# Notes

# The Clowder Project Authors

# July 22, 2025

**01CR** This chapter contains some notes.

# Contents

15.1	TikZ (	Code for Commutative Diagrams	2
		Product Diagram With Circular Arrows	
		Coproduct Diagram With Circular Arrows	4
		Cube Diagram	7
		Cube Diagram With Labelled Faces	9
		Pentagon Diagram	12
		Hexagon Diagram	13
		Double Square Diagram	15
		Double Hexagon Diagram	17
15.2	Retire	d Tags	20
		Relations	
	15.2.2	Pointed Sets	21
	15.2.3	Tensor Products of Pointed Sets	21
	15.2.4	Categories	22
15 3	Miscel	lany	23
17.5		List of Things To Explore/Add	
A	Other	Chapters	80

# **OTAN 15.1 TikZ Code for Commutative Diagrams**

In this section we gather some useful examples of tikzcd code for commutative diagrams.

## 02C1 15.1.1 Product Diagram With Circular Arrows

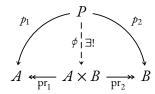
Define

```
\newlength{\DL}
\left(DL\right) = 0.9em
in the preamble, as well as
\tikzcdset{
    productArrows/.style args={#1#2#3}{
    execute at end picture={
        % FIRST ARROW
        % Step 1: Draw arrow body
        \begin{scope}
            \clip (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-3.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-3.center) -- cycle;
            \path[draw,line width=rule_thickness] (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=0,radius=#1];
        \end{scope}
        % Step 2: Draw arrow head
        % Step 2.1: Find the point at which to place the arrowhead
        \path[name path=curve-1-a] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east) -- (\tikzcdmatrix
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-3.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-3.center) -- cycle;
        \path[name path=curve-1-b] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end
        \fill [name intersections={of=curve-1-a and curve-1-
b}] (intersection-2);
        % Step 2.2: Find the angle at which to place the arrowhead
        \coordinate (arc-start) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east);
        \coordinate (arc-center) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-2.center);
        \draw let
```

```
\p1 = ($\left(intersection-2\right) - \left(arc-
center\right)$), % \p1 is the vector from the arc's centre to the intersection po:
2 for the 2nd intersection)
            n1 = {atan2(y1, x1)}, % n1 is the angle of that vector in degrees
            n2 = {n1 - 90} \% n2 is the angle of the tangent (90 degrees from t
          in [->] (intersection-2) -- ++(\n2:0.1pt);
        % SECOND ARROW
        % Step 1: Draw arrow body
        \begin{scope}
            \clip (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-1.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-1.center) -- cycle;
            \path[draw,line width=rule_thickness] (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=180,radius=#1];
        \end{scope}
        % Step 2: Draw arrow head
        % Step 2.1: Find the point at which to place the arrowhead
        \path[name path=curve-2-a] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west) -- (\tikzcdmatrix
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-1.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-1.center) -- cycle;
        \path[name path=curve-2-b] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end
        \fill [name intersections={of=curve-2-a and curve-2-
b}] (intersection-2);
        % Step 2.2: Find the angle at which to place the arrowhead
        \coordinate (arc-start) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west);
        \coordinate (arc-center) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-2.center);
        \draw let
            \p1 = ($\left(intersection-2\right) - \left(arc-
center\right)$), % \p1 is the vector from the arc's centre to the intersection po:
2 for the 2nd intersection)
            \ln = \{atan2(\y1, \x1)\}, \% \ln is the angle of that vector in degrees
            n2 = {n1 - 90} \% n2 is the angle of the tangent (90 degrees from t
          in [<-] (intersection-2) -- ++(\n2:0.1pt);</pre>
          % Labels
          \path (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=180,radius=#
          \path (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=0,radius=#1]
    }
```

```
}
}
The code
\ \left( \frac{1.5}{the}\right) = \frac{4.5}{the}DL, between origins}, column sep=\frac{4.5}{the}DL, between origins}
    {}% Don't remove this line, it's important!
    \&
    Ρ
    \arrow[d,"\phi"'{pos=0.475},"\exists!"{pos=0.475}, dashed]
    {}% Don't remove this line, it's important!
    //
    Α
    \&
    A\times B
    \arrow[1,"\pr_{1}"{pos=0.425},two heads]
    \arrow[r,"\pr_{2}"'{pos=0.425},two\ heads]
    \&
    В
\end{tikzcd}
```

will then produce the following diagram:



# 02C2 15.1.2 Coproduct Diagram With Circular Arrows

Define

\newlength{\DL}
\setlength{\DL}{0.9em}

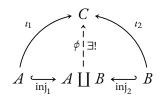
in the preamble, as well as

```
\tikzcdset{
    coproductArrows/.style args={#1#2#3}{
    execute at end picture={
        % FIRST ARROW
        % Step 1: Draw arrow body
        \begin{scope}
            \clip (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-3.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-3.center) -- cycle;
            \path[draw,line width=rule_thickness] (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=0,radius=#1];
        \end{scope}
        % Step 2: Draw arrow head
        % Step 2.1: Find the point at which to place the arrowhead
        \path[name path=curve-1-a] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east) -- (\tikzcdmatrix
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-3.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-3.center) -- cycle;
        \path[name path=curve-1-b] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end
        \fill [name intersections={of=curve-1-a and curve-1-
b}] (intersection-1);
        % Step 2.2: Find the angle at which to place the arrowhead
        \coordinate (arc-start) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east);
        \coordinate (arc-center) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-2.center);
        \draw let
            \p1 = ($\left(intersection-1\right) - \left(arc-
center\right)$), % \p1 is the vector from the arc's centre to the intersection pos
2 for the 2nd intersection)
            \ln = {atan2(\y1, \x1)}, % \ln is the angle of that vector in degrees
            \ln 2 = {\ln 1 - 90} \% \ln 2 is the angle of the tangent (90 degrees from t
          in [<-] (intersection-1) -- ++(\n2:0.1pt);</pre>
        % SECOND ARROW
        % Step 1: Draw arrow body
        \begin{scope}
            \clip (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-1.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-1.center) -- cycle;
            \path[draw,line width=rule_thickness] (\tikzcdmatrixname-
```

```
1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=180,radius=#1];
        \end{scope}
        % Step 2: Draw arrow head
        % Step 2.1: Find the point at which to place the arrowhead
        \path[name path=curve-2-a] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west) -- (\tikzcdmatrix
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-1.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-1.center) -- cycle;
        \path[name path=curve-2-b] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end
        \fill [name intersections={of=curve-2-a and curve-2-
        % Step 2.2: Find the angle at which to place the arrowhead
        \coordinate (arc-start) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west);
        \coordinate (arc-center) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-2.center);
        \draw let
            \p1 = ($\left(intersection-1\right) - \left(arc-
center\right)$), % \p1 is the vector from the arc's centre to the intersection pos
2 for the 2nd intersection)
            \ln = \{atan2(\y1, \x1)\}, \% \ln is the angle of that vector in degrees
            n2 = {n1 - 90} \% n2 is the angle of the tangent (90 degrees from t
          in [->] (intersection-1) -- ++(\n2:0.1pt);
          % Labels
          \path (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=180,radius=#
          \path (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=0,radius=#1]
  }
}
The code
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={4.5*\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={4.5*\the\DL,bet
    {}% Don't remove this line, it's important!
    \&
    \arrow[from=d,"\phi","\exists!"', dashed]
    \&
    {}% Don't remove this line, it's important!
    //
    Α
```

```
\&
    A\icoprod B
    \arrow[from=1,"\inj_{1}"',hook]
    \arrow[from=r,"\inj_{2}",hook']
    \&
     B
\end{tikzcd}
```

will then produce the following diagram:



## 01VS 15.1.3 Cube Diagram

Define

\newlength{\DL}
\setlength{\DL}{0.9em}

The code

1 \&

\&

2

\&

//

\&

1'

\&

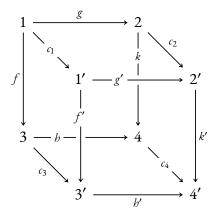
\&

2'

\\

```
3
    \&
    \&
    4
    \&
    //
    \&
    31
    \&
    \&
    41
    % 1-Arrows
    % First Square
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=3-1, "f"']%
    \arrow[from=3-1, to=3-3, "h"{description, pos=0.25}]%
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=1-3, "g"]%
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=3-3, "k"{description, pos=0.25}]%
    % Second Square
    \arrow[from=2-2, to=4-2, "f\"{description, pos=0.3}, crossing over]%
    \arrow[from=4-2, to=4-4, "h'"']%
    \arrow[from=2-2, to=2-4, "g'"{description, pos=0.3}, crossing over]%
    \arrow[from=2-4, to=4-4, "k'"]%
    % Connecting Arrows
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=2-2, "c_{1}"description]%
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-4, "c_{2}"]%
    \arrow[from=3-1, to=4-2, "c_{3}"']%
    \arrow[from=3-3, to=4-4, "c_{4}"description]%
\end{tikzcd}
```

will produce the following diagram:



# 01VT 15.1.4 Cube Diagram With Labelled Faces

Define

\newlength{\DL}
\setlength{\DL}{0.9em}

The code

۱ ۱

\&

\&

2

\& \\

\&

1'

\&

\&

2'

//

3

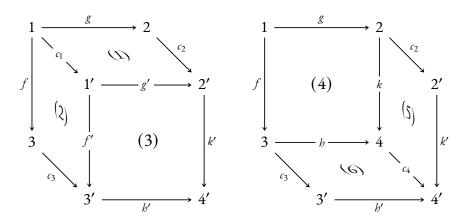
\&

```
\&
            \&
            //
            \&
            31
            \&
            \&
            4'
            % 1-Arrows
            % First Square
            \arrow[from=1-1, to=3-1, "f"']%
            \arrow[from=1-1, to=1-3, "g"]%
            % Second Square
            \arrow[from=2-2, to=4-2, "f\"{description}, crossing over]%
            \arrow[from=4-2, to=4-4, "h'"']%
            \arrow[from=2-2, to=2-4, "g\" {description}, crossing over]%
            \arrow[from=2-4, to=4-4, "k'"]%
            % Connecting Arrows
            \arrow[from=1-1, to=2-2, "c_{1}"description]%
            \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-4, "c_{2}"]%
            \arrow[from=3-1, to=4-2, "c_{3}"']%
            % Subdiagrams
            \arrow[from=2-2,to=1-3,"\scriptstyle(1)"{rotate=-0.3,xslant=-
0.903569337, yslant=0, xscale=7.0341, yscale=4.4454, xscale=0.225, yscale=0.225}, phant
            \arrow[from=3-1,to=2-2,"\scriptstyle(2)"{rotate=-44.6,xslant=-
0.965688775, yslant=0, xscale=8.6931, yscale=8.2852, xscale=0.15, yscale=0.15}, phantom
            \arrow[from=4-2, to=2-4, "\scriptstyle(3)"{rotate=0, xslant=0, yslant=0, xscale=1.
\end{tikzcd}
\qquad
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={4.0*}\the\DL,between origins}, column sep=
            1
            \&
            \&
            2
            \&
            //
            \&
```

\& \&

```
2'
              //
              3
              \&
              \&
              4
              \&
              //
              \&
              31
              \&
              \&
              41
             % 1-Arrows
             % First Square
              \arrow[from=1-1, to=3-1, "f"']%
              \arrow[from=3-1, to=3-3, "h"{description}]%
              \arrow[from=1-1, to=1-3, "g"]%
              \arrow[from=1-3, to=3-3, "k"{description}]%
              % Second Square
              \arrow[from=4-2, to=4-4, "h'"']%
              \arrow[from=2-4, to=4-4, "k'"]%
              % Connecting Arrows
              \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-4, "c_{2}"]%
              \arrow[from=3-1, to=4-2, "c_{3}"']%
              \arrow[from=3-3, to=4-4, "c_{4}"description]%
              % Subdiagrams
              \arrow[from=1-1,to=3-3,"\scriptstyle(4)"{rotate=0,xslant=0,yslant=0,xscale=1.
             \label{lem:condition} $$\operatorname{row[from=3-3, to=2-4, "\scriptstyle(5)"{rotate=-44.6, xslant=-44.6, xslant=-46.6, xsla
0.965688775, yslant=0, xscale=8.6931, yscale=8.2852, xscale=0.15, yscale=0.15}, phantom
              \arrow[from=4-2,to=3-3,"\scriptstyle(6)"{rotate=-0.3,xslant=-
0.903569337, yslant=0, xscale=7.0341, yscale=4.4454, xscale=0.225, yscale=0.225}, phant
\end{tikzcd}
```

will produce the following diagram:



