SIMPLE JAVA PROGRAM - TO DISPLAY THE MESSAGE AS WELCOME USER NAME

Program

Sample Output

Enter your name Ram WELCOME Ram

SWAPPING OF TWO NUMBERS

```
Program
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Swapping
int num1,num2, temp;
void getInput(){
  Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.println("Enter the number 1:");
  num1=obj.nextInt();
  System.out.println("Enter the number 2:");
  num2=obj.nextInt();
void display()
   System.out.println(" Number 1 value is: "+num1);
   System.out.println(" Number 2 value is: "+num2);
void swap()
 temp=num1;
  num1=num2;
  num2=temp;
public static void main(String args[])
Swapping s=new Swapping();
   s.getInput();
   System.out.println("BeforeSwapping");
   s.display();
  s.swap(); //to perform swapping
  System.out.println("After Swapping");
   s.display();
```

Sample Output:

Enter the number 1:45

Enter the number 2:34

Before Swapping

Number 1 value is: 45

Number 2 value is: 34

After Swapping

Number 1 value is: 34

Number 2 value is: 45

CALCULATE PERIMETER, AREA AND VOLUME OF ANY ONE OF THE SHAPE

```
Program
   import java.util.Scanner;
   public class Shape
int side;
     void getInput()
     System.out.println("Enter the side of Square object:");
     Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
     side=obj.nextInt();
     void areaSquare()
        System.out.println("The area of Square Object is:"+side*side);
     void perimeterSquare()
        System.out.println("The perimeter of Square Object is:"+4*side);
     void cube()
        System.out.println("The volume of cube is:"+side*side*side);
     public static void main(String args[])
     Shape e=new Shape ();
     e.getInput();
     e.areaSquare();
     e.perimeterSquare();
     e.cube();
```

Enter the side of Square object:			
5 The area of Square Object is: 25 The perimeter of Square Object 20 The volume of cube is:125	is:		

ELIGIBILITY FOR VOTING OR NOT

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class VoterDemo
  int age;
  String name;
  void getVoterDetails()
    Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the Person Name:");
    name=obj.nextLine();
    System.out.println("Enter the Person Age:");
    age=obj.nextInt();
  void checkEligible()
  if(age >= 18)
       System.out.println(name+" is eligible to Vote");
    else
       System.out.println(name+" is not eligible to Vote");
  public static void main(String args[])
  VoterDemo v=new VoterDemo();
  v.getVoterDetails();
  v.checkEligible();
```

Sample Outputs:

Enter the Person Name:Ravi Enter the Person Age: 23 Ravi is eligible to Vote

Enter the Person Name:Kavi Enter the Person Age:17 Kavi is not eligible to Vote

SUM OF NATURAL NUMBERS UPTO THE LIMIT

Program

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SumFirstN
{
  int calculate(int n)
  {
    intsum=0;
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
}

    sum+=i;
    return sum;
    }
    public static void main(String arg[])
    {
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the Limit (N):");
        intn=obj.nextInt();

SumFirstN s=new SumFirstN();
System.out.println("The sum of First N Natural number is:"+ s.calculate(n));
}
</pre>
```

Outputs:

Enter the Limit(N): 10

The sum of First N Natural number is:55

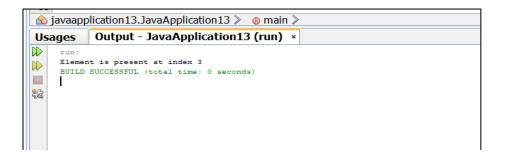
ADDITIONAL EXERCISES

- 1. Write a java program to find simple interest and compound interest respectively $p*n*r/100,p(1+r/100)^n$?
- 2. Write a java program to convert Fahrenheit to Centigrade and vice versaf=9/5*c+32
- 3. Write a Java program to add two numbers without using '+' symbol [Note ++, -- operator or (unary minus)]
- 4. Write a java program to compute the sum of this geometric progression $1+x+x^2+x^3++x^n$.
- 5. Write a java program to find factorial, NCR =n!/r!(n-r)!, NPR=n!/(n-r)!
- 6. Write a java program to check whether the given number is odd oreven.
- 7. Write a java program to check whether the given year is leap year or not.
- 8. Write a java program to check whether the given characters is vowel or consonant.
- 9. Write a java program to find smallest among threenumbers.
- 10. Write a java program to find largest among threenumbers.
- 11. Write a java program to get the student marks and print the grade respectively Example <50 --- RA, 50 60 --- B, 61 70 --- B+, 71-80 --- A, 81-90 --- A+,91-100 O.
- 12. Write a java program to print the day of the week (0 Sun, 1 Mon, ..., 6 Sat).

