Unemployment Analysis with Python

Importing libraries and packages

```
In [2]: #import libraries
  import numpy as np
  import pandas as pd
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import seaborn as sns
  import plotly.express as px
```

Data Collection and processing

```
In [9]: #importing data
df = pd.read_csv('Unemployment_Rate_upto_11_2020.csv')
In [10]: #first 5 rows of data
df.head()
```

Out[10]: **Estimated Estimated Estimated** Labour Region.1 longitude latitude Region Date Frequency Unemployment **Employed Participation** Rate (%) Rate (%) 31-Andhra 01-Μ 5.48 16635535 41.02 South 15.9129 79.74 Pradesh 2020 29-Andhra 02-Μ 5.83 16545652 40.90 South 15.9129 79.74 Pradesh 2020 Andhra 2 03-Μ 5.79 15881197 39.18 South 15.9129 79.74 Pradesh 2020 30-Andhra 3 04-Μ 20.51 11336911 33.10 South 15.9129 79.74 Pradesh 2020 Andhra 05-Μ 17.43 12988845 36.46 South 15.9129 79.74 Pradesh 2020

In [11]: #some information about dataset
df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 267 entries, 0 to 266
Data columns (total 9 columns):
    # Column
--- -----
```

Non-Null Count Dtype -----0 Region 267 non-null object 1 Date 267 non-null object 2 Frequency 267 non-null object 3 Estimated Unemployment Rate (%) 267 non-null float64 4 Estimated Employed int64 267 non-null 5 Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%) 267 non-null float64 6 Region.1 267 non-null object longitude float64 7 267 non-null 8 latitude 267 non-null float64

dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(4)

memory usage: 18.9+ KB

In [12]: df.describe()

Out[12]:

	Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)	longitude	latitude
count	267.000000	2.670000e+02	267.000000	267.000000	267.000000
mean	12.236929	1.396211e+07	41.681573	22.826048	80.532425
std	10.803283	1.336632e+07	7.845419	6.270731	5.831738
min	0.500000	1.175420e+05	16.770000	10.850500	71.192400
25%	4.845000	2.838930e+06	37.265000	18.112400	76.085600
50%	9.650000	9.732417e+06	40.390000	23.610200	79.019300
75 %	16.755000	2.187869e+07	44.055000	27.278400	85.279900
max	75.850000	5.943376e+07	69.690000	33.778200	92.937600

```
# dataset having missing values or not
In [13]:
          df.isnull().sum()
         Region
                                                       0
Out[13]:
           Date
                                                       0
           Frequency
                                                        0
           Estimated Unemployment Rate (%)
                                                        0
           Estimated Employed
                                                       0
           Estimated Labour Participation Rate (%)
                                                       0
         Region.1
                                                       0
         longitude
                                                       0
         latitude
                                                        0
         dtype: int64
          #rename all the columns
In [14]:
          df.columns = ["States", "Date", "Frequency", "Estimated Unemployment Rate", "Estimated Emg
```

```
In [15]: df
```

Out[15]:

		States	Date	Frequency	Estimated Unemployment Rate	Estimated Employed	Estimated Labour Participation Rate	Region	longitude	latitude
	0	Andhra Pradesh	31- 01- 2020	М	5.48	16635535	41.02	South	15.9129	79.740
	1	Andhra Pradesh	29- 02- 2020	М	5.83	16545652	40.90	South	15.9129	79.740
	2	Andhra Pradesh	31- 03- 2020	М	5.79	15881197	39.18	South	15.9129	79.740
	3	Andhra Pradesh	30- 04- 2020	М	20.51	11336911	33.10	South	15.9129	79.740
	4	Andhra Pradesh	31- 05- 2020	М	17.43	12988845	36.46	South	15.9129	79.740
	•••							•••		
	262	West Bengal	30- 06- 2020	М	7.29	30726310	40.39	East	22.9868	87.855
	263	West Bengal	31- 07- 2020	М	6.83	35372506	46.17	East	22.9868	87.855
	264	West Bengal	31- 08- 2020	М	14.87	33298644	47.48	East	22.9868	87.855
	265	West Bengal	30- 09- 2020	М	9.35	35707239	47.73	East	22.9868	87.855
	266	West Bengal	31- 10- 2020	М	9.98	33962549	45.63	East	22.9868	87.855

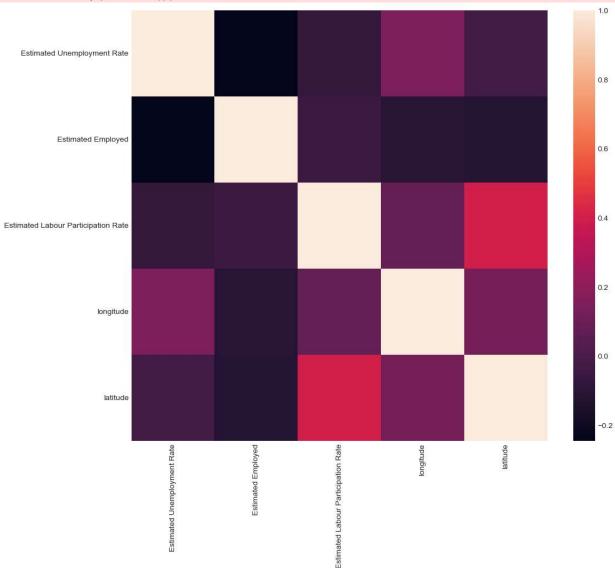
267 rows × 9 columns