## 01VU 15.1.5 Pentagon Diagram

Define

\newlength{\ThreeCm}
\setlength{\ThreeCm}{3.0cm}

\&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]

\\[0.95105651629\ThreeCm] \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]

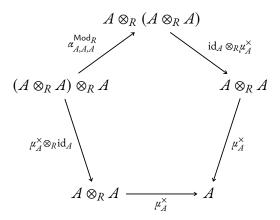
 $A \otimes_{R}A$ 

The code

```
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={0*\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={0*\the\DL,between \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm] \&[0.5\ThreeCm] A\otimes_{R}(A\otimes_{R}A) \&[0.5\ThreeCm] \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm] \\[0.58778525229\ThreeCm] \\[0.58778525229\ThreeCm] \\[0.30901699437\ThreeCm] \\[0.30901699437\ThreeCm] \\[0.5\ThreeCm] \\[0.5\ThreeCm]
```

```
A\otimes_{R}A
\&[0.5\ThreeCm]
\&[0.5\ThreeCm]
A
\&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]
% 1-Arrows
% Left Boundary
\arrow[from=2-1,to=1-3,"\alpha^{\Mod_{R}}_{A,A,A}"{pos=0.4125}]%
\arrow[from=1-3,to=2-5,"\id_{A}\otimes_{R}\mu^{\times}_{A}"{pos=0.6}]%
\arrow[from=2-5,to=3-4,"\mu^{\times}_{A}"{pos=0.425}]%
% Right Boundary
\arrow[from=2-1,to=3-2,"\mu^{\times}_{A}\otimes_{R}\id_{A}"'{pos=0.425}]%
\arrow[from=3-2,to=3-4,"\mu^{\times}_{A}\otimes_{R}\id_{A}"'{pos=0.425}]%
\arrow[from=3-2,to=3-4,"\mu^{\times}_{A}"]%
\end{tikzcd}
```

will produce the following pentagon diagram:



To make the diagram larger, one could use e.g.

```
\newlength{\FourCm}
\setlength{\FourCm}{2.0cm}
```

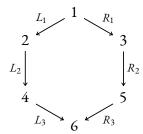
and replace all instances of \ThreeCm with \FourCm in the code above.

## 01VV 15.1.6 Hexagon Diagram

Define

```
\newlength{\OneCmPlusHalf}
\setlength{\OneCmPlusHalf}{1.5cm}
The code
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={0.0*\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={0.0*\the\DL,bet
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \\[0.5\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \\[\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    5
    \[0.5\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    % 1-Arrows
    % Left Boundary
    \arrow[from=1-2, to=2-1, "L_{1}"']%
    \arrow[from=2-1, to=3-1, "L_{2}"']%
    \arrow[from=3-1, to=4-2, "L_{3}"']%
    % Right Boundary
    \arrow[from=1-2, to=2-3, "R_{1}"]%
    \arrow[from=2-3, to=3-3, "R_{2}"]%
    \arrow[from=3-3, to=4-2, "R_{3}"]%
\end{tikzcd}
```

will produce the following hexagon diagram:



To make the diagram larger, one could use e.g.

```
\newlength{\TwoCm}
\setlength{\TwoCm}{2.0cm}
```

and replace all instances of \OneCmPlusHalf with \TwoCm in the code above.

### 02C3 15.1.7 Double Square Diagram

Define

```
\newlength{\DL}
\setlength{\DL}{0.9cm}
```

The code

```
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={10.0*\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={10.0*\the\DL,b
\bullet
\&
```

\&

\&

\bullet

//

\&

\bullet

\&

\bullet

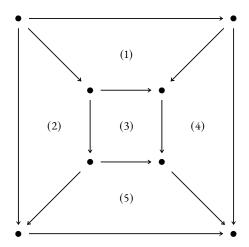
\&

//

\&

```
\bullet
   \&
   \bullet
   \&
   //
   \bullet
   \&
   \&
   \&
   \bullet
   % Arrows
   % Outer Square
   \arrow[from=1-1, to=1-4]%
   \arrow[from=1-4, to=4-4]%
   \arrow[from=1-1, to=4-1]%
   \arrow[from=4-1, to=4-4]%
   % Inner Square
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=2-3]\%
   \arrow[from=2-3, to=3-3]%
   %
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-2]%
   \arrow[from=3-2, to=3-3]%
   % Connecting Arrows
   \arrow[from=1-1, to=2-2]\%
   \arrow[from=1-4, to=2-3]\%
   \arrow[from=3-2, to=4-1]\%
   \arrow[from=3-3, to=4-4]\%
   % Subdiagrams
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-2, "\scriptstyle(2)", phantom, xshift=-
5.0*\the\DL]%
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-3, "\scriptstyle(3)", phantom]%
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-3, "\scriptstyle(5)", phantom, yshift=-
10.0*\the\DL]%
\end{tikzcd}
```

will produce the following double square diagram:



#### Double Hexagon Diagram 01WH 15.1.8

Define

```
\newlength{\OneCm}
\setlength{\OneCm}{1.0cm}
```

\&[1.73205081\*\OneCm]

\&[1.73205081\*\OneCm] \&[1.73205081\*\OneCm]

\text{2-3}

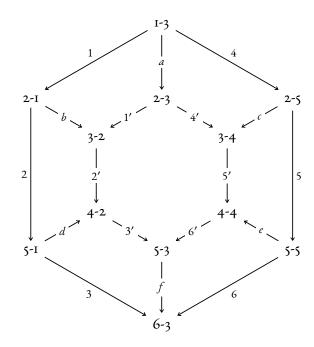
The code

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{begin{tikzcd}[row sep={0.0*}\the\DL,between origins], column sep={0.0*}\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={0.0*}\the\DL,between orig
                                        \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
                                        \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
                                        \text{text}\{1-3\}
                                        \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
                                        \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
                                        \\[2.0*\OneCm]
                                        \text{text}\{2-1\}
                                        \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
```

```
\text{text}\{2-5\}
\\[1.0*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\text{text}{3-2}
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\text{text}{3-4}
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\\[2.0*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\text{text}\{4-2\}
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\text{text}\{4-4\}
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\\[1.0*\OneCm]
\text{text}\{5-1\}
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\text{text}{5-3}
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\text{text}{5-5}
\\[2.0*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\text{text}\{6-3\}
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
% Arrows
\arrow[from=1-3, to=2-1, "1"']%
\arrow[from=2-1, to=5-1, "2"']%
\arrow[from=5-1, to=6-3, "3"']%
\arrow[from=1-3, to=2-5, "4"]%
\arrow[from=2-5, to=5-5, "5"]%
\arrow[from=5-5, to=6-3, "6"]%
```