Ex. No: 1	SORTING AND SEARCHING
Date:	ALGORITHMS

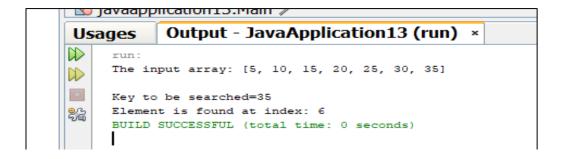
A) Sequential Search

```
import java.util.*;
class sequential
// Function for linear search
public static int search(int arr[], int x)
       int n = arr.length;
       // Traverse array arr[]
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       // If element found then
       // return that index
       if (arr[i] == x)
       return i;
       return -1;
// Driver Code
public static void main(String args∏)
       // Given arr[]
       int arr[] = \{2, 3, 4, 10, 40\};
// Element to search
       int x = 10;
       // Function Call
       int result = search(arr, x);
       if (result == -1)
       System.out.print("Element is not present in array");
       else
       System.out.print("Element is present"+ " at index "+ result);
```



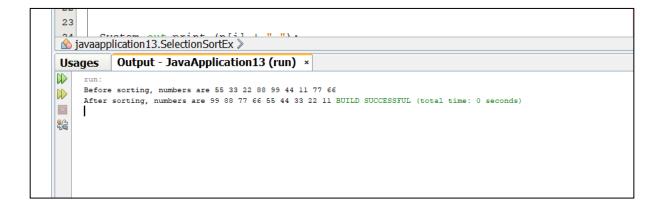
B) Binary Search

```
import java.util.*;
class Main
public static void main(String args[])
int numArray[] = \{5,10,15,20,25,30,35\};
System.out.println("The input array: " + Arrays.toString(numArray));
int key = 20; //key to be searched
System.out.println("\n Key to be searched=" + key);
  //set first to first index
int first = 0;
  //set last to last elements in array
int last=numArray.length-1;
  //calculate mid of the array
int mid = (first + last)/2;
  //while first and last do not overlap
while( first <= last )
 //if the mid < key, then key to be searched is in the first half of array
if ( numArray[mid] < key ){
first = mid + 1;
else if ( numArray[mid] == key )
//if key = element at mid, then print the location
System.out.println("Element is found at index: " + mid);
break;
 }
else
//the key is to be searched in the second half of the array
last = mid - 1;
  }
mid = (first + last)/2;
}
//if first and last overlap, then key is not present in the array
if (first > last)
System.out.println("Element is not found!");
```



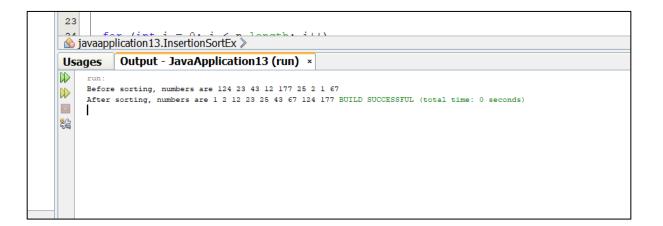
C) SELECTION SORT

```
public class SelectionSortEx
 public static void main(String a[])
 //Numbers which are to be sorted
 int n[] = \{55,33,22,88,99,44,11,77,66\};
//Displays the numbers before sorting
 System.out.print("Before sorting, numbers are ");
 for (int i = 0; i < n.length; i++) {
 System.out.print(n[i] + " ");
System.out.println();
//Sorting in ascending order using bubble sort
 initializeselectionSort(n);
      //Displaying the numbers after sorting
 System.out.print("After sorting, numbers are ");
for (int i = 0; i < n.length; i++) {
 System.out.print(n[i] + " ");
//This method sorts the input array in descending order
 public static void initializeselectionSort(int n[])
 int i, j, first, temp;
 for (i = n.length - 1; i > 0; i--)
        first = 0; //initialize to subscript of first element
        for (j = 1; j \le i; j++) //locate smallest element between 1 and i.
           if (n[j] \le n[first])
 first = j;
        temp = n[first]; //swap the smallest found in position i.
 n[first] = n[i];
 n[i] = temp;
```



D) INSERTION SORT

```
public class InsertionSortEx
public static void main(String a[])
     //Numbers which are to be sorted
int n[] = \{124, 23, 43, 12, 177, 25, 2, 1,67\};
     //Displays the numbers before sorting
System.out.print("Before sorting, numbers are ");
for (int i = 0; i < n.length; i++)
System.out.print(n[i] + " ");
System.out.println();
     //Sorting in ascending order using bubble sort
initializeInsertionSort(n);
     //Displaying the numbers after sorting
System.out.print("After sorting, numbers are ");
for (int i = 0; i < n.length; i++)
System.out.print(n[i] + " ");
//This method sorts the input array in asecnding order
public static void initializeInsertionSort(int n[])
for (int i = 1; i < n.length; i++)
int j = i;
int B = n[i];
while ((j > 0) \&\& (n[j - 1] > B))
n[j] = n[j - 1];
j--;
n[j] = B;
```



Expt. No: 2	
Date:	STACK & QUEUE IMPLEMENTATION

A) STACK IMPLEMENTATION

```
class Stack
  private int arr[];
  private int top;
  private int capacity;
     // Constructor to initialize the stack
  Stack(int size)
  arr = new int[size];
  capacity = size;
  top = -1;
     // Utility function to add an element 'x' to the stack
  public void push(int x)
  if (isFull())
   System.out.println("Overflow\nProgram Terminated\n");
   System.exit(-1);
  System.out.println("Inserting + x);
   arr[++top] = x;
     }
     // Utility function to pop a top element from the stack
  public int pop()
       // check for stack underflow
  if (isEmpty())
  System.out.println("Underflow\nProgram Terminated");
   System.exit(-1);
  System.out.println("Removing " + peek());
        // decrease stack size by 1 and (optionally) return the popped element
  return arr[top--];
```

```
// Utility function to return the top element of the stack
public int peek()
if (!isEmpty())
return arr[top];
     else
System.exit(-1);
return -1;
   // Utility function to return the size of the stack
public int size()
return top +1;
   // Utility function to check if the stack is empty or not
public boolean isEmpty()
                          // or return size() == 0;
return top == -1;
   // Utility function to check if the stack is full or not
public boolean isFull()
return top == capacity - 1; // or return size() == capacity;
class Main
public static void main (String[] args)
Stack stack = new Stack(3);
                  // inserting 1 in the stack
stack.push(1);
stack.push(2);
                  // inserting 2 in the stack
stack.pop();
                 // removing the top element (2)
stack.pop();
                 // removing the top element (1)
stack.push(3);
                  // inserting 3 in the stack
System.out.println("The top element is " + stack.peek());
System.out.println("The stack size is " + stack.size());
                 // removing the top element (3)
stack.pop();
```

```
// check if the stack is empty
if (stack.isEmpty()) {
   System.out.println("The stack is empty");
     }
   else
{
   System.out.println("The stack is not empty");
   }
}
```

```
Output - Stack (run) **

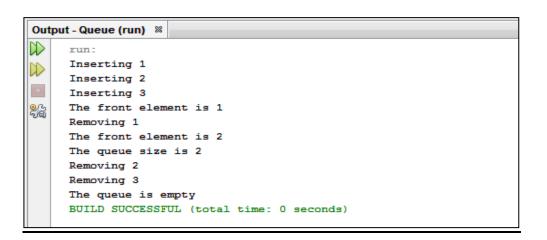
run:
Inserting 1
Inserting 2
Removing 2
Removing 1
Inserting 3
The top element is 3
The stack size is 1
Removing 3
The stack is empty
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 1 second)
```

B) QUEUE IMPLEMENTATION

```
// A class to represent a queue
class Queue
private int[] arr;
                   // array to store queue elements
private int front;
                    // front points to the front element in the queue
private int rear;
                    // rear points to the last element in the queue
private int capacity; // maximum capacity of the queue
                     // current size of the queue
private int count;
  // Constructor to initialize a queue
Queue(int size)
arr = new int[size];
capacity = size;
front = 0;
rear = -1;
count = 0;
  }
   // Utility function to dequeue the front element
public int dequeue()
     // check for queue underflow
if (isEmpty())
System.out.println("Underflow\nProgram Terminated");
System.exit(-1);
int x = arr[front];
System.out.println("Removing " + x);
front = (front + 1) % capacity;
count--;
```

```
return x;
   // Utility function to add an item to the queue
public void enqueue(int item)
     // check for queue overflow
if (isFull())
     {
System.out.println("Overflow\nProgram Terminated");
System.exit(-1);
System.out.println("Inserting " + item);
rear = (rear + 1) % capacity;
arr[rear] = item;
count++;
   // Utility function to return the front element of the queue
public int peek()
if (isEmpty())
System.out.println("Underflow\nProgram Terminated");
System.exit(-1);
return arr[front];
   // Utility function to return the size of the queue
public int size() {
return count;
   // Utility function to check if the queue is empty or not
public boolean isEmpty() {
return (size() == 0);
```

```
// Utility function to check if the queue is full or not
public boolean isFull() {
return (size() == capacity);
class Main
public static void main (String[] args)
     // create a queue of capacity 5
Queue q = new Queue(5);
q.enqueue(1);
q.enqueue(2);
q.enqueue(3);
System.out.println("The front element is " + q.peek());
q.dequeue();
System.out.println("The front element is " + q.peek());
System.out.println("The queue size is " + q.size());
q.dequeue();
q.dequeue();
if (q.isEmpty())
System.out.println("The queue is empty");
     else
System.out.println("The queue is not empty");
```



Expt. No: 3	EMPLOYEE SALARY CALCULATION USING INHERITANCE
Date:	CONCEPTS

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class EmployeeSalaryCalc
public static void main(Stringargs[])
    Scanner obj=newScanner(System.in);
    Programmer p=newProgrammer();
     System.out.println("Enter the basic pay of Programmer");
    p.getEmployeeDetails(obj.nextDouble());
    p.cal();
     AssistantProfessor ap=new AssistantProfessor();
     System.out.println("Enter the basic pay of Assistant Professor");
    ap.getEmployeeDetails(obj.nextDouble());
    ap.cal();
     AssociateProfessor asp=new AssociateProfessor();
     System.out.println("Enter the basic pay of Associate Professor");
    asp.getEmployeeDetails(obj.nextDouble());
    asp.cal();
    Professor prof=new Professor();
     System.out.println("Enter the basic pay ofProfessor");
     prof.getEmployeeDetails(obj.nextDouble());
    prof.cal();
class Employee{
  String employeeName;
  int employeeID;
  Stringaddress;
  StringmailID;
```

