

# Presheaves and the Yoneda Lemma

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July 22, 2025

**02H3** This chapter contains some material about presheaves and the Yoneda lemma. This chapter is under revision. TODO:

1. Subsection properties of categories of copresheaves
2. Adjointness of tensor product of functors
3. Limit of category of elements (instead of colimit)
4. Category of elements where objects are natural transformations  $\mathcal{F} \Rightarrow h_X$  instead of the other way around. Is this related to Isbell duality?
5. Motivate the proof of the Yoneda lemma as in Martin's comment here: [https://mathoverflow.net/questions/130883/are-there-proofs-that-you-feel-you-did-not-understand-for-a-long-time#comment360113\\_131050](https://mathoverflow.net/questions/130883/are-there-proofs-that-you-feel-you-did-not-understand-for-a-long-time#comment360113_131050)
6. Add discussion of universal properties
7. Add  $h_{g \circ f} = h_g \circ h_f$  to properties of representable natural transformations

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## 02H4 12.1 Presheaves

### 02H5 12.1.1 Foundations

Let  $C$  be a category.

#### 02H6 DEFINITION 12.1.1.1.1 ► PRESHEAVES ON A CATEGORY

A **presheaf on  $C$**  is a functor  $\mathcal{F} : C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$ .

#### 02H7 EXAMPLE 12.1.1.1.2 ► PRESHEAVES ON ONE-OBJECT CATEGORIES

Presheaves on the delooping  $BA$  of a monoid  $A$  are precisely the left  $A$ -sets; see Monoid Actions, ??.

#### 02H8 DEFINITION 12.1.1.1.3 ► MORPHISMS OF PRESHEAVES

A **morphism of presheaves** on  $C$  from  $\mathcal{F}$  to  $\mathcal{G}$  is a natural transformation  $\alpha : \mathcal{F} \Rightarrow \mathcal{G}$ .

02H9

## DEFINITION 12.1.1.1.4 ► THE CATEGORY OF PRESHEAVES ON A CATEGORY

The **category of presheaves on  $C$**  is the category  $\mathbf{PSh}(C)$ <sup>1</sup> defined by

$$\mathbf{PSh}(C) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathbf{Fun}(C^{\text{op}}, \mathbf{Sets}).$$

<sup>1</sup>Further Notation: Also written  $\widehat{C}$  in some parts of the literature.

02HA

## REMARK 12.1.1.1.5 ► UNWINDING DEFINITION 12.1.1.1.4

In detail, the **category of presheaves on  $C$**  is the category  $\mathbf{PSh}(C)$  where

- *Objects.* The objects of  $\mathbf{PSh}(C)$  are presheaves on  $C$  as in **Definition 12.1.1.1.1**.
- *Morphisms.* The morphisms of  $\mathbf{PSh}(C)$  are morphisms of presheaves as in **Definition 12.1.1.1.3**, i.e. we have

$$\mathbf{Hom}_{\mathbf{PSh}(C)}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathbf{Nat}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G})$$

for each  $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \in \mathbf{Obj}(\mathbf{PSh}(C))$ .

- *Identities.* For each  $\mathcal{F} \in \mathbf{Obj}(\mathbf{PSh}(C))$ , the unit map

$$\mathbb{1}_{\mathcal{F}}^{\mathbf{PSh}(C)} : \text{pt} \rightarrow \mathbf{Nat}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{F})$$

of  $\mathbf{PSh}(C)$  at  $\mathcal{F}$  is defined by

$$\text{id}_{\mathcal{F}}^{\mathbf{PSh}(C)} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{id}_{\mathcal{F}},$$

where  $\text{id}_{\mathcal{F}} : \mathcal{F} \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$  is the identity natural transformation of **Categories, Example 11.9.3.1.1**.

- *Composition.* For each  $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}, \mathcal{H} \in \mathbf{Obj}(\mathbf{PSh}(C))$ , the composition map

$$\circ_{\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}, \mathcal{H}}^{\mathbf{PSh}(C)} : \mathbf{Nat}(\mathcal{G}, \mathcal{H}) \times \mathbf{Nat}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}) \rightarrow \mathbf{Nat}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{H})$$

of  $\mathbf{PSh}(C)$  at  $(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}, \mathcal{H})$  is defined by

$$\beta \circ_{\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}, \mathcal{H}}^{\mathbf{PSh}(C)} \alpha \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \beta \circ \alpha,$$

where  $\beta \circ \alpha : \mathcal{F} \Rightarrow \mathcal{H}$  is the vertical composition of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  of **Categories, Definition 11.9.4.1.1**.