```
In [16]: #correlation between the features of dataset
   plt.style.use("seaborn-whitegrid")
   plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))
   sns.heatmap(df.corr())
   plt.show()
```

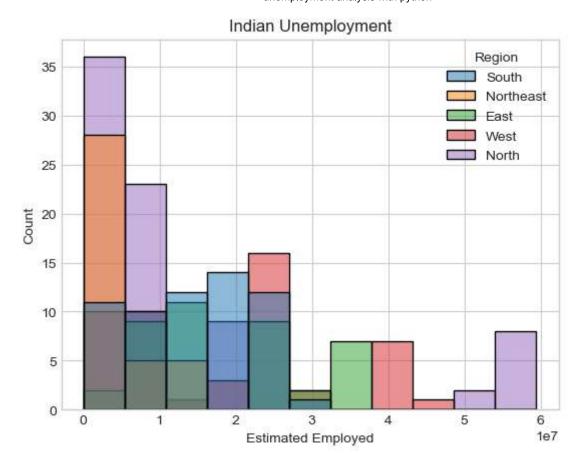
C:\Users\Hello\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6360\1494911393.py:2: MatplotlibDeprecati onWarning: The seaborn styles shipped by Matplotlib are deprecated since 3.6, as they no longer correspond to the styles shipped by seaborn. However, they will remain available as 'seaborn-v0_8-<style>'. Alternatively, directly use the seaborn API instead. plt.style.use("seaborn-whitegrid")

C:\Users\Hello\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6360\1494911393.py:4: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, i t will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_on ly to silence this warning.

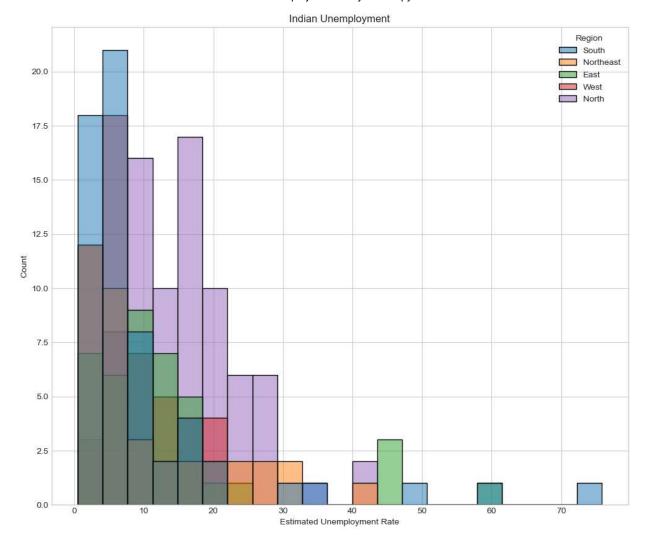
sns.heatmap(df.corr())



In [21]: #estimated number of employess accounding to different regions of india
 df.columns=["States","Date","Frequency","Estimated Unemployment Rate","Estimated Employed
 plt.title("Indian Unemployment")
 sns.histplot(x="Estimated Employed",hue="Region",data=df)
 plt.show()



```
In [23]: #unemployment rate accourding to different regions og india
  plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))
  plt.title("Indian Unemployment")
  sns.histplot(x="Estimated Unemployment Rate",hue="Region",data=df)
  plt.show()
```



In [29]: # creating a dashboard to analyze the unemployment rate of each indian sate of india
 unemployment= df[["States","Region","Estimated Unemployment Rate"]]
 figure=px.sunburst(unemployment,path=["Region","States"],values="Estimated Unemploymer
 figure.show()

Unemployment Rate in Indian



In []: