Notes

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01CR This chapter contains some notes.

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OTAN 15.1 TikZ Code for Commutative Diagrams

In this section we gather some useful examples of tikzcd code for commutative diagrams.

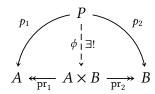
02C1 15.1.1 Product Diagram With Circular Arrows

```
\newlength{\DL}
\setlength{\DL}{0.9em}
in the preamble, as well as
\tikzcdset{
    productArrows/.style args={#1#2#3}{
    execute at end picture={
        % FIRST ARROW
        % Step 1: Draw arrow body
        \begin{scope}
            \clip (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-3.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-3.center) -- cycle;
            \path[draw,line width=rule_thickness] (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=0,radius=#1];
        \end{scope}
        % Step 2: Draw arrow head
        % Step 2.1: Find the point at which to place the arrowhead
        \path[name path=curve-1-a] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east) -- (\tikzcdmatrix
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-3.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-3.center) -- cycle;
        \path[name path=curve-1-b] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end
        \fill [name intersections={of=curve-1-a and curve-1-
b}] (intersection-2);
        % Step 2.2: Find the angle at which to place the arrowhead
        \coordinate (arc-start) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east);
        \coordinate (arc-center) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-2.center);
        \draw let
```

```
p1 = (\$(intersection-2) - (arc-center)\$), \% \p1 is the vector from t
2 for the 2nd intersection)
            n1 = {atan2(y1, x1)}, % n1 is the angle of that vector in degrees
            \ln 2 = {\ln 1 - 90} \% \ln 2 is the angle of the tangent (90 degrees from t
          in [->] (intersection-2) -- ++(\n2:0.1pt);
        % SECOND ARROW
        % Step 1: Draw arrow body
        \begin{scope}
            \clip (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-1.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-1.center) -- cycle;
            \path[draw,line width=rule_thickness] (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=180,radius=#1];
        \end{scope}
        % Step 2: Draw arrow head
        % Step 2.1: Find the point at which to place the arrowhead
        \path[name path=curve-2-a] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west) -- (\tikzcdmatrix
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-1.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-1.center) -- cycle;
        \path[name path=curve-2-b] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end
        \fill [name intersections={of=curve-2-a and curve-2-
b}] (intersection-2);
        % Step 2.2: Find the angle at which to place the arrowhead
        \coordinate (arc-start) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west);
        \coordinate (arc-center) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-2.center);
        \draw let
            p1 = (\sin(\pi - 2) - (\arccos(\pi - 3)), \% p1 is the vector from t
2 for the 2nd intersection)
            \ln = \{atan2(y1, x1)\}, % \ln is the angle of that vector in degrees
            n2 = {n1 - 90} \% n2 is the angle of the tangent (90 degrees from t
          in [<-] (intersection-2) -- ++(\n2:0.1pt);
          \path (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=180,radius=#
          \path (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=0,radius=#1]
   }
 }
}
```

The code

will then produce the following diagram:



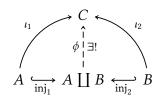
02C2 15.1.2 Coproduct Diagram With Circular Arrows

```
\newlength{\DL}
\setlength{\DL}{0.9em}
in the preamble, as well as
\tikzcdset{
    coproductArrows/.style args={#1#2#3}{
```

```
execute at end picture={
        % FIRST ARROW
        % Step 1: Draw arrow body
        \begin{scope}
            \clip (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-3.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-3.center) -- cycle;
            \path[draw,line width=rule_thickness] (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=0,radius=#1];
        \end{scope}
        % Step 2: Draw arrow head
        % Step 2.1: Find the point at which to place the arrowhead
        \path[name path=curve-1-a] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east) -- (\tikzcdmatrix
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-3.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-3.center) -- cycle;
        \path[name path=curve-1-b] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end
        \fill [name intersections={of=curve-1-a and curve-1-
b}] (intersection-1);
        % Step 2.2: Find the angle at which to place the arrowhead
        \coordinate (arc-start) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.east);
        \coordinate (arc-center) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-2.center);
        \draw let
            p1 = (\$(intersection-1) - (arc-center)\$), \% \p1 is the vector from t
2 for the 2nd intersection)
            \ln = \{atan2(y1, x1)\}, % \ln is the angle of that vector in degrees
            n2 = {n1 - 90} \% n2 is the angle of the tangent (90 degrees from t
          in [<-] (intersection-1) -- ++(\n2:0.1pt);
        % SECOND ARROW
        % Step 1: Draw arrow body
        \begin{scope}
            \clip (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-1.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-1.center) -- cycle;
            \path[draw,line width=rule_thickness] (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=180,radius=#1];
        \end{scope}
        % Step 2: Draw arrow head
```

```
% Step 2.1: Find the point at which to place the arrowhead
        \path[name path=curve-2-a] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west) -- (\tikzcdmatrix
2-2.center) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-1.north) -- (\tikzcdmatrixname-
1-1.center) -- cycle;
        \path[name path=curve-2-b] (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end
        \fill [name intersections={of=curve-2-a and curve-2-
b}] (intersection-1);
        % Step 2.2: Find the angle at which to place the arrowhead
        \coordinate (arc-start) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2.west);
        \coordinate (arc-center) at (\tikzcdmatrixname-2-2.center);
        \draw let
            p1 = (\sin(\pi - 1) - (\arccos(\pi - 1)))
2 for the 2nd intersection)
            n1 = {atan2(y1, x1)}, % n1 is the angle of that vector in degrees
            \ln 2 = {\ln 1 - 90} \% \ln 2 is the angle of the tangent (90 degrees from t
          in [->] (intersection-1) -- ++(\n2:0.1pt);
          % Labels
          \path (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=180,radius=#
          \path (\tikzcdmatrixname-1-2) arc[start angle=90,end angle=0,radius=#1]
    }
  }
}
The code
\begin{tikzed}[row sep={4.5*}\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={4.5*}\the\DL,between origins}]
    {}% Don't remove this line, it's important!
    \&
    C
    \arrow[from=d,"\phi","\exists!"', dashed]
    {}% Don't remove this line, it's important!
    //
    Α
    \&
    A\icoprod B
    \arrow[from=1,"\inj_{1}"',hook]
    \arrow[from=r,"\inj_{2}",hook']
```

will then produce the following diagram:



01VS **15.1.3 Cube Diagram**

Define

 $\newlength{\DL}$ $\left[\DL \right] = 0.9em$

The code

1 \&

\&

2

\&

//

\&

1'

\&

\& 2'

//

3

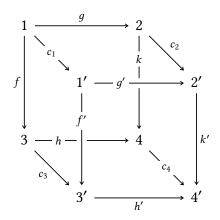
\&

\&

4

```
\&
    11
    \&
    31
    \&
    \&
    41
    % 1-Arrows
    % First Square
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=3-1, "f"']%
    \arrow[from=3-1, to=3-3, "h"{description, pos=0.25}]%
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=1-3, "g"]%
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=3-3, "k"{description, pos=0.25}]%
    % Second Square
    \arrow[from=2-2, to=4-2, "f\"{description, pos=0.3}, crossing over]%
    \arrow[from=4-2, to=4-4, "h'"']%
    \arrow[from=2-2, to=2-4, "g'"{description, pos=0.3}, crossing over]%
    \arrow[from=2-4, to=4-4, "k'"]%
    % Connecting Arrows
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=2-2, "c_{1}"description]%
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-4, "c_{2}"]%
    \arrow[from=3-1, to=4-2, "c_{3}"']%
    \arrow[from=3-3, to=4-4, "c_{4}"description]%
\end{tikzcd}
```

will produce the following diagram:



01VT 15.1.4 Cube Diagram With Labelled Faces

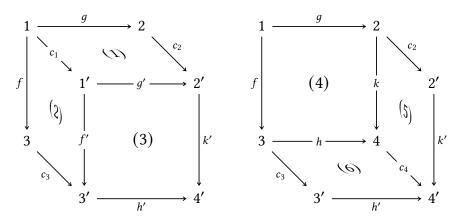
```
Define
\newlength{\DL}
\left(DL\right) = 0.9em
The code
\ \left( \frac{1.0 \times DL}{begin{tikzcd}[row sep={4.0 \times DL}, between origins}, column sep={4.0 \times DL}, between origins} \right)
    1
    \&
     \&
     2
    \&
    //
     \&
    1'
    \&
     \&
    2'
    //
     3
     \&
     \&
     \&
    //
     \&
    31
    \&
    \&
    41
    % 1-Arrows
    % First Square
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=3-1, "f"']%
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=1-3, "g"]%
    % Second Square
    \arrow[from=2-2,to=4-2,"f'"{description},crossing over]%
    \arrow[from=4-2, to=4-4, "h'"']%
```

```
\arrow[from=2-2,to=2-4,"g\"{description},crossing over]%
    \arrow[from=2-4, to=4-4, "k'"]%
    % Connecting Arrows
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=2-2, "c_{1}"description]%
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-4, "c_{2}"]%
    \arrow[from=3-1, to=4-2, "c_{3}"']%
    % Subdiagrams
    \arrow[from=2-2,to=1-3,"\scriptstyle(1)"{rotate=-0.3,xslant=-
0.903569337,yslant=0,xscale=7.0341,yscale=4.4454,xscale=0.225,yscale=0.225},phant
    \arrow[from=3-1,to=2-2,"\scriptstyle(2)"{rotate=-44.6,xslant=-
0.965688775, yslant=0, xscale=8.6931, yscale=8.2852, xscale=0.15, yscale=0.15}, phantom
    \arrow[from=4-2,to=2-4,"\scriptstyle(3)"{rotate=0,xslant=0,yslant=0,xscale=1.
\end{tikzcd}
\qquad
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={4.0*}\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={4.0*}\the\DL,between origins}]
    \&
    \&
    2
    \&
    //
    \&
    \&
    \&
    21
    //
    3
    \&
    \&
    4
    \&
    //
    \&
    31
    \&
    \&
    4'
```

```
% 1-Arrows
                % First Square
                \arrow[from=1-1, to=3-1, "f"']%
                \arrow[from=3-1, to=3-3, "h"{description}]%
                \arrow[from=1-1, to=1-3, "g"]%
                \arrow[from=1-3, to=3-3, "k"{description}]%
                % Second Square
                \arrow[from=4-2, to=4-4, "h'"']%
                \arrow[from=2-4, to=4-4, "k'"]%
                % Connecting Arrows
                \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-4, "c_{2}"]%
                \arrow[from=3-1, to=4-2, "c_{3}"']%
                \arrow[from=3-3, to=4-4, "c_{4}"description]%
                % Subdiagrams
                \label{lem:condition} $$\operatorname{\colored}_3-3, to=2-4, "\scriptstyle(5)"{rotate=-44.6, xslant=-44.6, xsl
0.965688775,yslant=0,xscale=8.6931,yscale=8.2852,xscale=0.15,yscale=0.15},phantom
```

will produce the following diagram:

\end{tikzcd}



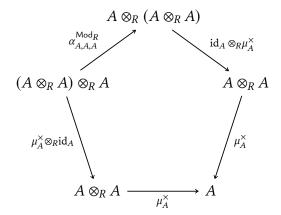
\arrow[from=4-2,to=3-3,"\scriptstyle(6)"{rotate=-0.3,xslant=-

0.903569337, yslant=0, xscale=7.0341, yscale=4.4454, xscale=0.225, yscale=0.225}, phant

01VU 15.1.5 Pentagon Diagram

```
\newlength{\ThreeCm}
\setlength{\ThreeCm}{3.0cm}
The code
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={0*\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={0*\the\DL,between
    \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]
    \&[0.5\ThreeCm]
    A\otimes_{R}(A\otimes_{R}A)
    \&[0.5\ThreeCm]
    \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]
    \\[0.58778525229\ThreeCm]
    (A\otimes_{R}A)\otimes_{R}A
    \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]
    \&[0.5\ThreeCm]
    \&[0.5\ThreeCm]
    \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]
    A \in RA
    \\[0.95105651629\ThreeCm]
    \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]
    A\otimes_{R}A
    \&[0.5\ThreeCm]
    \&[0.5\ThreeCm]
    \&[0.30901699437\ThreeCm]
    % 1-Arrows
    % Left Boundary
    \arrow[from=2-1, to=1-3, "\alpha^{\Mod_{R}}_{A,A,A}"[pos=0.4125]]
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-5, "\id_{A}\otimes_{R}\mu^{\star}_{A}"{pos=0.6}]
    \arrow[from=2-5, to=3-4, "\mu^{\times}_{A}"{pos=0.425}]%
    % Right Boundary
    \arrow[from=2-1, to=3-2, "\mu^{\times}_{A}\otimes_{R}\in _{R}^{1}_{pos=0.425}]
    \arrow[from=3-2, to=3-4, "\mu^{\times}_{A}"']%
\end{tikzcd}
```

will produce the following pentagon diagram:



To make the diagram larger, one could use e.g.

```
\newlength{\FourCm}
\setlength{\FourCm}{2.0cm}
```

and replace all instances of \ThreeCm with \FourCm in the code above.

