





## About the Assembly



- A smart lab based out of In5 since Dec 2014
- Over 200 free workshops done
- ASSEMBLY: HACK Embedded systems, iOT and hardware
- ASSEMBLY: CODE Software projects APIs, frameworks, apps
- Age range: 16-60 students, professionals, entrepreneurs
- Focus on smart technology and practical applications
- Forum: members.theassembly.ae







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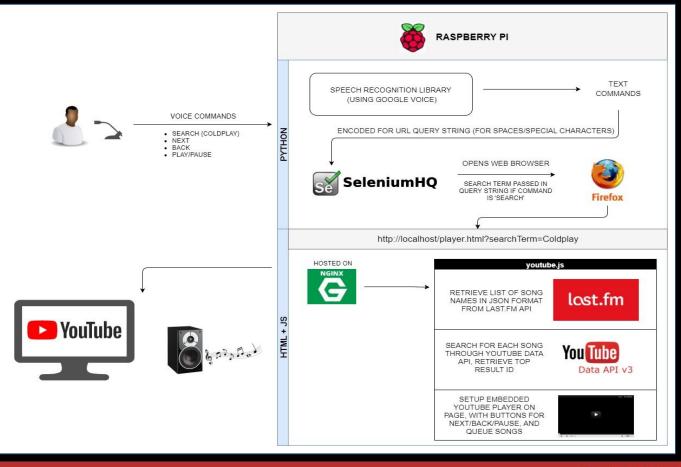
### Overview



OBJECTIVE: Create a voice controlled YouTube playlist generator app that runs on a Raspberry Pi.

The user inputs artist name or keywords using the microphone; the app searches for and retrieves songs based on this criteria and then queues them for instant playback as an fully navigable, embedded YouTube playlist on a web page.







## Getting started



- 1. Github with all the code:
  - https://github.com/The-Assembly/YouTubeSmartSpeaker
- Pastebin: https://pastebin.com/t4idcsMQ
- 3. APIs you need: LastFM API + YouTube Data v3 API
- 4. Ask for help from the Assembly team if you get stuck with anything!
- 5. Acknowledgement: Javascript code modified from work done on **Mixbla.st** project







# HTML + Javascript





# Building the player webpage



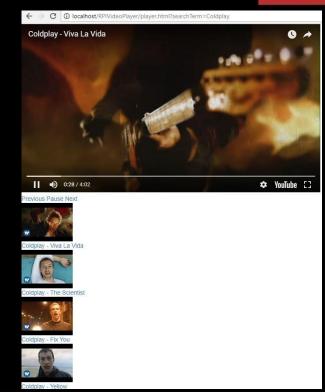
- Page receives search term in query string and creates embedded playlist based on that criteria. Playback on page load.
- The page runs on a local webserver (NGINX) on the Raspberry Pi
- Code for this portion on Github in directory RPIVideoPlayer
  - player.html
  - js\youtube.js
  - css\bootstrap.min.css
- Copy to html folder used by NGINX (usually /var/www/html)





## player.html

```
K!doctype html>
<html>
    <head>
        <meta content="text/html;charset=utf-8" http-equiv="Content-Type">
        <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
        k rel="stylesheet" href="css/bootstrap.min.css">
        <script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.2.1.min.js"</pre>
crossoriqin="anonymous" integrity="sha256-hwq4qsxqFZh0sEEamd0YGBf13FyQuiTw1AQqxVS
Ngt4="></script>
    </head>
    <bodu>
        <div class="main">
            <div class="row">
                <div class="col-md-12">
                    <div id="player-container">
                        <div id="player">
                        </div>
                    </div>
                    <div id="button-container">
                        <div class="playerbutton">
                            <a id="prevbutton" href="#">Previous</a>
                            <a id="playpause" href="#">Play</a>
                            <a id="nextbutton" href="#">Next</a>
                        </div>
                    </div>
                    <div id="search-container">
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
        </div>
        <script src="js/youtube.js"></script>
        <script src="https://apis.qooqle.com/js/client.js?onload=qooqleApiClientR</pre>
eady"></script>
   </body>
</html>
```





# JS: Loading the YouTube apis

 YouTube Data API and embedded YouTube player iFrame need to BOTH be loaded before starting multisearch

```
isAPILoaded = false;
isPlayerLoaded = false;
isMultiSearchDone = false;
```

```
function loadAPIClientInterfaces() {
    gapi.client.load("youtube", "v3", handleAPILoaded)
googleApiClientReady = function() {
   loadAPIClientInterfaces();
function handleAPILoaded() {
   qapi.client.setApiKey("AIzaSyCr5PexuEF S43HH02si2uj3204n3FWodc");
   isAPILoaded = true:
   if (isPlayerLoaded && (!isMultiSearchDone))
            multiSearch():
function onYouTubeIframeAPIReadu()
   player = new YT.Player("player",{
        height: "394".
        width: "700",
        events: {
            onReadu: onPlayerReadu.
            onError: onPlayerError,
            onStateChange: onPlayerStateChange,
       playerVars: {
            modestbranding: 1.
            enablejsapi: 1,
            iv load policy: 3,
            theme: "dark".
            color: "white"
            showinfo: 1.
            plausinline: 1.
            origin: "https://www.youtube.com"
   3)
```

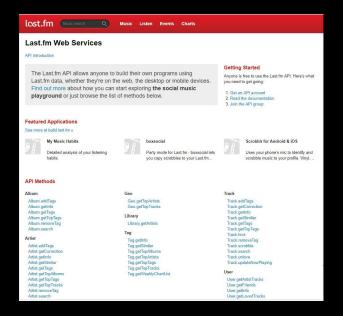
```
unction onPlauerStateChange(e) {
   if (e.data != 1)
      $("#playpause").text("Play")
       $("#playpause").text("Pause")
       //if video is done, play next
       if (e.data === 0) {
               var totalvids = plauer.topvIdArrau.length:
               if (player.playcount+1 < totalvids) {
                       nextVideo(true);
               } else {
                       player.playcount = -1;
       3render
unction onPlayerError(e) {
unction onPlayerReady() {
   $("#prevbutton").click(function() {
       nextVideo(false)
   $("#playpause").click(function() {
      plauPause()
   $("#nextbutton").click(function() {
      nextVideo(true)
   isPlaverLoaded = true:
   if (isAPILoaded && (!isMultiSearchDone))
       multiSearch();
ar tag = document.createElement("script"):
ag.src = "https://www.youtube.com/iframe_api";
ar firstScriptTag = document.getElementsBuTagName("script")[0];
FirstScriptTag.parentNode.insertBefore(tag. firstScriptTag);
ar player;
```

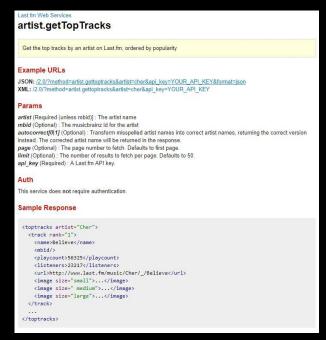




### JS: Retrieve titles from LastFM

• <a href="https://www.last.fm/api/show/artist.getTopTracks">https://www.last.fm/api/show/artist.getTopTracks</a>





- multiSearch sends AJAX web call to **LastFM API** with search term as parameter
- This example uses artist.gettoptracks but many other API methods available
- Each item in response list (ie; each song title with artist prefixed) is passed as a parameter to the *search* function

```
unction multiSearch() {
       player.vidObiArray = {}:
       player.topvIdArray = [];
       player.topvTitleArray =[];
       player.topvThumbArray = [];
       player.listArray = [];
       player.vidcount = 0: player.playcount = 0: player.done = false:
           player.topvIdArray.length = 0; player.topvTitleArray.length = 0;
laver.topvThumbArrav.length = 0:
          player.listArray.length = 0;
      //var searchTerm = $.url.attr('searchTerm');
      var searchTerm = $.getOueru('searchTerm'):
           'http://ws.audioscrobbler.com/2.0/?method=artist.qettoptracks&artist=
*searchTerm *'&autocorrect=1&api keu=946a0b231980d52f90b8a31e15bccb16&limit=20&f
          function(data)
                               var artistName = data.toptracks['@attr'].artist
               $.each( data.toptracks.track, function(i,item)
                  player.listArray.push(artistName + ' - ' + item.name);
              });
               var searchnum = player.listArray.length;
               (function setInterval afterDone(){
                   /* do search function */
                   if (player.listArrau[x])
                       { search(player.listArray[x],x); }
                   var timerId = setTimeout(setInterval afterDone, waittime);
                   if(x==searchnum) {
                       player.done = true;
                       clearTimeout(timerId);
               })();
               isMultiSearchDone = true;
```



### JS: Search YouTube Data API

- The *search* function finds the top result on YouTube for each song title
- Each result is rendered as a playlist item with title name + screenshot, and queued for playback

```
function renderPlaylist(c,vThumb,vId,vTitle) {
   $("#search-container").append("<div class='searchresult'>"+createPlaylistItem
(c.vThumb.vId.vTitle)+"</div>"):
function createPlaylistItem(c,vThumb,vId,vTitle) {
   var vclick = "loadVid(\""+vId+"\"); player.vidcount="+c+";";
   var notFoundString = '';
   if (vId == "Not Found") {
       vclick = "editSearchTerm(0):";
       notFoundString = "<input id='not-found' value='"+ player.listArrau[c]
   return "<div class='searchresult-div'><imq id='thumb' src='"+ vThumb
+"'></div> <div class='searchresult-title'>"+ notFoundString +"<a id='link'
onclick='"+ vclick + "' title='"+ vTitle +"'>" + vTitle +
       "</a></div>";
```

```
var search = function(query,counter) {
       var q = query;
       var c = counter;
       var request = gapi.client.youtube.search.list({
       part: 'snippet'.
       maxResults: 20
       //order: 'viewCount'
 request.execute(function(response) {
        var searchObj = response.result;
       //these arrays will hold the top 20 results of each one in the loop
       var vIdArr=[], vTitleArr=[], vThumbArr=[];
       $.each(searchObj.items, function(i,x) {
               var vId = x.id.videoId;
               var vTitle = x.snippet.title;
               if (x.snippet.thumbnails.default.url !=undefined) var vThumb =
.snippet.thumbnails.default.url:
               if (vId===undefined) {
                       vId="Not Found"; vTitle="Not Found. Try version refresh button: ";
vThumb="img/notfound.png";
               vIdArr.push(vId);
               vTitleArr.push(vTitle);
               vThumbArr.push(vThumb);
        //global object of all the song results
               player.vidObjArray[c] = {
                       vid:vIdArr,
                       title:vTitleArr,
                       thumh:uThumhArr
               //display list, use only first result of each
                       player.topvIdArray.push(vId);
                       player.topvTitleArray.push(vTitle):
                       player.topvThumbArray.push(vThumb);
                       //start the first video right away while the playlist loads
                       if (player.topvIdArray.length == 1) {
                               //only cue on the first search, keep the video running on subsequent searches
                               /////if (count==1) cuePlayer();
                               if (isMultiSearchDone) loadVid(player.topvIdArray[0], 0, "medium");
                       renderPlaylist(c,vThumb,vId,vTitle);
>);
```

# JS: Configure player behavior

COMMUNITY INNOVATION WORKSPACE

```
function nextVideo(next) {
    var totalvids = player.topvIdArray.length;
    if (next===true) {
        player.vidcount++; player.playcount++;
        if (plauer.vidcount >= totalvids) plauer.vidcount = 0:
        $('#search-container').append($('#search-container
div.searchresult:first'));
    } else {
        player.vidcount--; player.playcount--;
        if ((player.vidcount < 0) || (player.vidcount=='undefined'))
player.vidcount = totalvids-1;
        $('#search-container').prepend($('#search-container
div.searchresult:last'));
    var thevideoid = player.topvIdArray[player.vidcount];
    if (thevideoid) loadVid(thevideoid):
function loadVid(vidId) {
    if (player.loadVideoById) {
        player.loadVideoBuId(vidId):
        if (player.topvTitleArray[player.vidcount]) document.title =
player.topvTitleArray[player.vidcount];
function cuePlayer() {
    //check if the player object is loaded
    if (player.cueVideoById) {
        player.cueVideoById(player.topvIdArray[0]);
```





