1. Instructions for the teaching assistant

Implemented optional features.

- 1. Implemented a static analysis step in the pipeline by using SonarQube.
- 2. Implemented GET /mgstatistic endpoint in the system
- 3. Implemented deployment to an external cloud (AWS)

Instructions for examiner to test the system.

- 1.To run the system's basic requirements,
 - 1.1 Clone the project using below url.

```
git clone -b project \underline{\text{https://course-gitlab.tuni.fi/comp.se.140-fall2023 2023-2024/dcthra.git}}
```

1.2 Change directory to the project.

```
cd dcthra
```

1.3 Build the system using the below command.

```
docker-compose build --no-cache
```

1.4 Run the system using the below command.

```
docker-compose up -d
```

- 2. To test the system's basic requirements
 - 2.1 Use curl/Postman to test the system

```
e.g:- curl localhost:8083/state -X PUT -d "INIT" -H "Content-Type:
text/plain" -H "Accept: text/plain"
```

2.2 To test the GET /mqstatistic endpoint in the system,

```
curl --location 'localhost:8083/mqstatistic'
```

- 3. Test SonarQube Integration.
 - 2.1 Run SonarQube docker container using the below command.

docker run -d --name sonarqube -p 9000:9000 -p 9092:9092 sonarqube

2.2 Login to the SonarQube by using default admin/admin credentials and generate a new user(admin) token by navigating to User > My Account > Security [1].

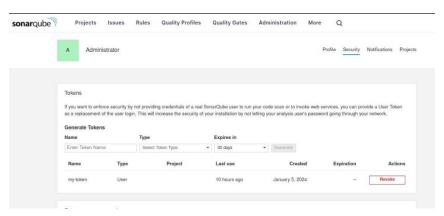


Figure: SonarQube Account page

2.3 Update the -Dsonar.login= <new_token> placeholder value with the previously generated token under the sonarqube-check stage in the .gitlab-ci.yml file.

```
tharindu_rathgamaguruge > tharindu.rathgamaguruge_private_project > Pipeline Editor

☐ Browse templates
☐ Help
☐ Help
☐ Light Street
☐ Light Stree
                                        - pip install coverage requests flask && coverage run -m unittest discover -s tests -v && coverage xml
                                          sonarqube-check:
                                                  stage: sonarqube-check
image:
                                                       name: sonarsource/sonar-scanner-cli:latest
                                                 entrypoint: [""]
variables:
SONAR_USER_HOME: "${CI_PROJECT_DIR}/.sonar"
                                                   GIT_DEPTH: "0"
                                                 cache:
key: "${CI_JOB_NAME}"
                                                                             .sonar/cache
                                                  script:
                                                                sonar-scanner -Dsonar.projectKey=api_service -Dsonar.coverage.jacoco.xmlReportPaths=coverage.xml -Dsonar
                                            proje<u>ctName=api_service_-Dsonar.sources=api_qateway_</u>service_-Dsonar.tests=tests_-Dsonar.host.url=<u>http://localhost:9000</u>_-Dsonar
                    39
                                                only:
- project
                                          deploy:
                                                  script:
```

Figure: sonarqube-check stage in gitlab-ci.yml

P.S- Here, I have used gitlab-runner with a specific tag. Therefore, you may need to change the tag according to your runner tag to test the system with sonarqube and gitlab-ci.

2.4 Add below configuration into the config.toml file in /etc/gitlab-runner location.

```
[runners.docker]
.....
volumes = ["/var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock", "/cache"]
.....
```

2. Description of the CI/CD pipeline

VCS and Branches:

In this project Git was used as VCS and Gitlab as centralized VCS platform. Followed muti remote repositories management method. One repository to build, test and deploy the system more efficiently with Gitlab CI and Other gitlab to keep the final code.

```
tharindu-107455g107455-001LB:-/devopsProject/dcthrs$ git remote -v
ci-origin https://tharindu.rathgamaguruge:glpat-Lx9dwbfhxMExZD-HsnDR@compse140.devops-gitlab.rd.tuni.fi/tharindu.rathgamaguruge/tharindu.
rathgamaguruge_private_project.git (fetch)
ci-origin https://tharindu.rathgamaguruge:glpat-Lx9dwbfhxMExZD-HsnDR@compse140.devops-gitlab.rd.tuni.fi/tharindu.rathgamaguruge/tharindu.
rathgamaguruge_private_project.git (push)
origin https://dcthra:glpat-tExty-vmLn4NWDbqCHyP@course-gitlab.tuni.fi/comp.se.140-fall2023_2023-2024/dcthra.git (fetch)
origin https://dcthra:glpat-tExty-vmLn4NWDbqCHyP@course-gitlab.tuni.fi/comp.se.140-fall2023_2023-2024/dcthra.git (push)
tharindu-107455g107455-001LB:-/devopsProject/dcthra$
```

Figure: remote repositories

Created project branch in both repositories from the exercise2 branch and used project branch to do changes during the implementations.

