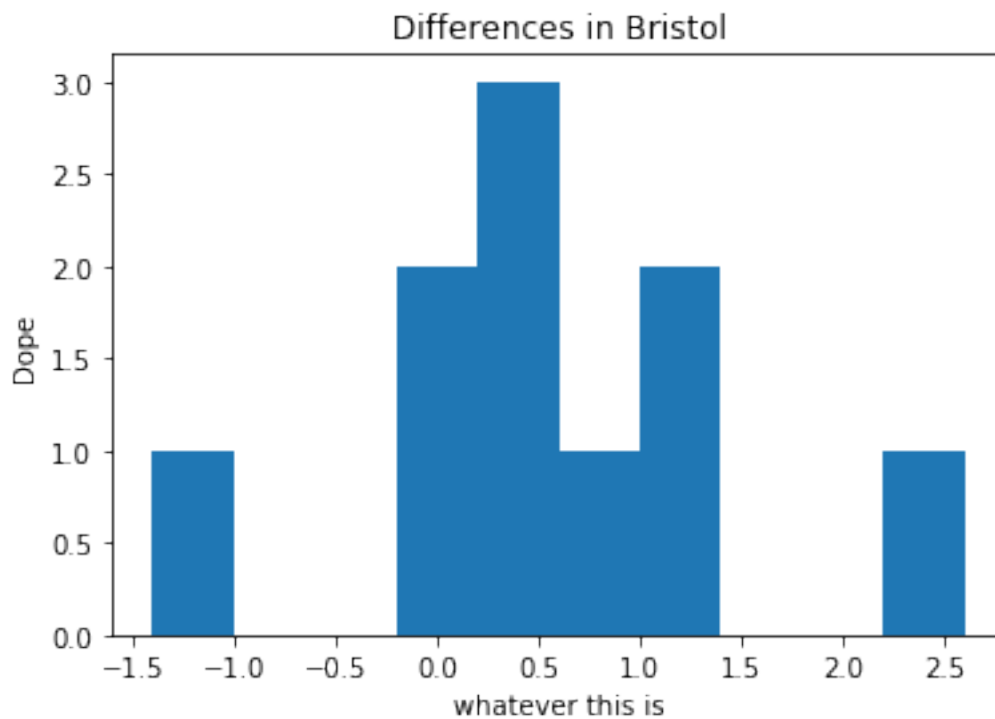
```
In [57]: diffSTD
```

```
Out[57]: 0.96353515763567288
```

```
In [58]: plt.hist(difference)
plt.title("Differences in Bristol")
plt.xlabel("whatever this is")
plt.ylabel("Dope")
```

```
#fig = plt.gcf()
```

```
Out[58]: Text(0,0.5,'Dope')
```



paired t-test based on collected data

```
In [59]: Obsdiff = diffMean
```

```
stanError = diffSTD/np.sqrt(len(difference))
```

```
t_stat = (diffMean-0)/stanError
```

```
p_val = stat.t.sf(np.abs(t_stat), len(difference)-1)
```

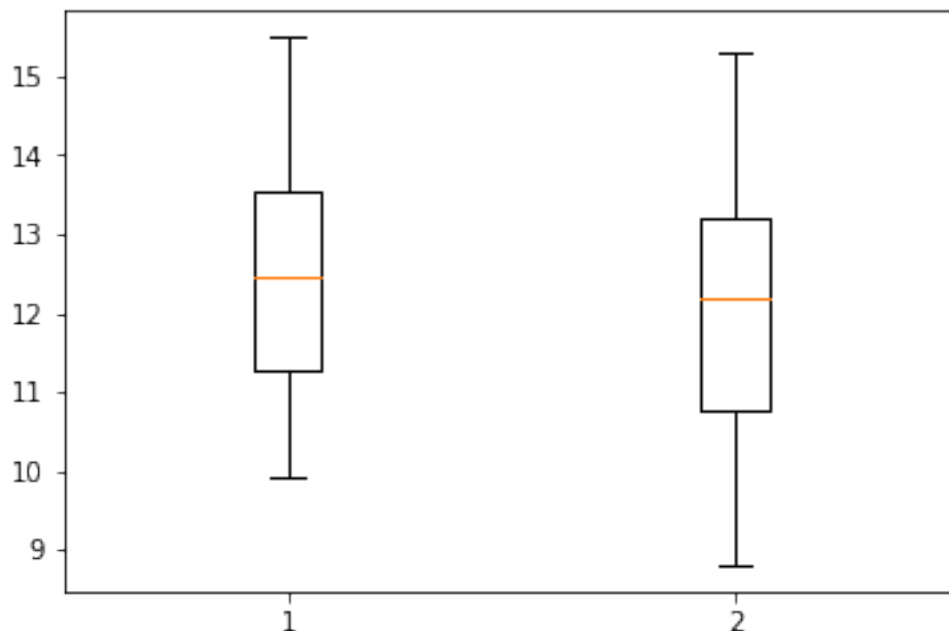
```
In [60]: p_val
```

```
Out[60]: 0.05505706597077132
```