01VV 15.1.6 Hexagon Diagram

Define

```
\newlength{\OneCmPlusHalf}
\setlength{\OneCmPlusHalf}{1.5cm}
```

\&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]

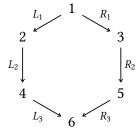
\\[\OneCmPlusHalf]

The code

```
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={0.0*\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={0.0*\the\DL,bet
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    1
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \\[0.5\OneCmPlusHalf]
    2
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
```

```
4
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \\[0.5\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    \&[0.86602540378\OneCmPlusHalf]
    % 1-Arrows
    % Left Boundary
    \arrow[from=1-2, to=2-1, "L_{1}"']%
    \arrow[from=2-1,to=3-1,"L_{2}"']%
    \arrow[from=3-1, to=4-2, "L_{3}"']%
    % Right Boundary
    \arrow[from=1-2, to=2-3, "R_{1}"]%
    \arrow[from=2-3, to=3-3, "R_{2}"]%
    \arrow[from=3-3, to=4-2, "R_{3}"]%
\end{tikzcd}
```

will produce the following hexagon diagram:



To make the diagram larger, one could use e.g.

```
\newlength{\TwoCm}
\setlength{\TwoCm}{2.0cm}
```

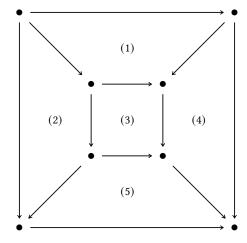
and replace all instances of \OneCmPlusHalf with \TwoCm in the code above.

02C3 15.1.7 Double Square Diagram

```
\verb|\newlength{\DL}|
\left(DL\right) = 0.9cm
The code
\ \left( \frac{10.0*\theta DL,between\ origins}{,\ column\ sep=\{10.0*\the\DL,between\ origins}\right) 
    \bullet
    \&
    \&
    \&
    \bullet
    //
    \&
    \bullet
    \&
    \bullet
    \&
    //
    \&
    \bullet
    \&
    \bullet
    \&
    //
    \bullet
    \&
    \&
    \&
    \bullet
    % Arrows
    % Outer Square
    \arrow[from=1-1,to=1-4]%
    \arrow[from=1-4,to=4-4]\%
    \arrow[from=1-1, to=4-1]%
    \arrow[from=4-1, to=4-4]%
    % Inner Square
    \arrow[from=2-2,to=2-3]\%
```

```
\arrow[from=2-3, to=3-3]%
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-2]\%
   \arrow[from=3-2, to=3-3]%
   % Connecting Arrows
   \arrow[from=1-1, to=2-2]%
   \arrow[from=1-4, to=2-3]\%
   \arrow[from=3-2, to=4-1]%
   \arrow[from=3-3, to=4-4]%
   % Subdiagrams
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-3, "\scriptstyle(1)", phantom, yshift=10.0*\the\DL]%
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-2, "\scriptstyle(2)", phantom, xshift=-
5.0*\the\DL]%
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-3, "\scriptstyle(3)", phantom]%
   \arrow[from=2-2, to=3-3, "\scriptstyle(5)", phantom, yshift=-
10.0*\the\DL]%
\end{tikzcd}
```

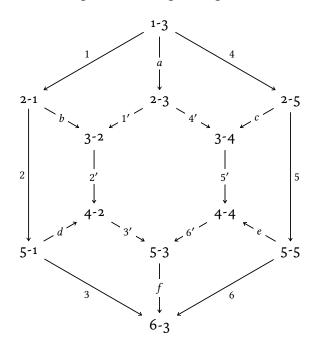
will produce the following double square diagram:



01WH 15.1.8 Double Hexagon Diagram

```
\newlength{\OneCm}
\setlength{\OneCm}{1.0cm}
The code
\begin{tikzcd}[row sep={0.0*}\the\DL,between origins}, column sep={0.0*}\the\DL,between origins}]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{1-3\}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \\[2.0*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{2-1\}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{2-3\}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{2-5\}
    \\[1.0*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}{3-2}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}{3-4}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \\[2.0*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{4-2\}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{4-4\}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \\[1.0*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{5-1\}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}{5-3}
```

```
\&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{5-5\}
    \\[2.0*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \text{text}\{6-3\}
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    \&[1.73205081*\OneCm]
    % Arrows
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-1, "1"']%
    \arrow[from=2-1, to=5-1, "2"']%
    \arrow[from=5-1, to=6-3, "3"']%
    %
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-5, "4"]%
    \arrow[from=2-5, to=5-5, "5"]%
    \arrow[from=5-5, to=6-3, "6"]%
    %
    \arrow[from=2-3, to=3-2, "1'"description]%
    \arrow[from=3-2, to=4-2, "2'"description]%
    \arrow[from=4-2, to=5-3, "3'"description]%
    \arrow[from=2-3, to=3-4, "4'"description]%
    \arrow[from=3-4, to=4-4, "5'"description]%
    \arrow[from=4-4, to=5-3, "6'"description]%
    \arrow[from=1-3, to=2-3, "a"description]%
    \arrow[from=2-1, to=3-2, "b"description]%
    \arrow[from=2-5, to=3-4, "c"description]%
    \arrow[from=5-1, to=4-2, "d"description]%
    \arrow[from=5-5, to=4-4, "e"description]%
    \arrow[from=5-3, to=6-3, "f"description]%
\end{tikzcd}
```



will produce the following double hexagon diagram:

To make the diagram larger, one could use e.g.

\newlength{\TwoCm}
\setlength{\TwoCm}{2.0cm}

and replace all instances of \OneCm with \TwoCm in the code above.

01VC 15.2 Retired Tags

01VD 15.2.1 Relations

- 01VE **Old Tag 15.2.1.1.1.** The content of this tag has been moved to Relations, Definition 8.1.1.1.1.
- **OOR1 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.2.** The original statement of this tag was false.
- **OUCL Old Tag 15.2.1.1.3.** The original statement of this tag was false.
- **OONN Old Tag 15.2.1.1.4.** This was a question. Now an explicit description is available as Relations,??.

15.2.1 Relations 20

Old Tag 15.2.1.1.5. This was a question. Now an explicit description is available as Relations, ??.

- **Old Tag 15.2.1.1.6.** This tag is obsolete; see Relations, Sections 8.5.13 to 8.5.16 instead.
- **OOMH** Old Tag 15.2.1.1.7. This tag is obsolete; see Relations, Sections 8.5.13 to 8.5.16 instead.
- **OONG** Old Tag 15.2.1.1.8. This tag is obsolete; see Relations, Sections 8.5.13 to 8.5.16 instead.
- **OOLV Old Tag 15.2.1.1.9.** This was originally a question. It has been answered in Relations, ??.
- **Old Tag 15.2.1.1.10.** This was originally a question. It has been answered in Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00LE Old Tag 15.2.1.1.11. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- 00LJ Old Tag 15.2.1.1.12. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- 00LK Old Tag 15.2.1.1.13. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- **OOLL Old Tag 15.2.1.1.14.** Superseded by Relations, ??.
- **OOLM Old Tag 15.2.1.1.15.** Superseded by Relations, ??.
- 00LN Old Tag 15.2.1.1.16. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- 00LP Old Tag 15.2.1.1.17. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- 00LQ Old Tag 15.2.1.1.18. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- 00LR Old Tag 15.2.1.1.19. Superseded by Relations,??.
- 00LS Old Tag 15.2.1.1.20. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- **OOLT** Old Tag 15.2.1.1.21. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- **OOLU** Old Tag 15.2.1.1.22. Superseded by Relations, ??.
- 00LX Old Tag 15.2.1.1.23. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.

- 00M1 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.24. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00M2 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.25. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00M3 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.26. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00M4 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.27. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00M5 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.28. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00M6 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.29. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00M7 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.30. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00M8 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.31. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00M9 Old Tag 15.2.1.1.32. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00MA Old Tag 15.2.1.1.33. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00MB Old Tag 15.2.1.1.34. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 00MC Old Tag 15.2.1.1.35. Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 029S **Old Tag 15.2.1.1.36.** Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.
- 029T **Old Tag 15.2.1.1.37.** Superseded by Relations, Section 8.5.11.

01VF 15.2.2 Pointed Sets

- **Old Tag 15.2.2.1.1.** The **underlying pointed set** of a semimodule (M, α_M) is the pointed set $(M, 0_M)$.
- **Old Tag 15.2.2.1.2.** The **underlying pointed set** of a module (M, α_M) is the pointed set $(M, 0_M)$.

01WG 15.2.3 Tensor Products of Pointed Sets

- 00H2 Old Tag 15.2.3.1.1. Absorbed into Tensor Products of Pointed Sets, Section 7.5.10.
- 00H4 Old Tag 15.2.3.1.2. Absorbed into Tensor Products of Pointed Sets, Section 7.5.10.
- 00H3 Old Tag 15.2.3.1.3. Absorbed into Tensor Products of Pointed Sets, Section 7.5.10.
- 00H5 Old Tag 15.2.3.1.4. Absorbed into Tensor Products of Pointed Sets, Section 7.5.10.

01VJ 15.2.4 Categories

017R Old Tag 15.2.4.1.1. We denote natural transformations in diagrams as

$$C \xrightarrow{G} \mathcal{D}.$$

(This tag has been removed and is now part of Categories, Definition 11.9.2.1.2.)

- 01VL Old Tag 15.2.4.1.2. (This Tag was an item of Categories, Definition 11.6.2.1.2, but has since been removed because its statement is incorrect. Naïm Camille Favier provided a counterexample, and the corrected statements now appear as Categories, Items 2 and 3 of Definition 11.6.2.1.2.)
- 01VM 1. Interaction With Postcomposition. The following conditions are equivalent:
- **01VN** (a) The functor $F: C \to \mathcal{D}$ is full.
- 01VP (b) For each $X \in Obj(Cats)$, the postcomposition functor

$$F_* \colon \mathsf{Fun}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{C}) \to \mathsf{Fun}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{D})$$

is full.

01VQ (c) The functor $F: C \to \mathcal{D}$ is a representably full morphism in Cats₂ in the sense of Types of Morphisms in Bicategories, Definition 14.1.2.1.1.

02C4 15.3 Miscellany

01CV 15.3.1 List of Things To Explore/Add

Here we list things to be explored in or added to this work in the future. This is a very quick and dirty list; some items may not be fully intelligible.

