Keypoints

1. SQL includes string operators that allow you to manipulate and combine text values.

2. String operators in SQL include concatenation, which allows you to combine two or more strings together.

3. SQL also includes arithmetic operators that allow you to perform mathematical calculations on numeric values.

4. Arithmetic operators in SQL include addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.

5. You can use string and arithmetic operators in SQL queries to manipulate and calculate values in your database.

6. Understanding string and arithmetic operators is essential for working with data types and performing calculations in SQL.

7. By mastering string and arithmetic operators, you will be able to efficiently manipulate and analyze data in your job using SQL.