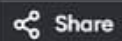


main.c



Run

Output

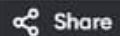
Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 typedef struct Node {
4     int data;
5     struct Node* next;
6 } Node;
7 int countNodes(Node* head) {
8     int count = 0;
9     Node* temp = head;
10    while (temp != NULL) {
11        count++;
12        temp = temp->next;
13    }
14    return count;
15 }
16 Node* createNode(int data) {
17     Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
18     if (!newNode) {
19         printf("Memory error\n");
20         return NULL;
21     }
22     newNode->data = data;
23     newNode->next = NULL;
24     return newNode;
25 }
26
```

```
*/tmp/wQYGQGCy7W.o
Linked List: 1->2->3->5->8->NULL
Number of nodes: 5
```

```
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

main.c



Run

Output

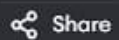
Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void insertionSort(int arr[], int n) {
3     int i, key, j;
4     for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
5         key = arr[i];
6         j = i - 1;
7         while (j >= 0 && arr[j] > key) {
8             arr[j + 1] = arr[j];
9             j = j - 1;
10        }
11        arr[j + 1] = key;
12        printf("Iteration %d: ", i);
13        for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
14            printf("%d ", arr[k]);
15        }
16        printf("\n");
17    }
18 }
19 int main() {
20     int arr[] = {98, 23, 45, 14, 6, 67, 33, 42};
21     int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
22
23     printf("Original array: ");
24     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
25         printf("%d ", arr[i]);
26     }
```

```
/tmp/znYfYC736w.o
Original array: 98 23 45 14 6 67 33 42
Iteration 1: 23 98 45 14 6 67 33 42
Iteration 2: 23 45 98 14 6 67 33 42
Iteration 3: 14 23 45 98 6 67 33 42
Iteration 4: 6 14 23 45 98 67 33 42
Iteration 5: 6 14 23 45 67 98 33 42
Iteration 6: 6 14 23 33 45 67 98 42
Iteration 7: 6 14 23 33 42 45 67 98
Sorted array: 6 14 23 33 42 45 67 98
```

```
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdbool.h>
3 #define MAX 100005
4 int adj[MAX];
5 bool visited[MAX];
6 int dist[MAX];
7 void bfs(int start, int n) {
8     int queue[MAX], front = 0, rear = 0;
9     queue[rear++] = start;
10    visited[start] = true;
11    dist[start] = 0;
12
13    while (front < rear) {
14        int node = queue[front++];
15        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
16            if (adj[node * n + i] == 1 && !visited[i]) {
17                queue[rear++] = i;
18                visited[i] = true;
19                dist[i] = dist[node] + 1;
20            }
21        }
22    }
23 }
24
25 int main() {
26     int n, m, u, v;
```

```
1
2
3
4
5
Minimum number of edges between 4 and 5 is 0
```

```
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

main.c

Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3
4 typedef struct TreeNode {
5     int val;
6     struct TreeNode* left;
7     struct TreeNode* right;
8 } TreeNode;
9
10 void inorderTraversal(TreeNode* root, int* count, int k, int* result) {
11     if (root == NULL) {
12         return;
13     }
14
15     inorderTraversal(root->left, count, k, result);
16
17     (*count)++;
18
19     if (*count == k) {
20         *result = root->val;
21         return;
22     }
23
24     inorderTraversal(root->right, count, k, result);
25 }
26
```

/tmp/pYqMCXceBQ.o
Kth smallest element is 4
Kth smallest element is 7

=== Code Execution Successful ===

main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3
4 void charFrequency(char* s) {
5     int freq[256] = {0};
6
7     for (int i = 0; i < strlen(s); i++) {
8         freq[(int)s[i]]++;
9     }
10
11     for (int i = 0; i < 256; i++) {
12         if (freq[i] > 0) {
13             printf("%c->%d, ", (char)i, freq[i]);
14         }
15     }
16     printf("\n");
17 }
18
19 int main() {
20     char s[] = "tree";
21     charFrequency(s);
22
23     return 0;
24 }
```

