Keypoints

1. Single line comments in SQL are used to add explanatory notes or disable certain parts of the code.

2. Single line comments start with two hyphens (--) and everything after them on the same line is ignored by the SQL engine.

3. Single line comments are useful for documenting the code and making it easier for others to understand.

4. Single line comments can be used to temporarily disable a specific line of code without deleting it.

5. Single line comments can also be used to add reminders or to-do lists for future code improvements.

6. Single line comments are not executed by the SQL engine and do not affect the output or functionality of the code.

7. Single line comments can be added anywhere in the SQL code, as long as they start with --.

8. Single line comments can be used to explain complex queries or provide additional information about the code.

9. Single line comments are a best practice in SQL development to improve code readability and maintainability.

10. Single line comments can be easily removed or modified without affecting the rest of the code.