CIT 596 Recitation, Week 7

Honglin Zhang

Mar 6, 2014

Some short but fun talks

WAT talk

▶ link, 4:17

Type System

▶ link, 4:15

bits of brilliant session five

▶ link, 2:02, 6:13

[Exercise] @sipser13 [p. 156] exercise 2.14

Convert the following CFG to CNF.

- ▶ $A \rightarrow BAB|B|\varepsilon$
- ightharpoonup B
 ightarrow 00 | arepsilon

Steps

- ▶ $A \rightarrow BAB|B|\varepsilon$
- ▶ $B \rightarrow 00|\varepsilon$
- ► First add a new start variable
- ▶ Remove $B \rightarrow \varepsilon$
- ▶ Remove $A \rightarrow \varepsilon$
- ▶ Remove $A \rightarrow A$
- ▶ Remove $A \rightarrow B$
- ▶ Remove $S \rightarrow A$
- Add additional variables and rules

[Exercise] @sipser13 [p. 155] exercise 2.6

Give context-free grammars generating the following language.

- ► The set of strings over the alphabet {a, b} with more a's than b's
- $\{w \# x | w^R \text{ is a substring of } x \text{ for } w, x \in \{0, 1\}^*\}$

[Exercise] @sipser13 [p. 155] exercise 2.9

Give a context-free grammar that generates the language

 $A = \{a^i b^j c^k | i = j \text{ or } j = k \text{ where } i, j, k \ge 0\}$

[Exercise] @sipser13 [p. 156] exercise 2.19

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. Give a CFG generating the language of strings with twice as many a's as b's. Prove that your grammar is correct.

[Exercise] @sipser13 [p. 157] exercise 2.27

Let $G = (V, \Sigma, R, STMT)$ be the following grammar.

- ightharpoonup STMT
 ightarrow ASSIGN|IF THEN|IF THEN ELSE
- ▶ $IF THEN \rightarrow if$ condition then STMT
- ▶ $IF THEN ELSE \rightarrow if$ condition then STMT else STMT
- ightharpoonup ASSIGN ightharpoonup a:=1
- ▶ $\Sigma = \{\text{if, condition, then, else, a:=1}\}$
- \lor $V = \{STMT, IF THEN, IF THEN ELSE, ASSIGN\}$
- ► Show *G* is ambiguous
- ► How to fix?