/tmp/dKn8nuB1Jn.o

e->2, r->1, t->1,

=== Code Execution Successful ===

main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdbool.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
3 #include <stdlib.h>
4
5 typedef struct ListNode {
6     int val;
7     struct ListNode* next;
8 } ListNode;
9
10 ListNode* createListNode(int val) {
11     ListNode* node = (ListNode*)malloc(sizeof(ListNode));
12     node->val = val;
13     node->next = NULL;
14     return node;
15 }
16
17 void printList(ListNode* head) {
18     while (head != NULL) {
19         printf("%d ", head->val);
20         head = head->next;
21     }
22     printf("\n");
23 }
24
25 bool isPalindrome(ListNode* head) {
26     if (head == NULL || head->next == NULL) {
```

/tmp/fJLqQunx4y.o

1 2 3 2 1

true

1 2 3

=== Code Execution Successful ===n

main.c



Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int fibonacci(int n) {
3     if (n == 0 || n == 1) {
4         return n;
5     } else {
6         return fibonacci(n - 1) + fibonacci(n - 2);
7     }
8 }
9 void printFibonacciSeries(int n) {
10    printf("Fibonacci series: ");
11    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
12        printf("%d, ", fibonacci(i));
13    }
14    printf("\n");
15 }
16 int sumFibonacciSeries(int n) {
17     int sum = 0;
18     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
19         sum += fibonacci(i);
20     }
21     return sum;
22 }
23
24 int main() {
25     int n;
26     printf("Enter the number of terms: ");
```

/tmp/6p05UoXrzV.o

Enter the number of terms: 5
Fibonacci series: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3,
Sum of the Fibonacci series: 7

=== Code Execution Successful ===

main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

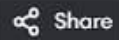
```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int binarySearch(int arr[], int x, int low, int high) {
3     if (high >= low) {
4         int mid = low + (high - low) / 2;
5         if (arr[mid] == x) {
6             return mid;
7         }
8         if (arr[mid] > x) {
9             return binarySearch(arr, x, low, mid - 1);
10        }
11        return binarySearch(arr, x, mid + 1, high);
12    }
13    return -1;
14 }
15
16 int main() {
17     int arr[] = {1, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10};
18     int x = 6;
19     int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
20
21     int result = binarySearch(arr, x, 0, n - 1);
22
23     if (result == -1) {
24         printf("Element not found\n");
25     } else {
26         printf("Element found at location %d\n", result);
27     }
```

/tmp/u1f0NS8DQf.o

Element found at location 2

=== Code Execution Successful ===

main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 typedef struct Node {
4     int data;
5     struct Node* left;
6     struct Node* right;
7 } Node;
8 Node* createNode(int data) {
9     Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
10    if (!newNode) {
11        printf("Memory error\n");
12        return NULL;
13    }
14    newNode->data = data;
15    newNode->left = newNode->right = NULL;
16    return newNode;
17 }
18 void inorderTraversal(Node* root) {
19     if (root) {
20         inorderTraversal(root->left);
21         printf("%d ", root->data);
22         inorderTraversal(root->right);
23     }
24 }
25 void postorderTraversal(Node* root) {
26     if (root) {
```

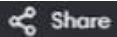
/tmp/8wVHHBpbxr.o

Inorder traversal: 9 3 15 20 7

Postorder traversal: 9 15 7 20 3

=== Code Execution Successful ===

main.c



Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <string.h>
4 #define MAX 256
5 typedef struct {
6     char c;
7     int freq;
8 } CharFreq;
9
10 int compare(const void *a, const void *b) {
11     CharFreq *cf1 = (CharFreq *)a;
12     CharFreq *cf2 = (CharFreq *)b;
13     if (cf1->freq != cf2->freq) {
14         return cf2->freq - cf1->freq;
15     } else {
16         return cf1->c - cf2->c;
17     }
18 }
19 void sort_and_find_repeated(char *s) {
20     int len = strlen(s);
21     CharFreq cf[MAX];
22     int count = 0;
23     for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
24         int found = 0;
25         for (int j = 0; j < count; j++) {
26             if (cf[j].c == s[i]) {
```

/tmp/XCmA3xHYeE.o

Sorted string: eert

Starting indices of repeated characters: 2

Sorted string: kkj

Starting indices of repeated characters: 1

Sorted string: aaaccc

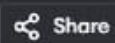
Starting indices of repeated characters: 3 1