- **01CW Remark 15.3.1.1.1.** Set Theory:
 - 1. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/200389/show-t
 hat-the-set-of-all-finite-subsets-of-mathbbn-is-count
 able

- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/a/479528
- 3. https://www.maths.ed.ac.uk/~tl/ast/ast.pdf

Type Theory:

1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/497570/universes-d
 ont-need-to-be-indexed-by-natural-numbers

Pointed sets:

- 1. Universal properties (plural!) of the left tensor product of pointed sets
- 2. Universal properties (plural!) of the right tensor product of pointed sets

Relations:

- 1. Internal fibrations in **Rel**, like discrete fibrations and Street fibrations
- 2. Return to Eilenberg–Moore and Kleisli objects in **Rel** once the general theory has been set up for internal monads

Spans:

- https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.22832
- 2. Spans: study certain compositions of spans like composing $B \stackrel{f}{\leftarrow} A = A$ and $A = A \stackrel{g}{\leftarrow} B$ into a span $B \stackrel{f}{\leftarrow} A \stackrel{g}{\leftarrow} B$
- 3. Comparison double functor from Span to Rel and vice versa
- 4. Apartness composition for spans and alternate compositions for spans in general
- 5. non-Cartesian analogue of spans
 - (a) View spans as morphisms $S \to A \times B$ and consider instead morphisms $S \to A \otimes_C B$
- 6. Record the universal property of the bicategory of spans of https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/span

- 7. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/span+trace
- 8. Cospans.
- 9. Multispans.

Un/Straightening for Indexed and Fibred Sets:

- Analogue of adjoints for Grothendieck construction for indexed and fibred sets
- 2. Write proper sections on straightening for lax functors from Sets to Rel or Span (displayed sets)
- 3. co/units for un/straightening adjunction

Categories:

- 1. https://www.numdam.org/actas/SE/,https://www.numdam.o
 rg/journals/CTGDC/
- 2. https://www.numdam.org/item/CTGDC_1966__8__A5_0.pdf
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/493931/is-the-categ
 ory-of-posets-locally-cartesian-closed
- 4. From Keith: Presheaves on a topological space X valued in $\{t, f\}$
 - (a) They are the same as collections of open subsets of X
 - (b) They are sheaves iff that collection is closed under union
 - (c) Their sheafification is the closure of that collection under unions
- 5. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.20949
- 6. Notion of equality that is weaker than equivalence but stronger than adjunction
- 7. Tangent categories, Beck modules, categorical derivations
- 8. Flat functors

- 9. Is the classifying space of a category isomorphic to Ex[∞] of the nerve of the category? If so, an intuition for having an initial/terminal object implying being homotopically contractible is that taking the free ∞-groupoid generated by that identifies every object with the terminal one.
- 10. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category_algebra
- 11. simple objects
- 12. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/442212/properties-o
 f-categorical-zeta-function
- 13. Polynomial functors, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/polynomial+functor, https://arxiv.org/abs/2312.00990
- 14. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/simple+object
- 15. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/442212/properties-o
 f-categorical-zeta-function
- 16. https://arxiv.org/abs/2409.17489
- 17. https://mathoverflow.net/a/478644
- 18. Posetal category associated to a poset as a right adjoint
- 19. "Presetal category" associated to a preordered set
- 20. Vopenka's principle simplifies stuff in the theory of locally presentable categories. If we build categories using type theory or HoTT, what stuff from vopenka holds?
- 21. Are pseudoepic functors those functors whose restricted Yoneda embedding is pseudomonic and Yoneda preserves absolute colimits?
- 22. Absolutely dense functors enriched over \mathbb{R}^+ apparently reduce to topological density
- 23. Is there a reasonable notion of category homology? It is very common for the geometric realisation of a category to be contractible (e.g. having an initial or terminal object), but maybe some notion of directed homology could work here

24. Nerves of categories:

- - i. Same applies to twisted nerves
- (b) Cyclic nerve of a category
- (c) Crossed Simplicial Group Categorical Nerves, https://arxiv. org/abs/1603.08768
- 25. Define contractible categories and add a discussion of universal properties as stating that certain categories are contractible. (Example of non-unique isomorphisms as e.g. being a group of order 5 corresponds to all objects being isomorphic but the category not being contractible)
- 26. Expand ?? and add a proof to it.
- 27. Sections and retractions; retracts, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/retract.
- 28. Groupoid cardinality
 - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/376175/category -theory-and-arithmetical-identities/376223#376223
 - (b) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/420088/groupoid -cardinality-of-the-class-of-abelian-p-groups?rq=1
 - (c) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/363292/what-i
 s-the-groupoid-cardinality-of-the-category-of-vec
 tor-spaces-over-a-finite
 - (d) The groupoid cardinality of the core of the category of finite sets is e. What is the groupoid cardinality of the core of FinSets $_G$?
 - (e) groupoid cardinality of the core of the category of finite G-sets, https://www.arxiv.org/pdf/2502.03585
 - (f) https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/groupoid+cardinality
 - (g) https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.11399

- (h) https://terrytao.wordpress.com/2017/04/13/counting -objects-up-to-isomorphism-groupoid-cardinality/
- (i) https://arxiv.org/abs/0809.2130
- (j) https://qchu.wordpress.com/2012/11/08/groupoid-car dinality/
- (k) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/363292/what-i
 s-the-groupoid-cardinality-of-the-category-of-vec
 tor-spaces-over-a-finite

29. combinatorial species

- (a) https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Schur+functor
 - i. Equivalence between twisted commutative algebras and algebras on categories of polynomial functors, https://mathweb.ucsd.edu/~ssam/talks/2014/ihp-tca.pdf
- (b) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/22462/what-are -some-examples-of-interesting-uses-of-the-theory-o f-combinatorial-specie
- (c) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Combinatorial_specie
 s
- 30. Leinster's the eventual image, https://arxiv.org/abs/2210.003 02
 - (a) Telescope notation $\operatorname{tel}_{\phi}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \operatorname{colim}(X \stackrel{\phi}{\to} X \stackrel{\phi}{\to} \stackrel{\phi}{\to} \cdots)$ introduced in https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.06979
- 31. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/separable+functor
- 32. Dagger categories:
 - (a) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dagger_category
 - (b) https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/dagger+category
 - (c) Dagger compact categories, https://en.wikipedia.org/wik
 i/Dagger_compact_category
 - (d) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/220032/are-dag ger-categories-truly-evil

- (e) generalisation of dagger categories to categories with duality, i.e. categories C together with a functor $\dagger\colon C^{\mathrm{op}}\to C$
 - i. Perhaps with the additional condition that $\dagger \circ \dagger = id$
 - ii. categories with involutions in general

Regular Categories:

- https://arxiv.org/pdf/2004.08964.pdf.
- 2. Internal relations

Types of Morphisms in Categories:

- 1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/490476/duality-o f-injectivity-surjectivity-of-precomposition-map for motivation of monomorphisms/epimorphisms
- 2. Characterisation of epimorphisms in the category of fields, https://math.stackexchange.com/q/4941660
- 3. Strong epimorphisms
- 4. Behaviour in $Fun(C, \mathcal{D})$, e.g. pointwise sections vs. sections in $Fun(C, \mathcal{D})$.
- 5. Faithful functors from balanced categories are conservative
- 6. Natural cotransformations:
 - (a) If there is a natural transformation between functors between categories, taking nerves gives a homotopy equivalence (or something like that). What happens for natural cotransformations?
 - (b) Natural transformations come with a vertical composition map

$$\circ \colon \coprod_{G \in \mathsf{Fun}(C,\mathcal{D})} \mathsf{Nat}(G,H) \times \mathsf{Nat}(F,G) \to \mathsf{Nat}(F,H).$$

As Morgan Rogers shows here, there's no vertical cocomposition map of the form

$$CoNat(F, H) \to \prod_{G \in Fun(G, \mathcal{D})} CoNat(G, H) \times CoNat(F, G)$$

or of the form

$$CoNat(F, H) \to \prod_{G \in Fun(C, \mathcal{D})} CoNat(G, H) \coprod CoNat(F, G)$$

for natural cotransformations.

- (c) Cap product for CoNat and Nat
 - i. recovers map $Z(G) \times Cl(G) \rightarrow Cl(G)$.
- (d) What is the geometric realisation of CoTrans(F, G)?
 - i. Related: https://mathoverflow.net/questions/897
 53/geometric-realization-of-hochschild-complex
- (e) What is the totalisation of Trans(F, G)?
 - i. If we view sets as discrete topological spaces, what are the homotopy/homology groups of it? The nLab says this (http s://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/totalization):

The homotopy groups of the totalization of a cosimplicial space are computed by a Bousfield-Kan spectral sequence.

The homology groups by an Eilenberg-Moore spectral sequence.

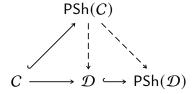
(f) Abstract

Adjunctions:

- 1. Relative adjunctions: message Alyssa asking for her notes
- 2. Adjunctions, units, counits, and fully faithfulness as in https://math overflow.net/questions/100808/properties-of-functors-a nd-their-adjoints.
- 3. Morphisms between adjunctions and bicategory Adj(C).
- 4. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/transformation+of+adjoin
 ts

Presheaves and the Yoneda Lemma:

- 1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/498069/products-and -coproducts-in-the-category-of-elements-of-a-presheaf
- 2. Yoneda extension along $\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{D}} \circ F \colon C \to \mathsf{PSh}(\mathcal{D})$, giving a functor left adjoint to the precomposition functor $F^* \colon \mathsf{PSh}(\mathcal{D}) \to \mathsf{PSh}(C)$.
- 3. Consider the diagram



- 4. Does the functor tensor product admit a right adjoint ("Hom") in some sense?
- 5. Yoneda embedding preserves limits
- 6. universal objects and universal elements
- 7. adjoints to the Yoneda embedding and total categories
- 8. The co-Yoneda lemma: co/presheaves are colimits of co/representables
- 9. Properties of categories of copresheaves
- 10. Contravariant restricted Yoneda embedding
- 11. Contravariant Yoneda extensions
- 12. Make table of Lift $_{\mbox{$\downarrow$}}(\mbox{$\downarrow$})$, Ran $_{\mbox{$\downarrow$}}(\mbox{$\downarrow$})$, Ran $_{\mbox{$\downarrow$}}(\mbox{$\gamma$})$, etc.
- 13. Properties of restricted Yoneda embedding, e.g. if the restricted Yoneda embedding is full, then what can we conclude? Related: https://qchu.wordpress.com/2015/05/17/generators/
- 14. Tensor product of functors and relation to profunctors
- 15. rifts and rans and lifts and lans involving yoneda in Cats and Prof
- 16. Tensor product of functors and relation to rifts and rans of profunctors

Isbell Duality:

- 1. enriched Isbell over walking chain complex
- 2. Isbell self-dual presheaves for Lawvere metric spaces; when

$$f(x) = \sup_{x \in X} \left| f(x) - \sup_{y \in X} (|f(y) - d_X(y, x)|) \right|$$

holds.

- 3. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Fr%C3%B6licher+spaces+an
 d+Isbell+envelopes
- 4. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/envelope+of+an+adjunctio
 n
- 5. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/nucleus+of+a+profunctor
- 6. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/nuclear+adjunction
- 7. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/fixed+point+of+an+adjunc
 tion
- 8. **Important:** I should reconsider going with the notation O and Spec. Although a bit common in the (somewhat scarce) literature on Isbell duality, I have doubts regarding how useful/nice of a choice O and Spec are, and whether there are better choices of notation for them.
- 9. Interaction with \times , Hom, $F_!$, F^* , and F_*
- 10. Interactions between presheaves and copresheaves:
 - (a) Natural transformations from a presheaf to a copresheaf and vice versa
 - (b) Mixed Day convolution?
- 11. Isbell duality for monoids:
 - (a) Set up a dictionary between properties of $\mathsf{Sets}^\mathsf{L}_A$ or $\mathsf{Sets}^\mathsf{R}_A$ and properties of A

- (b) Do the same for O given by $A \mapsto \mathsf{Sets}^\mathsf{L}_A(X,A)$
- (c) Do the same for Spec given by $A \mapsto \mathsf{Sets}^\mathsf{R}_A(X,A)$
- (d) Do the same for $O \circ Spec$
- (e) Do the same for Spec O
- (f) Algebras for Spec ∘ O
- (g) Coalgebras for O ∘ Spec
- 12. Properties of Spec (e.g. fully faithfulness) vs. properties of C
- 13. Properties of O (e.g. fully faithfulness) vs. properties of C
- 14. co/unit being monomorphism/epimorphism
- 15. reflexive completion
- 16. Isbell duality for simplicial sets; what's the reflexive completion?
- 17. Isbell envelope
- 18. What does Isbell duality look like, when Cat(Aop,Set) is identified with the category of discrete opfibrations over A, using A.5.14?
- 19. Generalizations of Isbell duality:
 - (a) Monoidal Isbell duality: monoidality for Isbell adjunction with day convolution (6.3 of coend cofriend)
 - (b) Isbell duality with sheaves
 - (c) Isbell duality with Lawvere theories, product preserving functors or whatever
 - (d) Isbell duality for profunctors
 - i. In view of ?? of ??, can we just use right Kan lifts/extensions?
 - ii. Right Kan lift/extension of Hom functors (there's probably a version of the Yoneda lemma here)
 - A. What is $Rift_F(Hom_C)$
 - B. What is $Ran_F(Hom_C)$
 - C. What is $Rift_{Hom_C}(F)$

- D. What is $Ran_{Hom_C}(F)$
- E. What is Lift_F (Hom_C)
- F. What is $Lan_F(Hom_C)$
- G. What is Lift_{Hom_C} (F)
- H. What is $Lan_{Hom_C}(F)$
- 20. Tensor product of functors and Isbell duality
 - (a) What is $\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}} \mathsf{O}(\mathcal{F})$?
 - (b) What is $Spec(F) \boxtimes_C F$?
 - (c) I think there is a canonical morphism

$$\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}} \mathsf{O}(\mathcal{F}) \to \mathsf{Tr}(\mathcal{C}).$$

By the way, what is $Tr(\triangle)$? What is Tr(BA)? What about $Nat(id_C, id_C)$ for C = BA or $C = \triangle$

- 21. Isbell with coends:
 - (a) $Hom(F(A), h_A)$ but it's a coend
 - (b) Conatural transformations and all that
- 22. Co/limit preservation for O/Spec
- 23. Isbell duality for N vs. N + N
- 24. What do we get if we replace $O \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \operatorname{Nat}(-, h_X)$ by $\operatorname{Nat}^{[W]}(-, h_X)$, and in particular by $\operatorname{DiNat}(-, h_X)$?

Species:

- Joyal–Street's q-species; via promonoidal structures https://arxiv. org/pdf/1201.2991#page=22
- 2. associators, braidings, unitors; $\mathbb{F}_q^n \to \mathbb{F}_q^n$ centre of $\mathrm{GL}_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$ trick
- 3. group completion of $\mathcal{GL}(\mathbb{F}_q)$ as algebraic k-theory

Constructions With Categories:

https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.21764

- 2. Comparison between pseudopullbacks and isocomma categories: the "evident" functor $C \times_{\mathcal{E}}^{\mathsf{ps}} \mathcal{D} \to C \overset{\leftrightarrow}{\times}_{\mathcal{E}} \mathcal{D}$ is essentially surjective and full, but not faithful in general.
- 3. Quotients of categories by actions of monoidal categories
 - (a) Quotients of categories by actions of monoids BA
 - (b) Quotients of categories by actions of monoids $A_{\rm disc}$
 - (c) Lax, oplax, pseudo, strict, etc. quotients of categories
 - (d) lax Kan extensions along BC \to BD for C \to D a monoidal functor
- 4. Quotient of Fun(BA, C) by the A-action.
 - (a) This is used to build the cycle and *p*-cycle categories from the paracycle category.
 - (b) The quotient of Fun(BN, C) by the N-action should act as a kind of cyclic directed loop space of C
- 5. Fun(BN, C) as a homotopy pullback in Cats₂
 - (a) Fun(B \mathbb{Z} , C) as a homotopy pullback in Grpd,
 - (b) Free loop space objects

Limits and colimits:

- adjunction between co/product and diagonal; abstract version of ??
 and ??
- 2. Examples of kan extensions along functors of the form FinSets \hookrightarrow Sets
- 3. Initial/terminal objects as left/right adjoints to $!_C: C \to \mathsf{pt}$.
- 4. A small cocomplete category is a poset, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/108737/small-categories-and-completeness
- 5. Co/limits in BA, including e.g. co/equalisers in BA

- 6. Add the characterisations of absolutely dense functors given in ?? to ??.
- 7. Absolutely dense functors, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/absolutely+dense+functor. Also theorem 1.1 here: http://www.tac.mta.ca/tac/volumes/8/n20/n20.pdf.
- 8. Dense functors, codense functors, and absolutely codense functors.
- 9. van kampen colimits

Completions and cocompletions:

- 1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/429003/manifolds-a s-cauchy-completed-objects
- 2. what is the conservative cocompletion of smooth manifolds? Is it related to diffeological spaces?
- 3. what is the conservative completion of smooth manifolds? Is it related to diffeological spaces?
- 4. what is the conservative bicompletion of smooth manifolds? Is it related to diffeological spaces?
- 5. completion of a category under exponentials
- 6. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/468897/cocompletion -without-cocontinuous-functors
- 7. The free cocompletion of a category;
- 8. The free completion of a category;
- 9. The free completion under finite products;
- 10. The free cocompletion under finite coproducts;
- 11. The free bicompletion of a category;
- 12. The free bicompletion of a category under nonempty products and nonempty coproducts (https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/free+b icompletion);

- 13. Cauchy completions
- 14. Dedekind-MacNeille completions
- 15. Isbell completion (https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/reflexive+
 completion)
- 16. Isbell envelope

Ends and Coends:

- 1. motivate co/ends as co/limits of profunctors
- 2. Ask Fosco about whether composition of dinatural transformations into higher dinaturals could be useful for https://arxiv.org/abs/2409.10237
- 3. Cyclic co/ends
 - (a) Try to mimic the construction given in Haugseng for the cycle, paracycle, cube, etc. categories
 - (b) cyclotomic stuff for cyclic co/ends
 - i. Check out Ayala–Mazel-Gee–Rozenblyum's *Symmetries of the cyclic nerve*
 - ii. isogenetic \mathbb{N}^{\times} -action (what the fuck does this mean?)
- 4. After stating the co/ends

$$\int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} h_A \odot \mathcal{F}^A, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \mathsf{Sets}(h_A, \mathcal{F}^A), \ \int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} h^A \odot F_A, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \mathsf{Sets}(h^A, F_A)$$

in the co/end version of the Yoneda lemma, add a remark explaining what the co/ends

$$\int_{A \in C} h_A \odot \mathcal{F}^A, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(h_A, \mathcal{F}^A),$$
 $\int_{A \in C} h^A \odot F_A, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(h^A, F_A)$

and the co/ends

$$\int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} \mathcal{F}^{A} \odot h_{A}, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(\mathcal{F}^{A}, h_{A}),$$

$$\int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} F_{A} \odot h^{A}, \qquad \int_{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(F_{A}, h^{A}),$$

$$\int_{A \in C} \mathcal{F}^{A} \odot h_{A}, \qquad \int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(\mathcal{F}^{A}, h_{A}),$$

$$\int_{A \in C} F_{A} \odot h^{A}, \qquad \int_{A \in C}^{A \in C} \operatorname{Sets}(F_{A}, h^{A})$$

are.

- 5. ends $C \to \mathcal{D}$ with \odot is a special case of ends for a certain enrichment over \mathcal{D}
- 6. try to figure out what the end/coend

$$\int_{X \in C} h_X^A \times h_B^X, \qquad \int_{X \in C} h_X^A \times h_B^X$$

are for C = BA. (I think the coend is like tensor product of A as a left A-set with it as a right A-set)

- 7. Cyclic ends
- 8. Dihedral ends
- 9. Does Haugseng's constructions give a way to define cyclic co/homology with coefficients in a bimodule?
- 10. Category of elements of dinatural transformation classifier
- 11. Examples of co/ends: https://mathoverflow.net/a/461814
- 12. Cofinality for co/ends, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/3
 53876
- 13. "Fourier transforms" as in https://arxiv.org/pdf/1501.02503#p age=168 or https://tetrapharmakon.github.io/stuff/itaca.pdf

Weighted/diagonal category theory:

- 1. co/ends as centre/trace-infused co/limits: compare the co/end of Hom_C with the co/limit of Hom_C
- 2. Codensity W-weighted monads, $Ran_F^{[W]}(F)$;
- 3. Codensity diagonal monads, $DiRan_F(F)$;

Profunctors:

1. Apartness defines a composition for relations, but its analogue

$$\mathfrak{q} \square \mathfrak{p} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \int_{A \in C} \mathfrak{p}_A^{-1} \coprod \mathfrak{q}_{-2}^A$$

fails to be unital for profunctors with the unit h_-^A . Is it unital for some other unit? Is there a less obvious analogue of apartness composition for profunctors? Or maybe does Prof equipped with \square and units h_-^A form a skew bicategory?

Is Δ_{\emptyset} a unit?

- 2. Figure what monoidal category structures on Sets induce associative and unital compositions on Prof.
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/470213/a-distribut or-between-categories-induces-a-distributor-between-t heir-categories
- 4. Different compositions for profunctors from monoidal structures on the category of sets (e.g. https://mathoverflow.net/questions /155939/what-other-monoidal-structures-exist-on-the-c ategory-of-sets)
- 5. Nucleus of a profunctor;
- 6. Isbell duality for profunctors:
 - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/259525/isbell-d uality-for-profunctors

- (b) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/260322/the-mat hfrak-l-functor-on-textsfprof
- (c) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/262462/again-o n-the-mathfrak-l-functor-on-mathsfprof

Centres and Traces of Categories:

- 1. $K_0(\operatorname{Fun}(B\mathbb{N},C))$ vs. $\pi_0(\operatorname{Fun}(B\mathbb{N},C))$ vs. $\operatorname{Tr}(C)$, and how these are generalisations of conjugacy classes for monoids
- 2. Explicitly work out the trace and π_0 Fun(BN, -) for monoids with few elements.
- 3. $[1_A]$ can contain more than one element. An example is $\mathsf{Sets}(\mathbb{N},\mathbb{N})$ and the maps given by

$$\{0, 1, 2, 3, \ldots\} \mapsto \{0, 0, 1, 2, \ldots\},\$$

 $\{0, 1, 2, 3, \ldots\} \mapsto \{2, 3, 4, 5, \ldots\}.$

Show also that if $c \in [1_A]$, then c is idempotent.

- 4. Drinfeld centre
- 5. trace of the symmetric simplex category; it's probably different from that of FinSets
- 6. Trace of Rep_G and interaction with induction, restriction, etc.
- 7. $\pi_0(B\mathbb{N}, BA)$, $K(B\mathbb{N}, BA)$, and $Tr(B\mathbb{N}, BA)$ as concepts of conjugacy for monoids, their equivalents for categories, and comparison with traces
- 8. Comparison between $\pi_0(\operatorname{Fun}(B\mathbb{N},C))$ and $K(\operatorname{Fun}(B\mathbb{N},C))$
- 9. Lax, oplax, pseudo, and strict trace of simplex 2-category
- 10. duality over Γ might give a map from product of a monoid with a set to $\operatorname{Tr}(\Gamma)$
- 11. Studying the set $Nat(id_C, F)$ as a notion of categorical trace:
 - (a) Ganter–Kapranov define the trace of a 1-endomorphism $f: A \to A$ in a 2-category C to be the set $\operatorname{Hom}_C(\operatorname{id}_A, f)$;

- i. https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0602510
- ii. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/string/archives/00
 0757.html
- iii. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/categorical+trac
 e

We should study this notion in detail, and also study $Nat(F, id_C)$ as well as $CoNat(id_C, F)$ and $CoNat(F, id_C)$.

- 12. Centre of bicategories
- 13. Lax centres and lax traces
- 14. Examples of traces:
 - (a) Discrete categories
 - (b) Posets
 - i. $\mathsf{Open}(X)$
 - (c) Trace of small but non-finite categories:
 - i. Sets
 - ii. Rep(G)
 - iii. category of finite groups
 - iv. category of finite abelian groups
 - v. category of finite *p*-groups for fixed *p*
 - vi. category of finite *p*-groups for all *p*
 - vii. category of finite fields
 - viii. category of finite topological spaces
 - ix. category of finite [insert a mathematical object here]
- 15. When is the trace of a groupoid just the disjoint sum of sets of conjugacy classes?
- 16. Set-theoretical issues when defining traces
 - (a) Sets is a large category, and yet we can speak of its centre

$$Z(Sets) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \int_{A \in Sets} Sets(X, X)$$

$$\cong$$
 Nat(id_{Sets}, id_{Sets})
 \cong pt.

Is there a way to do the same for the trace of sets, or otherwise work with traces of large categories?

- 17. Understand how traces are defined via universal properties in Xinwen Zhu's Geometric Satake, categorical traces, and arithmetic of Shimura varieties.
- 18. trace as an Obj(C)-indexed set
 - (a) properties, functoriality, etc.
- 19. Maybe actually call $Fun(B\mathbb{N}, C)$ the categorical directed loop space of C?
- 20. Cyclic version of Fun(BN, C)
- 21. Traces of categories, nerves of categories, and the cycle category

Categorical Hochschild Homology:

- 1. To any functor we have an associated natural transformation (??). Do we have sharp transformations associated to natural transformation?
- 2. build Hochschild co/simplicial set and study its homotopy groups
- 3. Fun(BN, X_{\bullet}) vs. Fun($\Delta^1/\partial\Delta^1, X_{\bullet}$)
 - (a) Their π_0 's vs. the π_0 's of $\operatorname{Hom}_{X_{\bullet}}(x,x)$, of $\operatorname{Hom}_{X_{\bullet}}^L(x,x)$, and $\operatorname{Hom}_{X_{\bullet}}^R(x,x)$.

Monoidal Categories:

- 1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/380302
- 2. Analogue of Picard rings for dualisable objects
- 3. Moduli of associators, braidings, etc. for species, q-species
- 4. When is the left Kan extension along a fully faithful functor of monoidal categories a strong monoidal functor?

- 5. Interaction between Day convolution and Isbell duality
- 6. general theory for lifting pseudomonads from Cat to Prof along the equipment embedding
- 7. definition of prostrength on a functor between promonoidal categories, differential 2-rigs fosco
- Promonoidal structure in https://arxiv.org/pdf/1201.2991#page=22
- 9. Day convolution as a colimit over category of factorizations $F(A) \otimes_{\mathcal{C}} G(B) \to V$
- 10. Day convolution with respect to Cartesian monoidal structure is Cartesian monoidal. There's an easy proof of this with coend Yoneda
- 11. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/491234
- 12. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/488426/adjunction-o
 f-monoidal-closed-categories
- 13. https://arxiv.org/abs/2502.02532
- 14. Does the forgetful functor 忘: $IdemMon(C) \rightarrow Mon(C)$ admit a left adjoint? What about 忘: $IdemMon(C) \rightarrow C$?
- 15. Clifford algebras in monoidal categories
- 16. Exterior algebras in monoidal categories
 - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/70607/exterio r-powers-in-tensor-categories
 - (b) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/127476/analog y-between-the-exterior-power-and-the-power-set
 - (c) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/182476/delignes -exterior-power
 - (d) martin brandenburg's phd thesis
- 17. Different monoidal products in Fun(C, C) and their distributivity

- (a) Composition
- (b) Pointwise product
- (c) Day convolution
- (d) Relative monad version of Day convolution
- 18. Classification of monoidal structures on △
- 19. Classification of monoidal structures on Λ
- 20. Tensor Categories, 8.5.4
- 21. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/monoidal+action+of+a+mon
 oidal+category
- 22. https://arxiv.org/abs/2203.16351
- 23. Para construction
- 24. Drinfeld center; Symmetric center; JY's books on bimonoidal categories
- 25. Picard and Brauer 2-groups
 - (a) Differential Picard and Brauer Groups via $Fun(B\mathbb{N}, Mod_R)$.
 - (b) Brauer and Picard groups of $(Fun(C, C), \circ, id_C)$
 - (c) Brauer and Picard groups of Rep(G)
 - (d) Brauer and Picard groups of Sets
 - (e) Brauer and Picard groups of $Ch_{\mathbb{Z}}(R)$
 - (f) Brauer and Picard groups of Shv(X)
 - (g) Brauer and Picard groups of $dgMod_R$
- 26. Explore examples in which Day convolution gives weird things, like $\operatorname{Fun}(\mathsf{B}\mathbb{Z}_{/n},\operatorname{\mathsf{Sets}}).$
- 27. Day convolution is a left Kan extension; explore the right Kan extension
- 28. Further develop the theory of moduli categories of monoidal structures
- 29. Picard group

- (a) Picard group for Day convolution. A special case is one of Kaplansky's conjectures, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaplansky%27s_conjectures, about units of group rings
- 30. Day convolution between representable and an arbitrary presheaf \mathcal{F} can we prove something nice using the colimit formula for \mathcal{F} in terms of representables?
- 31. Notion of braided monoidal categories in which the braiding is not an isomorphism. Relation to https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.5969
- 32. Proving a certain diagram between free monoidal categories commutes involves Fermat's little theorem. Can we reverse this and prove Fermat's little theorem from the commutativty of that diagram?
- 33. https://nilesjohnson.net/notes/grPic-P2S.pdf
- 34. Proof that monoidal equivalences F of monoidal categories automatically admit monoidal natural isomorphisms $\mathrm{id}_{\mathcal{C}} \cong F^{-1} \circ F$ and $\mathrm{id}_{\mathcal{D}} \cong F \circ F^{-1}$.
- 35. Proof that category with products is monoidal under the Cartesian monoidal structure, [MO 382264].
- 36. Explore 2-categorical algebra:
 - (a) Find a construction of the free 2-group on a monoidal category. Apply it to the multiplicative structure on the category of finite sets and permutations, as well as to the multiplicative structure on the 1-truncation of the sphere spectrum, and try to figure out whether this looks like a categorification of \mathbb{Q} .
 - (b) What is the free 2-group on $(\triangle, \oplus, [0])$?
- 37. Categorify the preorder \leq on $\mathbb N$ to a promonad $\mathfrak p$ on the groupoid of finite sets and permutations $\mathbb F$:
 - (a) A preorder is a monad in Rel
 - (b) A promonad is a monad in Prof.

(c) There's a promonad \mathfrak{p} in \mathbb{F} defined by

```
\mathfrak{p}(m,n) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{surjections from } \{1,\ldots,m\} \text{ to } \{1,\ldots,n\} \}
```

This promonad categorifies \leq in that its values are the witnesses to the fact that m is bigger than n (i.e. surjections).

- (d) Figure out whether this promonad extends to the 1-truncation of the sphere spectrum, and perhaps to other categorified analogues of monoids/groups/rings.
- 38. https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.5969
- 39. https://arxiv.org/abs/1306.3215
- 40. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/477219/reference-f
 or-the-monoidal-category-structure-x-otimes-y-x-y-x-t
 imes-y
- 41. Include an explicit proof of??
- 42. Include an explicit proof of??
- 43. ??
- 44. obstruction theory for braided enhancements of monoidal categories, using the "moduli category of braided enhancements"
- 45. Define symmetric and exterior algebras internal to braided monoidal categories
 - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/471372/is-there -an-alternating-power-functor-on-braided-monoida l-categories
 - (b) https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0504155
- 46. https://mathoverflow.net/q/382364
- 47. https://mathoverflow.net/q/471490
- 48. Concepts of bicategories applied to monoidal categories (e.g. internal adjunctions lead to dualisable objects)

- 49. Involutive Category Theory
- 50. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/474662/the-analogy
 -between-dualizable-categories-and-compact-hausdorff-s
 paces

Bimonoidal Categories:

- 1. Bimonoidal structures on the category of species
- 2. Include an explicit proof of ??

Six Functor Formalisms:

1. Michael Shulman:

A lot of the "six functor formalism" makes sense in the context of an arbitrary indexed monoidal category (= monoidal fibration), particularly with cartesian base. In particular, I studied the external tensor product in this generality in my paper on Framed bicategories and monoidal fibrations.

The internal-hom of powersets in particular, with \emptyset as a dualizing object, is well-known in constructive mathematics and topos theory, where powersets are in general a Heyting algebra rather than a Boolean algebra.

Morgan Rogers:

I second this: you're discovering (and making pleasingly explicit, I might add) a special case of "thin category theory": a lot of what you've discovered will work for posets, with the powerset replaced with the frame of downsets:D

- 2. A six functor formalism for monoids
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/258159/yoga-of-six
 -functors-for-group-representations
- 4. Is the 1-categorical analogue of six functor formalisms given by Mann interesting?

(a) Mann defines:

A six functor formalism is an ∞ -functor $f : Corr(C, E) \rightarrow Cats_{\infty}$ such that $- \otimes A$, f^* , and $f_!$ admit right adjoints

(b) Is the notion

A1-categorical six functor formalism is a (lax?) 2-functor $f: Corr(C, E) \rightarrow Cats_2$ (or should Cats be the target?) such that $- \otimes A$, f^* , and $f_!$ admit right adjoints

interesting?

- 5. Interaction of the six functors with Kan extensions (e.g. how the left Kan extension of $-\otimes A$ may interact with the other functors)
- 6. Contexts like Wirthmuller Grothendieck etc
- 7. formalisation by cisinski and deglise
- 8. How do the following examples fit?
 - (a) base change between $C_{/X}$ and $C_{/Y}$
 - (b) $f_! \dashv f_* \dashv f^*$ adjunction between powersets
 - (c) $f_! \dashv f_* \dashv f^*$ adjunction between Span(pt, A) and Span(pt, B)
 - (d) quadruple adjunction between powersets induced by a relation
 - (e) adjunctions between categories of presheaves induced by a functor or a profunctor
 - (f) Adjunction between left A-sets and left B-sets

Do they have exceptional f? Is there a notion of Fourier–Mukai transform for them? What kind of compatibility conditions (proper base change, etc.) do we have?

Skew Monoidal Categories:

- https://arxiv.org/abs/2506.06847
- 2. Try to come up with examples of skew monoidal categories by twisting a tensor product $A \otimes B$ into $T(A) \otimes B$. Related idea: product of G-sets but twisted on the left by an automorphism of G, so that $(ag, b) \sim (a, gb)$ becomes $(a\phi(g), b) \sim (a, gb)$.