## 02HB 12.1.2 Representable Presheaves

Let  $C$  be a category.

### 02HC DEFINITION 12.1.2.1.1 ► REPRESENTABLE PRESHEAVES

Let  $A \in \text{Obj}(C)$ .

02HD 1. The **representable presheaf associated to**  $A$  is the presheaf

$$h_A: C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$$

where

- *Action on Objects.* For each  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , we have

$$h_A(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Hom}_C(X, A).$$

- *Action on Morphisms.* For each  $X, Y \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , the action on morphisms

$$h_{A|X,Y}: \text{Hom}_C(X, Y) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\text{Sets}}(h_A(Y), h_A(X))$$

of  $h_A$  at  $(X, Y)$  is given by sending a morphism

$$f: X \rightarrow Y$$

of  $C$  to the map of sets

$$h_A(f): \underbrace{h_A(Y)}_{\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Hom}_C(Y, A)} \rightarrow \underbrace{h_A(X)}_{\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Hom}_C(X, A)}$$

defined by

$$h_A(f) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} f^*,$$

where  $f^*$  is the precomposition by  $f$  morphism of **Categories**, **Item 1** of **Definition 11.1.4.1.1**.

02HE 2. A **representing object** for a presheaf  $\mathcal{F}: C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  on  $C$  is an object  $A$  of  $C$  such that we have  $\mathcal{F} \cong h_A$ .

02HF 3. A presheaf  $\mathcal{F}: C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  on  $C$  is **representable** if  $\mathcal{F}$  admits a representing object.

02HG

**EXAMPLE 12.1.2.1.2 ► REPRESENTABLE PRESHEAVES ON ONE-OBJECT CATEGORIES**

The representable presheaf on the delooping  $BA$  of a monoid  $A$  associated to the unique object  $\bullet$  of  $BA$  is the left regular representation of  $A$  of Monoid Actions, ??.

02HH


**PROPOSITION 12.1.2.1.3 ► UNIQUENESS OF REPRESENTING OBJECTS UP TO ISOMORPHISM**

Let  $\mathcal{F} : C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  be a presheaf. If there exist  $A, B \in \text{Obj}(C)$  such that we have natural isomorphisms

$$\begin{aligned} h_A &\cong \mathcal{F}, \\ h_B &\cong \mathcal{F}, \end{aligned}$$

then  $A \cong B$ .

**PROOF 12.1.2.1.4 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.1.2.1.3**

By composing the isomorphisms  $h_A \cong \mathcal{F} \cong h_B$ , we get a natural isomorphism  $h_A \cong h_B$ . By [Item 2 of Proposition 12.1.4.1.3](#), we have  $A \cong B$ . 

02HJ

**12.1.3 Representable Natural Transformations**

Let  $C$  be a category, let  $A, B \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , and let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  be a morphism of  $C$ .

02HK

**DEFINITION 12.1.3.1.1 ► REPRESENTABLE NATURAL TRANSFORMATIONS**

The **representable natural transformation associated to  $f$**  is the natural transformation

$$h_f : h_A \Rightarrow h_B$$

consisting of the collection

$$\left\{ h_{f|X} : \underbrace{h_A(X)}_{\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Hom}_C(X, A)} \rightarrow \underbrace{h_B(X)}_{\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Hom}_C(X, B)} \right\}_{X \in \text{Obj}(C)}$$

with

$$h_{f|X} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} f_*,$$

where  $f_*$  is the postcomposition by  $f$  morphism of [Categories, Item 2 of Definition 11.1.4.1.1](#).

## 02HL 12.1.4 The Yoneda Embedding

## 02HM DEFINITION 12.1.4.1.1 ► THE YONEDA EMBEDDING

The **Yoneda embedding** of  $C$ <sup>1</sup> is the functor<sup>2</sup>

$$\mathfrak{Y}_C : C \hookrightarrow \mathbf{PSh}(C)$$

where

- *Action on Objects.* For each  $A \in \mathbf{Obj}(C)$ , we have

$$\mathfrak{Y}_C(A) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h_A.$$

- *Action on Morphisms.* For each  $A, B \in \mathbf{Obj}(C)$ , the action on morphisms

$$\mathfrak{Y}_{C|A,B} : \mathbf{Hom}_C(A, B) \rightarrow \mathbf{Nat}(h_A, h_B)$$

of  $\mathfrak{Y}_C$  at  $(A, B)$  is given by

$$\mathfrak{Y}_{C|A,B}(f) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h_f$$

for each  $f \in \mathbf{Hom}_C(A, B)$ , where  $h_f$  is the representable natural transformation associated to  $f$  of **Definition 12.1.3.1.1**.

