

### Q1.

```
class TestString{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        String s2=new String("abc");
        String s3=new String("abc");
        String s4="abc";
        System.out.println("s1==s2 :"+(s1==s2));
        System.out.println("s1==s3 :"+(s1==s3));
        System.out.println("s1==s4 :"+(s1==s4));
        System.out.println("s2==s3 :"+(s2==s3));
    }
}
```

### Q2.

```
class TestString{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        s1.concat("def");
        System.out.println("s1 :"+s1);
    }
}
```

### Q3.

```
class TestString{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        String s2=s1;
        s1=s1.concat("def");
        System.out.println("s1 :"+s1);
        System.out.println("s2 :"+s2);
    }
}
```

### Q4.

```
class TestString{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        String s2=s1;
        s1=s1+"abc";
        System.out.println("s1 :"+s1);
        System.out.println("s2 :"+s2);
    }
}
```

### Q5.

```
class TestString{
    static String m(){
        String name="abc";
        return name;
    }
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        String s2=m();
        System.out.println("s1==s2 :"+(s1==s2));
    }
}
```

**Q6.**

```
class TestString{
    static String m(){
        String name=new String("abc");
        return name;
    }
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        String s2=m();
        System.out.println("s1==s2 :"+(s1==s2));
    }
}
```

**Q7.**

```
class TestString{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        System.out.println(s1=="abc");
    }
}
```

**Q8.**

```
class TestString{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        String s2="ab";
        String s3=s2+"c";
        System.out.println(s1==s3);
    }
}
```

**Q9.**

```
class TestString{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="abc";
        final String s2="ab";
        String s3=s2+"c";
        System.out.println(s1==s3);
    }
}
```

**Q10. String Constructors**

```
class TestString{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1=new String(); //No parameter
        String s2=new String("abc");//String parameter
        char ch[]={'a','b','c'};
        String s3=new String(ch);//char array
        byte br[]={97,98,99};
        String s4=new String(br);//byte array
        System.out.println(s1+" "+s2+" "+s3+" "+s4);
    }
}
```

### Q11. Special Constructor methods

<code>char</code>	<code>charAt(int index)</code>	Returns the character at the specified index
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```
class TestCharAt{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1=new String("abcXdef");
        char ch1=s1.charAt(0);
        char ch2=s1.charAt(3);
        System.out.println(ch1+" "+ch2);

        char ch3=s1.charAt(-1); //Run time error StringIndexOutOfBoundsException
        char ch4=s1.charAt(7); //Run time error StringIndexOutOfBoundsException
    }
}
```

### Q12.

<code>String</code>	<code>concat(String str)</code>	Concatenates the specified string to the end of this string.
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```
class Testconcat{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1=new String("abc");
        s1.concat("xyz");
        System.out.println("Now s1 :"+s1);
        s1=s1.concat("xyz");
        System.out.println("Now s1 :"+s1);
    }
}
```

### Q13.

<code>boolean</code>	<code>equals(Object anObject)</code>	Compares this string to the specified object.
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```
class Test_equals{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1=new String("abc");
        String s2=new String("abc");
        String s3=new String("def");
        System.out.println("s1 & s2 :"+s1.equals(s2));
        System.out.println("s1 & s3 :"+s1.equals(s3));
        System.out.println("s1==s2 :"+(s1==s2));
        System.out.println("s1==s3 :"+(s1==s3));
    }
}
```

### Q14.

<code>boolean</code>	<code>equalsIgnoreCase(String anotherString)</code>	Compares this String to another String, ignoring case considerations.
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```
class Test_equalsIgnoreCase{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1=new String("abc");
        String s2=new String("ABc");
        String s3=new String("abc");
        System.out.println("s1 & s2 :"+s1.equalsIgnoreCase(s2));
        System.out.println("s1 & s3 :"+s1.equalsIgnoreCase(s3));
    }
}
```

### Q15.

<code>int length()</code>	Returns the length of this string
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```
class TestLength{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1=new String("abcd abc");
        System.out.println("No of characters :"+s1.length());
    }
}
```

### Q16.

<code>String substring(int beginIndex)</code>	Returns a new string that is a substring of this string.
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```
class Test{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="Sun Certified Java Programmer";
        String s2=s1.substring(14);
        System.out.println(s2);
    }
}
```

### Q17.

<code>String substring(int beginIndex, int endIndex)</code>	Returns a new string that is a substring of this string.
---	--

```
class Test{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="Sun Certified Java Programmer";
        String s2=s1.substring(0,3);
        System.out.println("0-3 :"+s2);
        String s3=s1.substring(4,14);
        System.out.println("4-14 :"+s3);
        // String s4=s1.substring(5,3); //wrong index
    }
}
```

### Q18.

<code>String toLowerCase()</code>	Converts all of the characters in this <code>String</code> to lower case using the rules of the default locale.
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<code>String toUpperCase()</code>	Converts all of the characters in this <code>String</code> to upper case using the rules of the default locale.
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```
class Test{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="EnGliSh";
        System.out.println("Normal Case :"+s1);
        System.out.println("Lower Case :"+s1.toLowerCase());
        System.out.println("Upper Case :"+s1.toUpperCase());
    }
}
```

### Q19.