```
%
  \arrow[from=2-3,to=3-2,"1'"description]%
  \arrow[from=3-2,to=4-2,"2'"description]%
  \arrow[from=4-2,to=5-3,"3'"description]%
  \arrow[from=2-3,to=3-4,"4'"description]%
  \arrow[from=3-4,to=4-4,"5'"description]%
  \arrow[from=4-4,to=5-3,"6'"description]%
  \arrow[from=1-3,to=2-3,"a"description]%
  \arrow[from=2-1,to=3-2,"b"description]%
  \arrow[from=2-5,to=3-4,"c"description]%
  \arrow[from=5-1,to=4-2,"d"description]%
  \arrow[from=5-3,to=6-3,"f"description]%
  \arrow[from=5-3,to=6-3,"f"description]%
```

will produce the following double hexagon diagram:



To make the diagram larger, one could use e.g.

\newlength{\TwoCm}
\setlength{\TwoCm}{2.0cm}

and replace all instances of \OneCm with \TwoCm in the code above.

# 01VC 15.2 Retired Tags

### 01VD 15.2.1 Relations

00QQ

**00NN** 

00NU

**O1VE** OLD TAG 15.2.1.1.1 ► Equivalent Definitions of Relations

The content of this tag has been moved to Relations, Definition 8.1.1.1.

OLD TAG 15.2.1.1.2 ► INTERACTION BETWEEN COMPOSITION AND CHARACTERISTIC RE00R1

The original statement of this tag was false.

OLD TAG 15.2.1.1.3 ► Interaction Between Composition and Characteristic Relations

The original statement of this tag was false.

OLD TAG 15.2.1.1.4 ► EXPLICIT DESCRIPTION OF INTERNAL LEFT KAN EXTENSIONS ALONG FUNCTIONS

This was a question. Now an explicit description is available as Relations, ??.

OLD TAG 15.2.1.1.5 ► EXPLICIT DESCRIPTION OF INTERNAL LEFT KAN LIFTS ALONG FUNCTIONS

This was a question. Now an explicit description is available as Relations, ??.

Pointed Sets 15.2.2

OLD TAG 15.2.1.1.6 ► INTERNAL KAN EXTENSIONS AND LIFTS 00MG

This tag is obsolete; see Relations, Sections 8.5.15 to 8.5.18 instead.

21

OLD TAG 15.2.1.1.7 ► INTERNAL KAN EXTENSIONS AND LIFTS 00MH

This tag is obsolete; see Relations, Sections 8.5.15 to 8.5.18 instead.

OLD TAG 15.2.1.1.8 ► INTERNAL KAN EXTENSIONS AND LIFTS 00NG

This tag is obsolete; see Relations, Sections 8.5.15 to 8.5.18 instead.

**Pointed Sets** 01VF **I5.2.2** 

009F OLD TAG 15.2.2.1.1 ► THE UNDERLYING POINTED SET OF A SEMIMODULE

> The **underlying pointed set** of a semimodule  $(M, \alpha_M)$  is the pointed set  $(M, 0_M).$

OLD TAG 15.2.2.1.2 ► THE UNDERLYING POINTED SET OF A MODULE 009G

> The **underlying pointed set** of a module  $(M, \alpha_M)$  is the pointed set  $(M, 0_M).$

**Tensor Products of Pointed Sets** 01WG I5.2.3

> OLD TAG 15.2.3.1.1 ► Section on Universal Properties of the Smash Product of POINTED SETS I

Absorbed into Tensor Products of Pointed Sets, Section 7.5.10.

OLD TAG 15.2.3.1.2 ► Section on Universal Properties of the Smash Product of POINTED SETS II

Absorbed into Tensor Products of Pointed Sets, Section 7.5.10.

00H2

00H4

00H3

OLD TAG 15.2.3.1.3  $\blacktriangleright$  Universal Properties of the Smash Product of Pointed Sets

Absorbed into Tensor Products of Pointed Sets, Section 7.5.10.

00H5

OLD TAG 15.2.3.1.4 ► Universal Properties of the Smash Product of Pointed Sets II

Absorbed into Tensor Products of Pointed Sets, Section 7.5.10.

### 01VJ 15.2.4 Categories

#### 017R OLD TAG 15.2.4.1.1 ▶ PICTURING NATURAL TRANSFORMATIONS IN DIAGRAMS

We denote natural transformations in diagrams as

$$C \xrightarrow{G}^F \mathcal{D}.$$

(This tag has been removed and is now part of Categories, Remark 11.9.2.1.2.)

01VL

OLD TAG 15.2.4.1.2 ► Interaction Between Fullness and Postcomposition Functors

(This Tag was an item of Categories, Proposition II.6.2.I.2, but has since been removed because its statement is incorrect. Naïm Camille Favier provided a counterexample, and the corrected statements now appear as Categories, Items 2 and 3 of Proposition II.6.2.I.2.)

- 01VM
- I. Interaction With Postcomposition. The following conditions are equivalent:
- 01 VN
- (a) The functor  $F: C \to \mathcal{D}$  is full.

01VP

(b) For each  $X \in Obj(Cats)$ , the postcomposition functor

$$F_* : \operatorname{Fun}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{C}) \to \operatorname{Fun}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{D})$$

is full.

01VQ

(c) The functor  $F: C \to \mathcal{D}$  is a representably full morphism in Cats<sub>2</sub> in the sense of Types of Morphisms in Bicategories, Definition 14.1.2.1.1.

# 02C4 15.3 Miscellany

## 01CV 15.3.1 List of Things To Explore/Add

Here we list things to be explored in or added to this work in the future. This is a very quick and dirty list; some items may not be fully intelligible.

### 01CW REMARK 15.3.1.1.1 ► THINGS TO EXPLORE/ADD

### Set Theory:

- i. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/200389/sh
   ow-that-the-set-of-all-finite-subsets-of-mathbbn-i
   s-countable
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/a/479528
- 3. https://www.maths.ed.ac.uk/~tl/ast/ast.pdf

### Type Theory:

i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/497570/universe
 s-dont-need-to-be-indexed-by-natural-numbers

#### Pointed sets:

- I. Universal properties (plural!) of the left tensor product of pointed sets
- 2. Universal properties (plural!) of the right tensor product of pointed sets

#### Relations:

I. Internal fibrations in **Rel**, like discrete fibrations and Street fibrations

2. Return to Eilenberg–Moore and Kleisli objects in **Rel** once the general theory has been set up for internal monads

### Spans:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.22832
- 2. Spans: study certain compositions of spans like composing  $B \stackrel{f}{\leftarrow} A = A$  and  $A = A \stackrel{g}{\leftarrow} B$  into a span  $B \stackrel{f}{\leftarrow} A \stackrel{g}{\leftarrow} B$
- 3. Comparison double functor from Span to Rel and vice versa
- 4. Apartness composition for spans and alternate compositions for spans in general
- 5. non-Cartesian analogue of spans
  - (a) View spans as morphisms  $S \to A \times B$  and consider instead morphisms  $S \to A \otimes_C B$
- 6. Record the universal property of the bicategory of spans of https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/span
- 7. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/span+trace
- 8. Cospans.
- 9. Multispans.

Un/Straightening for Indexed and Fibred Sets:

- Analogue of adjoints for Grothendieck construction for indexed and fibred sets
- 2. Write proper sections on straightening for lax functors from Sets to Rel or Span (displayed sets)
- 3. co/units for un/straightening adjunction

#### Categories:

- i. https://www.numdam.org/actas/SE/, https://www.numdam
  .org/journals/CTGDC/
- 2. https://www.numdam.org/item/CTGDC\_1966\_\_8\_\_A5\_0.pd
  f
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/493931/is-the-c ategory-of-posets-locally-cartesian-closed
- 4. From Keith: Presheaves on a topological space *X* valued in {t, f}
  - (a) They are the same as collections of open subsets of X
  - (b) They are sheaves iff that collection is closed under union
  - (c) Their sheafification is the closure of that collection under unions
- 5. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.20949
- 6. Notion of equality that is weaker than equivalence but stronger than adjunction
- 7. Tangent categories, Beck modules, categorical derivations
- 8. Flat functors
- 9. Is the classifying space of a category isomorphic to  $Ex^{\infty}$  of the nerve of the category? If so, an intuition for having an initial/terminal object implying being homotopically contractible is that taking the free  $\infty$ -groupoid generated by that identifies every object with the terminal one.
- io. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category\_algebra
- 11. simple objects
- 12. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/442212/properti
   es-of-categorical-zeta-function
- 13. Polynomial functors, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/polynomial+functor, https://arxiv.org/abs/2312.00990

- 14. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/simple+object
- 15. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/442212/properti es-of-categorical-zeta-function
- 16. https://arxiv.org/abs/2409.17489
- 17. https://mathoverflow.net/a/478644
- 18. Posetal category associated to a poset as a right adjoint
- 19. "Presetal category" associated to a preordered set
- 20. Vopenka's principle simplifies stuff in the theory of locally presentable categories. If we build categories using type theory or HoTT, what stuff from vopenka holds?
- 21. Are pseudoepic functors those functors whose restricted Yoneda embedding is pseudomonic and Yoneda preserves absolute colimits?
- 22. Absolutely dense functors enriched over  $\mathbb{R}^+$  apparently reduce to topological density
- 23. Is there a reasonable notion of category homology? It is very common for the geometric realisation of a category to be contractible (e.g. having an initial or terminal object), but maybe some notion of directed homology could work here
- 24. Nerves of categories:
  - (a) Dihedral and symmetric nerves of categories via groupoids (define them first for groupoids and then Kan extend along Grpd → Cats)
    - i. Same applies to twisted nerves
  - (b) Cyclic nerve of a category
  - (c) Crossed Simplicial Group Categorical Nerves, https://arxiv.org/abs/1603.08768

- 25. Define contractible categories and add a discussion of universal properties as stating that certain categories are contractible. (Example of non-unique isomorphisms as e.g. being a group of order 5 corresponds to all objects being isomorphic but the category not being contractible)
- 26. Expand ?? and add a proof to it.
- 27. Sections and retractions; retracts, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/retract.
- 28. Groupoid cardinality
  - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/376175/cate
     gory-theory-and-arithmetical-identities/376223
    #376223
  - (b) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/420088/grou poid-cardinality-of-the-class-of-abelian-p-g roups?rq=1
  - (c) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/363292/what -is-the-groupoid-cardinality-of-the-category-o f-vector-spaces-over-a-finite
  - (d) The groupoid cardinality of the core of the category of finite sets is *e*. What is the groupoid cardinality of the core of FinSets<sub>*G*</sub>?
  - (e) groupoid cardinality of the core of the category of finite G-sets, https://www.arxiv.org/pdf/2502.03585
  - (f) https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/groupoid+cardina
     lity
  - (g) https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.11399
  - (h) https://terrytao.wordpress.com/2017/04/13/coun ting-objects-up-to-isomorphism-groupoid-cardi nality/
  - (i) https://arxiv.org/abs/0809.2130
  - (j) https://qchu.wordpress.com/2012/11/08/groupoid
    -cardinality/

- (k) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/363292/what -is-the-groupoid-cardinality-of-the-category-o f-vector-spaces-over-a-finite
- 29. combinatorial species
  - (a) https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Schur+functor
    - i. Equivalence between twisted commutative algebras and algebras on categories of polynomial functors, https: //mathweb.ucsd.edu/~ssam/talks/2014/ihp-t ca.pdf
  - (b) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/22462/wha
     t-are-some-examples-of-interesting-uses-of-t
     he-theory-of-combinatorial-specie
  - (c) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Combinatorial\_sp
     ecies
- 30. Leinster's the eventual image, https://arxiv.org/abs/2210.0 0302
  - (a) Telescope notation  $\operatorname{tel}_{\phi}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \operatorname{colim}\left(X \stackrel{\phi}{\to} X \stackrel{\phi}{\to} \stackrel{\phi}{\to} \cdots\right)$  introduced in <a href="https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.06979">https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.06979</a>
- 31. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/separable+functor
- 32. Dagger categories:
  - (a) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dagger\_category
  - (b) https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/dagger+category
  - (c) Dagger compact categories, https://en.wikipedia.org
    /wiki/Dagger\_compact\_category
  - (d) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/220032/ar e-dagger-categories-truly-evil
  - (e) generalisation of dagger categories to categories with duality, i.e. categories C together with a functor  $\dagger\colon C^{\mathrm{op}}\to C$

- i. Perhaps with the additional condition that  $\dagger \circ \dagger = id$
- ii. categories with involutions in general

### Regular Categories:

- i. https://arxiv.org/pdf/2004.08964.pdf.
- 2. Internal relations

### Types of Morphisms in Categories:

- i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/490476/dualit y-of-injectivity-surjectivity-of-precomposition-m ap for motivation of monomorphisms/epimorphisms
- 2. Characterisation of epimorphisms in the category of fields, https://math.stackexchange.com/q/4941660
- 3. Strong epimorphisms
- 4. Behaviour in  $\operatorname{Fun}(C, \mathcal{D})$ , e.g. pointwise sections vs. sections in  $\operatorname{Fun}(C, \mathcal{D})$ .
- 5. Faithful functors from balanced categories are conservative
- 6. Natural cotransformations:
  - (a) If there is a natural transformation between functors between categories, taking nerves gives a homotopy equivalence (or something like that). What happens for natural cotransformations?
  - (b) Natural transformations come with a vertical composition map

$$\circ : \coprod_{G \in \operatorname{Fun}(C, \mathcal{D})} \operatorname{Nat}(G, H) \times \operatorname{Nat}(F, G) \to \operatorname{Nat}(F, H).$$

As Morgan Rogers shows here, there's no vertical cocomposition map of the form

$$CoNat(F, H) \to \prod_{G \in Fun(C, \mathcal{D})} CoNat(G, H) \times CoNat(F, G)$$