<sup>1</sup>*Further Terminology:* Also called the **covariant Yoneda embedding** to distinguish it from the contravariant Yoneda embedding of **Theorem 12.2.5.1.1**.

<sup>2</sup>*Further Notation:* Also written  $h_{(-)}$ , or simply  $\mathfrak{Y}$ .

02HN REMARK 12.1.4.1.2 ► ON THE USAGE OF  $\mathfrak{Y}$  TO DENOTE THE YONEDA EMBEDDING

The notation  $\mathfrak{Y}$  for the Yoneda embedding was first introduced in [JS17]. The symbol  $\mathfrak{Y}$  is the **hiragana for yo**, and comes from “Yoneda” in Nobuo Yoneda (米田信夫).

It is pronounced yo but without letting the “o” in yo sound like an o-u diphthong:

- See [here](#).
- IPA transcription: [jɔ̞].

02HP

**PROPOSITION 12.1.4.1.3 ► PROPERTIES OF THE YONEDA EMBEDDING**

Let  $C$  be a category.

02HQ

1. *Fully Faithfulness.* The Yoneda embedding

$$\mathcal{Y}_C : C \hookrightarrow \mathbf{PSh}(C)$$

is fully faithful.

02HR

2. *Preservation and Reflection of Isomorphisms.* The Yoneda embedding

$$\mathcal{Y}_C : C \hookrightarrow \mathbf{PSh}(C)$$

preserves and reflects isomorphisms, i.e. given  $A, B \in \mathbf{Obj}(C)$ , the following conditions are equivalent:

02HS

- (a) We have  $A \cong B$ .

02HT

- (b) We have  $h_A \cong h_B$ .

02HU

3. *Density.* The Yoneda embedding

$$\mathcal{Y}_C : C \hookrightarrow \mathbf{PSh}(C)$$

is dense.

02HV

4. *Interaction With Density Comonads.* We have

$$\mathrm{Lan}_{\mathcal{Y}}(\mathcal{Y}) \cong \mathrm{id}_{\mathbf{PSh}(C)},$$

02HW

5. *Interaction With Codensity Monads.* We have

$$\mathrm{Ran}_{\mathcal{Y}}(\mathcal{Y}) \cong \mathrm{Spec} \circ \mathrm{O},$$

where  $\mathrm{Spec}$  and  $\mathrm{O}$  are the functors of ??.

## PROOF 12.1.4.1.4 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.1.4.1.3

## Item 1: Fully Faithfulness

Let  $A, B \in \text{Obj}(C)$ . Applying the Yoneda lemma ([Theorem 12.1.5.1.1](#)) to the functor  $h_B$  (i.e. in the case  $\mathcal{F} = h_B$ ), we have

$$\text{Hom}_C(A, B) \cong \text{Nat}(h_A, h_B),$$

and the natural isomorphism

$$\xi_{A,B}: h_B(A) \Rightarrow \text{Nat}(h_A, h_B)$$

witnessing this bijection is given by

$$\xi_{A,B}(g)_X \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h_g^X \\ \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} g_*$$

for each  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$  and each  $g \in h_B^X$ , i.e. we have  $\xi_{A,B} = \mathfrak{Y}_{C|A,B}$ . Thus  $\mathfrak{Y}_C$  is fully faithful.

## Item 2: Preservation and Reflection of Isomorphisms

This follows from [Categories](#), [Item 1](#) of [Proposition 11.5.1.1.8](#) and [Item 3](#) of [Proposition 11.6.3.1.2](#).

## Item 3: Density

Omitted.

## Item 4: Interaction With Density Comonads

Omitted.

## Item 5: Interaction With Codensity Monads

Omitted.



## 02HX 12.1.5 The Yoneda Lemma

Let  $\mathcal{F}: C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  be a presheaf on  $C$ .