```
long mobileNumber;
 double da,hra,pf,sc,ns,gs;
 Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
 void getEmployeeDetails()
  System.out.println("Enter the Employee Name:");
  employeeName=obj.nextLine();
  System.out.println("Enter the Employee Address:");
  address=obj.nextLine();
  System.out.println("Enter the Employee Mail ID:");
  mailID=obj.nextLine();
  System.out.println("Enter the Employee ID:");
  employeeID=obj.nextInt();
  System.out.println("Enter the Employee Mobile Number:");
  mobileNumber=obj.nextLong();
void display()
  System.out.println("EmployeeName
                                          :"+employeeName);
  System.out.println("EmployeeID
                                        :"+employeeID);
  System.out.println("EmployeeAddress
                                          :"+address);
                                          :"+mailID);
  System.out.println("EmployeeMail ID
  System.out.println("Employee MobileNumber:"+mobileNumber);
  class Programmer extends Employee
  double basicPay;
  public double getBasicPay()
  return basicPay;
  }
```

```
public void setBasicPay(double basicPay)
this.basicPay = basicPay;
 void getEmployeeDetails(double bp)
 super.getEmployeeDetails();
 setBasicPay(bp);
 void cal(){ da=getBasicPay()*97/100.0;
 hra=getBasicPay()*10/100.0;
 pf=getBasicPay()*12/100.0;
 sc=getBasicPay()*1/100.0;
 gs=getBasicPay()+da+hra+pf+sc;
 ns=gs-pf-sc;
 display();
 void display()
 super.display();
 System.out.println("Employee Gross Salary:"+gs);
 System.out.println("Employee Net Salary:"+ns);
 class AssistantProfessor extendsEmployee
 double basicPay;
 public double
 getBasicPay()
 return basicPay;
 public void setBasicPay(double basicPay)
```

```
this.basicPay = basicPay;
void getEmployeeDetails(double bp)
super.getEmployeeDetails();
setBasicPay(bp);
void cal(){
da=getBasicPay()*110/100.0;
hra=getBasicPay()*20/100.0;
pf=getBasicPay()*12/100.0;
sc=getBasicPay()*5/100.0;
gs=getBasicPay()+da+hra+pf+
sc; ns=gs-pf-sc;
display();
void display()
 super.display();
System.out.println("Employee Gross Salary:"+gs);
System.out.println("Employee Net Salary:"+ns);
class AssociateProfessor extends Employee
double basicPay;
public double
getBasicPay()
return basicPay;
public void setBasicPay(double basicPay)
```

```
this.basicPay = basicPay;
void getEmployeeDetails(double bp)
super.getEmployeeDetails();
setBasicPay(bp);
void cal()
 da=getBasicPay()*130/100.0;
 hra=getBasicPay()*30/100.0;
 pf=getBasicPay()*12/100.0;
sc=getBasicPay()*10/100.0;
 gs=getBasicPay()+da+hra+pf+
sc; ns=gs-pf-sc;
 display();
void display()
super.display();
System.out.println("Employee Gross Salary:"+gs);
System.out.println("Employee Net Salary:"+ns);
class Professor extends Employee
double basicPay;
public double
getBasicPay()
return basicPay;
public void setBasicPay(double basicPay)
```

```
this.basicPay = basicPay;
void getEmployeeDetails(double bp)
super.getEmployeeDetails();
setBasicPay(bp);
void cal()
da=getBasicPay()*140/100.0;
hra=getBasicPay()*40/100.0;
pf=getBasicPay()*12/100.0;
sc=getBasicPay()*15/100.0;
gs=getBasicPay()+da+hra+pf+sc;
ns=gs-pf-sc;
display();
void display(){
super.display();
System.out.println("Employee Gross Salary:"+gs);
System.out.println("Employee Net Salary:"+ns);
```

Enter the basic pay of Programmer

15000

Enter the Employee Name:

ram

Enter the Employee Address:

56 Ganga Street

Enter the Employee Mail

ID: ram@gmail.com

Enter the Employee ID:

101

Enter the Employee Mobile

Number: 9994117284

EmployeeName :ram

EmployeeID 101

EmployeeAddress :56 Ganga Street

EmployeeMail ID

:ram@gmail.com

Employee

MobileNumber:9994117284

Employee Gross Salary:33000.0

Employee Net Salary:31050.0

Enter the basic pay of Assistant Professor

20000

Enter the Employee Name:

vinu

Enter the Employee Address:

75 public office road

Enter the Employee Mail

ID: vinu@gmail.com

Enter the Employee ID:

201

Enter the Employee Mobile

Number: 9842321130

EmployeeName :vinu

Employee ID 201

EmployeeAddress :75 public office road

EmployeeMail ID :vinu@gmail.com

Employee Mobile Number:9842321130

Employee Gross Salary:49400.0

Employee Net Salary:46000.0

Enter the basic pay of Associate Professor

30000

Enter the Employee Name:

krish

Enter the Employee Address:

25 neela east street

Enter the Employee Mail

ID: krish@gmail.com

Enter the Employee ID:

301

Enter the Employee Mobile

Number: 9578621131

EmployeeName :krish

EmployeeID 301

EmployeeAddress :25 neela east street

EmployeeMail ID :krish@gmail.com

Employee Mobile Number:9578621131

Employee Gross Salary:84600.0

Employee Net Salary:78000.0

Enter the basic pay of Professor

40000

Enter the Employee

Name: vinayagam

Enter the Employee Address:

100 Nehru Street

Enter the Employee Mail

ID: vinayagam@gmail.com

Enter the Employee ID:

401

Enter the Employee Mobile

Number: 7904923391

EmployeeName:vinayagam

Employee ID 401

EmployeeAddress :100 Nehru Street

EmployeeMail ID:vinayagam@gmail.com

Employee Mobile Number:7904923391

Employee Gross Salary:122800.0

Employee Net Salary:112000.0

Expt. No: 4	
Date:	ABSTRACT CLASS