• Building tools

Used Python and JavaScript as main two programming languages in the project. npm and pip as package management tools. Due to the single script files, no build tools used to build the applications.

Testing; tools and test cases

Testings mainly based on the api gateway service.

Test framework: - unittest (Python)

Test cases

- 1. To test GET /messages endpoint and expected response code. user should be able to get expected response from the system.
- 2. To test PUT /state endpoint with
 - 2.1 by setting INIT as data
 - 2.2 by setting PAUSE as data.
 - 2.3 by setting RUNNING as data.
 - 2.4 by setting SHUTDOWN as data
 - 2.5 by setting dummy data (FAKE) as data

User should be able to get expected responses (status updates) according to the request.

3. To test GET /state endpoint and expected response.

User should be able to get current state according to the request.

- 4. To test GET /run-log endpoint and expected response.

 User should be able to get the status change in the response
- 5. To test GET /mqstatistics endpoint and expected response. user should be able to get expected response from the system.
- Packing

packaging done with docker.

• Deployment

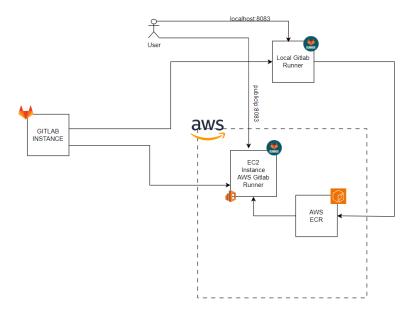


Figure: Deployment Architecture

- 1. Local deployment done with docker-compose using docker-compose up -d command.
- 2. AWS deployment
 - 2.1 Created an aws instance on the aws cloud.
 - 2.2 Created ECR(Elastic Container Registry) private repositories for service1, service2, api_gateway_service and monitoring_service (To ensure redundancy and high availability)
 - 2.3 Generated access key and secret key with granting permission for ec2 instances and ecr access.

2.4 Added secret key, access key data in gitlab CI/CD variables (To ensure security)

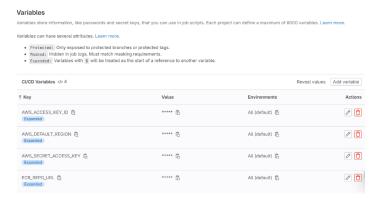


Figure: GitLab CI/CD Variables

- 2.5 Installed and registered gitlab runner on ec2 instance.
- 2.6 Added bash script to push images into ecr.
- 2.7 Added two stages to .gitlab-ci.yml to push the images to ecr and deploy docker containers using docker-compose to ec2 instance.
- · Operating; monitoring