- 3. Skew monoidal category induced from *G*-sets in analogy to Rel
- 4. Free monoidal category on a skew monoidal category
- 5. Skew monoidal structures associated to a locally Cartesian closed category
- 6. Does the \mathbb{E}_1 tensor product of monoids admit a skew monoidal category structure?
- 7. Is there a (right?) skew monoidal category structure on $Fun(C, \mathcal{D})$ using right Kan extensions instead of left Kan extensions?
- 8. Similarly, are there skew monoidal category structures on the subcategory of Rel(A, B) spanned by the functions using left Kan extensions and left Kan lifts?
- 9. Add example: C with coproducts, take $C_{X/}$ and define

$$(X \xrightarrow{f} A) \oplus (X \xrightarrow{g} B) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [X \to X \coprod X \xrightarrow{f \coprod g} A \coprod B]$$

- 10. Duals:
 - (a) Dualisable objects in monoidal categories and traces of endomorphisms of them, including also examples for monoidal categories which are not autonomous/rigid, such as $(\operatorname{Fun}(C,C), \circ, \operatorname{id}_C)$.
 - (b) compact closed categories
 - (c) star autonomous categories
 - (d) Chu construction
 - (e) Balanced monoidal categories, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/s how/balanced+monoidal+category
 - (f) Traced monoidal categories, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/sho w/traced+monoidal+category
- 11. Invertible objects and Picard groupoids
- 12. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/155939/what-other-m onoidal-structures-exist-on-the-category-of-sets

- 13. Free braided monoidal category with a braided monoid: https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/vine
- 14. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2024/08/skew_mono idal_categories_throu.html

Fibred Category Theory:

- https://arxiv.org/abs/2402.11644
- 2. https://categorytheory.zulipchat.com/#narrow/channel/2
 29136-theory.3A-category-theory/topic/A.20.22change.20
 of.20variables.22.20for.20the.20Grothendieck.20constru
 ction/near/495776958
- 3. Internal Hom in categories of co/Cartesian fibrations.
- 4. Tensor structures on fibered categories by Luca Terenzi: https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.13491. Check also the other papers by Luca Terenzi.
- 5. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/cartesian+natural+transformation (this is a cartesian morphism in $Fun(C, \mathcal{D})$ apparently)
- 6. CoCartesian fibration classifying Fun(F,G), https://mathoverflow.net/questions/457533/cocartesian-fibration-classifying-mathrmfunf-g

Operads and Multicategories:

1. Simplicial lists in operad theory I

Monads:

- 1. Relative monads: message Alyssa asking for her notes
- 2. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/adjoint+monad
- 3. Kantorovich monad (https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Kantorovich+monad) and probability monads in general, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/monads+of+probability%2C+measures%2C+and+valuations.

Enriched Categories:

1. V-matrices

Bicategories:

- 1. Bicategories of Lax Fractions, https://arxiv.org/abs/2507.12044
- 2. Linear bicategories, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/linear+b
 icategory
 - (a) Linearly distributive category, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/s how/linearly+distributive+category
 - (b) Diagrammatic Algebra of First Order Logic
 - (c) Constructing linear bicategories
 - (d) Introduction to linear bicategories
- 3. Allegories, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/allegory
- 4. Skew bicategories
- 5. Bigroupoid cardinality
- 6. Bicategory where objects are groups and a morphism $G \to H$ is a representation of $G^{op} \times H$. (I.e. functors $BG^{op} \times BH \to Vect_k$).
- 7. Relative monads internal to a bicategory
- 8. Bicategory of monoid actions
- 9. https://arxiv.org/abs/0809.1760
- 10. $Rel_G \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} Fun(BG, Rel)$
- 11. Rel but for Ab, where morphisms are pairings of the form $A \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} B \to \mathbb{Z}$.
- 12. 2-dimensional co/limits in 2-category of categories and adjoint functors
- 13. Category of equivalence classes
 - (a) Given a category C, we have a set $K_0(C)$ of isomorphism classes of objects

- (b) Given a bicategory C, there should be a category $K_0(C)$ with $\operatorname{Hom}_{K_0(C)}(A,B) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} K_0(\operatorname{Hom}_C(A,B))$
- (c) The set $\mathrm{K}_0^{\mathrm{eq}}(C)$ of equivalence classes of objects of C should then satisfy

$$K_0^{\text{eq}}(C) \cong K_0(\mathsf{K}_0(C)).$$

- 14. bicategory of chain complexes, section "Second Example: Differential Complexes of an Abelian Category" on Gabriel–Zisman's calculus of fractions
- 15. 2-vector spaces
- 16. Morita equivalence is equivalence internal to bimod
- 17. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/478867/2-category-s
 tructure-on-modr
- 18. Bicategories of matrices, as in Street's Variation through enrichment, also https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.18877
- 19. https://mathoverflow.net/a/86933
- 20. What are the internal 2-adjunctions in the fundamental 2-groupoid of a space?
- 21. 2-category structure on Mod_R , where a 2-morphism is a commutative square. Characterisation of adjuntions therein
- 22. Cook up a very large list of examples of bicategories, like the ones I made for the AI problems. In particular, find an interesting bicategory of representations qualitatively different from the one I described in the Epoch AI problem
- 23. 2-category structure on category of R-algebras as enriched Mod $_R$ -categories
- 24. Let C be a bicategory, let $A, B \in Obj(C)$, and let $F, G \in Obj(Hom_C(A, B))$.
 - (a) Does precomposition with $\lambda_{A|F}^C$: $\mathrm{id}_A \circ F \Rightarrow F$ induce an isomorphism of sets

$$\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,B)}(F,G) \cong \operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,B)}(F \circ \operatorname{id}_A,G)$$

for each $F,G \in \operatorname{Obj}(\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,B))$?

(b) Similarly, do we have an induced isomorphism of the form

$$\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{\mathsf{Hom}}_C(A,B)}(F,G)\cong \operatorname{\mathsf{Hom}}_{\operatorname{\mathsf{Hom}}_C(A,B)}(F,\operatorname{id}_B\circ G)$$
 and so on?

- 25. Are there two Duskin nerve functors? (lax/oplax/etc.?)
- 26. Interaction with cotransformations:
 - (a) Can we abstract the structure provided to Cats₂ by natural cotransformations?
 - (b) Are there analogues of cotransformations for **Rel**, Span, BiMod, MonAct, etc.?
 - (c) Perhaps this might also make sense as a 1-categorical definition, e.g. comorphisms of groups from A to B as Sets(A, B) quotiented by $f(ab) \sim f(a)f(b)$.
- 27. Consider developing the analogue of traces for endomorphisms of dualisable objects in monoidal categories to the setting of bicategories, including e.g. the trace of a category as a trace internal to Prof.
- 28. Centres of bicategories (lax, strict, etc.)
- 29. Concepts of monoidal categories applied to bicategories (e.g. traces)
- 30. Internal adjunctions in Mod as in [JY21, Section 6.3]; see [JY21, Example 6.2.6].
- 31. Comonads in the bicategory of profunctors.
- 32. 2-limit of id, id: Sets ⇒ Sets is BZ, https://mathoverflow.net/q
 uestions/209904/van-kampen-colimits?rq=1#comment520288
 _209904
- 33. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/473527/universal-p
 roperty-of-2-presheaves-and-pseudo-lax-colax-natural
 -transformations
- 34. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/473526/free-cocompl

etion-of-a-2-category-under-pseudo-colimits-lax-colimits-and-colax

Types of Morphisms in Bicategories:

- Behaviour in 2-categories of pseudofunctors (or lax functors, etc.), e.g. pointwise pseudoepic morphisms in vs. pseudoepic morphisms in 2categories of pseudofunctors.
- 2. Statements like "coequifiers are lax epimorphisms", Item 2 of Examples 2.4 of https://arxiv.org/abs/2109.09836, along with most of the other statements/examples there.
- 3. Dense, absolutely dense, etc. morphisms in bicategories

Internal adjunctions:

- 1. https://www.google.com/search?q=mate+of+an+adjunction
- 2. Moreover, by uniqueness of adjoints (Internal Adjunctions, ?? of ??), this implies also that $S = f^{-1}$.
- 3. define bicategory Adj(C)
- 4. walking monad
- 5. proposition: 2-functors preserve unitors and associators
- 6. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/2-category+of+adjunctions. Is there a 3-category too?
- 7. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/free+monad
- 8. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/CatAdj
- 9. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Adj
- 10. Adj(Adj(C))
- 11. Examples of internal adjunctions
 - (a) Internal adjunctions in Mod.

- (b) Internal adjunctions in PseudoFun(C, \mathcal{D}).
- (c) Internal adjunctions in LaxFun(C, \mathcal{D}).
- (d) Internal adjunctions in 2-categories related to fibrations.

2-Categorical Limits:

1. https://sorilee.github.io/posts/strict-bilimit-and-its
-proper-examples

Double Categories:

- 1. Ehresmann
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.08766
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.18065
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.11099
- 5. Pinwheel/Yojouhan diagrams and compositionality, section on nLab at https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/double+category

Homological Algebra:

- 1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.08321
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/418676/derived-fun ctor-of-functor-tensor-product
- 3. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/3665036/highe
 r-chain-homotopies

Topos theory:

- https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.08766
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.05338
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2503.20664
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.08351
- 5. https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.12313

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6. https://www.teses.usp.br/teses/disponiveis/45/45131/td
e-31082023-163143/en.php
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- 7. https://teses.usp.br/teses/disponiveis/45/45131/tde-2
 4042019-195658/pt-br.php
- 8. https://mathoverflow.net/q/479496
- 9. Grothendieck topologies on BA
- 10. Enriched Grothendieck topologies
 - (a) Borceux—Quintero, https://www.numdam.org/item/CTGDC_ 1996__37_2_145_0/
 - (b) https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.19529
- 11. Cotopos theory:
 - (a) Copresheaves and copresheaf cotopoi
 - (b) Elementary cotopoi
 - i. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/474287/intu
 ition-for-the-internal-logic-of-a-cotopos
 - ii. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/394098/what
 -is-a-cotopos

In case you haven't seen it yet, Grothendieck studies (pseudo) cotopos in pursuing stacks

Formal category theory:

1. Yosegi boxes https://arxiv.org/abs/1901.01594

Homotopical Algebra:

1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2109.07803

Simplicial stuff:

- 1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2507.15341
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2503.13663

- 3. https://www.math.univ-paris13.fr/~harpaz/quasi_unital
 .pdf
 - (a) slogan: geometric definition of ∞-categories should be geometric for identities too
 - (b) In an ∞ -category, define a **quasi-unit** to be a 1-morphism f such that

```
[f]_*: \operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Ho}(\operatorname{Spaces})}(\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X,A)\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X,B)),
[f]^*: \operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Ho}(\operatorname{Spaces})}(\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(B,X)\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A,X))
```

are the identity in Ho(Spaces). Explore equivalent conditions,

- (c) https://arxiv.org/abs/1606.05669
- (d) https://arxiv.org/abs/1702.08696
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0507116, https://arxiv.org/ abs/2503.11338
- 5. https://arxiv.org/abs/2302.02484 and https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.19751
- 6. Internal adjunctions in \triangle are the same as Galois connections between [n] and [m].
- 7. https://mathoverflow.net/q/478461
- 8. draw coherence for lax functors using the diagram for Δ^2
- characterisation of simplicial sets such that left, right, and two-sided homotopies agree
- 10. every continuous simplicial set arises as the nerve of a poset.
- 11. Functor sd is convolution of \mathcal{L}_{\triangle} with itself; see https://arxiv.org/pdf/1501.02503.pdf#page=109
- 12. Extra degeneracies

- (b) https://leanprover-community.github.io/mathlib_doc s/algebraic_topology/extra_degeneracy.html
- 13. Comparison between $\Delta^1/\partial\Delta^1$ and BN

∞ -Categories:

- 1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.22640
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.17102
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.02578, https://scholar.colo rado.edu/concern/graduate_thesis_or_dissertations/st74 cr650, https://arxiv.org/abs/2206.00849
- 4. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/479716/non-strictl
 y-unital-functors-of-infinity-categories
- 5. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/472253/whats-the-l ocalization-of-the-infty-category-of-categories-under -inverting-f

Condensed Mathematics:

- 1. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2020/03/pyknotici
 ty_versus_cohesivenes.html#c057724
- 2. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2020/03/pyknotici
 ty_versus_cohesivenes.html#c057810
- 3. https://maths.anu.edu.au/news-events/events/universal
 -property-category-condensed-sets
- 4. https://grossack.site/2024/07/03/life-in-johnstones-t
 opological-topos
- 5. https://grossack.site/2024/07/03/topological-topos-2-a lgebras
- 6. https://grossack.site/2024/07/03/topological-topos-3-b
 onus-axioms

7. https://terrytao.wordpress.com/2025/04/23/stonean-spa ces-projective-objects-the-riesz-representation-theor em-and-possibly-condensed-mathematics/

Monoids:

- 1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/278429/
- 2. Homological algebra of *A*-sets, https://arxiv.org/abs/1503.023
- 3. Catalan monoids, https://arxiv.org/abs/1309.6120
- 4. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/438305/grothendieck -group-of-the-fibonacci-monoid
- 5. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/2662005/how-m uch-of-a-group-g-is-determined-by-the-category-of-g-s ets
- 6. https://math.stackexchange.com/a/4996051/603207, https: //arxiv.org/abs/1006.5687
- 7. Six functor formalism for monoids, following Constructions With Sets, Section 4.6.4, but in which \cap and [-,-] are replaced with Day convolution.
- 8. Monoid $(\{1,\ldots,n\}\cup\infty,\gcd)$. The element ∞ can be replaced by $p_1^{\min(e_1^1,\ldots,e_1^m)}\cdots p_k^{\min(e_k^1,\ldots,e_k^m)}$.
- 9. Universal property of localisation of monoids as a left adjoint to the forgetful functor $C \to \mathcal{D}$, where:
 - *C* is the category whose objects are pairs (*A*, *S*) with *A* a monoid and *S* a submonoid of *A*.
 - \mathcal{D} is the category whose objects are pairs (A, S) with A a monoid and S a submonoid of A which is also a group.