### Hardware







# Raspberry Pi

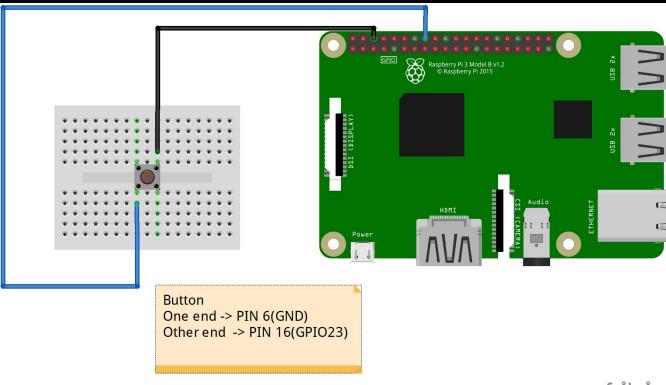








## The Circuit Diagram









# **Python Scripting**





### Generating MP3's & Google Speech to Text (gTTS)



#### Importing the library

```
from gtts import gTTS import os
```

#### Creating the mp3 files to be played

```
tts = gTTS(text='Searching', lang='en')
tts.save("searchterm.mp3")

tts = gTTS(text='Playing Next Song!!!!', lang='en')
tts.save("nextMusic.mp3")
```

#### Calling function to play mp3 files

```
os.system("omxplayer nextMusic.mp3")
os.system("omxplayer command.mp3")
```





### Speech\_Recognition (Speech to text library)

COMMUNITY INNOVATION WORKSPACE

```
Importing the library
```

```
import speech_recognition as sr
```

#### Set audio source method from microphone

```
r = sr.Recognizer()
m = sr.Microphone()
```

#### Adjust for ambient noise

```
with m as source: r.adjust_for_ambient_noise(source)
```

#### Start listening

```
with m as source: audio = r.listen(source)
```

#### Recognize speech using Google's Speech to Text

```
try:
   value = r.recognize_google(audio)
```

#### Error handling

```
except sr.UnknownValueError:
    print("Oops! Didn't catch that")
except sr.RequestError as e:
    print("Uh oh! Couldn't request results from Google Speech Recognition service.")
```



EASSEMBLY.AE

### Selenium Library to control webpage & URL Parser

COMMUNITY

#### Importing the library

```
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.common.exceptions import NoSuchElementException
from urllib.parse import urlencode
```

#### Initialize web browser

```
mydriver = webdriver.Firefox()
```

Format the recognized speech input and split the search term from it

```
if (value.startswith("search") or value.startswith("find")):
    str = value.split(' ',1)
    if(len(str) < 2):
       print ("error")
    else:
       term= str[1]
```

Parse the user's search term along with the html format in one string

```
mydict = { 'searchTerm': term}
gstr = urlencode (mydict)
```

Open the URL and wait for 10 seconds for everything to load properly

```
baseurl = "http://localhost/player.html?"
mydriver.get(baseurl + gstr)
sleep (10)
```

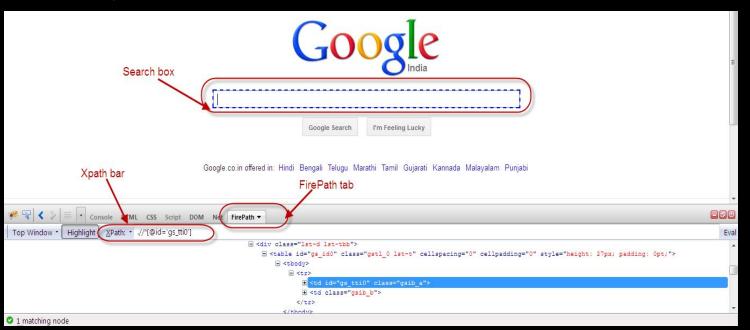




### Selenium – finding the Xpath

COMMUNITY INNOVATION WORKSPACE

Find the Xpath of an element on a website



### Selenium – finding the Xpath (Cont'd)

#### Define Xpaths

#### Finding Xpath and simulating a 'click' on the webpage

```
elif(value == 'Next' or value == 'next' or value == 'text'):
    mydriver.find_element_by_xpath(xpaths['nextButton']).click()

elif(value == 'Previous' or value == 'previous' or value == 'pervious'or value == 'back'):
    mydriver.find_element_by_xpath(xpaths['prevButton']).click()

elif(value == 'Play' or value == 'play' or value == 'pause' or value == 'Pause' or value == 'cause'
    mydriver.find_element_by_xpath(xpaths['playpause']).click()
```







### THANK YOU

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