

Time Complexity Problems

Lecture-20

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Let's jump to some starters first





Ques: Calculate the time complexity for the following code snippet. $\frac{1}{i} = 2^*i \rightarrow \frac{1}{i} = i^*2 \rightarrow i^*=2$

```
int c = 0;

for (int i = 1; i < n; i + i) {
c++;
T \cdot c \cdot = 0 \cdot n
T \cdot c \cdot = 0 \cdot n
T \cdot c \cdot = 0 \cdot n
```

$$i = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16$$
 $i = 1, 2^{1}, 2^{2}, 2^{3}, 2^{4}, \dots 2^{n}$
 $i = 1, 2^{1}, 2^{2}, 2^{3}, 2^{4}, \dots 2^{n}$
 $\tau \cdot c \cdot = 0 (log_{2}n)$

$$a^{n} = b$$

$$log_{ab} = \infty$$

$$\frac{2}{2}n = n$$

$$3 log_2 n = \pi$$

$$O(log_{3}n) = O(log_{2}n)$$

$$log_{2}3$$

$$-O(log_{3}n) = O(log_{2}n)$$

$$= O(log_32 \cdot log_2n)$$



int c = 0; for(int i = 1; i <=n; i += i) { for(int j = 0; j < i; j++) { c++; } $i = 1, j = 0 \rightarrow 1$ $i = 2, j = 0, 1 \rightarrow 2$ $i = 4, j = 0, 1, 2, 3 \rightarrow 1$ $i = 8, j = 0, 1, 2, 3 \rightarrow 1$

```
i = 1, 2, 2, 2, \dots
    ~n = log_n
  i=4, j=0,1,2,3
i=8, j=0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7\rightarrow 8
  i=n, j -> n
```

Total No. of sterations: (M-1)

$$= 1 + 2' + 2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 \cdot \cdots \cdot 2^{3}$$

$$= 1 + 2' + 2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 \cdot \cdots \cdot 2^{3}$$

$$= 1 + 2' + 2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 \cdot \cdots \cdot 2^{3}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{2^{n+1}} - 1 \right] = 2^{n+1} - 1$$

$$\exists T \cdot C = O(2^{n+1}-1) = O(2^{n}) = O(Kn)$$

$$T \cdot C \cdot = O(n)$$

$$S_{\tau} = a \left[\Upsilon^{\tau} - 1 \right]$$

2 × = n

Total No. of sterations: (M-2)

- 当 1+2+4+8+16·+<u>れ</u>+れ
- \Rightarrow $(2+2)+4+8+16...\frac{n}{2}+n-1$
 - 2n-
- $T \cdot C \cdot = O(2n-1)$

$$2 \times 7 = 16$$

$$1 + 1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 16 - 1$$

$$2 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 16 - 1$$

$$4 + 4 + 8 + 16 - 1$$

$$8 + 8 + 16 - 1$$

$$16 + 16 - 1$$

$$32 - 1$$

$$2n - 1$$



Now see the main course





```
int c = 0;
for(int i = 1; i < n; i + = i) { - rc \cdot = 0 (log n)
   for(int j = n; j >=0; j--) { \rightarrow \tau \cdot c \cdot = O(n)
```



```
o (Logn)
int c = 0;
for(int i = 1; i < n; i *= 2) {
  for(int j = 0; j < i; j++) {
      C++; vii times ~ 0(i) d
```

$$i=1 \rightarrow j=0.4 \rightarrow 1$$

 $i=2, \rightarrow j=0.1 \rightarrow 2$
 $i=4; \rightarrow j=0.1, 2.3 \rightarrow 4$



```
int c = 0;
 for(int i = 1; i * i <=n; i *= 2) {
     for(int j = 0; j < i; j++) {
Total iterations = 1+2+3+4+....2x
                      221-
               \neg T \cdot c \cdot = O(2^n) \Rightarrow T \cdot c \cdot = O(\sqrt{n})
```



```
i=1,2,4,8. ... 2
                          13年2
                                     -3\sqrt{2^n}=5n\rightarrow n=log_25n
int c = 0;
for (int i = 1; i * i < n; i + = i) { (i=1, j=n, n-1, ... 3, 2 : n-1)}
                              i=2, j=n, n-1, ... 4, 3: n-2
   for(int j = n; j > i; j--)
                                    i=4, j=n,n-1,...6,5: n-4
      · n - 8
Total No = (n-1)+(n-2)+(n-4)+(n-8) i= \sqrt{n} n-\sqrt{n}
              +(n-16) + ... (n-2<sup>n</sup>)
of iterations
```

Total No = (n-1)+(n-2)+(n-4)+(n-8)+(n-16)+...(n-2)of iterations

$$= (n + n + n + \dots) - (1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + \dots + 2^{\times})$$

$$= n(x+1) - [2^{x+1} - 1] = n \cdot x + n - 2 \cdot 2^{\times} + 1$$

$$T \cdot C \cdot = 0 (n \cdot \log_2 \ln + n - \ln) = 0 (n \cdot \log_2 \ln)$$

$$T \cdot C \cdot = 0 (n \cdot \log_2 \ln^{1/2}) = 0 (n \cdot 1 \cdot \log_2 n)$$



Thodi si Moths $log_ab^m = m \cdot log_ab$ $\Rightarrow log_2 \sqrt{n} = log_2 n^{1/2} = \frac{1}{2} log_2 n$



*Ques : Calculate the time complexity for the following code snippet. i = 2, 9, 16, 256, (256)

```
int c = 0;

for(int i = 2; i <=n; i *= i) {

    c++;

}

T.C. > Fotal no. of = No. of values
```

iterations

i can obtain

$$\Rightarrow 2, 4, 16, 256, 256^{*}256^{*}.$$

$$\Rightarrow 2', 2^{2}, 2^{4}, 2^{8}, 2^{16}, 2^{32}, 2^{64}...$$

$$i = 2', 2^{2}, 2^{2}, 2^{2}, 2^{2}, 2^{2}, 2^{2}, 2^{2}.... 2^{2}$$

$$x+1$$

$$\forall c : = 0(x) \Rightarrow 2 = n$$

$$\Rightarrow 2^{t} = n \quad [t = 2^{x}] \quad \log_{2}k = x$$

$$\Rightarrow \log_{2}n = t$$

$$\Rightarrow \log_{2}n = 2^{x}$$

$$T : c : = 0(\log(\log n))$$



```
int c = 0;
 for(int i = 2; i * i <=n; i *= i) {
i = 2, 4, 16, 256, 256*256
  i = 2, 2^{2}, 2^{4}, 2^{8}, 2^{16}
i = 2, 2^{2}, 2^{4}, 2^{2}, 2^{3}, 2^{4}
i = 2^{1}, 2^{2}, 2^{2}, 2^{2}, 2^{3}, 2^{4}
\Rightarrow T.C. = O(\log(\log n))
```

$$T \cdot C = O(x)$$

$$2^{(2^{k})} = In$$

$$\Rightarrow x = log_{2}(log_{2}In)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = log_{2}(log_{2}n^{1/2})$$

$$\Rightarrow x = log_{2}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot log_{2}n)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = log_{2}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot log_{2}n)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = log_{2}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot log_{2}n)$$

$$\Rightarrow T \cdot C \cdot = O(log_{2}(log_{2}n) + log_{2}(log_{2}n))$$

$$\Rightarrow T \cdot C \cdot = O(log(log_{2}n))$$

SKILLS

Exponential $\rightarrow O(2^n)$ \rightarrow recursive calls Sorting ?? Binary Search $\rightarrow O(\log_2 n)$

Thank you!

-> U Rectures