

Partial Differential Equations (PDEs)

# Heat Equation

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E4NGIC

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = d \cdot \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + S(x, t)$$

$$T(0, t) = \alpha_0(t)$$

$$T(L, t) = \alpha_L(t)$$

$$T(x, 0) = \beta(t)$$

HEAT EQUATION FORMULA AND THE  
INITIAL AND BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

$N = 100$

$w = \text{np.zeros}(N)$

$L = 10$

$h = L / (N + 1)$

$d = 0.1$

$steps = 40\_000$

$dt = 0.02$

PARAMETERS FOR THE HEAT  
EQUATION



```
def S(x,t):  
    return np.exp( -(x - L/2) ** 2 / L/2) + 1/(t + 1)  
def alpha0( t ):  
    return 20 + 100 * np.sin( t / 100 )  
def alphaL( t ):  
    return 100 + 100 * np.cos( t / 100 )  
def beta( x ):  
    return 300
```

# INITIAL AND BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

$A = np.diag([-2] * N) + np.diag([1] * (N - 1), 1) + np.diag([1] * (N - 1), -1)$

$A = A * d/h/h$

```
array([[ -20.402,  10.201,   0.    , ...,   0.    ,   0.    ,   0.    ],
       [ 10.201, -20.402,  10.201, ...,   0.    ,   0.    ,   0.    ],
       [   0.    ,  10.201, -20.402, ...,   0.    ,   0.    ,   0.    ],
       ...,
       [   0.    ,   0.    ,   0.    , ..., -20.402,  10.201,   0.    ],
       [   0.    ,   0.    ,   0.    , ...,  10.201, -20.402,  10.201],
       [   0.    ,   0.    ,   0.    , ...,   0.    ,  10.201, -20.402]])
```

# CALCULATING A MATRIX

```
def b(t):  
    ret = [ S((i + 1) * h, t) for i in range(N)]  
    ret[0] += d * alpha0(t)/h/h  
    ret[-1] += d * alphaL(t)/h/h  
    return ret
```

```
def F(w, t):  
    return (np.dot(A, w)) + b(t)
```

CALCULATING THE RIGHT SIDE OF W'



```
w0 = np.array([ beta( (i + 1) * h ) for i in range(N) ])
```

```
X = np.zeros((steps + 1, N))
```

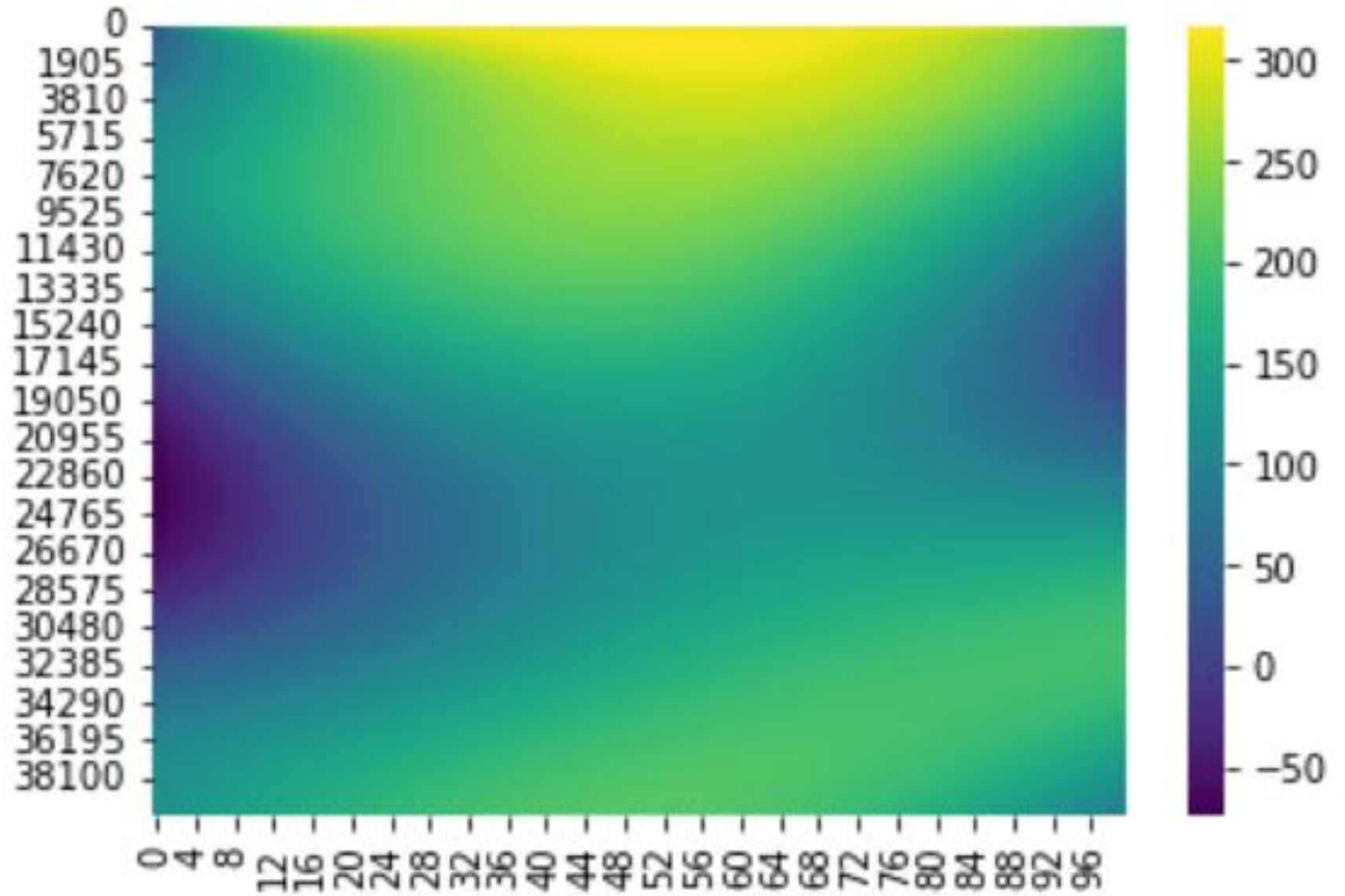
```
X[0] = w0
```

```
for ts in range(steps):
```

```
    X[ts + 1] = dt * F(X[ts], ts * dt) + X[ts]
```

