VIETNAM NATIONAL UNIVERSITY, HO CHI MINH CITY HO CHI MINH CITY UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Faculty of Computer Science and Engineering



CC02 — Lab Report

$\begin{array}{c} {\bf Microprocessor\ \textbf{-}\ Microcontroller} \\ {\bf Lab\ 2} \end{array}$

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Ho Chi Minh University of Technology Faculty of Computer Science and Engineering

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1 Exercise

The GitHub link for the lab schematics is at here or in this link: https://github.com/ThanhTaiNguyen24/mcu-mpu-lab1.

The schematic for the exercises from 1 to 10 is located here:

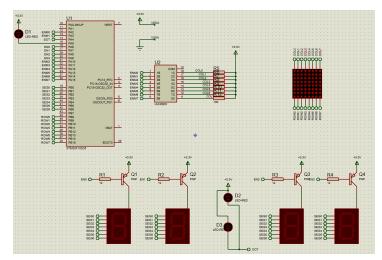


Figure 1: The schematic for the exercises from 1 to 10.



1.1 Exercise 1

1.1.1 Report 1

Can be found at 1.

1.1.2 Report 2

This is the header file library for the exercise 1:

```
int counter = 100;
void HAL_TIM_PeriodElapsedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim){

if(counter == 100) {
   led7segmentdisplay(1);
   HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
   HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
} else if (counter == 50) {
   led7segmentdisplay(2);
   HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
   HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
} HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
} counter--;
if (counter == 0) counter = 100;
}
```

Short question: the frequency of the scanning process is 1Hz.



1.2 Exercise 2

1.2.1 Report 1

Can be found at 1.

1.2.2 Report 2

This is the source code for the exercise 2:

```
int counter = 200;
1 int led_counter = 100;
3 void HAL_TIM_PeriodElapsedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim){
    if(counter == 200){
    led7segmentdisplay(1);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    } else if (counter == 150){
10
    led7segmentdisplay(2);
11
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
12
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_SET);
15
    } else if(counter == 100){
    led7segmentdisplay(3);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
19
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
20
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
21
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_SET);
23
    } else if (counter == 50){
24
    led7segmentdisplay(0);
25
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
29
30
    counter --;
    led_counter --;
    if (led_counter == 50){
33
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_SET);
34
    }
35
    if (led_counter == 0){
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
      led_counter = 100;
38
    }
39
40 if (counter == 0){
```



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```
41     counter = 200;
42  }
43 }
```



1.3 Exercise 3

1.3.1 Report 1

This is the source code for update7SEG function:

```
void update7SEG (int index){
    switch(index){
    case 0:
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_SET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_SET);
      led7segmentdisplay(led_buffer[0]);
      break:
9
   case 1:
10
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
12
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_SET);
13
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_SET);
14
      led7segmentdisplay(led_buffer[1]);
15
16
      break:
    case 2:
17
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
18
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
19
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
20
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_SET);
21
      led7segmentdisplay(led_buffer[2]);
      break;
    case 3:
24
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
25
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_SET);
26
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
28
      led7segmentdisplay(led_buffer[3]);
29
      break;
30
    default:
31
32
      break;
    }
33
34 }
```

1.3.2 Report 2

This is the source code for PeriodElapsedCallback function:

```
int counter = 50;
int led_counter = 100;
void HAL_TIM_PeriodElapsedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim){
   update7SEG(index_led);
   counter--;
```



```
if(counter == 0){
     index_led++;
     counter = 50;
     if (index_led > 3) index_led = 0;
10
11
   led_counter --;
13
   if (led_counter == 50){
   HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_SET);
17
  if (led_counter == 0){
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
18
    led_counter = 100;
19
20
21 }
```



1.4 Exercise 4

1.4.1 Report 1

This is the source code for the exercise 4:

```
int counter = 25;
void HAL_TIM_PeriodElapsedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim){
   update7SEG(index_led);
   counter --;
   if(counter == 0){
     index_led++;
     counter = 25;
     if (index_led > 3) index_led = 0;
9
10
   led_counter --;
   if (led_counter == 50){
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_SET);
13
   if (led_counter == 0){
14
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
     led_counter = 100;
16
  }
17
18 }
```



1.5 Exercise 5

1.5.1 Report 1

This is the source code for the exercise 5:

```
void updateClockBuffer (){
led_buffer[0] = hour / 10;
led_buffer[1] = hour % 10;
led_buffer[2] = minute / 10;
led_buffer[3] = minute % 10;
}
```



1.6 Exercise 6

1.6.1 Report 1

Answer: if **setTimer0(1000)** is removed, **timer0_counter** always equal to 0, the LED will not toggle.

1.6.2 Report 2

Answer: **void setTimer0** receive input parameter named **duration** as an **integer**. If **duration** equal to 1, **timer0_counter** (which is an **integer** value equal to 0, the LED will not toggle.

1.6.3 Report 3

Answer: If duration equal to 10, timer0_counter (which is an integer value equal to 1, the timer_run() function will invokes in this case, the LED will toggle.



1.7 Exercise 7

This is the code for the exercise 7:

```
setTimer1(1000);
2 setTimer2(500);
3 while (1)
      if(timer1_flag == 1) {
      second++;
6
      if (second >= 60){
       second = 0;
        minute++;
9
10
     if (minute >= 60) {
11
12
       minute = 0;
       hour++;
13
14
     if (hour >= 24) {
15
        hour = 0; 24
17
      updateClockBuffer();
18
      setTimer1(1000);
19
      if(timer2_flag == 1){
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin (GPIOA ,GPIO_PIN_4);
22
      setTimer2(500);
23
24
25 }
```



1.8 Exercise 8

1.8.1 Report 1

This is the code for the exercise 8:

```
setTimer1(10);
setTimer2(10);
3 setTimer3(20);
4 while (1)
5 {
      if(timer1_flag == 1) {
          second++;
      if (second >= 60){
       second = 0;
9
       minute++;
      if (minute >= 60) {
12
        minute = 0;
13
        hour++;
14
15
          if (hour >= 24) {
16
       hour = 0;
17
          }
18
          updateClockBuffer();
19
          update7SEG(index_led);
          HAL_GPIO_TogglePin (GPIOA ,GPIO_PIN_4);
21
          index_led++;
22
          if (index_led > 3) index_led = 0;
23
          setTimer1(1000);
24
25
void HAL_TIM_PeriodElapsedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim){
timerRun();
30 }
32 int timer1_counter = 0;
33 int timer1_flag = 0;
34 int TIMER_CYCLE = 10;
36 void setTimer1(int duration){
   timer1_counter = duration/TIMER_CYCLE;
    timer1_flag = 0;
38
40 void setTimer2(int duration){
    timer2_counter = duration/TIMER_CYCLE;
   timer2_flag = 0;
43 }
void setTimer3(int duration){
timer3_counter = duration/TIMER_CYCLE;
```



```
timer3_flag = 0;
47 }
48
49 void timerRun(){
    if (timer1_counter > 0){
50
   timer1_counter--;
    if(timer1_counter <= 0){</pre>
     timer1_flag = 1;
53
54
   }
55
     if (timer2_counter > 0){
57
   timer2_counter --;
   if(timer2_counter <= 0){</pre>
     timer2_flag = 1;
59
60
62
     if (timer3_counter > 0){
   timer3_counter--;
63
   if(timer3_counter <= 0){</pre>
     timer3_flag = 1;
   }
66
67 }
68 }
```



1.9 Exercise 9

1.9.1 Report 1

Can be found at 1.

1.9.2 Report 2

This is the source code for the exercise 9:

```
uint8_t matrix_buffer [8] = {0x18,0x3c,0x66,0x66,0x7e,0x7e,0x66,0x66};
void updateLedMatrix(int index){
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_10, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_11, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_12, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_13, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_14, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_15, GPIO_PIN_SET);
10
11
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_SET);
12
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_10, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_11, GPIO_PIN_SET);
15
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_12, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_13, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_14, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_15, GPIO_PIN_SET);
19
20
21
    uint8_t numberCode = matrix_buffer[index];
    uint8_t value[8];
    switch(index){
23
    case 0: HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_8, GPIO_PIN_RESET); break;
    case 1: HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_9, GPIO_PIN_RESET); break;
    case 2: HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_10, GPIO_PIN_RESET); break;
    case 3: HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_11, GPIO_PIN_RESET); break;
    case 4: HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_12, GPIO_PIN_RESET); break;
    case 5: HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_13, GPIO_PIN_RESET); break;
    case 6: HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_14, GPIO_PIN_RESET); break;
    case 7: HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_15, GPIO_PIN_RESET); break;
    default: break;
33
    for (index_led_matrix = 0; index_led_matrix < MAX_LED_MATRIX; index_led_matrix</pre>
34
      ++){
      value[index_led_matrix] = (numberCode >> (7 - index_led_matrix)) & 0x01;
      value[index_led_matrix] = (value[index_led_matrix] == 1) ? 0 : 1;
37
38
   HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_2, value[0]);
```

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```
HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, value[1]);

HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_10, value[2]);

HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_11, value[3]);

HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_12, value[4]);

HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_13, value[5]);

HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_14, value[6]);

HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_15, value[7]);
```



1.10 Exercise 10

This is the code for the exercise 10:

```
setTimer1(10);
setTimer2(10);
3 setTimer3(20);
4 while (1) {
      if(timer2_flag == 1){
          updateLedMatrix(index_led_matrix);
          index_led_matrix++;
          if (index_led_matrix > MAX_LED_MATRIX) index_led_matrix = 0;
          setTimer2(40);
9
     }
10
11
     if(timer3_flag == 1){
     HAL_GPIO_TogglePin (GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_5);
12
     ledShiftRight();
13
      setTimer3(500);
14
      }
15
16 }
void ledShiftRight(){
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_LED_MATRIX;i++){</pre>
      uint8_t leftToRight = (matrix_buffer[i] & 0x01) << 7;</pre>
      matrix_buffer[i] = (matrix_buffer[i] >> 1) | leftToRight;
    }
22 }
```

Explaination: The letter 'A' is shifted to the right. If borderless, the letter 'A' will appear in the first left column of the LED MATRIX again.



References