We are now showing boxplots

```
In [61]: plt.boxplot(bristol_86)
```

```
Out[61]: {'boxes': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104702c50>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104716748>],  
  'caps': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x10470e6a0>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x10470eac8>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104720438>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104720860>],  
  'fliers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104716358>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1047270f0>],  
  'means': [],  
  'medians': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x10470eef0>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104720c88>],  
  'whiskers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104702da0>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x10470e278>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104716ba8>,  
  <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x104716fd0>]}
```



The main event of bootstrapping begins

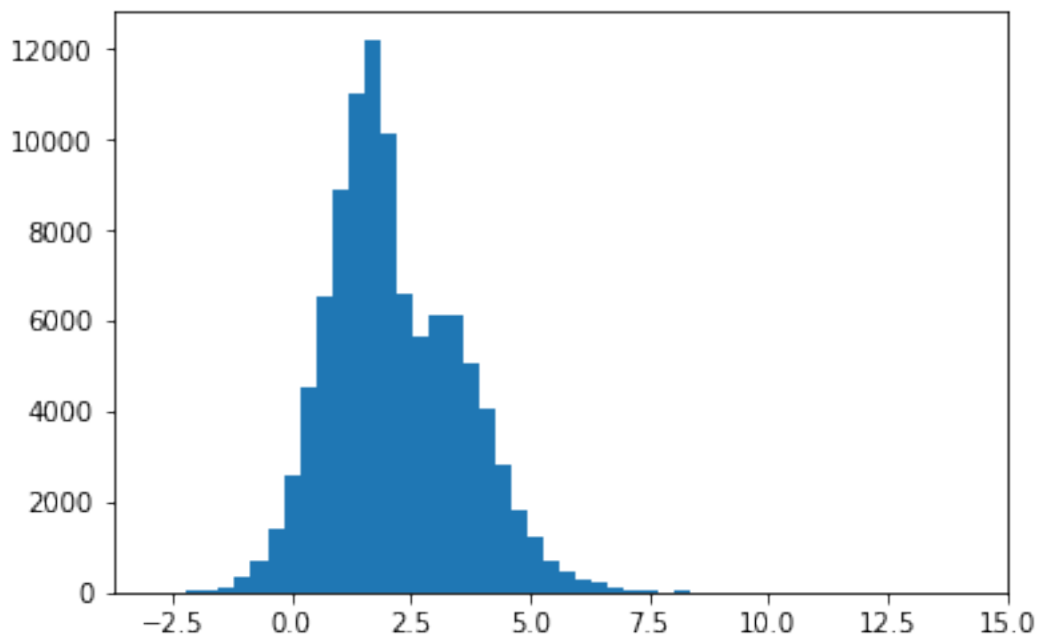
```
In [62]: bodily = np.random.choice(difference, 10)
```

```
In [63]: ##bootstrap
```

```
def bootstrapping(data, totalSamples, output):  
    for i in range(1,totalSamples):  
        bodily = np.random.choice(data, len(data))  
        standErring =np.std(bodily)/np.sqrt(len(bodily))  
        tStat = np.mean(bodily)/standErring  
  
        output.append(tStat)  
    return (output)
```

```
In [64]: start = timeit.timeit()  
        theHistogram = plt.hist(bootstrapping(difference,100000,[]), bins=50)  
  
        print (timeit.timeit() - start)
```

```
-0.025635201999648416
```



The mean is normal for 100000 bootstrapped samples.

```
In [65]: summing =0  
        p_val = stat.t.sf(np.abs(t_stat), len(difference)-1)  
        def p_value(output):  
            for i in range(0,len(output)):  
                if output[i]> abs(p_val):  
                    ++summing  
            return (summing/len(output))
```

```
In [66]: outing = bootstrapping(difference, 10000, [])  
         print(p_value(outing))
```

0.0

Teh sampling errors and bias

```
In [67]: np.std(outing)  
  
         ##The bias  
         _bias = np.mean(outing)- diffMean  
  
         ##corrected bias  
  
         corrBias = diffMean - _bias
```

```
In [68]: print(_bias)  
         print(corrBias)
```

1.63899638015
-1.09899638015