or of the form

$$CoNat(F, H) \to \prod_{G \in Fun(C, \mathcal{D})} CoNat(G, H) \coprod CoNat(F, G)$$

for natural cotransformations.

- (c) Cap product for CoNat and Nat
  - i. recovers map  $Z(G) \times Cl(G) \rightarrow Cl(G)$ .
- (d) What is the geometric realisation of CoTrans(F, G)?
  - i. Related: https://mathoverflow.net/questions/8 9753/geometric-realization-of-hochschild-c omplex
- (e) What is the totalisation of Trans(F, G)?
  - i. If we view sets as discrete topological spaces, what are the homotopy/homology groups of it? The nLab says this (https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/totalizati on):

The homotopy groups of the totalization of a cosimplicial space are computed by a Bousfield-Kan spectral sequence.

The homology groups by an Eilenberg-Moore spectral sequence.

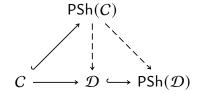
(f) Abstract

#### Adjunctions:

- 1. Relative adjunctions: message Alyssa asking for her notes
- Adjunctions, units, counits, and fully faithfulness as in https://ma thoverflow.net/questions/100808/properties-of-fun ctors-and-their-adjoints.
- 3. Morphisms between adjunctions and bicategory Adj(C).
- 4. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/transformation+of+ad
  joints

#### Presheaves and the Yoneda Lemma:

- i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/498069/products
   -and-coproducts-in-the-category-of-elements-of-a-p
   resheaf
- 2. Yoneda extension along  $\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{D}} \circ F \colon C \to \mathsf{PSh}(\mathcal{D})$ , giving a functor left adjoint to the precomposition functor  $F^* \colon \mathsf{PSh}(\mathcal{D}) \to \mathsf{PSh}(C)$ .
- 3. Consider the diagram



- 4. Does the functor tensor product admit a right adjoint ("Hom") in some sense?
- 5. Yoneda embedding preserves limits
- 6. universal objects and universal elements
- 7. adjoints to the Yoneda embedding and total categories
- 8. The co-Yoneda lemma: co/presheaves are colimits of co/representables
- 9. Properties of categories of copresheaves
- 10. Contravariant restricted Yoneda embedding
- II. Contravariant Yoneda extensions
- 12. Make table of Lift  $_{\sharp}(\xi)$ , Ran  $_{\sharp}(\xi)$ , Ran  $_{\sharp}(\Upsilon)$ , etc.
- 13. Properties of restricted Yoneda embedding, e.g. if the restricted Yoneda embedding is full, then what can we conclude? Related: https://qchu.wordpress.com/2015/05/17/generators/

- 14. Tensor product of functors and relation to profunctors
- 15. rifts and rans and lifts and lans involving yoneda in Cats and Prof
- 16. Tensor product of functors and relation to rifts and rans of profunctors

### Isbell Duality:

- 1. enriched Isbell over walking chain complex
- 2. Isbell self-dual presheaves for Lawvere metric spaces; when

$$f(x) = \sup_{x \in X} \left( \left| f(x) - \sup_{y \in X} \left( \left| f(y) - d_X(y, x) \right| \right) \right| \right)$$

holds.

- 3. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Fr%C3%B6licher+space s+and+Isbell+envelopes
- 4. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/envelope+of+an+adjun
  ction
- 5. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/nucleus+of+a+profunc tor
- 6. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/nuclear+adjunction
- 7. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/fixed+point+of+an+ad
  junction
- 8. **Important:** I should reconsider going with the notation O and Spec. Although a bit common in the (somewhat scarce) literature on Isbell duality, I have doubts regarding how useful/nice of a choice O and Spec are, and whether there are better choices of notation for them.
- 9. Interaction with  $\times$ , Hom,  $F_!$ ,  $F^*$ , and  $F_*$
- 10. Interactions between presheaves and copresheaves:

- (a) Natural transformations from a presheaf to a copresheaf and vice versa
- (b) Mixed Day convolution?
- II. Isbell duality for monoids:
  - (a) Set up a dictionary between properties of  $\mathsf{Sets}^\mathsf{L}_A$  or  $\mathsf{Sets}^\mathsf{R}_A$  and properties of A
  - (b) Do the same for O given by  $A \mapsto \mathsf{Sets}^{\mathsf{L}}_A(X,A)$
  - (c) Do the same for Spec given by  $A \mapsto \operatorname{Sets}_{A}^{R}(X, A)$
  - (d) Do the same for O o Spec
  - (e) Do the same for Spec o O
  - (f) Algebras for Spec O
  - (g) Coalgebras for O o Spec
- 12. Properties of Spec (e.g. fully faithfulness) vs. properties of C
- 13. Properties of O (e.g. fully faithfulness) vs. properties of C
- 14. co/unit being monomorphism/epimorphism
- 15. reflexive completion
- 16. Isbell duality for simplicial sets; what's the reflexive completion?
- 17. Isbell envelope
- 18. What does Isbell duality look like, when Cat(Aop,Set) is identified with the category of discrete opfibrations over A, using A.5.14?
- 19. Generalizations of Isbell duality:
  - (a) Monoidal Isbell duality: monoidality for Isbell adjunction with day convolution (6.3 of coend cofriend)
  - (b) Isbell duality with sheaves
  - (c) Isbell duality with Lawvere theories, product preserving functors or whatever

- (d) Isbell duality for profunctors
  - i. In view of ?? of ??, can we just use right Kan lifts/extensions?
  - ii. Right Kan lift/extension of Hom functors (there's probably a version of the Yoneda lemma here)
    - A. What is  $Rift_F(Hom_C)$
    - B. What is  $Ran_F(Hom_C)$
    - C. What is  $Rift_{Hom_C}(F)$
    - D. What is  $Ran_{Hom_C}(F)$
    - E. What is  $Lift_F(Hom_C)$
    - F. What is  $Lan_F(Hom_C)$
    - G. What is  $Lift_{Hom_C}(F)$
    - H. What is  $Lan_{Hom_C}(F)$
- 20. Tensor product of functors and Isbell duality
  - (a) What is  $\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}} \mathsf{O}(\mathcal{F})$ ?
  - (b) What is  $Spec(F) \boxtimes_C F$ ?
  - (c) I think there is a canonical morphism

$$\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}} \mathsf{O}(\mathcal{F}) \to \mathsf{Tr}(\mathcal{C}).$$

By the way, what is  $Tr(\triangle)$ ? What is Tr(BA)? What about  $Nat(id_C, id_C)$  for C = BA or  $C = \triangle$ 

- 21. Isbell with coends:
  - (a)  $\text{Hom}(F(A), h_A)$  but it's a coend
  - (b) Conatural transformations and all that
- 22. Co/limit preservation for O/Spec
- 23. Isbell duality for N vs. N + N
- 24. What do we get if we replace  $O \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \operatorname{Nat}(-, h_X)$  by  $\operatorname{Nat}^{[W]}(-, h_X)$ , and in particular by  $\operatorname{DiNat}(-, h_X)$ ?

### Species:

- I. Joyal-Street's q-species; via promonoidal structures https://arxiv.org/pdf/1201.2991#page=22
- 2. associators, braidings, unitors;  $\mathbb{F}_q^n \to \mathbb{F}_q^n$  centre of  $\mathrm{GL}_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$  trick
- 3. group completion of  $GL(\mathbb{F}_q)$  as algebraic k-theory

### Constructions With Categories:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.21764
- 2. Comparison between pseudopullbacks and isocomma categories: the "evident" functor  $C \times_{\mathcal{E}}^{\mathsf{ps}} \mathcal{D} \to C \times_{\mathcal{E}}^{\mathsf{ps}} \mathcal{D}$  is essentially surjective and full, but not faithful in general.
- 3. Quotients of categories by actions of monoidal categories
  - (a) Quotients of categories by actions of monoids BA
  - (b) Quotients of categories by actions of monoids  $A_{\rm disc}$
  - (c) Lax, oplax, pseudo, strict, etc. quotients of categories
  - (d) lax Kan extensions along BC  $\to$  BD for C  $\to$  D a monoidal functor
- 4. Quotient of Fun(BA, C) by the A-action.
  - (a) This is used to build the cycle and *p*-cycle categories from the paracycle category.
  - (b) The quotient of Fun(BN, C) by the N-action should act as a kind of cyclic directed loop space of C
- 5. Fun(BN, C) as a homotopy pullback in Cats<sub>2</sub>
  - (a) Fun(B $\mathbb{Z}$ , C) as a homotopy pullback in Grpd<sub>2</sub>
  - (b) Free loop space objects

#### Limits and colimits:

- I. adjunction between co/product and diagonal; abstract version of ?? and ??
- 2. Examples of kan extensions along functors of the form FinSets  $\rightarrow$  Sets
- 3. Initial/terminal objects as left/right adjoints to  $!_C: C \to \mathsf{pt}$ .
- 4. A small cocomplete category is a poset, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/108737/small-categories-and-completeness
- 5. Co/limits in BA, including e.g. co/equalisers in BA
- 6. Add the characterisations of absolutely dense functors given in ?? to ??.
- 7. Absolutely dense functors, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/absolutely+dense+functor. Also theorem i.i here: http://www.tac.mta.ca/tac/volumes/8/n20/n20.pdf.
- 8. Dense functors, codense functors, and absolutely codense functors.
- 9. van kampen colimits

#### Completions and cocompletions:

- i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/429003/manifold s-as-cauchy-completed-objects
- 2. what is the conservative cocompletion of smooth manifolds? Is it related to diffeological spaces?
- 3. what is the conservative completion of smooth manifolds? Is it related to diffeological spaces?
- 4. what is the conservative bicompletion of smooth manifolds? Is it related to diffeological spaces?
- 5. completion of a category under exponentials

- 6. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/468897/cocomple tion-without-cocontinuous-functors
- 7. The free cocompletion of a category;
- 8. The free completion of a category;
- 9. The free completion under finite products;
- 10. The free cocompletion under finite coproducts;
- II. The free bicompletion of a category;
- 12. The free bicompletion of a category under nonempty products and nonempty coproducts (https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/fr ee+bicompletion);
- 13. Cauchy completions
- 14. Dedekind-MacNeille completions
- 15. Isbell completion (https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/reflex
  ive+completion)
- 16. Isbell envelope

#### Ends and Coends:

- motivate co/ends as co/limits of profunctors
- 2. Ask Fosco about whether composition of dinatural transformations into higher dinaturals could be useful for https://arxiv.org/abs/2409.10237
- 3. Cyclic co/ends
  - (a) Try to mimic the construction given in Haugseng for the cycle, paracycle, cube, etc. categories
  - (b) cyclotomic stuff for cyclic co/ends

- i. Check out Ayala-Mazel-Gee-Rozenblyum's *Symmetries* of the cyclic nerve
- ii. isogenetic  $\mathbb{N}^{\times}$ -action (what the fuck does this mean?)
- 4. After stating the co/ends

$$\int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} h_A \odot \mathcal{F}^A, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \mathsf{Sets} \Big( h_A, \mathcal{F}^A \Big),$$

$$\int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} h^A \odot F_A, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \mathsf{Sets} \Big( h^A, F_A \Big)$$

in the co/end version of the Yoneda lemma, add a remark explaining what the co/ends

$$\int_{A \in C} h_A \odot \mathcal{F}^A, \qquad \int^{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(b_A, \mathcal{F}^A),$$
 $\int_{A \in C} h^A \odot F_A, \qquad \int^{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(b^A, F_A)$ 

and the co/ends

$$\int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} \mathcal{G}^{A} \odot h_{A}, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(\mathcal{G}^{A}, h_{A}),$$

$$\int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} F_{A} \odot h^{A}, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(F_{A}, h^{A}),$$

$$\int_{A \in C} \mathcal{G}^{A} \odot h_{A}, \qquad \int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(\mathcal{G}^{A}, h_{A}),$$

$$\int_{A \in C} F_{A} \odot h^{A}, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(F_{A}, h^{A})$$

are.

- 5. ends  $C \to \mathcal{D}$  with  $\odot$  is a special case of ends for a certain enrichment over  $\mathcal{D}$
- 6. try to figure out what the end/coend

$$\int_{X}^{X \in C} h_X^A \times h_B^X, \qquad \int_{X \in C} h_X^A \times h_B^X$$

are for C = BA. (I think the coend is like tensor product of A as a left A-set with it as a right A-set)

- 7. Cyclic ends
- 8. Dihedral ends
- 9. Does Haugseng's constructions give a way to define cyclic co/homology with coefficients in a bimodule?
- 10. Category of elements of dinatural transformation classifier
- II. Examples of co/ends: https://mathoverflow.net/a/461814
- 12. Cofinality for co/ends, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/353876
- 13. "Fourier transforms" as in https://arxiv.org/pdf/1501.025
  03#page=168 or https://tetrapharmakon.github.io/stu
  ff/itaca.pdf

Weighted/diagonal category theory:

- co/ends as centre/trace-infused co/limits: compare the co/end of Hom<sub>C</sub> with the co/limit of Hom<sub>C</sub>
- 2. Codensity W-weighted monads,  $Ran_F^{[W]}(F)$ ;
- 3. Codensity diagonal monads,  $DiRan_F(F)$ ;

#### Profunctors:

1. Apartness defines a composition for relations, but its analogue

$$\mathfrak{q} \square \mathfrak{p} \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \int_{A \in C} \mathfrak{p}_{A}^{-1} \coprod \mathfrak{q}_{-2}^{A}$$

fails to be unital for profunctors with the unit  $b_{-}^{A}$ . Is it unital for some other unit? Is there a less obvious analogue of apartness composition for profunctors? Or maybe does Prof equipped with  $\square$  and units  $b_{-}^{A}$  form a skew bicategory?

Is  $\Delta_{\emptyset}$  a unit?

- 2. Figure what monoidal category structures on Sets induce associative and unital compositions on Prof.
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/470213/a-distributor-between-categories-induces-a-distributor-between-their-categories
- 4. Different compositions for profunctors from monoidal structures on the category of sets (e.g. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/155939/what-other-monoidal-structures-exist-on-the-category-of-sets)
