#### Problem statement-1

Design a database schema for an e-commerce platform with tables for products, categories, and orders. Write a SQL query to fetch the total sales revenue for each category, ordering the results by revenue in descending order

### Database Schema for an E-commerce Platform

The schema consists of three main tables: Products, Categories, and Orders.

# 1. Categories Table

Stores information about product categories.

```
CREATE TABLE Categories (
category_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
category_name VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL
);
```

### 2. Products Table

Stores product details, linked to categories.

```
CREATE TABLE Products (
    product_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    product_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    category_id INT NOT NULL,
    price DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL CHECK (price >= 0),
    FOREIGN KEY (category_id) REFERENCES Categories(category_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

# 3. Orders Table

Stores order details, linking products to purchases.

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
    order_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    product_id INT NOT NULL,
    quantity INT NOT NULL CHECK (quantity > 0),
    order_date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES Products(product_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

## SQL Query to Fetch Total Sales Revenue for Each Category

To calculate total revenue (price \* quantity) per category and order results by revenue in descending order:

SELECT c.category\_name, SUM(p.price \* o.quantity) AS total\_revenue FROM Orders o
JOIN Products p ON o.product\_id = p.product\_id
JOIN Categories c ON p.category\_id = c.category\_id
GROUP BY c.category\_name
ORDER BY total revenue DESC;

## **Query Explanation**

- 1. Joins the necessary tables:
  - $\circ$  Orders  $\rightarrow$  Products (to get price).
  - o Products → Categories (to get category\_name).
- 2. Calculates total revenue:
  - o SUM(p.price \* o.quantity) for each category.
- 3. Groups by category\_name to get revenue per category.
- 4. Orders the results by total\_revenue DESC to show the highest revenue first.

This schema ensures data integrity (with FOREIGN KEY constraints) and optimized query performance (by indexing category\_id and product\_id).