Keypoints

1. TRUNCATE command is used in SQL to delete all the data from a table.

2. TRUNCATE is a Data Definition Language (DDL) command.

3. TRUNCATE is faster than DELETE command as it does not generate any log entries.

4. TRUNCATE command cannot be rolled back, so it is important to use it carefully.

5. TRUNCATE command can be used with the table name to delete all the data from that table.

6. TRUNCATE command resets the identity value of the table.

7. TRUNCATE command does not fire any triggers associated with the table.

8. TRUNCATE command is commonly used to quickly delete all the data from a table before inserting new data.

9. TRUNCATE command is a powerful tool for managing large datasets efficiently.