# Keypoints

1. The ALTER command is used in SQL to modify the structure of a database table.

2. The ALTER TABLE statement is used to add, modify, or delete columns in an existing table.

3. The ALTER TABLE statement can also be used to add or drop constraints on a table.

4. The ALTER TABLE statement can be used to rename a table or change the data type of a column.

5. The ALTER TABLE statement can be used to add or drop indexes on a table.

6. The ALTER TABLE statement can be used to enable or disable triggers on a table.

7. The ALTER TABLE statement can be used to add or drop foreign key constraints on a table.

8. The ALTER TABLE statement can be used to modify the default value of a column.

9. The ALTER TABLE statement can be used to modify the nullability of a column.

10. The ALTER TABLE statement can be used to modify the identity property of a column.