- 5. Nucleus of a profunctor;
- 6. Isbell duality for profunctors:

  - (b) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/260322/th
     e-mathfrak-l-functor-on-textsfprof
  - (c) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/262462/agai n-on-the-mathfrak-l-functor-on-mathsfprof

#### Centres and Traces of Categories:

- I.  $K_0(\operatorname{Fun}(B\mathbb{N},C))$  vs.  $\pi_0(\operatorname{Fun}(B\mathbb{N},C))$  vs.  $\operatorname{Tr}(C)$ , and how these are generalisations of conjugacy classes for monoids
- 2. Explicitly work out the trace and  $\pi_0$ Fun(BN, –) for monoids with few elements.
- 3.  $[1_A]$  can contain more than one element. An example is  $\mathsf{Sets}(\mathbb{N},\mathbb{N})$  and the maps given by

$$\{0, 1, 2, 3, \ldots\} \mapsto \{0, 0, 1, 2, \ldots\},\$$
  
 $\{0, 1, 2, 3, \ldots\} \mapsto \{2, 3, 4, 5, \ldots\}.$ 

Show also that if  $c \in [1_A]$ , then c is idempotent.

- 4. Drinfeld centre
- 5. trace of the symmetric simplex category; it's probably different from that of FinSets
- 6. Trace of  $Rep_G$  and interaction with induction, restriction, etc.
- 7.  $\pi_0(BN, BA)$ , K(BN, BA), and Tr(BN, BA) as concepts of conjugacy for monoids, their equivalents for categories, and comparison with traces
- 8. Comparison between  $\pi_0(\operatorname{Fun}(B\mathbb{N},C))$  and  $K(\operatorname{Fun}(B\mathbb{N},C))$
- 9. Lax, oplax, pseudo, and strict trace of simplex 2-category
- 10. duality over  $\Gamma$  might give a map from product of a monoid with a set to  $\text{Tr}(\Gamma)$
- II. Studying the set  $Nat(id_C, F)$  as a notion of categorical trace:
  - (a) Ganter–Kapranov define the trace of a 1-endomorphism  $f: A \to A$  in a 2-category C to be the set  $\operatorname{Hom}_C(\operatorname{id}_A, f)$ ;
    - i. https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0602510
    - ii. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/string/archive
      s/000757.html
    - iii. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/categorical+
       trace

We should study this notion in detail, and also study  $Nat(F, id_C)$  as well as  $CoNat(id_C, F)$  and  $CoNat(F, id_C)$ .

- 12. Centre of bicategories
- 13. Lax centres and lax traces
- 14. Examples of traces:
  - (a) Discrete categories
  - (b) Posets

- i.  $\mathsf{Open}(X)$
- (c) Trace of small but non-finite categories:
  - i. Sets
  - ii. Rep(G)
  - iii. category of finite groups
  - iv. category of finite abelian groups
  - v. category of finite *p*-groups for fixed *p*
  - vi. category of finite *p*-groups for all *p*
  - vii. category of finite fields
  - viii. category of finite topological spaces
  - ix. category of finite [insert a mathematical object here]
- 15. When is the trace of a groupoid just the disjoint sum of sets of conjugacy classes?
- 16. Set-theoretical issues when defining traces
  - (a) Sets is a large category, and yet we can speak of its centre

$$Z(\mathsf{Sets}) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \int_{A \in \mathsf{Sets}} \mathsf{Sets}(X, X)$$

$$\cong \mathsf{Nat}(\mathsf{id}_{\mathsf{Sets}}, \mathsf{id}_{\mathsf{Sets}})$$

$$\cong \mathsf{pt.}$$

Is there a way to do the same for the trace of sets, or otherwise work with traces of large categories?

- 17. Understand how traces are defined via universal properties in Xinwen Zhu's Geometric Satake, categorical traces, and arithmetic of Shimura varieties.
- 18. trace as an Obj(C)-indexed set
  - (a) properties, functoriality, etc.
- 19. Maybe actually call Fun(BN, C) the categorical directed loop space of C?

- 20. Cyclic version of Fun(BN, C)
- 21. Traces of categories, nerves of categories, and the cycle category

## Categorical Hochschild Homology:

- I. To any functor we have an associated natural transformation (??). Do we have sharp transformations associated to natural transformation?
- 2. build Hochschild co/simplicial set and study its homotopy groups
- 3. Fun(BN,  $X_{\bullet}$ ) vs. Fun( $\Delta^1/\partial \Delta^1, X_{\bullet}$ )
  - (a) Their  $\pi_0$ 's vs. the  $\pi_0$ 's of  $\operatorname{Hom}_{X_{\bullet}}(x, x)$ , of  $\operatorname{Hom}_{X_{\bullet}}^{L}(x, x)$ , and  $\operatorname{Hom}_{X_{\bullet}}^{R}(x, x)$ .

### Monoidal Categories:

- i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/380302
- 2. Analogue of Picard rings for dualisable objects
- 3. Moduli of associators, braidings, etc. for species, *q*-species
- 4. When is the left Kan extension along a fully faithful functor of monoidal categories a strong monoidal functor?
- 5. Interaction between Day convolution and Isbell duality
- 6. general theory for lifting pseudomonads from Cat to Prof along the equipment embedding
- 7. definition of prostrength on a functor between promonoidal categories, differential 2-rigs fosco
- Promonoidal structure in https://arxiv.org/pdf/1201.299 1#page=22
- 9. Day convolution as a colimit over category of factorizations  $F(A) \otimes_C G(B) \to V$

- 10. Day convolution with respect to Cartesian monoidal structure is Cartesian monoidal. There's an easy proof of this with coend Yoneda
- II. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/491234
- 12. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/488426/adjuncti
   on-of-monoidal-closed-categories
- 13. https://arxiv.org/abs/2502.02532
- 14. Does the forgetful functor  $\overline{\Xi}$ : IdemMon $(C) \to \text{Mon}(C)$  admit a left adjoint? What about  $\overline{\Xi}$ : IdemMon $(C) \to C$ ?
- 15. Clifford algebras in monoidal categories
- 16. Exterior algebras in monoidal categories
  - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/70607/exter ior-powers-in-tensor-categories
  - (b) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/127476/anal ogy-between-the-exterior-power-and-the-power -set
  - (c) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/182476/deli gnes-exterior-power
  - (d) martin brandenburg's phd thesis
- 17. Different monoidal products in Fun(C, C) and their distributivity
  - (a) Composition
  - (b) Pointwise product
  - (c) Day convolution
  - (d) Relative monad version of Day convolution
- 18. Classification of monoidal structures on △
- 19. Classification of monoidal structures on  $\Lambda$
- 20. Tensor Categories, 8.5.4

- 21. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/monoidal+action+of+a
  +monoidal+category
- 22. https://arxiv.org/abs/2203.16351
- 23. Para construction
- 24. Drinfeld center; Symmetric center; JY's books on bimonoidal categories
- 25. Picard and Brauer 2-groups
  - (a) Differential Picard and Brauer Groups via  $Fun(BN, Mod_R)$ .
  - (b) Brauer and Picard groups of  $(Fun(C, C), \circ, id_C)$
  - (c) Brauer and Picard groups of Rep(G)
  - (d) Brauer and Picard groups of Sets
  - (e) Brauer and Picard groups of  $Ch_{\mathbb{Z}}(R)$
  - (f) Brauer and Picard groups of Shv(X)
  - (g) Brauer and Picard groups of dgMod<sub>R</sub>
- 26. Explore examples in which Day convolution gives weird things, like Fun( $B\mathbb{Z}_{/n}$ , Sets).
- 27. Day convolution is a left Kan extension; explore the right Kan extension
- 28. Further develop the theory of moduli categories of monoidal structures
- 29. Picard group
  - (a) Picard group for Day convolution. A special case is one of Kaplansky's conjectures, https://en.wikipedia.org/w iki/Kaplansky%27s\_conjectures, about units of group rings

- 30. Day convolution between representable and an arbitrary presheaf  $\mathcal{F}$  can we prove something nice using the colimit formula for  $\mathcal{F}$  in terms of representables?
- 31. Notion of braided monoidal categories in which the braiding is not an isomorphism. Relation to https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.5969
- 32. Proving a certain diagram between free monoidal categories commutes involves Fermat's little theorem. Can we reverse this and prove Fermat's little theorem from the commutativty of that diagram?
- 33. https://nilesjohnson.net/notes/grPic-P2S.pdf
- 34. Proof that monoidal equivalences F of monoidal categories automatically admit monoidal natural isomorphisms  $\mathrm{id}_C \cong F^{-1} \circ F$  and  $\mathrm{id}_{\mathcal{D}} \cong F \circ F^{-1}$ .
- 35. Proof that category with products is monoidal under the Cartesian monoidal structure, [MO 382264].
- 36. Explore 2-categorical algebra:
  - (a) Find a construction of the free 2-group on a monoidal category. Apply it to the multiplicative structure on the category of finite sets and permutations, as well as to the multiplicative structure on the 1-truncation of the sphere spectrum, and try to figure out whether this looks like a categorification of Q.
  - (b) What is the free 2-group on  $(\triangle, \oplus, [0])$ ?
- 37. Categorify the preorder  $\leq$  on  $\mathbb N$  to a promonad  $\mathfrak p$  on the groupoid of finite sets and permutations  $\mathbb F$ :
  - (a) A preorder is a monad in Rel
  - (b) A promonad is a monad in Prof.
  - (c) There's a promonad  $\mathfrak{p}$  in  $\mathbb{F}$  defined by

$$\mathfrak{p}(m,n) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \text{surjections from } \{1,\ldots,m\} \text{ to } \{1,\ldots,n\} \right\}$$

This promonad categorifies  $\leq$  in that its values are the witnesses to the fact that m is bigger than n (i.e. surjections).

- (d) Figure out whether this promonad extends to the 1-truncation of the sphere spectrum, and perhaps to other categorified analogues of monoids/groups/rings.
- 38. https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.5969
- 39. https://arxiv.org/abs/1306.3215
- 40. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/477219/referenc
  e-for-the-monoidal-category-structure-x-otimes-y-x
  -y-x-times-y
- 41. Include an explicit proof of??
- 42. Include an explicit proof of ??
- 43. ??
- 44. obstruction theory for braided enhancements of monoidal categories, using the "moduli category of braided enhancements"
- 45. Define symmetric and exterior algebras internal to braided monoidal categories
  - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/471372/is-t here-an-alternating-power-functor-on-braided -monoidal-categories
  - (b) https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0504155
- 46. https://mathoverflow.net/q/382364
- 47. https://mathoverflow.net/q/471490
- 48. Concepts of bicategories applied to monoidal categories (e.g. internal adjunctions lead to dualisable objects)
- 49. Involutive Category Theory
- 50. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/474662/the-ana logy-between-dualizable-categories-and-compact-hau sdorff-spaces

## Bimonoidal Categories:

- I. Bimonoidal structures on the category of species
- 2. Include an explicit proof of ??

#### Six Functor Formalisms:

1. Michael Shulman:

A lot of the "six functor formalism" makes sense in the context of an arbitrary indexed monoidal category (= monoidal fibration), particularly with cartesian base. In particular, I studied the external tensor product in this generality in my paper on Framed bicategories and monoidal fibrations.

The internal-hom of powersets in particular, with  $\emptyset$  as a dualizing object, is well-known in constructive mathematics and topos theory, where powersets are in general a Heyting algebra rather than a Boolean algebra.

## Morgan Rogers:

I second this: you're discovering (and making pleasingly explicit, I might add) a special case of "thin category theory": a lot of what you've discovered will work for posets, with the powerset replaced with the frame of downsets:D

- 2. A six functor formalism for monoids
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/258159/yoga-o
  f-six-functors-for-group-representations
- 4. Is the 1-categorical analogue of six functor formalisms given by Mann interesting?
  - (a) Mann defines:

A six functor formalism is an  $\infty$ -functor  $f: \mathsf{Corr}(C, E) \to \mathsf{Cats}_\infty$  such that  $- \otimes A$ ,  $f^*$ , and f! admit right adjoints

(b) Is the notion

A 1-categorical six functor formalism is a (lax?) 2-functor  $f: Corr(C, E) \rightarrow Cats_2$  (or should Cats be the target?) such that  $-\otimes A, f^*$ , and  $f_!$  admit right adjoints

interesting?

- 5. Interaction of the six functors with Kan extensions (e.g. how the left Kan extension of  $-\otimes A$  may interact with the other functors)
- 6. Contexts like Wirthmuller Grothendieck etc
- 7. formalisation by cisinski and deglise
- 8. How do the following examples fit?
  - (a) base change between  $C_{/X}$  and  $C_{/Y}$
  - (b)  $f_! \dashv f_* \dashv f^*$  adjunction between powersets
  - (c)  $f_! \dashv f_* \dashv f^*$  adjunction between Span(pt, A) and Span(pt, B)
  - (d) quadruple adjunction between powersets induced by a relation
  - (e) adjunctions between categories of presheaves induced by a functor or a profunctor
  - (f) Adjunction between left A-sets and left B-sets

Do they have exceptional f!? Is there a notion of Fourier–Mukai transform for them? What kind of compatibility conditions (proper base change, etc.) do we have?

Skew Monoidal Categories:

i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2506.06847

- 2. Try to come up with examples of skew monoidal categories by twisting a tensor product  $A \otimes B$  into  $T(A) \otimes B$ . Related idea: product of G-sets but twisted on the left by an automorphism of G, so that  $(ag, b) \sim (a, gb)$  becomes  $(a\phi(g), b) \sim (a, gb)$ .
- 3. Skew monoidal category induced from G-sets in analogy to Rel
- 4. Free monoidal category on a skew monoidal category
- 5. Skew monoidal structures associated to a locally Cartesian closed category
- 6. Does the  $\mathbb{E}_1$  tensor product of monoids admit a skew monoidal category structure?
- 7. Is there a (right?) skew monoidal category structure on  $Fun(C, \mathcal{D})$  using right Kan extensions instead of left Kan extensions?