Sorted string: bbAa

Starting indices of repeated characters: 2

=== Code Execution Successful ===

main.c



Run

Output

Clear

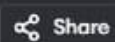
```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 typedef struct TreeNode {
4     int val;
5     struct TreeNode* left;
6     struct TreeNode* right;
7 } TreeNode;
8 TreeNode* createNode(int val) {
9     TreeNode* newNode = (TreeNode*)malloc(sizeof(TreeNode));
10    if (!newNode) {
11        printf("Memory error\n");
12        return NULL;
13    }
14    newNode->val = val;
15    newNode->left = NULL;
16    newNode->right = NULL;
17    return newNode;
18 }
19 TreeNode* buildTree(int* preorder, int* inorder, int preorderStart, int
preorderEnd, int inorderStart, int inorderEnd) {
20    if (preorderStart > preorderEnd || inorderStart > inorderEnd) {
21        return NULL;
22    }
23    TreeNode* root = createNode(preorder[preorderStart]);
24    int inorderIndex;
25    for (inorderIndex = inorderStart; inorderIndex <= inorderEnd; inorderIndex
```

```
/tmp/bbCCcQXq4h.o
Binary Tree:
7
20
15
3
9

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```



main.c



Run

Output

Clear

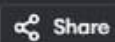
```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int findSmallestPositiveMissing(int arr[], int n) {
3     int i, j, temp;
4     for (i = 0, j = 0; i < n; i++) {
5         if (arr[i] > 0) {
6             temp = arr[i];
7             arr[i] = arr[j];
8             arr[j] = temp;
9             j++;
10        }
11    } index x
12    for (i = 0; i < j; i++) {
13        if (abs(arr[i]) - 1 < j && arr[abs(arr[i]) - 1] > 0) {
14            arr[abs(arr[i]) - 1] = -arr[abs(arr[i]) - 1];
15        }
16    }
17    for (i = 0; i < j; i++) {
18        if (arr[i] > 0) {
19            return i + 1;
20        }
21    }
22    return j + 1;
23 }
24 int main() {
25     int arr[] = {2, 3, 7, 6, 8, -1, -10, 15};
26     int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
```

```
/tmp/pBDaEfy02Q.o
Linked List: 1->2->3->5->8->NULL
Number of nodes: 5

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```




main.c



Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void bubbleSort(int arr[], int n) {
3     int i, j, temp;
4     for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
5         for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
6             if (arr[j] < arr[j + 1]) {
7                 temp = arr[j];
8                 arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
9                 arr[j + 1] = temp;
10            }
11        }
12    }
13 }
14 void printArray(int arr[], int n) {
15     int i;
16     for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
17         printf("%d ", arr[i]);
18     }
19     printf("\n");
20 }
21 int main() {
22     int arr[] = {4, 7, 9, 1, 2};
23     int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
24     printf("Original array: ");
25     printArray(arr, n);
26     bubbleSort(arr, n);
```

```
/tmp/oNii178ChJ.o
Original array: 4 7 9 1 2
Sorted array in descending order: 9 7 4 2 1

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```



main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 typedef struct Node {
4     int data;
5     struct Node* next;
6 } Node;
7 void insertNode(Node** head, int data) {
8     Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
9     newNode->data = data;
10    newNode->next = NULL;
11    if (*head == NULL) {
12        *head = newNode;
13    } else {
14        Node* temp = *head;
15        while (temp->next != NULL) {
16            temp = temp->next;
17        }
18        temp->next = newNode;
19    }
20 }
21 void printOddNumbers(Node* head) {
22     while (head != NULL) {
23         if (head->data % 2 != 0) {
24             printf("%d ", head->data);
25         }
26         head = head->next;
27     }
28 }
```

