

✔ Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

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1. To adapt the Newton-Raphson root-finding method to inverse kinematics when the desired end-effector configuration is represented as a transformation matrix $X_d \in SE(3)$, we need to express the error between $T_{ab}(\theta^i)$ (the forward kinematics, where θ^i is our current guess at a joint solution) and X_d . One expression of this error is the twist that takes the robot from $T_{ab}(\theta^i)$ to X_d in unit time. When this twist is expressed in the end-effector frame [b], we write it as V_b . Which of the following is a correct expression?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ $V_b = \log(T_{ab}^{-1}(\theta^i)X_d)$
- ☒ $[V_b] = \log(T_{ab}^{-1}(\theta^i)X_d)$
- ☐ $V_b = \exp(T_{ab}^{-1}(\theta^i)X_d)$

✔ Correct

T_{ab}^{-1} is the same as T_{ba} , and X_d can be written as T_{ad} , so $T_{ab}^{-1}T_{ad} = T_{bd}$ by the subscript cancellation rule. The log of this is the $se(3)$ matrix representation of the twist (expressed in the [b] frame) that takes [b] to [d] in unit time.