- 8. Similarly, are there skew monoidal category structures on the subcategory of  $\mathbf{Rel}(A, B)$  spanned by the functions using left Kan extensions and left Kan lifts?
- 9. Add example: C with coproducts, take  $C_{X/}$  and define

$$\left(X \xrightarrow{f} A\right) \oplus \left(X \xrightarrow{g} B\right) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left[X \to X \coprod X \xrightarrow{f \coprod g} A \coprod B\right]$$

- 10. Duals:
  - (a) Dualisable objects in monoidal categories and traces of endomorphisms of them, including also examples for monoidal categories which are not autonomous/rigid, such as  $(\operatorname{Fun}(C,C),\circ,\operatorname{id}_C)$ .
  - (b) compact closed categories
  - (c) star autonomous categories
  - (d) Chu construction
  - (e) Balanced monoidal categories, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/balanced+monoidal+category

- (f) Traced monoidal categories, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/traced+monoidal+category
- II. Invertible objects and Picard groupoids
- 12. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/155939/what-oth
   er-monoidal-structures-exist-on-the-category-of-s
   ets
- 13. Free braided monoidal category with a braided monoid: https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/vine
- 14. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2024/08/skew\_
  monoidal\_categories\_throu.html

#### Fibred Category Theory:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2402.11644
- 2. https://categorytheory.zulipchat.com/#narrow/chann el/229136-theory.3A-category-theory/topic/A.20.22c hange.20of.20variables.22.20for.20the.20Grothendie ck.20construction/near/495776958
- 3. Internal **Hom** in categories of co/Cartesian fibrations.
- 4. Tensor structures on fibered categories by Luca Terenzi: https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.13491. Check also the other papers by Luca Terenzi.
- 5. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/cartesian+natura l+transformation (this is a cartesian morphism in Fun(C, D) apparently)
- 6. CoCartesian fibration classifying Fun(F, G), https://mathoverflow.net/questions/457533/cocartesian-fibration-classifying-mathrmfunf-g

#### Operads and Multicategories:

1. Simplicial lists in operad theory I

#### Monads:

- 1. Relative monads: message Alyssa asking for her notes
- 2. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/adjoint+monad
- 3. Kantorovich monad (https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Kantorovich+monad) and probability monads in general, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/monads+of+probability%2C+measures%2C+and+valuations.

#### **Enriched Categories:**

I. V-matrices

## Bicategories:

- Bicategories of Lax Fractions, https://arxiv.org/abs/2507.1 2044
- 2. Linear bicategories, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/linear +bicategory
  - (a) Linearly distributive category, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/linearly+distributive+category
  - (b) Diagrammatic Algebra of First Order Logic
  - (c) Constructing linear bicategories
  - (d) Introduction to linear bicategories
- 3. Allegories, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/allegory
- 4. Skew bicategories
- 5. Bigroupoid cardinality
- 6. Bicategory where objects are groups and a morphism  $G \to H$  is a representation of  $G^{op} \times H$ . (I.e. functors  $BG^{op} \times BH \to Vect_k$ ).

- 7. Relative monads internal to a bicategory
- 8. Bicategory of monoid actions
- 9. https://arxiv.org/abs/0809.1760
- 10.  $\operatorname{Rel}_G \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \operatorname{Fun}(\mathsf{B}G, \operatorname{Rel})$
- II. Rel but for Ab, where morphisms are pairings of the form  $A \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} B \to \mathbb{Z}$ .
- 12. 2-dimensional co/limits in 2-category of categories and adjoint functors
- 13. Category of equivalence classes
  - (a) Given a category C, we have a set  $K_0(C)$  of isomorphism classes of objects
  - (b) Given a bicategory C, there should be a category  $K_0(C)$  with  $\operatorname{Hom}_{K_0(C)}(A, B) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} K_0(\operatorname{Hom}_C(A, B))$
  - (c) The set  $K_0^{eq}(C)$  of equivalence classes of objects of C should then satisfy

$$K_0^{eq}(C) \cong K_0(K_0(C)).$$

- 14. bicategory of chain complexes, section "Second Example: Differential Complexes of an Abelian Category" on Gabriel–Zisman's calculus of fractions
- 15. 2-vector spaces
- 16. Morita equivalence is equivalence internal to bimod
- 17. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/478867/2-categ
  ory-structure-on-modr
- 18. Bicategories of matrices, as in Street's Variation through enrichment, also https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.18877
- 19. https://mathoverflow.net/a/86933

- 20. What are the internal 2-adjunctions in the fundamental 2-groupoid of a space?
- 21. 2-category structure on  $\mathsf{Mod}_R$ , where a 2-morphism is a commutative square. Characterisation of adjuntions therein
- 22. Cook up a very large list of examples of bicategories, like the ones I made for the AI problems. In particular, find an interesting bicategory of representations qualitatively different from the one I described in the Epoch AI problem
- 23. 2-category structure on category of R-algebras as enriched  $\mathsf{Mod}_R$ -categories
- 24. Let C be a bicategory, let  $A, B \in \mathrm{Obj}(C)$ , and let  $F, G \in \mathrm{Obj}(\mathrm{Hom}_C(A, B))$ .
  - (a) Does precomposition with  $\lambda_{A|F}^{C}$ :  $\mathrm{id}_{A} \circ F \Rightarrow F$  induce an isomorphism of sets

$$\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,B)}(F,G) \cong \operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,B)}(F \circ \operatorname{id}_{A},G)$$

for each 
$$F, G \in \text{Obj}(\text{Hom}_C(A, B))$$
?

(b) Similarly, do we have an induced isomorphism of the form

$$\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,B)}(F,G) \cong \operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,B)}(F,\operatorname{id}_{B} \circ G)$$
 and so on?

- 25. Are there two Duskin nerve functors? (lax/oplax/etc.?)
- 26. Interaction with cotransformations:
  - (a) Can we abstract the structure provided to Cats<sub>2</sub> by natural cotransformations?
  - (b) Are there analogues of cotransformations for **Rel**, Span, BiMod, MonAct, etc.?

- (c) Perhaps this might also make sense as a 1-categorical definition, e.g. comorphisms of groups from A to B as  $\mathsf{Sets}(A,B)$  quotiented by  $f(ab) \sim f(a)f(b)$ .
- 27. Consider developing the analogue of traces for endomorphisms of dualisable objects in monoidal categories to the setting of bicategories, including e.g. the trace of a category as a trace internal to Prof.
- 28. Centres of bicategories (lax, strict, etc.)
- 29. Concepts of monoidal categories applied to bicategories (e.g. traces)
- 30. Internal adjunctions in Mod as in [JY21, Section 6.3]; see [JY21, Example 6.2.6].
- 31. Comonads in the bicategory of profunctors.
- 32. 2-limit of id, id: Sets ⇒ Sets is BZ, https://mathoverflow.n
  et/questions/209904/van-kampen-colimits?rq=1#comme
  nt520288\_209904
- 33. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/473527/universa l-property-of-2-presheaves-and-pseudo-lax-colax-n atural-transformations
- 34. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/473526/free-coc
   ompletion-of-a-2-category-under-pseudo-colimits-l
   ax-colimits-and-colax

## Types of Morphisms in Bicategories:

- Behaviour in 2-categories of pseudofunctors (or lax functors, etc.),
   e.g. pointwise pseudoepic morphisms in vs. pseudoepic morphisms in 2-categories of pseudofunctors.
- 2. Statements like "coequifiers are lax epimorphisms", Item 2 of Examples 2.4 of https://arxiv.org/abs/2109.09836, along with most of the other statements/examples there.
- 3. Dense, absolutely dense, etc. morphisms in bicategories

## Internal adjunctions:

- i. https://www.google.com/search?q=mate+of+an+adjunct
  ion
- 2. Moreover, by uniqueness of adjoints (Internal Adjunctions, ?? of ??), this implies also that  $S = f^{-1}$ .
- 3. define bicategory Adj(C)
- 4. walking monad
- 5. proposition: 2-functors preserve unitors and associators
- 6. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/2-category+of+adjunctions. Is there a 3-category too?
- 7. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/free+monad
- 8. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/CatAdj
- 9. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Adj
- 10. Adj(Adj(C))
- II. Examples of internal adjunctions
  - (a) Internal adjunctions in Mod.
  - (b) Internal adjunctions in PseudoFun(C,  $\mathcal{D}$ ).
  - (c) Internal adjunctions in LaxFun(C,  $\mathcal{D}$ ).
  - (d) Internal adjunctions in 2-categories related to fibrations.

## 2-Categorical Limits:

i. https://sorilee.github.io/posts/strict-bilimit-and -its-proper-examples

#### Double Categories:

1. Ehresmann

- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.08766
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.18065
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.11099
- 5. Pinwheel/Yojouhan diagrams and compositionality, section on nLab at https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/double+category

## Homological Algebra:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.08321
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/418676/derive
   d-functor-of-functor-tensor-product
- 3. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/3665036/h
  igher-chain-homotopies

#### Topos theory:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.08766
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.05338
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2503.20664
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.08351
- 5. https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.12313
- 6. https://www.teses.usp.br/teses/disponiveis/45/4513
  1/tde-31082023-163143/en.php
- 7. https://teses.usp.br/teses/disponiveis/45/45131/td e-24042019-195658/pt-br.php
- 8. https://mathoverflow.net/q/479496
- 9. Grothendieck topologies on BA
- 10. Enriched Grothendieck topologies

- (a) Borceux-Quintero, https://www.numdam.org/item/CT GDC\_1996\_\_37\_2\_145\_0/
- (b) https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.19529
- II. Cotopos theory:
  - (a) Copresheaves and copresheaf cotopoi
  - (b) Elementary cotopoi
    - i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/474287/ intuition-for-the-internal-logic-of-a-cot opos
    - ii. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/394098/
       what-is-a-cotopos

In case you haven't seen it yet, Grothendieck studies (pseudo) cotopos in pursuing stacks

## Formal category theory:

I. Yosegi boxes https://arxiv.org/abs/1901.01594

## Homotopical Algebra:

I. https://arxiv.org/abs/2109.07803

#### Simplicial stuff:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2503.13663
- 2. https://www.math.univ-paris13.fr/~harpaz/quasi\_un ital.pdf
  - (a) slogan: geometric definition of ∞-categories should be geometric for identities too
  - (b) In an  $\infty$ -category, define a **quasi-unit** to be a 1-morphism f such that

$$[f]_*$$
:  $\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Ho}(\operatorname{Spaces})}(\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X,A)\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X,B)),$   
 $[f]^*$ :  $\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Ho}(\operatorname{Spaces})}(\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(B,X)\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,X))$ 

are the identity in Ho(Spaces). Explore equivalent conditions,

- (c) https://arxiv.org/abs/1606.05669
- (d) https://arxiv.org/abs/1702.08696
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0507116, https://arxiv.or g/abs/2503.11338
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/2302.02484 and https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.19751
- 5. Internal adjunctions in  $\triangle$  are the same as Galois connections between [n] and [m].
- 6. https://mathoverflow.net/q/478461
- 7. draw coherence for lax functors using the diagram for  $\Delta^2$
- 8. characterisation of simplicial sets such that left, right, and two-sided homotopies agree
- 9. every continuous simplicial set arises as the nerve of a poset.
- 10. Functor sd is convolution of  $\mathcal{L}_{\Delta}$  with itself; see https://arxiv.org/pdf/1501.02503.pdf#page=109
- 11. Extra degeneracies
  - (a) https://www.google.com/search?client=firefox-b
     -d&q=augmented+simplicial+objects+with+extra+d
     egeneracies
  - (b) https://leanprover-community.github.io/mathlib \_docs/algebraic\_topology/extra\_degeneracy.html
- 12. Comparison between  $\Delta^1/\partial\Delta^1$  and BN

### ∞-Categories:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.22640
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.17102

- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.02578, https://scholar.co
  lorado.edu/concern/graduate\_thesis\_or\_dissertation
  s/st74cr650, https://arxiv.org/abs/2206.00849
- 4. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/479716/non-strictly-unital-functors-of-infinity-categories
- 5. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/472253/whats-t he-localization-of-the-infty-category-of-categorie s-under-inverting-f

#### Condensed Mathematics:

- i. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2020/03/pykno
  ticity\_versus\_cohesivenes.html#c057724
- 2. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2020/03/pykno
  ticity\_versus\_cohesivenes.html#c057810