```
/tmp/Xwn7zZZcfz.o
Odd numbers in the list: 1 3 7
```

=== Code Execution Successful ===





main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 typedef struct Node {
4     int data;
5     struct Node* next;
6 } Node;
7 typedef struct Queue {
8     Node* front;
9     Node* rear;
10 } Queue;
11 Node* createNode(int data) {
12     Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
13     newNode->data = data;
14     newNode->next = NULL;
15     return newNode;
16 }
17 Queue* createQueue() {
18     Queue* q = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
19     q->front = NULL;
20     q->rear = NULL;
21     return q;
22 }
23 void enqueue(Queue* q, int data) {
24     Node* newNode = createNode(data);
25     if (q->rear == NULL) {
26         q->front = newNode;
```

```
/tmp/kQKA3wqtVY.o
Initial queue: 12 34 56 78
After insertion of 60: 12 34 56 78 60
After deletion of 12: 34 56 78 60

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```


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main.c

Share Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int findMissingElement(int arr[], int n) {
4     int total = (n * (n + 1)) / 2;
5     int sum = 0;
6     for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
7         sum += arr[i];
8     }
9     return total - sum;
10 }
11
12 int main() {
13     int n = 5;
14     int arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 5};
15     int missingElement = findMissingElement(arr, n);
16     printf("The missing element is: %d\n", missingElement);
17     return 0;
18 }
```

```
/tmp/Wj7wF1ovH2.o
The missing element is: 4

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

main.c

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 typedef struct Node {
4     int data;
5     struct Node* next;
6 } Node;
7 Node* createNode(int data) {
8     Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
9     if (!newNode) {
10         printf("Memory error\n");
11         return NULL;
12     }
13     newNode->data = data;
14     newNode->next = NULL;
15     return newNode;
16 }
17 void insertNode(Node** head, int data) {
18     Node* newNode = createNode(data);
19     if (*head == NULL) {
20         *head = newNode;
21         return;
22     }
23     Node* lastNode = *head;
24     while (lastNode->next) {
25         lastNode = lastNode->next;
26     }

```

Output

```
6->7->8->9->NULL
```

```
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <string.h>
4 int isValid(char *s) {
5     int stack[1000];
6     int top = -1;
7     char mapping[256];
8     mapping['('] = ')';
9     mapping['{'] = '}';
10    mapping['['] = ']';
11    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(s); i++) {
12        if (s[i] == '(' || s[i] == '{' || s[i] == '[') {
13            stack[++top] = s[i];
14        } else if (s[i] == ')' || s[i] == '}' || s[i] == ']') {
15            if (top == -1 || stack[top] != mapping[s[i]]) {
16                return 0;
17            }
18            top--;
19        }
20    }
21    return top == -1;
22 }
23 int main() {
24     char s[] = "()";
25     if (isValid(s)) {
26         printf("true\n");
27     }
```

```
/tmp/YzreughnnP.o
true

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```



main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void printFibonacci(int n) {
3     int t1 = 0, t2 = 1, nextTerm = 0, sum = 1;
4     printf("Fibonacci series: ");
5     printf("%d, %d, ", t1, t2);
6     for (int i = 3; i <= n; i++) {
7         nextTerm = t1 + t2;
8         t1 = t2;
9         t2 = nextTerm;
10        sum += nextTerm;
11        printf("%d, ", nextTerm);
12    }
13    printf("\nSum of the series: %d\n", sum);
14 }
15 int main() {
16     int n;
17     printf("Enter the number of terms: ");
18     scanf("%d", &n);
19     printFibonacci(n);
20     return 0;
21 }
```

/tmp/RAKtGtQAWY.o

Enter the number of terms: 10

Fibonacci series: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34,

Sum of the series: 88

=== Code Execution Successful ===



main.c



Share

Run

Output

Clear

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3 int strStr(char *haystack, char *needle) {
4     int haystackLen = strlen(haystack);
5     int needleLen = strlen(needle);
6     if (needleLen == 0) {
7         return 0;
8     }
9     for (int i = 0; i <= haystackLen - needleLen; i++) {
10         int j;
11         for (j = 0; j < needleLen; j++) {
12             if (haystack[i + j] != needle[j]) {
13                 break;
14             }
15         }
16         if (j == needleLen) {
17             return i;
18         }
19     }
20     return -1;
21 }
22 int main() {
23     char haystack[] = "sadbutsad";
24     char needle[] = "sad";
25     int index = strStr(haystack, needle);
26     if (index != -1) {
```

```
/tmp/JC5MaCrSOV.o
The first occurrence of 'sad' in 'sadbutsad' is at index 0.

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```