

Chapter 8 – Deadlocks

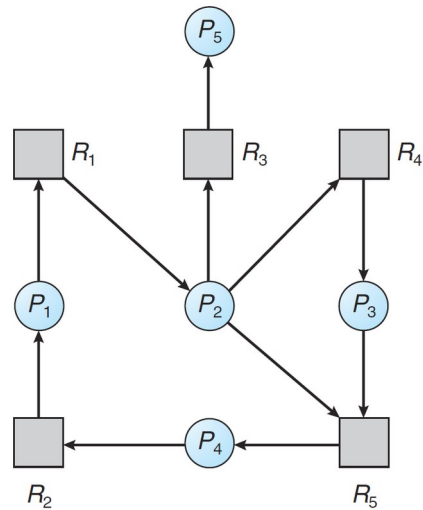
1. Consider the following snapshot of a system:

	<i>Allocation</i>	<i>Max</i>	<i>Available</i>
	<i>A B C D</i>	<i>A B C D</i>	<i>A B C D</i>
<i>P0</i>	2 0 0 1	4 2 1 2	3 3 2 1
<i>P1</i>	3 1 2 1	5 2 5 2	
<i>P2</i>	2 1 0 3	2 3 1 6	
<i>P3</i>	1 3 1 2	1 4 2 4	
<i>P4</i>	1 4 3 2	3 6 6 5	

Answer the following questions using the banker's algorithm:

- a. Illustrate that the system is in a safe state by demonstrating an order in which the processes may complete.
 - b. If a request from process *P1* arrives for (1, 1, 0, 0), can the request be granted immediately?
 - c. If a request from process *P4* arrives for (0, 0, 2, 0), can the request be granted immediately?
2. Which of the following are physical resources? Which of the following are logical resources?
 - a. CPU cycles
 - b. Printers
 - c. Files
 - d. Tape drives
 - e. Mutex locks
 - f. Memory space
 - g. Semaphores
 3. Processes may utilize a resource in the sequence Request, Use, and Release. Write the system calls for Request and Release for each of the following resources:
 - a. Device
 - b. File
 - c. Memory
 - d. Semaphore
 - e. Mutex lock
 4. What are the four necessary conditions that need to hold simultaneously for a deadlock situation in a system?
 5. For a deadlock to occur, each of the four necessary conditions must hold. By ensuring that at least one of these conditions cannot hold, we can prevent the occurrence of a deadlock. Which one condition must hold and cannot be applied for deadlock prevention?

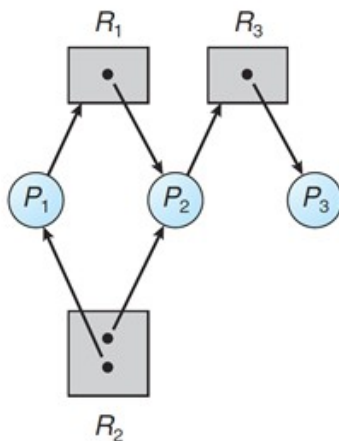
6. Assume there are three resources, R_1 , R_2 , and R_3 , that are each assigned unique integer values 15, 10, and 25, respectively. What is a resource ordering which prevents a circular wait?
7. Figure shows a resource-allocation graph.
 - a. Draw the corresponding wait-for graph.
 - b. How do we detect a deadlock in a wait-for graph?



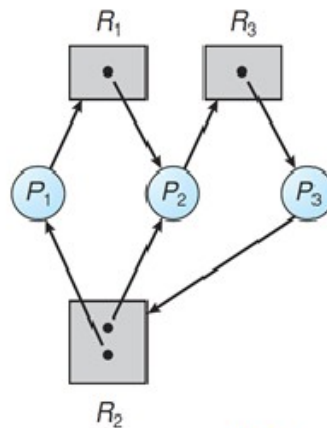
8. A resource-allocation graph is shown in Figure (a).
 - a. Is the system deadlocked? Why or why not?

Suppose that process P_3 requests an instance of resource type R_2 . We add a request edge $P_3 \rightarrow R_2$ to the graph as shown Figure (b).

- b. Is the system deadlocked? Why or why not?



(a)



(b)