

Homework 09

1. Declare two (type double) pointer variables named `d_var` and `d_array`. Write C++ statements to dynamically create a double-precision floating-point variable and store its address in `d_var`. Also dynamically create an array of 10 double-precision floating-point values and store its address in `d_array`:
2. Write C++ statements to input a value for `d_var` (i.e., a value that `d_var` points to) from the console and then display it:
3. Write C++ statements to initialize the 10 double values in the dynamically allocated array to 1.0. Now write C++ statements to de-allocate the memory (i.e. using the delete operator) pointed by `d_var` and `d_array`:
4. Write a program in C to find the largest element using Dynamic Memory Allocation

Test Data :

Input total number of elements(1 to 100): 5

Number 1: 5

Number 2: 7

Number 3: 2

Number 4: 9

Number 5: 8

Expected Output :

The Largest element is : 9.00

5. A user-defined structure named `Timer` has two integer parameters to initialize hour and minute members. Write a single C++ statement to create an object of the `Timer` structure using dynamic memory allocation and assign it to a pointer variable named `timePtr`. Assign values of 10 and 20 for hour and minute respectively.
6. Letter Frequency
Write a function that will take a string and return a count of each letter in the string. For example, "my dog ate my homework" contains 3 m's, 3 o's, 2 e's, 2 y's and one each of d, g, a, t, h, w, r and k.
Your function should take a single string argument and return a dynamically allocated array of 26 integers representing the count of each of the letters a - z respectively. Your function should be case insensitive, i.e., count 'A' and 'a' as the occurrence of the letter 'a'. Do not count non-letter characters (i.e., spaces, punctuation, digits, etc.) Write a program that will take a string from the user using *cin*, call your letter frequency function and print out the

frequency of each letter in the string. Do not list letters that do not occur at least once.

Example:

Enter a string: "my dog at my homework"

Letter frequency

a 1

d 1

e 1

g 1

h 1

k 1

m 3

o 3

r 1

t 1

w 1

y 2