```
import java.util.*;
abstract class shape
int x,y;
abstract void area(double x,double y);
class Rectangle extends shape
void area(double x,double y)
System.out.println("Area of rectangle is :"+(x*y));
class Circle extends shape
void area(double x,double y)
System.out.println("Area of circle is :"+(3.14*x*x));
class Triangle extends shape
void area(double x,double y)
System.out.println("Area of triangle is :"+(0.5*x*y));
public class AbstactDDemo
```

```
public static void main(String[] args)

{
   Rectangle r=new Rectangle();
   r.area(2,5);
   Circle c=new Circle();
   c.area(5,5);
   Triangle t=new Triangle();
   t.area(2,5);
}
```

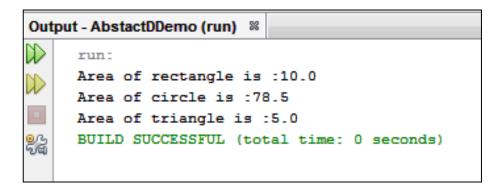
```
Output - AbstactDDemo (run) %

run:
Area of rectangle is :10.0
Area of circle is :78.5
Area of triangle is :5.0
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

Expt. No: 5	
Date:	INTERFACE

```
interface Shape
void input();
void area();
class Circle implements Shape
int r = 0;
double pi = 3.14, ar = 0;
@Override
public void input()
     r = 5;
@Override
public void area()
ar = pi * r * r;
System.out.println("Area of circle:"+ar);
```

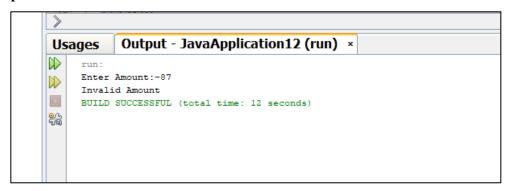
```
class Rectangle extends Circle
int 1 = 0, b = 0;
double ar;
public void input()
super.input();
     1 = 6;
     b = 4;
public void area()
super.area();
ar = 1 * b;
System.out.println("Area of rectangle:"+ar);
public class Demo
public static void main(String[] args)
     Rectangle obj = new Rectangle();
obj.input();
obj.area();
```



Expt. No: 6	
Date:	USER DEFINED EXCEPTION HANDLING

```
package javaapplication12;
import java.util.Scanner;
class NegativeAmtException extends Exception
       String msg;
       NegativeAmtException(String msg)
          this.msg=msg;
       public String toString()
       return msg;
       public class userdefined
       public static void main(String[] args)
       Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("Enter Amount:");
       int a=s.nextInt();
       try
       if(a<0)
       throw new NegativeAmtException("Invalid Amount");
```

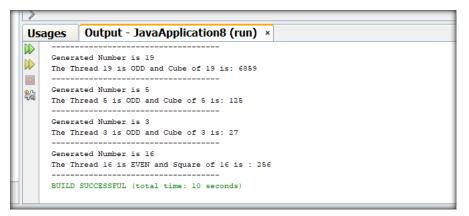
```
System.out.println("Amount Deposited");
}
catch(NegativeAmtException e)
{
System.out.println(e);
}
}
```



Expt. No: 7	
Date:	MULTI THREADED APPLICATION

```
import java.util.*;
class EvenNum implements Runnable
public int a;
public EvenNum(int a)
this.a = a;
public void run()
System.out.println("The Thread "+ a +" is EVEN and Square of "+ a + " is : " + a * a);
class OddNum implements Runnable
public int a;
public OddNum(int a)
    this.a = a;
public void run()
System.out.println("The Thread "+ a +" is ODD and Cube of "+ a +" is: "+ a * a * a);
class RandomNumGenerator extends Thread
public void run()
```

```
int n = 0;
Random rand = new Random();
try
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
n = rand.nextInt(20);
System.out.println("Generated Number is " + n);
if (n \% 2 == 0)
        Thread thread1 = new Thread(new EvenNum(n));
thread1.start();
      }
else
    Thread thread2 = new Thread(new OddNum(n));
thread2.start();
Thread.sleep(1000);
System.out.println("-----");
  catch (Exception ex)
System.out.println(ex.getMessage());
public class MultiThreadRandOddEven
public static void main(String[] args)
   RandomNumGenerator rand num = new RandomNumGenerator();
rand num.start();
}}
```