# EXPLICIT EULER

# HEATMAP





$$A_r = U_r^T . A . U$$

$$\alpha_0 = U_r^T w_0$$

$$b_r = U_r^T . b$$

$$\alpha' = A_r . \alpha + b_r$$

**REDUCE EQUATION**

*Source\_m = np.array([b(ts \* dt) for ts in range(steps + 1)])*

```
array([[2.05320898e+02, 1.31570385e+00, 1.33091409e+00, ...,
        1.33091409e+00, 1.31570385e+00, 2.04150090e+03],
       [2.05505310e+02, 1.29609601e+00, 1.31130625e+00, ...,
        1.31130625e+00, 1.29609601e+00, 2.04148127e+03],
       [2.05690476e+02, 1.27724231e+00, 1.29245255e+00, ...,
        1.29245255e+00, 1.27724231e+00, 2.04146235e+03],
       ...,
       [1.21362578e+03, 3.16952351e-01, 3.32162593e-01, ...,
        3.32162593e-01, 3.16952351e-01, 8.72381271e+02],
       [1.21359616e+03, 3.16952320e-01, 3.32162562e-01, ...,
        3.32162562e-01, 3.16952320e-01, 8.72179413e+02],
       [1.21356649e+03, 3.16952289e-01, 3.32162531e-01, ...,
        3.32162531e-01, 3.16952289e-01, 8.71977562e+02]])
```

## REDUCING THE SOURCE

```
comp = 4
```

```
U,s,Vh = randomized_svd(X.T,n_components = comp,random_state = 0)
```

```
Source_m_red = np.array([U.T @ source_ts for source_ts in Source_m])
```

# SINGLE VALUE DECOMPOSITION FOR THE HEAT EQ

*# Single Value Decomposition*

*U,s,Vh = randomized\_svd(X.T,n\_components = comp,random\_state = 0)*

*#Compose Ar matrix*

*Ar = U.T @ A @ U*

```
array([[ -0.06445376, -0.10544729, -0.18321865, -0.08567008],  
       [ -0.10544729, -0.64429409,  0.05298951,  0.60002923],  
       [ -0.18321865,  0.05298951, -1.01145212, -1.0295829 ],  
       [ -0.08567008,  0.60002923, -1.0295829 , -1.72597689]])
```

# REDUCING THE HEAT EQ

```
def br(t):  
    return Source_m_red[t] # Sourcemred has the heat source already reduced  
  
def Fr(w, t):  
    return (np.dot(Ar, w)) + br(t)
```

CALCULATING THE RIGHT SIDE OF W'