- 3. https://maths.anu.edu.au/news-events/events/unive rsal-property-category-condensed-sets
- 4. https://grossack.site/2024/07/03/life-in-johnstone
  s-topological-topos
- 5. https://grossack.site/2024/07/03/topological-topos
  -2-algebras
- 6. https://grossack.site/2024/07/03/topological-topos
   -3-bonus-axioms
- 7. https://terrytao.wordpress.com/2025/04/23/stonea n-spaces-projective-objects-the-riesz-representat ion-theorem-and-possibly-condensed-mathematics/

#### Monoids:

- I. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/278429/
- 2. Homological algebra of *A*-sets, https://arxiv.org/abs/1503.02309

- 3. Catalan monoids, https://arxiv.org/abs/1309.6120
- 4. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/438305/grothend ieck-group-of-the-fibonacci-monoid
- 5. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/2662005/h ow-much-of-a-group-g-is-determined-by-the-categor y-of-g-sets
- 6. https://math.stackexchange.com/a/4996051/603207, https://arxiv.org/abs/1006.5687
- 7. Six functor formalism for monoids, following Constructions With Sets, Section 4.6.4, but in which ∩ and [-, -] are replaced with Day convolution.
- 8. Monoid  $(\{1, ..., n\} \cup \infty, \text{gcd})$ . The element  $\infty$  can be replaced by  $p_1^{\min(e_1^1, ..., e_1^m)} \cdots p_k^{\min(e_k^1, ..., e_k^m)}$ .
- 9. Universal property of localisation of monoids as a left adjoint to the forgetful functor  $C \to \mathcal{D}$ , where:
  - *C* is the category whose objects are pairs (*A*, *S*) with *A* a monoid and *S* a submonoid of *A*.
  - $\mathcal{D}$  is the category whose objects are pairs (A, S) with A a monoid and S a submonoid of A which is also a group.

Explore this also for localisations of rings

Explore if we can define field spectra with an approach like this

- 10. Adjunction between monoids and monoids with zero corresponding to  $(-)^- \dashv (-)^+$
- II. Rock paper scissors as an example of a non-associative operation
- 12. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/438305/grothend ieck-group-of-the-fibonacci-monoid

- 13. Witt monoid, https://www.google.com/search?q=Witt+mon
   oid
- 14. semi-direct product of monoids, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/s
  how/semidirect+product+group
- 15. morphisms of monoids as natural transformation between left A-sets over A and  $B_A$ .
- 16. Figure out if 2-morphisms of monoids coming from Fun $^{\otimes}(A_{\text{disc}}, B_{\text{disc}})$ , PseudoFun(BA, BB), etc. are interesting
- 17. Write sections on the quotient and set of fixed points of a set by a monoid action
- 18. Isbell's zigzag theorem for semigroups: the following conditions are equivalent:
  - (a) A morphism  $f: A \to B$  of semigroups is an epimorphism.
  - (b) For each  $b \in B$ , one of the following conditions is satisfied:
    - We have f(a) = b.
    - There exist some  $m \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}$  and two factorisations

$$b = a_0 y_1,$$
  
$$b = x_m a_{2m}$$

connected by relations

$$a_0 = x_1 a_1,$$
  
 $a_1 y_1 = a_2 y_2,$   
 $x_1 a_2 = x_2 a_3,$   
 $a_{2m-1} y_m = a_{2m}$ 

such that, for each  $1 \le i \le m$ , we have  $a_i \in \text{Im}(f)$ .

Wikipedia says in https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Isbell %27s\_zigzag\_theorem:

For monoids, this theorem can be written more concisely:

- 19. Representation theory of monoids
  - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/37115/why-a rent-representations-of-monoids-studied-so-muc h
  - (b) Representation theory of groups associated to monoids (groups of units, group completions, etc.)

#### Monoid Actions:

- i. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-642-1
  1297-3
- 2. https://ncatlab.org/schreiber/files/EquivariantInf inityBundles\_220809.pdf has some interesting things, like a fully faithful embedding of Mon(Sets<sup>L</sup><sub>A</sub>) into Mon<sub>A</sub> whose essential image is given by those monoids of the form  $X \rtimes_{\alpha} A$ .
- 3.  $f_! \dashv f^* \dashv f_*$  adjunction
  - (a) Is it related to the Kan extensions adjunction for  $f: BA \to BB$  and the categories  $Sets_A^L \cong PSh(BA^{op}, Sets)$  and  $Sets_B^L \cong PSh(BB^{op}, Sets)$ ?
  - (b) Is it related to the cobase change adjunction of https://nc atlab.org/nlab/show/base+change? Maybe we can take a morphism of monoids  $f: A \to B$  and consider  $B_A^L$  as a left A-set, and then  $\left(\operatorname{Sets}_A^L\right)_{A/}$  and  $\left(\operatorname{Sets}_A^L\right)_{B_A^L/}$
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/2112.10198
- 5. double category of monoid actions
- 6. Analogue of Brauer groups for A-sets
- 7. Hochschild homology for A-sets

#### Group Theory:

- i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/45651/is-there -a-q-analog-to-the-braid-group
- 2. https://johncarlosbaez.wordpress.com/2025/03/27/th
   e-mcgee-group/
- 3. https://bookstore.ams.org/memo-1-2/
- 4. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-662-5 9144-4
- 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tits\_group
- 6. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Group\_of\_Lie\_type
- 7. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/251769/what-mea nings-does-chevalley-group-have
- 8. https://encyclopediaofmath.org/wiki/Chevalley\_grou
  p
- 9. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Group\_of\_Lie\_type
- 10. MO: cardinality of  $Cl(Aut(GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)))$
- II. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4419869/d
   o-the-groups-operatornamesl-operatornamepgl-and-o
   peratornamepsl
- 12. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Order\_formulas
   \_for\_linear\_groups
- 13. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Order\_of\_semid irect\_product\_is\_product\_of\_orders
- 14. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Central\_automo rphism\_group\_of\_general\_linear\_group
- 15. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Automorphism\_g
   roup\_of\_general\_linear\_group\_over\_a\_field

- 16. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Inner-central izing\_automorphism
- 17. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/2519372/n
  umber-of-conjugacy-classes-for-the-modular-group
- 18.  $GL_n(K)$  for K a skew field
- 19. https://arxiv.org/abs/1212.6157, https://arxiv.or
   g/abs/0708.1608, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wi
   ld\_problem, https://www.google.com/search?q=matr
   ix+pair+problem, https://arxiv.org/abs/2007.09242,
   https://mathoverflow.net/questions/291815/ration
   al-canonical-form-over-mathbbz-pk-mathbbz, https:
  //mathoverflow.net/questions/291815/rational-canon
   ical-form-over-mathbbz-pk-mathbbz
- 20. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-981-1
  3-2895-4
- 21. https://ysharifi.wordpress.com/2022/09/14/automorp hisms-of-dihedral-groups/
- 22. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PSL(2,7)
- 23. https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.08617
- 24. https://johncarlosbaez.wordpress.com/2016/03/22/the-involute-of-a-cubical-parabola/#comment-78884
- 25. https://arxiv.org/abs/0904.1876
- 26. finite subgroups of SU(2), and viewing them as groups of rotations and such
- 27. https://arxiv.org/abs/1201.2363
- 28. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/group+extension#Schr eierTheory, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/nonabelian +cohomology, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/nonabeli an+group+cohomology

- 29. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fibonacci\_group
- 30. Study the functoriality properties of  $G \mapsto \operatorname{Aut}(G)$  via functoriality of ends
- 31. Is  $\sum_{[g] \in Cl(G)} \frac{1}{[g]}$  an interesting invariant of G?
- 32. Idempotent endomorphism  $f: A \to A$  is the same as a decomposition  $A \cong B \oplus C$  via  $B \cong \operatorname{Im}(f)$  and  $C \cong \operatorname{Ker}(f)$ .
  - (a) https://mathstrek.blog/2015/03/02/idempotent s-and-decomposition/
- 33. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/34271/ord er-of-general-and-special-linear-groups-over-finit e-fields

## Linear Algebra:

1. Size of conjugacy class [A] of  $A \in GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$  is given by  $\#GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$  divided by the centralizer  $Z_{GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)}(A)$  of A in  $GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$ , whose order is given by

$$\# Z_{GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)}(A) = \prod_{i=1}^k \# GL_{r_i}(\mathbb{F}_q) 
= q^{\sum_{i=1}^k \binom{r_i}{2}} \prod_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=0}^{r_i-1} (q^{r_i-j} - 1)$$

if A is diagonalisable with eigenvalues  $\lambda_1, \ldots, \lambda_k$  having multiplicities  $r_1, \ldots, r_k$ . More generally, see https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Conjugacy\_class\_size\_formula\_in\_general\_linear\_group\_over\_a\_finite\_field

- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Semilinear\_map
- 3. conjugacy for  $GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$ , https://mathoverflow.net/a/104457

- 4. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dieudonn%C3%A9\_deter
  minant, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Dieudonn%C3%A9
  +determinant#Dieudonne
- 5. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Pfaffian
- 6. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1715249/t he-number-of-subspaces-over-a-finite-field
- 7. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/70801/how -many-k-dimensional-subspaces-there-are-in-n-dimen sional-vector-space-over
- 8. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaussian\_binomial\_co
   efficient
- 9. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_q-analogs

#### Noncommutative Algebra:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/1608.08140
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.12884
- 3. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/dihedral+homology
- 4. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/
  0022404995000836
- 5. https://arxiv.org/abs/2008.11569, https://www.lakehe adu.ca/sites/default/files/uploads/77/docs/Cox%20D aniel.pdf

#### Commutative Algebra:

- I. If  $M \in Pic(R)$ , then  $Aut(M) \cong R^{\times}$ .
- 2. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/637918/
- 3. https://categorytheory.zulipchat.com/#narrow/strea m/411257-theory.3A-mathematics/topic/Big.20Witt.20 ring

- 4. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/535623/ho
  w-many-irreducible-factors-does-xn-1-have-over-fin
  ite-field
- 5. Derivations between morphisms of *R*-algebras, after https://mathoverflow.net/questions/434488
  - (a) Namely, a derivation from a morphism  $f:A\to B$  of R-algebras to a morphism  $g:A\to B$  of R-algebras is a map  $D:B\to B$  such that we have

$$D(ab) = g(a)D(b) + D(a)f(b)$$

for each  $a, b \in B$ .

## Hyper Algebra:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2205.02362
- 2. http://www.numdam.org/item/SD\_1959-1960\_\_13\_1\_A9\_0
  /
- 3. https://www.worldscientific.com/worldscibooks/10.1
  142/13652#t=aboutBook

#### Coalgebra:

i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/483668/textrepd
 -4-and-its-three-fiber-functors

#### Topological Algebra:

- i. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2014/08/holy\_ crap\_do\_you\_know\_what\_a\_c.html
- 2. https://categorytheory.zulipchat.com/#narrow/chann el/411257-theory.3A-mathematics/topic/topological .20rings.20and.20fields
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/q/477757

4. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/2593556/g
 alois-theory-for-topological-fields

## Differential Graded Algebras:

i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/476150/construc ting-an-adjunction-between-algebras-and-different ial-graded-algebras

## Topology:

- I. Topologies on  $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}(X))$ , https://mathoverflow.net/questions/496630/topological-analogues-of-gromov-hausdorff-convergence
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/255912/what-i
  s-the-structure-associated-to-almost-everywhere-c
  onvergence
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.12965
- 4. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/485669/exponent ial-law-for-topological-spaces-for-the-topology-o f-pointwise-convergence and comments therein
- 5. This paper has some cool references on convergence spaces: https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.18245
- 6. https://arxiv.org/abs/2402.12316
- 7. Write about the 6-functor formalism for sheaves on topological spaces and for topological stacks, with lots of examples.
  - (a) MO question titled *6-functor formalism for topological stacks*: https://mathoverflow.net/q/471758

#### Measure Theory:

i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/126994/beck-che valley-for-measures

- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/483726
- 3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Valuation\_%28measure
   \_theory%29
- 4. There's a theorem saying that there does not exist an infinite-dimensional "Lebesgue" measure, i.e. (from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Infinite-dimensional\_Lebesgue\_measure):

Let X be an infinite-dimensional, separable Banach space. Then, the only locally finite and translation invariant Borel measure  $\mu$  on X is a trivial measure. Equivalently, there is no locally finite, strictly positive, and translation invariant measure on X.

What kind of measures exist/not exist that satisfy all conditions above except being locally finite?

