

A

Total No. of Questions - 21
Total No. of Printed Pages - 2

Regd. —

## Part - III CHEMISTRY, Paper - II

(English Version)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

SECTION - A

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

Note:(i) Answer ALL Questions

- (ii) Each Question carries TWO marks
- (iii) All are very short answer type questions.
- What are isotonic solutions?
- 2. Explain the terms gangue and slag.
- 3. Calculate the 'spin only' magnetic moment of Fe2+ ion.
- 4. What are food preservatives? Give example.
- 5. NH3 forms hydrogen bonds but PH3 does not Why?
- 6. What is addition polymer? Give example.
- 7. What are antacids? Give example.
- 8. What is metallic corrosion? Give one example.
- 9. What is Ziegler-Natta catalyst?
- 10. Write the IUPAC names of the following compounds and classify them into primary, secondary and tertiary amines.

i) CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>

ii) (CH3CH2)2NCH3



P.T.O.

Note:

- Answer ANY SIX questions.
- (ii) Each question carries FOUR marks.
- (iii) All are of short answer type questions.
- Derive Bragg's equation. 11.
- Explain the terms 12.
  - (i) Ligand

- (ii) Coordination number
- (iii) Coordination entity (iv) Central metal atom/ion
- 13. Give the sources of the following vitamins and name the diseases caused by their deficiency (a) A (b) D (c) E and (d) K
- A solution of glucose in water is labeled as 10% w/w. What would be 14. the molarity of the solution?
- Explain the formation of micelles with a neat sketch. 15.
- Explain the extraction of zinc from zinc blende. 16.
- Explain the structures of a) XeF, and b) XeOF, 17.
- 18. (a) What are Enantiomers?
  - (b) What are ambident nucleophiles?

## SECTION - C

 $2 \times 8 = 16$ 

Note:

- (i) Answer ANY TWO questions.
- (ii) Each question carries EIGHT marks.
- (iii) All are long answer type questions.
- (a) State and explain Kohlrausch's law of independent migration of 19. ions.
  - (b) What is "molecularity" of a reaction? How is it different from the 'order' of a reaction? Name one bimolecular and one trimolecular gaseous reactions.
- 20. How is ozone prepared from oxygen? Explain its reaction with
  - a) C,H,

- b) KI
- c) Hg
- d) PbS

- Describe the following. 21.
  - i) Acetylation

- ii) Cannizaro reaction
- iii) Cross aldol condensation
- iv) Decarboxylation

