The specific process we are simulating is as follows:

$$y = X\beta + \epsilon$$

$$\epsilon = \lambda W \epsilon + \nu$$
(1)

where $\nu^{\sim}N(0,\sigma^2I)$, λ is a spatial autocorrelation parameter (scalar) and W is a spatial weights matrix. We will shortly explain these new entities, but for now we simply note that they allow us to simulate a process whereby the ϵ 's, and therefore the y's are spatially autocorrelated. If $\lambda = 0$ then the i.i.d. assumption holds, otherwise there is spatial dependence.