Воспроизведение результатов статьи в pygraphs.

Владимир Ивашкин

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2 Logarithmic vs. plain measures

Не ясно, в оригинале был RI или ARI. Если был ARI, то он на тот момент был неправильным. Привожу тут оба варианта

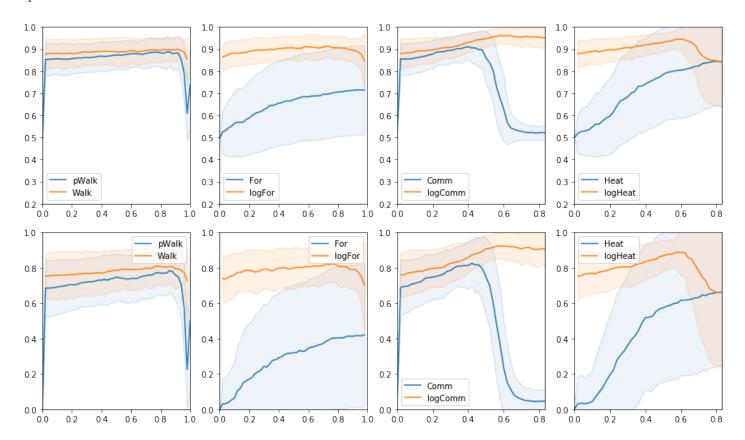


Рис. 1: G(100, (2)0.2, 0.05), RI and ARI respectively

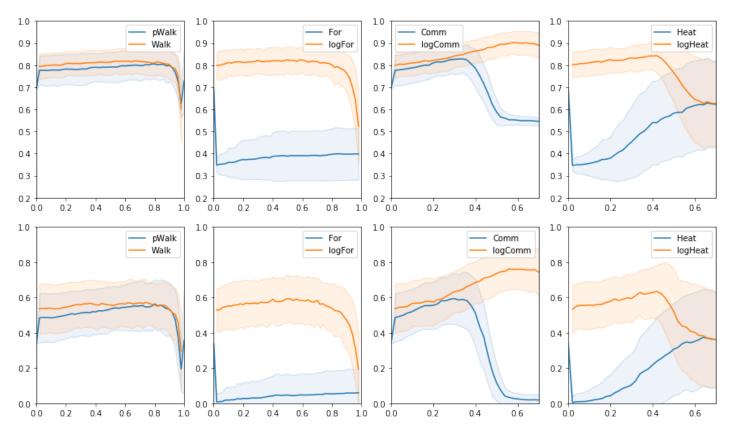


Рис. 2: G(100, (3)0.3, 0.1), RI and ARI respectively

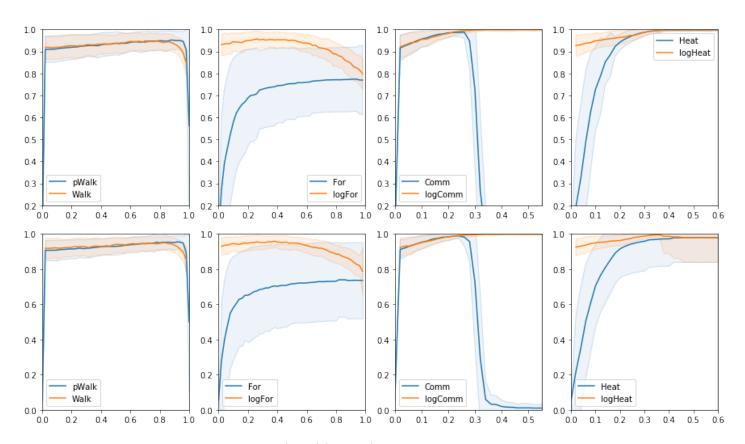


Рис. 3: G(200, (2)0.3, 0.1), RI and ARI respectively

3 Competition by Copeland's score

| $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Nodes} \\ \textbf{Classes} \\ p_{out} \end{array}$ | 100 2 0.1 | 100 2 0.15 | 100 4 0.1 | 100 4 0.15 | 200 2 0.1 | 200 2 0.15 | 200 4 0.1 | 200 4 0.15 | Sum of scores |
|--|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|
| logComm | 10 | 512 | 406 | -122 | 580 | 333 | 152 | 600 | 2471 |
| Comm | 4 | 185 | 86 | 448 | 244 | 297 | 442 | 246 | $\boldsymbol{1952}$ |
| SCCT | 10 | 287 | 188 | 148 | 289 | 238 | 76 | 458 | 1694 |
| Heat | 10 | -310 | 86 | 448 | 136 | 332 | 442 | -260 | 884 |
| pWalk | -3 | -41 | 86 | 448 | -41 | -106 | 442 | -138 | 647 |
| logHeat | 4 | 67 | -16 | -294 | 202 | 332 | -292 | 166 | 169 |
| SCT | -6 | 51 | -106 | 148 | -39 | 69 | 76 | -42 | 151 |
| logFor | -8 | 33 | -70 | -298 | 3 | -83 | -262 | 50 | -635 |
| FE | 0 | -12 | -104 | -294 | -97 | -102 | -294 | -4 | -907 |
| For | -10 | -560 | 86 | 448 | -568 | -546 | 442 | -260 | -968 |
| RSP | -3 | 92 | -132 | -358 | -107 | -1 | -336 | -124 | -969 |
| Walk | 4 | 20 | -40 | -316 | -144 | -221 | -346 | -98 | -1141 |
| SP-CT | -12 | -324 | -470 | -406 | -458 | -542 | -542 | -594 | -3348 |

