

Analyzing functional data using R

Geno ontology analysis

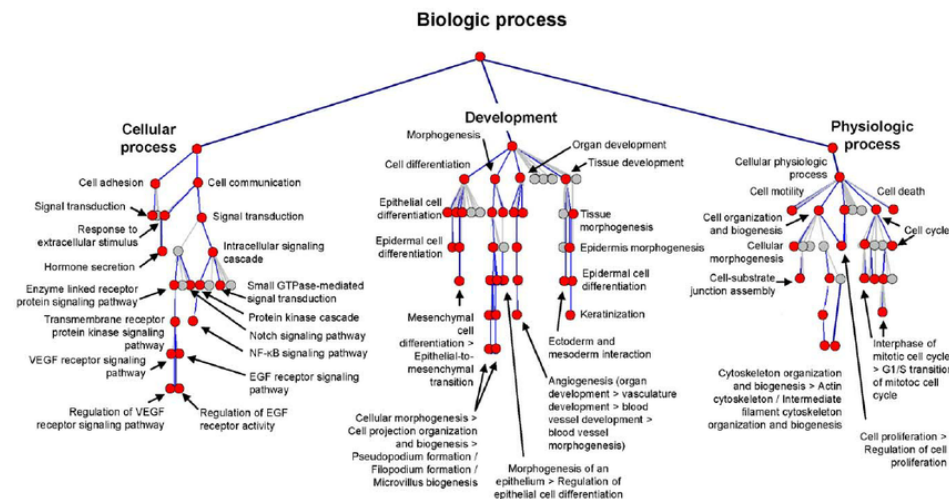
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Gene Ontology

Gene Ontology (GO) is a collection of controlled vocabularies describing the biology of a gene product in any organism

The terms are organized in a tree structure

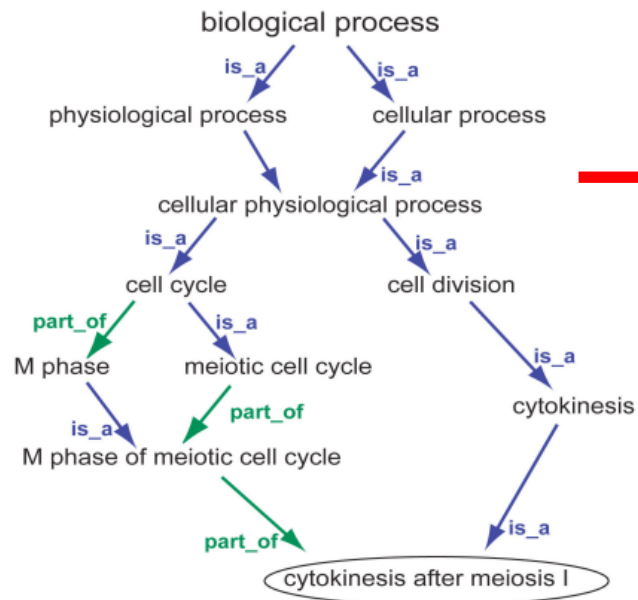


Terms get more detailed as you move down the tree

Gene Ontology

There are ~25.000 terms divided in three groups: Biological Process (BP), Molecular Function (MF) and Cellular Component (CC)

A gene can be assigned to any of the ontologies (BP, MF and CC) and assigned to several GO terms.



True path rule:

If a gene is member of a term, it is also member of the terms parents

Gene Ontology

This structure is extremely useful to organize and to allows a easy identification of the biological processes related with a gene. Consequently, helping to understand the real function of a gene.

Gene Ontology enrichment

The enrichment analysis is performed to identify if a GO term is related with the candidate genes in list more than expected by chance.

	Our list	Genes in the Genome	
In GO term	N_{11}	N_{12}	$N_{\cdot 1}$
not in GO term	N_{21}	N_{22}	$N_{\cdot 2}$
	$N_{1\cdot}$	$N_{2\cdot}$	$N_{\cdot\cdot}$

H_0 : The percentage of “In GO term” genes associated with a GO category is proportional to the number on the genes in the genome associated with the same category

percentage on the genome: $N_{1\cdot}/N_{\cdot\cdot}$

expected: $N_{\cdot 1}N_{1\cdot}/N_{\cdot\cdot}$

observed: N_{11}

test $(O-E)^2/E$ (Chi-squared test)

Important:

Several kinds of statistical tests can be performed. This was only a simple example.