$wr0 = U.T@w0$

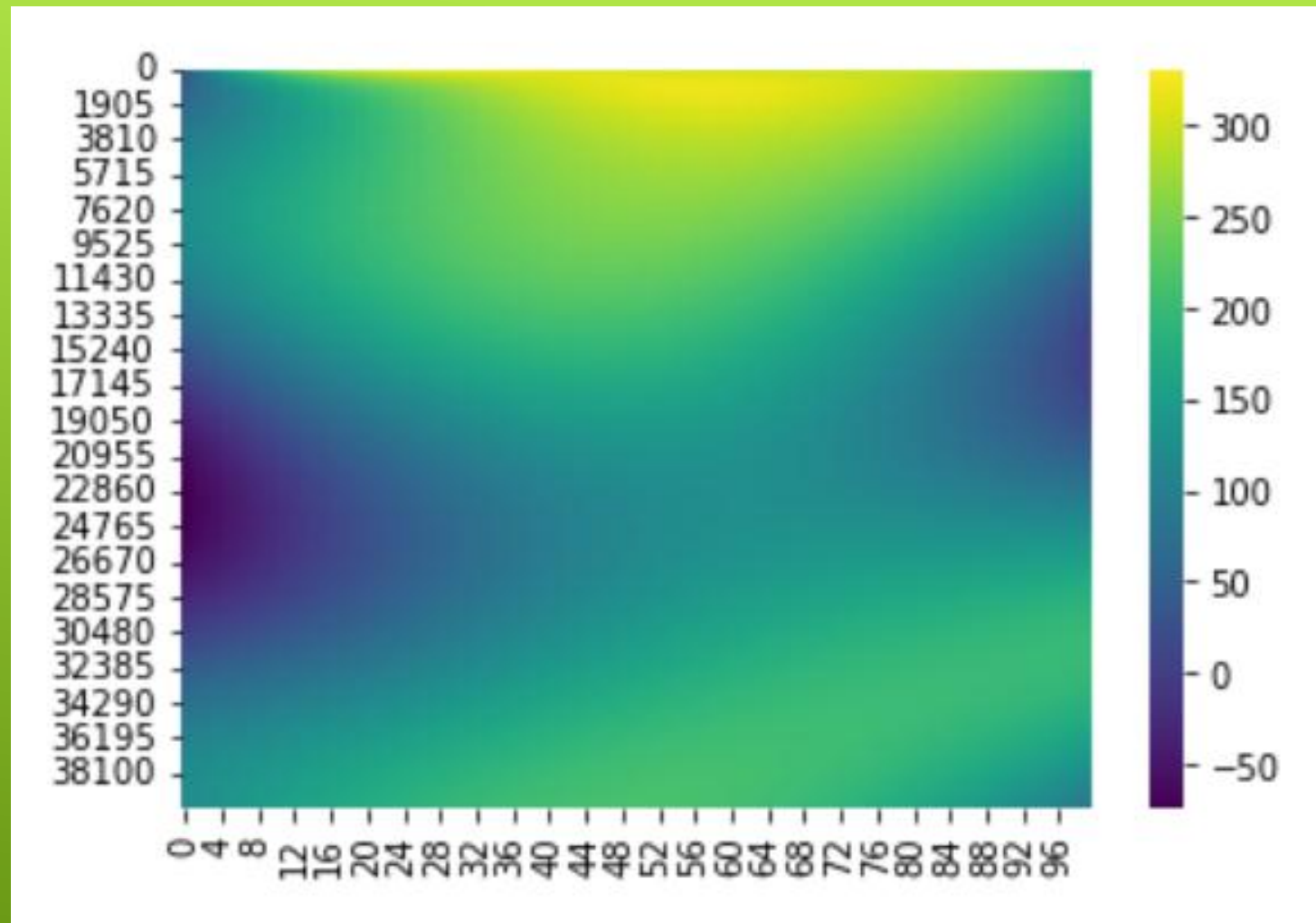
$Xr = np.zeros((steps+1,4))$

$Xr[0] = wr0$

*for*  $ts$  *in*  $range(steps)$ :