Таблица 1: Optimal parameters

| Nodes | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | Sum |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Classes | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | of |
| p_{out} | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.15 | \mathbf{scores} |
| logComm | 440 | 501 | 466 | 340 | 398 | 565 | 574 | 582 | 3866 |
| SCCT | 263 | 295 | 360 | 184 | 295 | 397 | 438 | 370 | $\bf 2602$ |
| Comm | 109 | 149 | 106 | 120 | 198 | 60 | 168 | 158 | 1068 |
| logHeat | 236 | 59 | 80 | 32 | 391 | 11 | 148 | 98 | 1055 |
| logFor | -23 | 57 | 148 | 116 | -126 | 44 | 134 | 94 | 444 |
| m FE | -74 | 80 | 50 | 120 | -30 | 30 | 38 | 52 | 266 |
| Walk | -79 | 119 | 114 | 102 | -84 | -4 | 20 | 76 | 264 |
| SCT | -27 | 27 | 4 | -32 | 52 | -6 | 36 | 30 | 84 |
| pWalk | 45 | 1 | 20 | 10 | -62 | -31 | -10 | 26 | -1 |
| Heat | 296 | -322 | -492 | -445 | 386 | 249 | -215 | -472 | -1015 |
| RSP | -313 | -117 | -16 | 14 | -338 | -268 | -280 | -84 | -1402 |
| SP-CT | -482 | -287 | -250 | 0 | -585 | -460 | -452 | -352 | -2868 |
| For | -391 | -562 | -590 | -561 | -495 | -587 | -599 | -578 | -4363 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Таблица 2: 90th percentiles

4 Reject curves

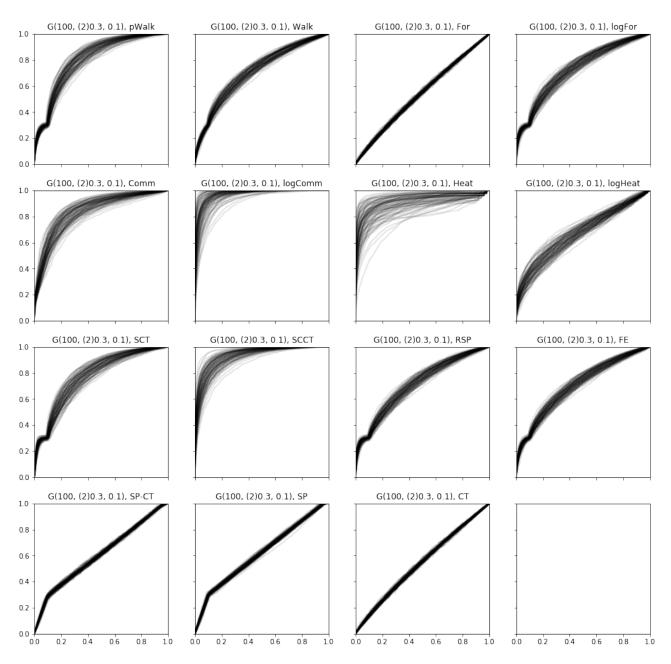
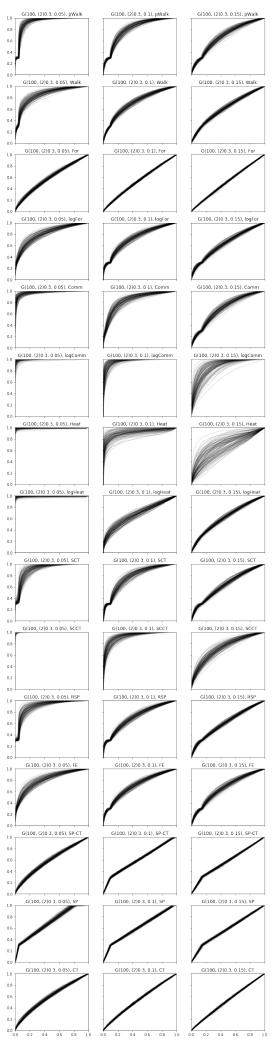
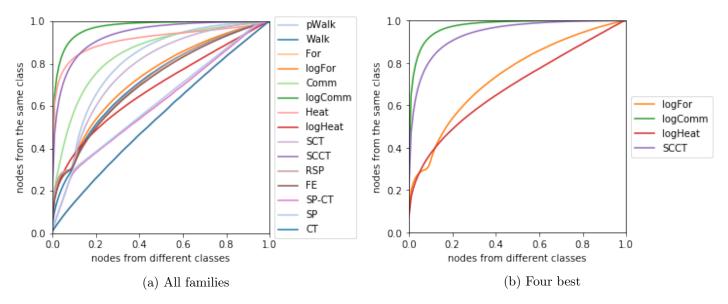


