Pagina 8 - SonicWall NetExtender Trojan and ConnectWise Exploits Used in Remote Access Attacks

Classificações de Malware:

- cve (Exploit)
- trojan (Trojan)
- trojanized (Trojan)
- virus (Virus)
- infection (Virus)
- exploit (Exploit)
- backdoor (Backdoor)

Unknown threat actors have been distributing a trojanized version of SonicWall's SSL VPN NetExtender applicati

on to steal credentials from unsuspecting users who may have installed it."NetExtender enables remote users to

securely connect and run applications on the company network," SonicWall researcher Sravan Ganacharisaid. "Us

ers can upload and download files, access network drives, and use other resources as if they were on the local

network."The malicious payload delivered via the rogue VPN software has been codenamedSilentRouteby Microsoft

, which detected the campaign along with the network security company. SonicWall said the malware-laced NetExte

nder impersonates the latest version of the software (10.3.2.27) and has been found to be distributed via a fa

ke website that has since been taken down. The installer is digitally signed by CITYLIGHT MEDIA PRIVATE LIMITE

D."This suggests that the campaign is targeting users searching for NetExtender on search engines like Google

or Bing, and tricking them into installing it through spoofed sites propagated via known techniques like spear

-phishing, search engine optimization (SEO) poisoning, malvertising, or social media posts. Two different compo

nents of the installer have been modified to facilitate the exfiltration of the configuration information to a

remote server under the attacker's control. These include "NeService.exe" and "NetExtender.exe," which have be

en altered to bypass the validation of digital certificates various NetExtender components and continue execut

ion regardless of the validation results and exfiltrate the information to 132.196.198[.]163 over port 8080."T

he threat actor added code in the installed binaries of the fake NetExtender so that information related to VP

N configuration is stolen and sent to a remote server," Ganachari said. "Once the VPN configuration details are

entered and the "Connect" button is clicked, the malicious code performs its own validation before sending th

e data to the remote server. Stolen configuration information includes the username, password, domain, and mor

e."The development comes as G DATA detailed a threat activity cluster dubbed EvilConwi that involves bad actor

s abusing ConnectWise to embed malicious code using a technique calledauthenticodestuffing without invalidatin

g the digital signature. The German cybersecurity companysaidit has observed a spike in attacks using this tech

nique since March 2025. The infection chains primarily leverage phishing emails as an initial access vector or

through bogus sites advertised as artificial intelligence (AI) tools on Facebook. These email messages contain

a OneDrive link that redirects recipients to a Canva page with a "View PDF" button, which results in the surr

eptitious download and execution of a ConnectWise installer. The attacks work by implanting malicious configura

tions in unauthenticated attributes within the Authenticode signature to serve a fake Windows update screen an

d prevent users from shutting down their systems, as well as including information about the external URL to w

hich the remote connection should be established for persistent access. What makes EvilConwi notable is that it

offers malicious actors a cover for nefarious operations by conducting them using a trusted, legitimate, and

maybe elevated system or software process, thereby allowing them to fly under the radar.

ConnectWise has since

revoked the certificate used to sign these binaries."By modifying these settings, threat actors create their

own remote access malware that pretends to be a different software like an AI-to-image converter by Google Chr

ome," security researcher Karsten Hahn said. "They commonly add fake Windows update images and messages too, s

o that the user does not turn off the system while threat actors remotely connect to them."Discover real-time

defense tactics to detect and block deepfakes, fake domains, and multi-channel scams before they cause damage.

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Link: https://thehackernews.com/2025/02/finaldraft-malware-exploits-microsoft.html