- 5. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/categories+of+measur e+theory
- 6. Functions  $f_!$ ,  $f^*$ , and  $f_*$  between spaces of (probability) measures on probability/measurable spaces, mimicking how a map of sets  $f: X \to Y$  induces morphisms of sets  $f_!$ ,  $f^*$ , and  $f_*$  between  $\mathcal{P}(X)$  and  $\mathcal{P}(Y)$ .
- 7. Analogies between representable presheaves and the Yoneda lemma on the one hand and Dirac probability measures on the other hand
  - (a) Universal property of the embedding of a space X into the space of probability measures on X
  - (b) Same question but for distributions
  - (c) non-symmetric metric on space of probability measures where we define  $d(\mu, \nu)$  to be the measure given by

$$U \mapsto \int_{U} \rho_{\mu} \, \mathrm{d}\nu,$$

where  $\rho_{\mu}$  is the probability density of  $\mu$ . Can we make this idea work?

- 8. https://arxiv.org/abs/0801.2250
- 9. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/325861

In particular, I came across a PhD thesis by Martial Agueh. I thought it was interesting because it explicitly investigated the geodesics of Wasserstein space to produce solutions to a type of parabolic PDE.

## Probability Theory:

- i. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wiener\_sausage
- 2. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-319-20828-2
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.10676
- 4. Lévy's forgery theorem
- 5. https://www.epatters.org/wiki/stats-ml/categorica l-probability-theory
- 6. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/category-theoretic+a
  pproaches+to+probability+theory
- 7. Categorical probability theory
- 8. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2024/08/intro
   duction\_to\_categorical\_pr.html
- 9. https://arxiv.org/abs/1109.1880
- 10. Connection between fractional differential operators and stochastic processes with jumps

#### Statistics:

i. https://towardsdatascience.com/t-test-from-applica tion-to-theory-5e5051b0f9dc

#### Metric Spaces:

- I. Lawvere metric spaces: object of  $\mathcal{V}$ -natural transformations corresponds to  $\inf (d(f(x), g(x)))$ .
- 2. Does the assignment  $d(x, y) \mapsto d(x, y)/(1 + d(x, y))$  constructing a bounded metric from a metric be given a universal property?
- 3. Explore Lawvere metric spaces in a comprehensive manner
- 4. metric lcm(x, y)/gcd(x, y) on  $\mathbb{N}$ , https://mathoverflow.net/questions/461588/. What shape do balls on  $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$  have with respect to this metric?
- 5. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2023/05/metri c\_spaces\_as\_enriched\_categories\_ii.html
- 6. Simon Willerton's work on the Legendre–Fenchel transform:
  - (a) https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2014/04/e nrichment\_and\_the\_legendrefen.html
  - (b) https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2014/05/e nrichment\_and\_the\_legendrefen\_1.html
  - (c) https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.03791

#### **Special Functions:**

1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dickson\_polynomial
p-Adic Analysis:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2503.08909
- 2. Analysis of functions  $\mathbb{Z}_p \to \mathbb{Q}_q$ ,  $\mathbb{Q}_p \to \mathbb{Q}_q$ ,  $\mathbb{Z}_p \to \mathbb{C}_q$ , etc.
  - (a) https://siegelmaxwellc.wordpress.com/publicati
     ons-pre-prints/

#### Partial Differential Equations:

1. Moduli of PDEs

- (a) https://arxiv.org/abs/2312.05226, https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.16825
- (b) https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.08671, https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.07931
- (c) https://arxiv.org/abs/2507.07937
- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Homotopy\_principle
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/125166/wild-sol
   utions-of-the-heat-equation-how-to-graph-them
- 4. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/2112841/d ifference-between-linear-semilinear-and-quasiline ar-pdes/5036699#5036699
- 5. Proof of the smoothing property of the heat equation via:
  - (a) Feynman–Kac formula
  - (b) Radon-Nikodym + Wiener process has Gaussian as PDF
  - (c) Convolution of locally integrable with smooth is smooth
- 6. Geometry of PDEs:
  - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/457268/pdes
     -and-algebraic-varieties
  - (b) Can we build a kind of algebraic geometry of PDEs starting with the notion of the zero locus of a differential operator?
    - i. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/diffiety

## Functional Analysis:

- I. https://www.numdam.org/item/SE\_1957-1958\_\_1\_\_A3\_0/
- 2. https://thenumb.at/Functions-are-Vectors/
- 3. Tate vector spaces

- 4. Analytic sheaves, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/484 408/literature-on-fr%c3%a9chet-quasi-coherent-she aves
- 5. https://mathscinet.ams.org/mathscinet/article?mr=1
  257171
- 6. Viday-Palmer theorem
- 7. In the Hilbert space  $\ell^2(\mathbb{N}; \mathbb{C})$ , the operator  $(x_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \mapsto (x_{n+1})_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  admits  $(x_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \mapsto (0, x_0, x_1, \ldots)$  as its adjoint.
- 8. https://arxiv.org/abs/2110.06300

### Lie algebras:

- 1. Pre-Lie algebras
- 2. Post-Lie algebras
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.05929

#### Modular Representation Theory:

- i. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Deligne%E2%80%93Lusz
   tig\_theory
- 2. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/167979/re
   presentation-of-cyclic-group-over-finite-field
- 3. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/153429/ir reducible-representations-of-a-cyclic-group-over-a -field-of-prime-order

## Homotopy theory:

- I. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/495229
- 2. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Moore+path+category,
   https://mathoverflow.net/questions/486905/has-the
   -path-category-of-a-topological-space-been-studied
   /487212#487212

- 3. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/group+actions+on+spheres, https://www.maths.ed.ac.uk/~v1ranick/papers/wall7.pdf, https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1575798/which-groups-act-freely-on-sn, https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0212280.
- 4. Pascal's triangle via homology of *n*-tori, https://topospaces.subwiki.org/wiki/Homology\_of\_torus
- 5. Conditions on morphisms of spaces  $f: X \to Y$  such that  $f^*: [Y, K] \to [X, K]$  or  $f_*: [K, X] \to [K, Y]$  are injective/surjective (so, epi/monomorphisms in  $Ho(\pi)$ ) or other conditions.

## Algebraic Geometry:

- I. Galois points, https://bdtd.ibict.br/vufind/Record/USP\_ c5e6638812a74657c40fcd402a894514
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2407.09256

### Differential Geometry:

- I. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spherical\_3-manifold
- 2. functor of points approach to differential geometry

#### Number Theory:

- i. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/10233/use s-of-quadratic-reciprocity-theorem/10719#10719
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/120067/what-d
   o-theta-functions-have-to-do-with-quadratic-recip
   rocity

#### Classical Mechanics:

- I. Koopman-von Neumann formalism
- 2. Relativistic Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics

#### Quantum Mechanics:

i. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/geometrical+formulat ion+of+quantum+mechanics

#### Quantum Field Theory:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2309.15913 and https://arxiv. org/abs/2311.09284
- 2. The current ongoing work on higher gauge theory, specially Christian Saemann's
- 3. The recent work about determining the value of the strong coupling constant in the long-distance range, some pointers and keywords for this are available at this scientific american article.

## Combinatorics:

I. Catalan numbers, https://mathstrek.blog/2012/02/19/po wer-series-and-generating-functions-ii-formal-pow er-series/

#### Other:

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.00084
- 2. Are sedenions and higher useful for anything?
- 3. https://mathstodon.xyz/@pschwahn/11338812618892390
   8
- 4. Tambara functors, https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.23052
- 5. 2-vector spaces
- 6. 2-term chain complexes. They form a 2-category and middle-four exchange holds, the proof using the fact that we have

$$h_1 \circ \alpha + \beta \circ g_2 = k_1 \circ \alpha + \beta \circ f_2$$
,

which uses the chain homotopy identities

$$d_V \circ \alpha = g_2 - f_2,$$
  
$$-\beta \circ d_V = h_1 - k_1.$$

Can we modify this to work for usual chain complexes, seeking an answer to <a href="https://mathoverflow.net/questions/424268">https://mathoverflow.net/questions/424268</a>? What seems to make things go wrong in that case is that the chain homotopy identities are replaced with

$$\alpha_{n+1} \circ d_n^V + d_{n-1}^W \circ \alpha_n = g_n - f_n,$$
  
$$\beta_{n+1} \circ d_n^V + d_{n-1}^W \circ \beta_n = k_n - h_n.$$

- 7. https://arxiv.org/abs/1402.2600
- 8. https://grossack.site/blog
- 9. Classifying space of  $\mathbb{Q}_p$
- io. https://www.valth.eu/proc.htm
- II. Construction of  $\mathbb{R}$  via slopes:
  - (a) http://maths.mq.edu.au/~street/EffR.pdf
  - (b) https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0301015
  - (c) Pierre Colmez's comment "Et si on remplace ℤ par ℚ, on obtient les adèles."
  - (d) I wonder if one could apply an analogue of this construction to the sphere spectrum and obtain a kind of spectral version of the real numbers, as in e.g. following the spirit of https://mathoverflow.net/questions/443018.
- 12. https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.04936
- 13. https://mathoverflow.net/a/471510
- 14. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/279478/the-cat
   egory-theory-of-span-enriched-categories-2-segal-s
   paces/448523#448523

- 15. The works of David Kern, https://dskern.github.io/writings
- 16. https://qchu.wordpress.com/
- 17. https://aroundtoposes.com/
- 18. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/essentially+surjecti
  ve+and+full+functor
- 19. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/415363/object
   s-whose-representable-presheaf-is-a-fibration
- 20. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/460146/universa l-property-of-isbell-duality
- 2I. http://www.tac.mta.ca/tac/volumes/36/12/36-12abs.h tml (Isbell conjugacy and the reflexive completion)
- 22. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/enrichment+versus+in
   ternalisation
- 23. The works of Philip Saville, https://philipsaville.co.uk/
- 24. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2024/02/from\_ cartesian\_to\_symmetric\_mo.html
- 25. https://mathoverflow.net/q/463855 (One-object lax transformations)
- 26. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/analytic+completion+
   of+a+ring
- 27. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quaternionic\_analysi
  s
- 28. https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.15051 (The Norm Functor over Schemes)
- 29. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/407291/ (Adjunctions with respect to profunctors)

- 30. https://mathoverflow.net/a/462726 (Prof is free completion of Cats under right extensions)
- 31. there's some cool stuff in https://arxiv.org/abs/2312.00990 (Polynomial Functors: A Mathematical Theory of Interaction), e.g. on cofunctors.
- 32. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/adjoint+lifting+theo
   rem
- 33. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Gabriel%E2%80%93Ulme
   r+duality

#### General TODO:

- I. https://arxiv.org/abs/2108.11952
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/483243/is-there -a-theory-of-completions-of-semirings-similar-to-i -adic-completions-of
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/9218/probabilis
  tic-proofs-of-analytic-facts
- 4. https://x.com/cihanpoststhms
- 5. Special graded rings, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/403448/in-search-of-lost-graded-rings
  - (a) https://arxiv.org/abs/1209.5122
- 6. Counterexamples in category theory
- 7. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/279347/co unterexample-math-books
- 8. Browse MO questions/answers for interesting ideas/topics
- 9. Change Longrightarrow to Rightarrow where appropriate
- 10. Try to minimize the amount of footnotes throughout the project. There should be no long footnotes.

# Appendices

# A Other Chapters

#### **Preliminaries**

- I. Introduction
- 2. A Guide to the Literature

#### Sets

- 3. Sets
- 4. Constructions With Sets
- 5. Monoidal Structures on the Category of Sets
- 6. Pointed Sets
- 7. Tensor Products of Pointed Sets

#### Relations

- 8. Relations
- 9. Constructions With Relations

#### 10. Conditions on Relations

#### Categories

- 11. Categories
- 12. Presheaves and the Yoneda Lemma

#### **Monoidal Categories**

13. Constructions With Monoidal Categories

### **Bicategories**

14. Types of Morphisms in Bicategories

#### Extra Part

15. Notes

## References

[MO 382264] Neil Strickland. *Proof that a cartesian category is monoidal*. Math-Overflow. url: https://mathoverflow.net/q/382264 (cit. on p. 46).

[JY21] Niles Johnson and Donald Yau. 2-Dimensional Categories. Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2021, pp. xix+615. ISBN: 978-0-19-887138-5; 978-0-19-887137-8. DOI: 10.1093/oso/9780198871378.

001.0001.URL: https://doi.org/10.1093/oso/9780198871378.001.0001 (cit. on p. 55).