Рис. 4: Reject curves for the graph measures under study

| Measure | $p_{out} = 0.5$ | 0.1 | 0.15 |
|----------------------|-----------------|------|------|
| pWalk | 0.86 | 0.80 | 0.86 |
| Walk | 0.82 | 0.76 | 0.76 |
| For | 0.96 | 0.98 | 0.44 |
| logFor | 0.72 | 0.40 | 0.28 |
| Comm | 0.42 | 0.36 | 0.24 |
| logComm | 0.46 | 0.54 | 0.64 |
| Heat | 0.70 | 0.74 | 0.82 |
| logHeat | 0.70 | 0.46 | 0.18 |
| SCT | 0.46 | 0.50 | 0.48 |
| SCCT | 0.98 | 0.74 | 0.44 |
| RSP | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 |
| FE | 0.96 | 0.92 | 0.76 |
| SP-CT | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.36 |

Таблица 3: Optimal family parameters for $G(100,(2)0.3,p_{out})$





 $\mbox{Puc.}$ 5: Average reject curves

5 Graphs with classes of different sizes

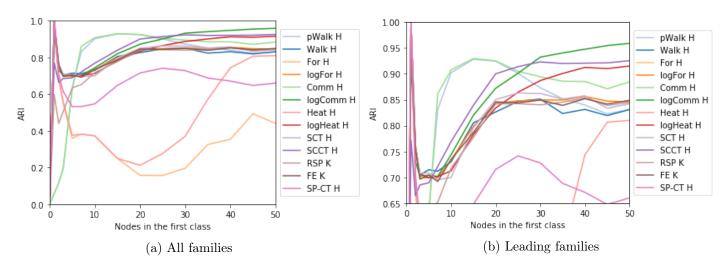


Рис. 6: Graphs with two classes of different sizes: clustering with optimal parameter values

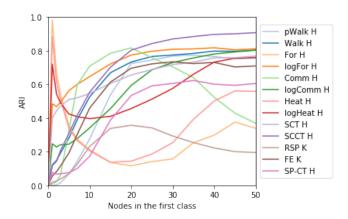


Рис. 7: Graphs with two classes of different sizes: random parameter values

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0.30 & 0.20 & 0.10 & 0.15 & 0.07 & 0.25 \\ 0.20 & 0.24 & 0.08 & 0.13 & 0.05 & 0.17 \\ 0.10 & 0.08 & 0.16 & 0.09 & 0.04 & 0.12 \\ 0.15 & 0.13 & 0.09 & 0.20 & 0.02 & 0.14 \\ 0.07 & 0.05 & 0.04 & 0.02 & 0.12 & 0.04 \\ 0.25 & 0.17 & 0.12 & 0.14 & 0.04 & 0.40 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Рис. 8: ARI of various measure families on a structure with 6 classes

6 Cluster analysis on several classical datasets

3десь ошибка была в том, что я зафиксировал число классов – 2, хотя в датасете football их 12. Теперь все похоже на статью:

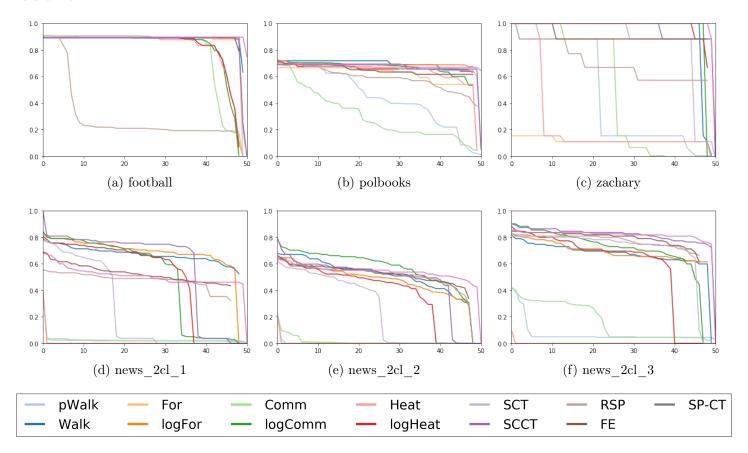


Рис. 9: ARI of various measure families on classical datasets