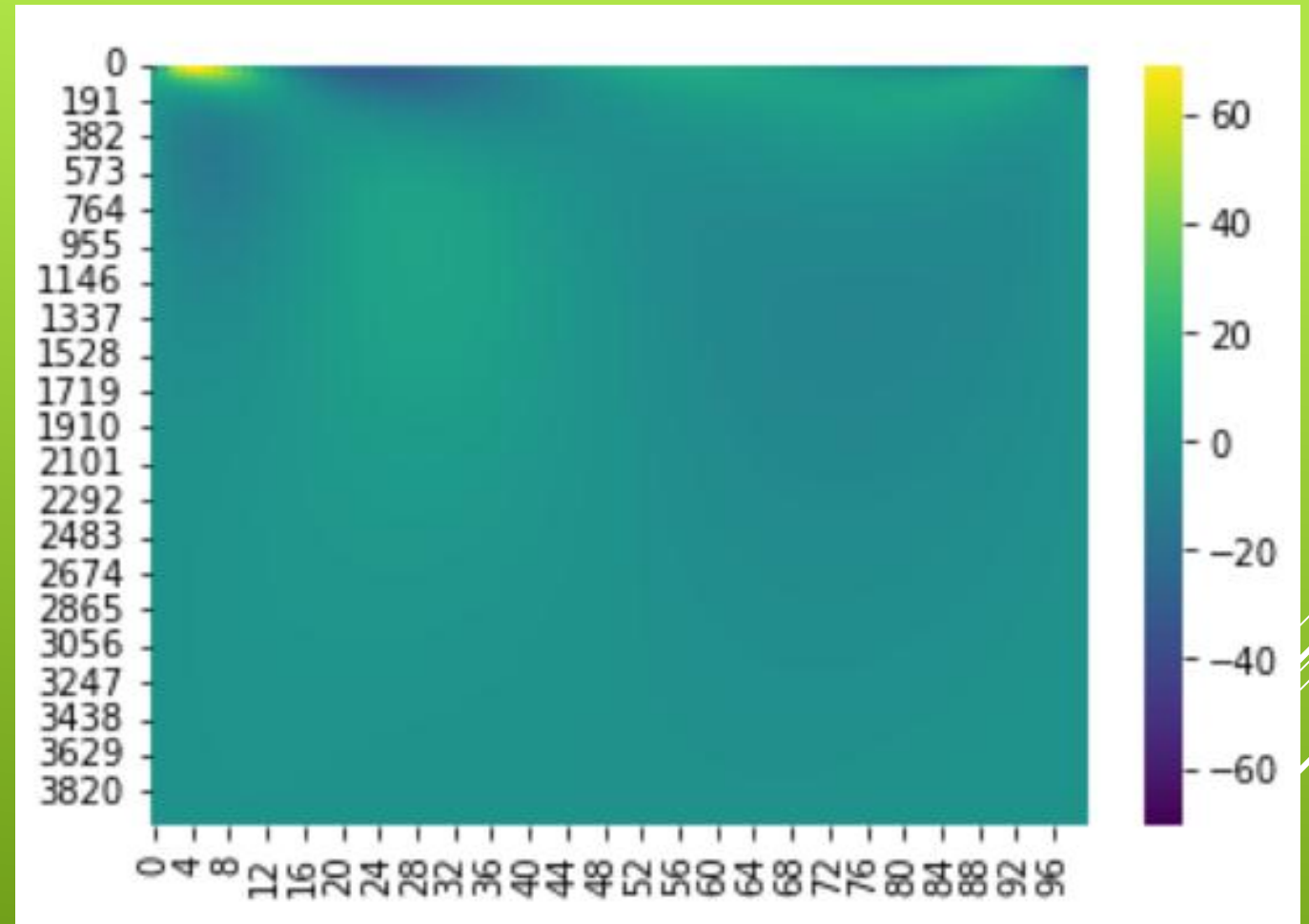
$Xr[ts+1] = dt*Fr(Xr[ts], ts) + Xr[ts]$

**EXPLICIT EULER**



HEATMAP FOR THE REDACTED EQ

## ► Comparing the error



## RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS



## ► Comparing the time

### Explicit Euler

```
1 %%time
2 w0 = np.array([ beta( (i+1)*h ) for i in range(N) ])
3
4 X = np.zeros((steps+1,N))
5 X[0] = w0
6 for ts in range(steps):
7     X[ts+1] = dt*F(X[ts], ts*dt) + X[ts]
```

CPU times: user 1min 3s, sys: 6min 37s, total: 7min 41s  
Wall time: 18.5 s

## RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

## ► Comparing the time

### Explicit Euler

```
1 %%time
2 # w0 = np.array([ beta( (i+1)*h ) for i in range(N) ])
3 wr0 = U.T@w0
4
5 Xr = np.zeros((steps+1,4))
6 Xr[0] = wr0
7 for ts in range(steps):
8     Xr[ts+1] = dt*Fr(Xr[ts], ts) + Xr[ts]
```

CPU times: user 628 ms, sys: 45.4 ms, total: 673 ms

Wall time: 635 ms

## RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