Explore this also for localisations of rings

Explore if we can define field spectra with an approach like this

- 10. Adjunction between monoids and monoids with zero corresponding to $(-)^- \dashv (-)^+$
- 11. Rock paper scissors as an example of a non-associative operation
- 12. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/438305/grothendieck
 -group-of-the-fibonacci-monoid
- 13. Witt monoid, https://www.google.com/search?q=Witt+monoid
- 14. semi-direct product of monoids, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/sho
 w/semidirect+product+group
- 15. morphisms of monoids as natural transformation between left A-sets over A and B_A .
- 16. Figure out if 2-morphisms of monoids coming from Fun^{\otimes} (A_{disc} , B_{disc}), PseudoFun(BA, BB), etc. are interesting
- 17. Write sections on the quotient and set of fixed points of a set by a monoid action
- 18. Isbell's zigzag theorem for semigroups: the following conditions are equivalent:
 - (a) A morphism $f: A \to B$ of semigroups is an epimorphism.
 - (b) For each $b \in B$, one of the following conditions is satisfied:
 - We have f(a) = b.
 - There exist some $m \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}$ and two factorisations

$$b = a_0 y_1,$$

$$b = x_m a_{2m}$$

connected by relations

$$a_0 = x_1 a_1,$$

$$a_1 y_1 = a_2 y_2,$$

$$x_1 a_2 = x_2 a_3,$$

$$a_{2m-1} y_m = a_{2m}$$

such that, for each $1 \le i \le m$, we have $a_i \in \text{Im}(f)$.

Wikipedia says in https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Isbell%27s_zigzag_theorem:

For monoids, this theorem can be written more concisely:

- 19. Representation theory of monoids
 - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/37115/why-arent -representations-of-monoids-studied-so-much
 - (b) Representation theory of groups associated to monoids (groups of units, group completions, etc.)

Monoid Actions:

- 1. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-642-11297
 -3
- 2. https://ncatlab.org/schreiber/files/EquivariantInfin ityBundles_220809.pdf has some interesting things, like a fully faithful embedding of Mon(Sets $_A^L$) into Mon $_{/A}$ whose essential image is given by those monoids of the form $X \rtimes_{\alpha} A$.
- 3. $f_! \dashv f^* \dashv f_*$ adjunction
 - (a) Is it related to the Kan extensions adjunction for $f: BA \to BB$ and the categories $Sets_A^L \cong PSh(BA^{op}, Sets)$ and $Sets_B^L \cong PSh(BB^{op}, Sets)$?
 - (b) Is it related to the cobase change adjunction of https://ncat lab.org/nlab/show/base+change? Maybe we can take a morphism of monoids $f: A \to B$ and consider B_A^L as a left A-set, and then $(\mathsf{Sets}_A^L)_{A/}$ and $(\mathsf{Sets}_A^L)_{B_A^L/}$
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/2112.10198
- 5. double category of monoid actions
- 6. Analogue of Brauer groups for A-sets
- 7. Hochschild homology for A-sets

Group Theory:

- 1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/45651/is-there-a-q
 -analog-to-the-braid-group
- 2. https://johncarlosbaez.wordpress.com/2025/03/27/the-m
 cgee-group/
- 3. https://bookstore.ams.org/memo-1-2/
- 4. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-662-59144
 -4
- 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tits_group
- 6. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Group_of_Lie_type
- 7. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/251769/what-meaning s-does-chevalley-group-have
- 8. https://encyclopediaofmath.org/wiki/Chevalley_group
- 9. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Group_of_Lie_type
- 10. MO: cardinality of $Cl(Aut(GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)))$
- 11. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4419869/do-t he-groups-operatornamesl-operatornamepgl-and-operatorn amepsl
- 12. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Order_formulas_for _linear_groups
- 13. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Order_of_semidirec
 t_product_is_product_of_orders
- 14. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Central_automorphi
 sm_group_of_general_linear_group
- 15. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Automorphism_group
 _of_general_linear_group_over_a_field
- 16. https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Inner-centralizin
 g_automorphism

- 17. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/2519372/number-of-conjugacy-classes-for-the-modular-group
- 18. $GL_n(K)$ for K a skew field
- 19. https://arxiv.org/abs/1212.6157, https://arxiv.org/abs/
 0708.1608, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wild_problem,
 https://www.google.com/search?q=matrix+pair+problem,
 https://arxiv.org/abs/2007.09242, https://mathoverflow
 .net/questions/291815/rational-canonical-form-over-mat
 hbbz-pk-mathbbz, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/291
 815/rational-canonical-form-over-mathbbz-pk-mathbbz
- 20. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-981-13-289
 5-4
- 21. https://ysharifi.wordpress.com/2022/09/14/automorphism
 s-of-dihedral-groups/
- 22. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PSL(2,7)
- 23. https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.08617
- 24. https://johncarlosbaez.wordpress.com/2016/03/22/the-i nvolute-of-a-cubical-parabola/#comment-78884
- 25. https://arxiv.org/abs/0904.1876
- 26. finite subgroups of SU(2), and viewing them as groups of rotations and such
- 27. https://arxiv.org/abs/1201.2363
- 28. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/group+extension#Schreier
 Theory, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/nonabelian+cohom
 ology, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/nonabelian+group+c
 ohomology
- 29. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fibonacci_group
- 30. Study the functoriality properties of $G \mapsto \operatorname{Aut}(G)$ via functoriality of ends

- 31. Is $\sum_{[g] \in Cl(G)} \frac{1}{[g]}$ an interesting invariant of G?
- 32. Idempotent endomorphism $f: A \to A$ is the same as a decomposition $A \cong B \oplus C$ via $B \cong \operatorname{Im}(f)$ and $C \cong \operatorname{Ker}(f)$.
 - (a) https://mathstrek.blog/2015/03/02/idempotents-and -decomposition/
- 33. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/34271/order-o f-general-and-special-linear-groups-over-finite-fields

Linear Algebra:

1. Size of conjugacy class [A] of $A \in GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$ is given by $\#GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$ divided by the centralizer $Z_{GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)}(A)$ of A in $GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$, whose order is given by

$$\# Z_{GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)}(A) = \prod_{i=1}^k \# GL_{r_i}(\mathbb{F}_q)
= q^{\sum_{i=1}^k \binom{r_i}{2}} \prod_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=0}^{r_i-1} (q^{r_i-j} - 1)$$

if A is diagonalisable with eigenvalues $\lambda_1,\ldots,\lambda_k$ having multiplicities r_1,\ldots,r_k . More generally, see https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Conjugacy_class_size_formula_in_general_linear_group_over_a_finite_field

- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Semilinear_map
- 3. conjugacy for $GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$, https://mathoverflow.net/a/104457
- 4. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dieudonn%C3%A9_determina nt, https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Dieudonn%C3%A9+deter minant#Dieudonne
- 5. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Pfaffian
- 6. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1715249/the-n umber-of-subspaces-over-a-finite-field

- 7. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/70801/how-man y-k-dimensional-subspaces-there-are-in-n-dimensional-v ector-space-over
- 8. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaussian_binomial_coeffi
 cient
- 9. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_q-analogs

Noncommutative Algebra:

- https://arxiv.org/abs/1608.08140
- 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.12884
- 3. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/dihedral+homology
- 4. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/0022
 404995000836
- 5. https://arxiv.org/abs/2008.11569, https://www.lakeheadu. ca/sites/default/files/uploads/77/docs/Cox%20Daniel.pd f

Commutative Algebra:

- 1. If $M \in Pic(R)$, then $Aut(M) \cong R^{\times}$.
- 2. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/637918/
- 3. https://categorytheory.zulipchat.com/#narrow/stream/41
 1257-theory.3A-mathematics/topic/Big.20Witt.20ring
- 4. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/535623/how-m any-irreducible-factors-does-xn-1-have-over-finite-field
- 5. Derivations between morphisms of *R*-algebras, after https://mathoverflow.net/questions/434488
 - (a) Namely, a derivation from a morphism $f: A \to B$ of R-algebras

to a morphism $g: A \to B$ of R-algebras is a map $D: B \to B$ such that we have

$$D(ab) = q(a)D(b) + D(a)f(b)$$

for each $a, b \in B$.

Hyper Algebra:

- 1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2205.02362
- 2. http://www.numdam.org/item/SD_1959-1960__13_1_A9_0/
- 3. https://www.worldscientific.com/worldscibooks/10.1142/
 13652#t=aboutBook

Coalgebra:

1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/483668/textrepd-4-a
nd-its-three-fiber-functors

Topological Algebra:

- 1. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2014/08/holy_crap
 _do_you_know_what_a_c.html
- 2. https://categorytheory.zulipchat.com/#narrow/channel/4
 11257-theory.3A-mathematics/topic/topological.20rings
 .20and.20fields
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/q/477757
- 4. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/2593556/galois-theory-for-topological-fields

Differential Graded Algebras:

1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/476150/constructing -an-adjunction-between-algebras-and-differential-grade d-algebras

Topology:

- 1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2507.18418
- 2. Topologies on $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}(X))$, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/496630/topological-analogues-of-gromov-hausdorff-convergence
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/255912/what-is-the -structure-associated-to-almost-everywhere-convergence
- 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.12965
- 5. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/485669/exponentia l-law-for-topological-spaces-for-the-topology-of-poi ntwise-convergence and comments therein
- 6. This paper has some cool references on convergence spaces: https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.18245
- 7. https://arxiv.org/abs/2402.12316
- 8. Write about the 6-functor formalism for sheaves on topological spaces and for topological stacks, with lots of examples.
 - (a) MO question titled 6-functor formalism for topological stacks: https://mathoverflow.net/q/471758

Measure Theory:

- 1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/126994/beck-chevall
 ey-for-measures
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/483726
- 3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Valuation_%28measure_the
 ory%29
- 4. There's a theorem saying that there does not exist an infinite-dimensional "Lebesgue" measure, i.e. (from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Infinite-dimensional_Lebesgue_measure):

Let X be an infinite-dimensional, separable Banach space.

Then, the only locally finite and translation invariant Borel measure μ on X is a trivial measure. Equivalently, there is no locally finite, strictly positive, and translation invariant measure on X.

What kind of measures exist/not exist that satisfy all conditions above except being locally finite?

- 5. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/categories+of+measure+th eory
- 6. Functions $f_!$, f^* , and f_* between spaces of (probability) measures on probability/measurable spaces, mimicking how a map of sets $f: X \to Y$ induces morphisms of sets $f_!$, f^* , and f_* between $\mathcal{P}(X)$ and $\mathcal{P}(Y)$.
- 7. Analogies between representable presheaves and the Yoneda lemma on the one hand and Dirac probability measures on the other hand
 - (a) Universal property of the embedding of a space X into the space of probability measures on X
 - (b) Same question but for distributions
 - (c) non-symmetric metric on space of probability measures where we define $d(\mu, \nu)$ to be the measure given by

$$U \mapsto \int_U \rho_\mu \,\mathrm{d} \nu,$$

where ρ_{μ} is the probability density of μ . Can we make this idea work?