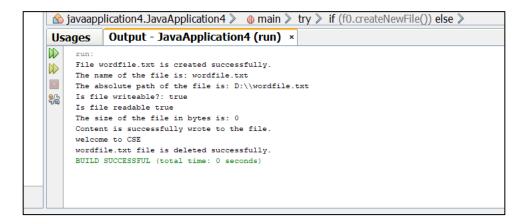


Expt. No: 8	
Date:	FILE OPERATIONS

```
package javaapplication4;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class JavaApplication4
public static void main(String args[])
     File f0 = new File("D:wordfile.txt");
try
if (f0.createNewFile())
System.out.println("File " + f0.getName() + " is created successfully.");
  else
System.out.println("File is already exist in the directory.");
catch (IOException exception)
System.out.println("An unexpected error is occurred.");
exception.printStackTrace();
```

```
if (f0.exists())
System.out.println("The name of the file is: " + f0.getName());
System.out.println("The absolute path of the file is: " + f0.getAbsolutePath());
System.out.println("Is file writeable?: " + f0.canWrite());
System.out.println("Is file readable " + f0.canRead());
System.out.println("The size of the file in bytes is: " + f0.length());
else
System.out.println("The file does not exist.");
try
FileWriter fwrite = new FileWriter("D:wordfile.txt");
fwrite.write("welcome to CSE");
fwrite.close();
System.out.println("Content is successfully wrote to the file.");
catch(IOException e)
System.out.println("Unexpected error occurred");
e.printStackTrace();
try
File f1 = new File("D:wordfile.txt");
 Scanner dataReader = new Scanner(f1);
 while (dataReader.hasNextLine())
String fileData = dataReader.nextLine();
```

```
System.out.println(fileData);
dataReader.close();
catch (FileNotFoundException exception)
System.out.println("Unexcpected error occurred!");
exception.printStackTrace();
try
File f1 = new File("D:FileOperationExample.txt");
Scanner dataReader = new Scanner(f1);
while (dataReader.hasNextLine())
String fileData = dataReader.nextLine();
System.out.println(fileData);
dataReader.close();
catch (FileNotFoundException exception)
{
System.out.println("Unexcpected error occurred!");
exception.printStackTrace();
if (f0.delete())
System.out.println(f0.getName()+ " file is deleted successfully.");
  }
else
System.out.println("Unexpected error found in deletion of the file.");
     } }
```



Expt. No: 9	
Date:	GENERICS CLASSES

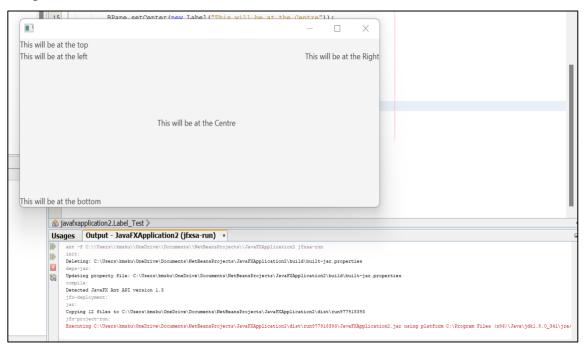
```
package javaapplication6;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.Iterator;
public class JavaApplication6
public static void main(String args[]){
ArrayList<String> list=new ArrayList<String>();
list.add("rahul");
list.add("jai");
list.add("cse");
list.add("AEC");
//list.add(32);//compile time error
String s=list.get(2);//type casting is not required
System.out.println("element is: "+s);
Iterator<String> itr=list.iterator();
while(itr.hasNext()){
System.out.println(itr.next());
```



Expt. No: 10	
Date:	JAVAFX CONTROLS

A)LAYOUT

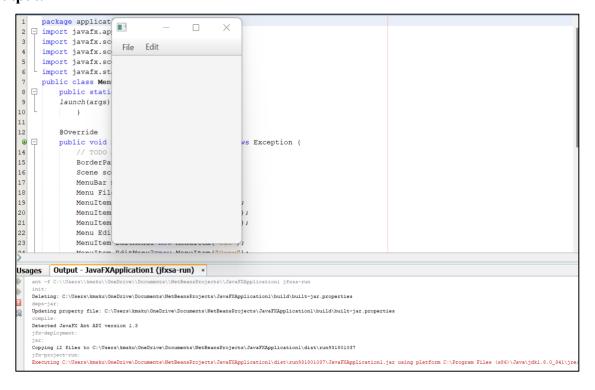
```
package javafxapplication2;
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.Label;
import javafx.scene.layout.*;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
public class Label Test extends Application
@Override
public void start(Stage primaryStage) throws Exception
BorderPane BPane = new BorderPane();
BPane.setTop(new Label("This will be at the top"));
BPane.setLeft(new Label("This will be at the left"));
BPane.setRight(new Label("This will be at the Right"));
BPane.setCenter(new Label("This will be at the Centre"));
BPane.setBottom(new Label("This will be at the bottom"));
Scene scene = new Scene(BPane,600,400);
primaryStage.setScene(scene);
primaryStage.show();
public static void main(String[] args)
launch(args);
```