Did not implement

3. Example runs of the pipeline

3.1 Success Build Stage

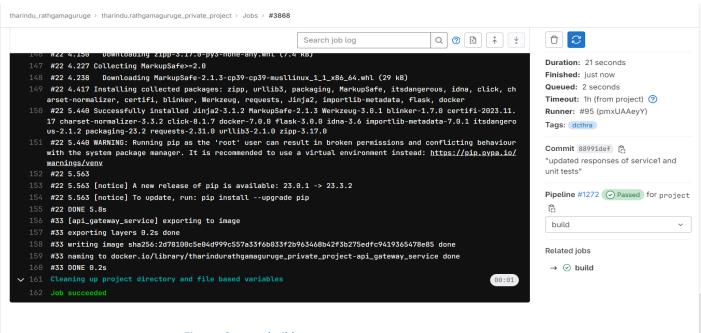


Figure: Success build stage

3.2 Passed test case scenario

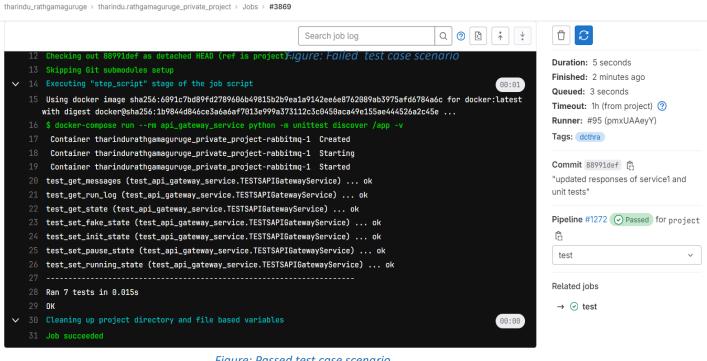


Figure: Passed test case scenario

3.3 Failed Test case scenario

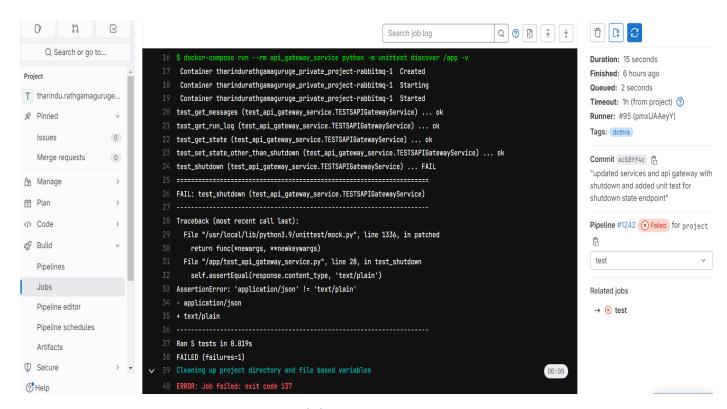


Figure: Failed test case scenario

3.4 SonarQube check stage

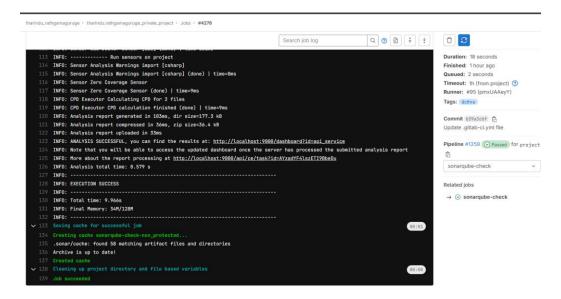


Figure: SonarQube check stage

3.5 Images push to ECR

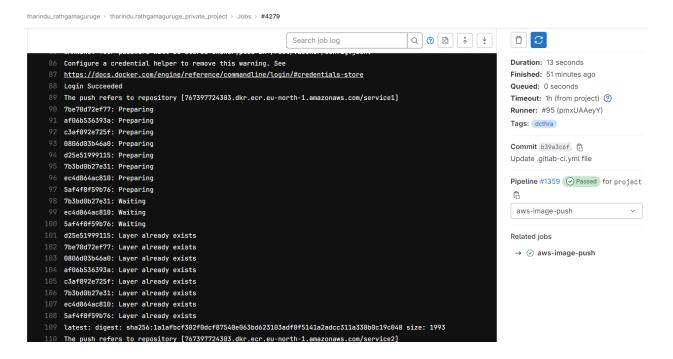


Figure: AWS Image push

3.6 Deploy stage.

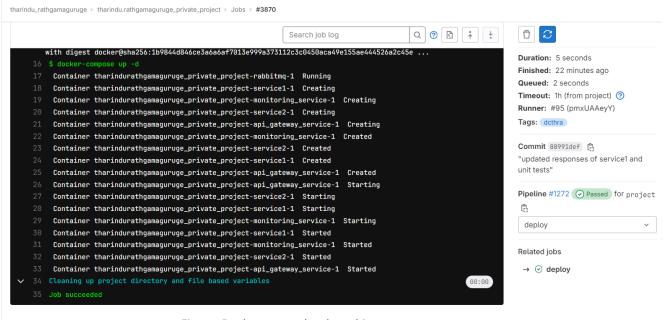


Figure: Deployment to local machine stage

3.7 Deployment to AWS

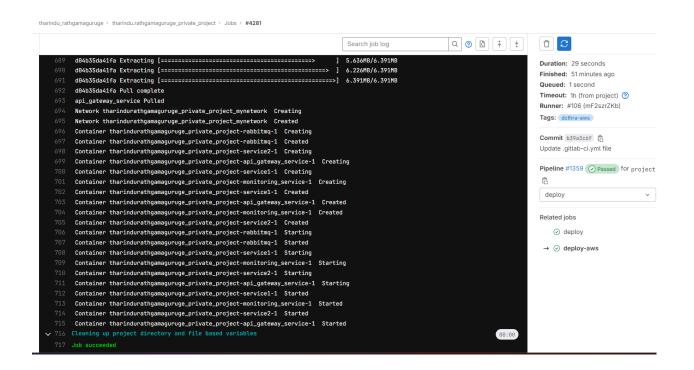


Figure: Deployment to AWS instance stage

4. Reflections

Main learnings and worst difficulties

Shutdown the services

Firstly, I implemented shutdown method by writing process kill functions in each service and sending an API to gateway service. However, the test was failed due to service1(implemented using python) killed before sending a response back to the API gateway service. Furthermore, could not implement any method to stop the RabbitMQ service. Then I used subprocess library in python. From this we can stop the running docker containers in the host (We need to mount host /var/run/docker.sock to communicate with the host docker system). Also, I had to add volume mount into the config.toml

volumes = ["/var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock", "/cache"]

2. AWS deployment implementation

AWS deployment implementation can be done through different approaches.

- 2.1 Directly ssh into the ec2 instance and clone the repository then run the services with docker compose. Here we need to build the services again in the cloud is a drawback of this implementation.
- 2.2 Pushing images into the ECR and running the services on EC2 instance using docker-compose. For this implementation, I used bash script to push images to the ECR. This implementation can be more automated with Ansible.

3. Test cases execute methods

Firstly, I executed test cases inside the api_gateway_service docker and after understanding the behavior in git CI executed test cases using python image in the test stage.

Amount effort (hours) used

Around 56 hours.

Reference Links

[1]- https://docs.sonarsource.com/sonarqube/9.8/user-guide/user-account/generating-and-using-tokens/