```
class Test{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="ijts";
        String s2=s1.toUpperCase();
        String s3=s1.toLowerCase();
        System.out.println("s1==s2 :"+(s1==s2));
        System.out.println("s1==s3 :"+(s1==s3));
    }
}
```

## Q20.

<code>String trim()</code>	Returns a copy of the string, with leading and trailing whitespace omitted.
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```

class Test{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1=" EnGliSh ";
        System.out.println("No of character :"+s1.length());
        s1.trim();
        System.out.println("No of character :"+s1.length());

        String s2=s1.trim();
        System.out.println("No of character :"+s2.length());
    }
}

```

# StringBuffer

## Q21. StringBuffer

```

class TestStringBuffer{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        StringBuffer sb1=new StringBuffer("SCJP @ ");
        StringBuffer sb2=sb1;
        sb1.append("IJTS"); //appends to the end of the String
        System.out.println(sb1);
        System.out.println(sb2);
    }
}

```

## Q22. StringBuffer Special Methods

<code>StringBuffer append(boolean b)</code>	Appends the string representation of the boolean argument to the string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer append(char c)</code>	Appends the string representation of the char argument to this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer append(double d)</code>	Appends the string representation of the double argument to this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer append(float f)</code>	Appends the string representation of the float argument to this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer append(int i)</code>	Appends the string representation of the int argument to this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer append(long l)</code>	Appends the string representation of the long argument to this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer append(Object obj)</code>	Appends the string representation of the Object argument to this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer append(String str)</code>	Appends the string to this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer append(StringBuffer sb)</code>	Appends the specified StringBuffer to this StringBuffer.

```

class A{
    public String toString(){return "Class A";}
}
class TestStringBuffer{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        StringBuffer sb1=new StringBuffer();
        sb1.append(10);
        System.out.println(sb1);
        sb1.append(10.99);
        System.out.println(sb1);
        sb1.append("VV");
        System.out.println(sb1);
        sb1.append(14.5f);
        System.out.println(sb1);
        sb1.append(new A());
        System.out.println(sb1);
    }
}

```

### Q23. insert()

<code>StringBuffer insert(int offset, boolean b)</code>	Inserts the string representation of the <b>boolean</b> argument into this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer insert(int offset, char c)</code>	Inserts the string representation of the <b>char</b> argument into this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer insert(int offset, double d)</code>	Inserts the string representation of the <b>double</b> argument into this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer insert(int offset, float f)</code>	Inserts the string representation of the <b>float</b> argument into this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer insert(int offset, int i)</code>	Inserts the string representation of the second <b>int</b> argument into this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer insert(int offset, long l)</code>	Inserts the string representation of the <b>long</b> argument into this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer insert(int offset, Object obj)</code>	Inserts the string representation of the <b>Object</b> argument into this string buffer.
<code>StringBuffer insert(int offset, String str)</code>	Inserts the string into this string buffer.

```
class TestStringBuffer{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        StringBuffer sb1=new StringBuffer("abcd");
        sb1.insert(2,false);
        System.out.println(sb1);
        sb1.insert(6,new A());
        System.out.println(sb1);
    }
}
```

### Q24. .

<code>StringBuffer delete(int start, int end)</code>	Removes the characters in a substring of this <code>StringBuffer</code> .
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```
class TestStringBuffer{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        StringBuffer sb1=new StringBuffer("abcxyzdef");
        sb1.delete(3,6);
        System.out.println("abcxyzdef deleted 3-5 :"+sb1);
    }
}
```

### Q25.

<code>StringBuffer reverse()</code>	Causes this character sequence to be replaced by the reverse of the sequence.
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```
class TestStringBuffer{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        StringBuffer sb1=new StringBuffer("STJI @ PJCS");
        sb1.reverse();
        System.out.println("Reverse :"+sb1);
    }
}
```

### Q26.

<code>String toString()</code>	Returns a string representing the data in this sequence.
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```
class TestStringBuffer{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        StringBuffer nicNo=new StringBuffer("856573702V");
        //String nic=nicNo; //Compile Error
        String nic=nicNo.toString();
        System.out.println("NIC numer :"+nic);
    }
}
```