B)MENU

```
package application;
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.scene.layout.BorderPane;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
public class MenuExample extends Application
public static void main(String[] args)
launch(args);
  @Override
public void start(Stage primaryStage) throws Exception
                       // TODO Auto-generated method stub
BorderPane root = new BorderPane();
Scene scene = new Scene(root,200,300);
MenuBar menubar = new MenuBar();
Menu FileMenu = new Menu("File");
MenuItem filemenu1=new MenuItem("new");
MenuItem filemenu2=new MenuItem("Save");
   MenuItem filemenu3=new MenuItem("Exit");
  Menu EditMenu=new Menu("Edit");
  MenuItem EditMenu1=new MenuItem("Cut");
  MenuItem EditMenu2=new MenuItem("Copy");
  MenuItem EditMenu3=new MenuItem("Paste");
  EditMenu.getItems().addAll(EditMenu1,EditMenu2,EditMenu3);
  root.setTop(menubar);
```

```
FileMenu.getItems().addAll(filemenu1,filemenu2,filemenu3);
menubar.getMenus().addAll(FileMenu,EditMenu);
primaryStage.setScene(scene);
primaryStage.show();
}
```



Expt. No:11	
Date:	MINI PROJECT

```
package javaapplication11;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class MyCalculator extends Frame
public boolean setClear=true;
double number, memValue;
char op;
String digitButtonText[] = {"7", "8", "9", "4", "5", "6", "1", "2", "3", "0", "+/-", "." };
String operatorButtonText[] = {"/", "sqrt", "*", "%", "-", "1/X", "+", "=" };
String memoryButtonText[] = {"MC", "MR", "MS", "M+" };
String specialButtonText[] = {"Backspc", "C", "CE" };
MyDigitButton digitButton[]=new MyDigitButton[digitButtonText.length];
MyOperatorButton operatorButton[]=new MyOperatorButton[operatorButtonText.length];
MyMemoryButton[]=new MyMemoryButton[memoryButtonText.length];
MySpecialButton specialButton[]=new MySpecialButton[specialButtonText.length];
Label displayLabel=new Label("0",Label.RIGHT);
Label memLabel=new Label(" ",Label.RIGHT);
final int FRAME WIDTH=325,FRAME HEIGHT=325;
final int HEIGHT=30, WIDTH=30, H SPACE=10, V SPACE=10;
final int TOPX=30, TOPY=50;
MyCalculator(String frameText)
super(frameText);
int tempX=TOPX, y=TOPY;
displayLabel.setBounds(tempX,y,240,HEIGHT);
displayLabel.setBackground(Color.BLUE);
displayLabel.setForeground(Color.WHITE);
```

```
add(displayLabel);
memLabel.setBounds(TOPX, TOPY+HEIGHT+ V SPACE,WIDTH, HEIGHT);
add(memLabel);
tempX=TOPX;
y=TOPY+2*(HEIGHT+V SPACE);
for(int i=0; i<memoryButton.length; i++)
memoryButton[i]=new MyMemoryButton(tempX,y,WIDTH,HEIGHT,memoryButtonText[i], this);
memoryButton[i].setForeground(Color.RED);
y+=HEIGHT+V_SPACE;
tempX=TOPX+1*(WIDTH+H SPACE); y=TOPY+1*(HEIGHT+V SPACE);
for(int i=0;i<specialButton.length;i++)
specialButton[i]=new MySpecialButton(tempX,y,WIDTH*2,HEIGHT,specialButtonText[i], this);
specialButton[i].setForeground(Color.RED);
tempX=tempX+2*WIDTH+H SPACE;
int digitX=TOPX+WIDTH+H SPACE;
int digitY=TOPY+2*(HEIGHT+V SPACE);
tempX=digitX; y=digitY;
for(int i=0;i<digitButton.length;i++)
digitButton[i]=new MyDigitButton(tempX,y,WIDTH,HEIGHT,digitButtonText[i], this);
digitButton[i].setForeground(Color.BLUE);
tempX+=WIDTH+H SPACE;
if((i+1)\%3==0)\{tempX=digitX; y+=HEIGHT+V SPACE;\}
int opsX=digitX+2*(WIDTH+H SPACE)+H SPACE;
int opsY=digitY;
tempX=opsX; y=opsY;
for(int i=0;i<operatorButton.length;i++)
tempX+=WIDTH+H SPACE;
```

```
operatorButton[i]=new MyOperatorButton(tempX,y,WIDTH,HEIGHT,operatorButtonText[i], this);
operatorButton[i].setForeground(Color.RED);
if((i+1)\%2==0){tempX=opsX; y+=HEIGHT+V SPACE;}
addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter()
public void windowClosing(WindowEvent ev)
System.exit(0);
}
});
setLayout(null);
setSize(FRAME WIDTH,FRAME HEIGHT);
setVisible(true);
static String getFormattedText(double temp)
String resText=""+temp;
if(resText.lastIndexOf(".0")>0)
resText=resText.substring(0,resText.length()-2);
return resText;
public static void main(String []args)
new MyCalculator("Calculator - JavaTpoint");
class MyDigitButton extends Button implements ActionListener