- 8. https://arxiv.org/abs/0801.2250
- 9. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/325861

In particular, I came across a PhD thesis by Martial Agueh. I thought it was interesting because it explicitly investigated the geodesics of Wasserstein space to produce solutions to a type of parabolic PDE.

Probability Theory:

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wiener_sausage
- 2. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-319-20828-2
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.10676
- 4. Lévy's forgery theorem
- 5. https://www.epatters.org/wiki/stats-ml/categorical-pro bability-theory
- 6. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/category-theoretic+appro
 aches+to+probability+theory
- 7. Categorical probability theory
- 8. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2024/08/introduct ion_to_categorical_pr.html
- 9. https://arxiv.org/abs/1109.1880
- 10. Connection between fractional differential operators and stochastic processes with jumps

Statistics:

1. https://towardsdatascience.com/t-test-from-application -to-theory-5e5051b0f9dc

Metric Spaces:

- 1. Lawvere metric spaces: object of $\mathcal V$ -natural transformations corresponds to $\inf(\operatorname{d}(f(x),g(x)))$.
- 2. Does the assignment $d(x, y) \mapsto d(x, y)/(1 + d(x, y))$ constructing a bounded metric from a metric be given a universal property?
- 3. Explore Lawvere metric spaces in a comprehensive manner
- 4. metric lcm(x, y)/gcd(x, y) on \mathbb{N} , https://mathoverflow.net/questions/461588/. What shape do balls on $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ have with respect to this metric?

- 5. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2023/05/metric_sp aces_as_enriched_categories_ii.html
- 6. Simon Willerton's work on the Legendre–Fenchel transform:
 - (a) https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2014/04/enric hment_and_the_legendrefen.html
 - (b) https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2014/05/enric hment_and_the_legendrefen_1.html
 - (c) https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.03791

Special Functions:

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dickson_polynomial
 p-Adic Analysis:
 - 1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2503.08909
 - 2. Analysis of functions $\mathbb{Z}_p \to \mathbb{Q}_q$, $\mathbb{Q}_p \to \mathbb{Q}_q$, $\mathbb{Z}_p \to \mathbb{C}_q$, etc.
 - (a) https://siegelmaxwellc.wordpress.com/publication s-pre-prints/

Partial Differential Equations:

- 1. Moduli of PDEs
 - (a) https://arxiv.org/abs/2312.05226, https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.16825
 - (b) https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.08671, https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.07931
 - (c) https://arxiv.org/abs/2507.07937
- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Homotopy_principle
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/125166/wild-solutio ns-of-the-heat-equation-how-to-graph-them
- 4. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/2112841/diffe

rence-between-linear-semilinear-and-quasilinear-pdes/ 5036699#5036699

- 5. Proof of the smoothing property of the heat equation via:
 - (a) Feynman-Kac formula
 - (b) Radon-Nikodym + Wiener process has Gaussian as PDF
 - (c) Convolution of locally integrable with smooth is smooth
- 6. Geometry of PDEs:
 - (a) https://mathoverflow.net/questions/457268/pdes-and -algebraic-varieties
 - (b) Can we build a kind of algebraic geometry of PDEs starting with the notion of the zero locus of a differential operator?
 - i. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/diffiety

Functional Analysis:

- 1. https://www.numdam.org/item/SE_1957-1958__1__A3_0/
- 2. https://thenumb.at/Functions-are-Vectors/
- 3. Tate vector spaces
- 4. Analytic sheaves, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/48440 8/literature-on-fr%c3%a9chet-quasi-coherent-sheaves
- 5. https://mathscinet.ams.org/mathscinet/article?mr=12571
 71
- 6. Vidav-Palmer theorem
- 7. In the Hilbert space $\ell^2(\mathbb{N}; \mathbb{C})$, the operator $(x_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \mapsto (x_{n+1})_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ admits $(x_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \mapsto (0, x_0, x_1, \ldots)$ as its adjoint.
- 8. https://arxiv.org/abs/2110.06300

Lie algebras:

1. Pre-Lie algebras

- 2. Post-Lie algebras
- 3. https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.05929

Modular Representation Theory:

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Deligne%E2%80%93Lusztig_
 theory
- 2. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/167979/repres entation-of-cyclic-group-over-finite-field
- 3. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/153429/irredu cible-representations-of-a-cyclic-group-over-a-field -of-prime-order

Homotopy theory:

- 1. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/495229
- 2. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Moore+path+category,http
 s://mathoverflow.net/questions/486905/has-the-path-cat
 egory-of-a-topological-space-been-studied/487212#4872
 12
- 3. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/group+actions+on+spheres,
 https://www.maths.ed.ac.uk/~v1ranick/papers/wall7.pdf,
 https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1575798/which
 -groups-act-freely-on-sn, https://arxiv.org/abs/math/021
 2280.
- 4. Pascal's triangle via homology of n-tori, https://topospaces.sub wiki.org/wiki/Homology_of_torus
- 5. Conditions on morphisms of spaces $f: X \to Y$ such that $f^*: [Y, K] \to [X, K]$ or $f_*: [K, X] \to [K, Y]$ are injective/surjective (so, epi/monomorphisms in $Ho(\Pi)$) or other conditions.

Algebraic Geometry:

 Galois points, https://bdtd.ibict.br/vufind/Record/USP_c5 e6638812a74657c40fcd402a894514 2. https://arxiv.org/abs/2407.09256

Differential Geometry:

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spherical_3-manifold
- 2. functor of points approach to differential geometry

Number Theory:

- 1. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/10233/uses-o
 f-quadratic-reciprocity-theorem/10719#10719
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/120067/what-do-the ta-functions-have-to-do-with-quadratic-reciprocity

Classical Mechanics:

- 1. Koopman–von Neumann formalism
- 2. Relativistic Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics

Quantum Mechanics:

1. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/geometrical+formulation+
 of+quantum+mechanics

Quantum Field Theory:

- https://arxiv.org/abs/2309.15913 and https://arxiv.org/ abs/2311.09284
- 2. The current ongoing work on higher gauge theory, specially Christian Saemann's
- 3. The recent work about determining the value of the strong coupling constant in the long-distance range, some pointers and keywords for this are available at this scientific american article.

Combinatorics:

1. Catalan numbers, https://mathstrek.blog/2012/02/19/powe r-series-and-generating-functions-ii-formal-power-ser ies/ Other:

- 1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.00084
- 2. Are sedenions and higher useful for anything?
- 3. https://mathstodon.xyz/@pschwahn/113388126188923908
- 4. Tambara functors, https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.23052
- 5. 2-vector spaces
- 6. 2-term chain complexes. They form a 2-category and middle-four exchange holds, the proof using the fact that we have

$$h_1 \circ \alpha + \beta \circ q_2 = k_1 \circ \alpha + \beta \circ f_2$$
,

which uses the chain homotopy identities

$$d_V \circ \alpha = g_2 - f_2,$$

$$-\beta \circ d_V = h_1 - k_1.$$

Can we modify this to work for usual chain complexes, seeking an answer to https://mathoverflow.net/questions/424268? What seems to make things go wrong in that case is that the chain homotopy identities are replaced with

$$\alpha_{n+1} \circ d_n^V + d_{n-1}^W \circ \alpha_n = g_n - f_n,$$

 $\beta_{n+1} \circ d_n^V + d_{n-1}^W \circ \beta_n = k_n - h_n.$

- 7. https://arxiv.org/abs/1402.2600
- 8. https://grossack.site/blog
- 9. Classifying space of \mathbb{Q}_p
- 10. https://www.valth.eu/proc.htm
- 11. Construction of \mathbb{R} via slopes:
 - (a) http://maths.mq.edu.au/~street/EffR.pdf

- (b) https://arxiv.org/abs/math/0301015
- (c) Pierre Colmez's comment "Et si on remplace $\mathbb Z$ par $\mathbb Q$, on obtient les adèles."
- (d) I wonder if one could apply an analogue of this construction to the sphere spectrum and obtain a kind of spectral version of the real numbers, as in e.g. following the spirit of https://mathover-flow.net/questions/443018.
- 12. https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.04936
- 13. https://mathoverflow.net/a/471510
- 14. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/279478/the-categor
 y-theory-of-span-enriched-categories-2-segal-spaces/44
 8523#448523
- 15. The works of David Kern, https://dskern.github.io/writings
- 16. https://qchu.wordpress.com/
- 17. https://aroundtoposes.com/
- 18. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/essentially+surjective+a
 nd+full+functor
- 19. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/415363/objects-who
 se-representable-presheaf-is-a-fibration
- 20. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/460146/universal-p roperty-of-isbell-duality
- 21. http://www.tac.mta.ca/tac/volumes/36/12/36-12abs.html (Isbell conjugacy and the reflexive completion)
- 22. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/enrichment+versus+intern
 alisation
- 23. The works of Philip Saville, https://philipsaville.co.uk/
- 24. https://golem.ph.utexas.edu/category/2024/02/from_cart esian_to_symmetric_mo.html

- 25. https://mathoverflow.net/q/463855 (One-object lax transformations)
- 26. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/analytic+completion+of+a
 +ring
- 27. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quaternionic_analysis
- 28. https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.15051 (The Norm Functor over Schemes)
- 29. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/407291/ (Adjunctions with respect to profunctors)
- 30. https://mathoverflow.net/a/462726 (Prof is free completion of Cats under right extensions)
- 31. there's some cool stuff in https://arxiv.org/abs/2312.00990 (Polynomial Functors: A Mathematical Theory of Interaction), e.g. on cofunctors.
- 32. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/adjoint+lifting+theorem
- 33. https://ncatlab.org/nlab/show/Gabriel%E2%80%93Ulmer+du ality

General TODO:

- 1. https://arxiv.org/abs/2108.11952
- 2. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/483243/is-there-a-t heory-of-completions-of-semirings-similar-to-i-adic-c ompletions-of
- 3. https://mathoverflow.net/questions/9218/probabilisti
 c-proofs-of-analytic-facts
- 4. https://x.com/cihanpoststhms
- 5. Special graded rings, https://mathoverflow.net/questions/403 448/in-search-of-lost-graded-rings

- (a) https://arxiv.org/abs/1209.5122
- 6. Counterexamples in category theory
- 7. https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/279347/counte
 rexample-math-books
- 8. Browse MO questions/answers for interesting ideas/topics
- 9. Change Longrightarrow to Rightarrow where appropriate
- 10. Try to minimize the amount of footnotes throughout the project. There should be no long footnotes.

Appendices

A Other Chapters

Preliminaries

- 1. Introduction
- 2. A Guide to the Literature

Sets

- 3. Sets
- 4. Constructions With Sets
- 5. Monoidal Structures on the Category of Sets
- 6. Pointed Sets
- 7. Tensor Products of Pointed Sets

Relations

- 8. Relations
- 9. Constructions With Relations

10. Conditions on Relations

Categories

- 11. Categories
- 12. Presheaves and the Yoneda Lemma

Monoidal Categories

13. Constructions With Monoidal Categories

Bicategories

14. Types of Morphisms in Bicategories

Extra Part

15. Notes

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References

[MO 382264] Neil Strickland. Proof that a cartesian category is monoidal. Math-Overflow. URL: https://mathoverflow.net/q/382264 (cit. on p. 44).

[JY21] Niles Johnson and Donald Yau. 2-Dimensional Categories. Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2021, pp. xix+615. ISBN: 978-0-19-887138-5; 978-0-19-887137-8. DOI: 10 . 1093 / oso / 9780198871378 . 001 . 0001. URL: https://doi.org/10.1093/oso/9780198871378 . 001 . 0001 (cit. on p. 52).