## MID-TERM EXAM

## NOTES

- (i) Students are allowed to use materials.
- (ii) Students are only allowed to use calculators. It is not allowed to use calculation software such as MatLab, Maple, etc.
- (iii) Let m and n be the two last digits of the student ID ( $0 \le m, n \le 9$ ). Put  $\mathcal{M} = \frac{2m+n+12}{10}$ . For example, if the student ID is 1910273, then m=7, n=3 and  $\mathcal{M} = \frac{2\times 7+3+12}{10} = 2.9$
- (iv) Send exam results to my email: nan.thanh@lethai.vn
- (v) Exam time is 60 minutes. You have 10 minutes to send the email.

## **QUESTIONS**

**Question 1.** Given the equation  $f(x) = 2x^3 + \mathcal{M}\sqrt{x^3} - 11.3 = 0$  in the root-isolated interval [1,2]. Use the Bisection method to find the approximated root  $x_7$ .

**Question 2.** Given the equation  $f(x) = 2x^4 + 3\mathcal{M}x - 18 = 0$  in the root-isolated interval [1,2]. Use the Newton method to find the approximated root  $x_2$  and its error  $\Delta_{x_2}$ .

**Question 3.** Given the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2\mathcal{M} & -2 & 3 \\ 5 & \mathcal{M} & -4 \\ 1 & -3 & 2\mathcal{M} \end{bmatrix}$ . Use the Crout method to factorize A = LU. Find  $u_{23}$  and  $l_{33}$ .

**Question 4.** Given the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3\mathcal{M} & -1.7 & 1.3 \\ -1.7 & 3\mathcal{M} & 1.5 \\ 1.3 & 1.5 & 3\mathcal{M} \end{bmatrix}$ . Use the Choleski method to factorize  $A = CC^T$ . Find  $c_{32}$  and  $c_{33}$ .

**Question 5.** Given the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2.3 & 2\mathcal{M} & 3.7 \\ -3\mathcal{M} & 3.5 & 2.8 \\ -3.5 & 4.1 & 2\mathcal{M} \end{bmatrix}$ . Find the conditional number  $k_{\infty}(A)$  of A with the  $l_{\infty}$ -norm.

**Question 6.** Given the linear system:  $\begin{cases} 5.4\mathcal{M}x_1 + 2.7x_2 = 11.3 \\ 2.9x_1 + 4.8\mathcal{M}x_2 = 15.7 \end{cases}$  Use the Jacobi method with  $X^{(0)} = (0.3, 0.6)^T$  to find the approximated solution  $X^{(2)}$  and its error. Use  $l_{\infty}$ -norm.

**Question 7.** Given the linear system:  $\begin{cases} 3.3\mathcal{M}x_1 - 2.1x_2 = 8.67 \\ 1.8x_1 + 3.1\mathcal{M}x_2 = 9.58 \end{cases}$  Use the Gauss-Seidel method with  $X^{(0)} = (0.4, 0.5)^T$  to find the approximated solution  $X^{(2)}$  and its error. Use  $l_{\infty}$ -norm.

**Question 8.** Given the table:  $\frac{x \mid 1.0 \quad 1.3 \quad 1.7 \quad 2.0}{y \mid 2.51 \quad 0.7\mathcal{M} \quad 2.89 \quad \mathcal{M}}$  Use Lagrange's polynomial to approximate the value y(1.48).

**Question 9.** Given the table:  $\frac{x \mid 1.0 \quad 1.3 \quad 1.6 \quad 1.9}{y \mid 2.17 \quad \mathcal{M} \quad 3.87 \quad A}$  If N(x) is the forward Newton polynomial, then find A such that  $N(1.5) = \mathcal{M}$ .

**Question 10.** Given the table:  $\begin{array}{c|cccc} x & 2.0 & 2.3 & 2.5 \\ \hline y & 1.45 & \mathcal{M} & 2.78 \end{array}$ . Use the natural cubic spline to approximate y(1.12) and y(2.39).