MyCalculator cl;
MyDigitButton(int x,int y, int width,int height,String cap, MyCalculator clc)
super(cap);
setBounds(x,y,width,height);
```

```
this.cl=clc;
this.cl.add(this);
addActionListener(this);
}
static boolean isInString(String s, char ch)
for(int i=0; i<s.length();i++) if(s.charAt(i)==ch) return true;
return false;
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ev)
String tempText=((MyDigitButton)ev.getSource()).getLabel();
if(tempText.equals("."))
if(cl.setClear)
cl.displayLabel.setText("0.");cl.setClear=false;
}
else if(!isInString(cl.displayLabel.getText(),'.'))
cl.displayLabel.setText(cl.displayLabel.getText()+".");
return;
int index=0;
try
index=Integer.parseInt(tempText);
catch(NumberFormatException e)
return;
if (index==0 && cl.displayLabel.getText().equals("0")) return;
if(cl.setClear)
```

```
cl.displayLabel.setText(""+index);cl.setClear=false;
}
else
cl.displayLabel.setText(cl.displayLabel.getText()+index);
class MyOperatorButton extends Button implements ActionListener
MyCalculator cl;
MyOperatorButton(int x,int y, int width,int height,String cap, MyCalculator clc)
{
super(cap);
setBounds(x,y,width,height);
this.cl=clc;
this.cl.add(this);
addActionListener(this);
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ev)
String opText=((MyOperatorButton)ev.getSource()).getLabel();
cl.setClear=true;
double temp=Double.parseDouble(cl.displayLabel.getText());
if(opText.equals("1/x"))
try
double tempd=1/(double)temp;
cl.displayLabel.setText(MyCalculator.getFormattedText(tempd));
}
catch(ArithmeticException excp)
cl.displayLabel.setText("Divide by 0.");
return;
```

```
if(opText.equals("sqrt"))
try
double tempd=Math.sqrt(temp);
cl.displayLabel.setText(MyCalculator.getFormattedText(tempd));\\
}
catch(ArithmeticException excp)
cl.displayLabel.setText("Divide by 0.");
return;
if(!opText.equals("="))
cl.number=temp;
cl.op=opText.charAt(0);
return;
switch(cl.op)
case '+':
temp+=cl.number;break;
case '-':
temp=cl.number-temp;break;
case '*':
temp*=cl.number;break;
case '%':
try
temp=cl.number%temp;
```

```
catch(ArithmeticException excp)
cl.displayLabel.setText("Divide by 0.");
return;
}
break;
case '/':
try
temp=cl.number/temp;
catch(ArithmeticException excp)
cl.displayLabel.setText("Divide by 0.");
return;
break;
}//switch
cl.displayLabel.setText(MyCalculator.getFormattedText(temp));
class MyMemoryButton extends Button implements ActionListener
MyCalculator cl;
MyMemoryButton(int x,int y, int width,int height,String cap, MyCalculator clc)
super(cap);
setBounds(x,y,width,height);
this.cl=clc;
this.cl.add(this);
addActionListener(this);
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ev)
```

```
char memop=((MyMemoryButton)ev.getSource()).getLabel().charAt(1);
cl.setClear=true;
double temp=Double.parseDouble(cl.displayLabel.getText());
switch(memop)
{
case 'C':
cl.memLabel.setText(" ");cl.memValue=0.0;break;
case 'R':
cl.displayLabel.setText(MyCalculator.getFormattedText(cl.memValue));break;
case 'S':
cl.memValue=0.0;
case '+':
cl.memValue+=Double.parseDouble(cl.displayLabel.getText());
if(cl.displayLabel.getText().equals("0") || cl.displayLabel.getText().equals("0.0") )
cl.memLabel.setText(" ");
else
cl.memLabel.setText("M");
break;
class MySpecialButton extends Button implements ActionListener
MyCalculator cl;
MySpecialButton(int x,int y, int width,int height,String cap, MyCalculator clc)
super(cap);
setBounds(x,y,width,height);
this.cl=clc;
this.cl.add(this);
addActionListener(this);
}
static String backSpace(String s)
```

```
String Res="";
for(int i=0; i<s.length()-1; i++) Res+=s.charAt(i);
return Res;
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ev)
String opText=((MySpecialButton)ev.getSource()).getLabel();
if(opText.equals("Backspc"))
String tempText=backSpace(cl.displayLabel.getText());
if(tempText.equals(""))
cl.displayLabel.setText("0");
else
cl.displayLabel.setText(tempText);
return;
}
if(opText.equals("C"))
cl.number=0.0; cl.op=' '; cl.memValue=0.0;
cl.memLabel.setText(" ");
cl.displayLabel.setText("0");cl.setClear=true;
```