## 02HY THEOREM 12.1.5.1.1 ► THE YONEDA LEMMA

We have a bijection

$$\text{Nat}(h_A, \mathcal{F}) \cong \mathcal{F}(A),$$



natural in  $A \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , determining a natural isomorphism of functors

$$\text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F}) \cong \mathcal{F}.$$

**PROOF 12.1.5.1.2 ► PROOF OF THEOREM 12.1.5.1.1**

**The Transformation  $\text{ev}: \text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F}) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$**

Let

$$\text{ev}: \text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F}) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$$

be the transformation consisting of the collection

$$\{\text{ev}_A: \text{Nat}(h_A, \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(A)\}_{A \in \text{Obj}(C)}$$

with

$$\text{ev}_A(\alpha) = \alpha_A(\text{id}_A)$$

for each  $\alpha \in \text{Nat}(h_A, \mathcal{F})$ , where  $\alpha_A$  is the component

$$\alpha_A: \text{Hom}_C(A, A) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(A)$$

of  $\alpha$  at  $A$ .

**The Transformation  $\xi: \mathcal{F} \Rightarrow \text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F})$**

Let

$$\xi: \mathcal{F} \Rightarrow \text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F})$$

be the transformation consisting of the collection

$$\{\xi_A: \mathcal{F}(A) \rightarrow \text{Nat}(h_A, \mathcal{F})\}_{A \in \text{Obj}(C)},$$

where  $\xi_A$  is the map sending an element  $\phi \in \mathcal{F}(A)$  to the transformation

$$\xi_A(\phi): h_A \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$$

(which we will show is natural in a bit) consisting of the collection

$$\{\xi_A(\phi)_X: h_A(X) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(X)\}_{X \in \text{Obj}(C)},$$

with

$$\xi_A(\phi)_X(f) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\mathcal{F}(f)](\phi)$$

for each  $f \in h_A(X)$ , where

$$\mathcal{F}(f): \mathcal{F}(A) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(X)$$

is the image of  $f$  by  $\mathcal{F}$ .

Naturality of  $\xi_A(\phi): h_A \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$

The transformation

$$\xi_A(\phi): h_A \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$$

is indeed natural, as the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} h_A^Y & \xrightarrow{f^*} & h_A^X \\ \xi_A(\phi)_Y \downarrow & & \downarrow \xi_A(\phi)_X \\ \mathcal{F}(Y) & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}(f)} & \mathcal{F}(X) \end{array}$$

commutes for each morphism  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  of  $\mathcal{C}$ , acting on elements as

$$\begin{array}{ccc} h & & h \longmapsto h \circ f \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ [\mathcal{F}(h)](\phi) & \longmapsto & [\mathcal{F}(f)]([\mathcal{F}(h)](\phi)) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} h & \longmapsto & h \circ f \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ [\mathcal{F}(h \circ f)](\phi) & & [\mathcal{F}(h \circ f)](\phi), \end{array}$$

where we have

$$[\mathcal{F}(f)]([\mathcal{F}(h)](\phi)) = [\mathcal{F}(h \circ f)](\phi)$$

by the functoriality of  $\mathcal{F}$ .

Naturality of  $\text{ev}: \text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F}) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$

Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a morphism of  $\mathcal{C}$ . We claim the naturality diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Nat}(h_Y, \mathcal{F}) & \xrightarrow{(h_f)^*} & \text{Nat}(h_X, \mathcal{F}) \\ \text{ev}_Y \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{ev}_X \\ \mathcal{F}(Y) & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}(f)} & \mathcal{F}(X) \end{array}$$

for  $\text{ev}$  at  $f$ , acting on elements as

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \alpha & & \alpha \longmapsto \alpha \circ h_f \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \alpha_Y(\text{id}_Y) \longmapsto [\mathcal{F}(f)](\alpha_Y(\text{id}_Y)) & & [\alpha \circ h_f]_X(\text{id}_X), \end{array}$$

commutes. Indeed:

- We have

$$\begin{aligned} [\alpha \circ h_f]_X(\text{id}_X) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\alpha_X \circ h_{f|X}](\text{id}_X) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\alpha_X \circ f_*](\text{id}_X) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \alpha_X(f_*(\text{id}_X)) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \alpha_X(f). \end{aligned}$$

- Applying the naturality diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} h_Y^Y & \xrightarrow{f^*} & h_Y^X \\ \alpha_Y \downarrow & & \downarrow \alpha_X \\ \mathcal{F}(Y) & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}(f)} & \mathcal{F}(X) \end{array}$$

of  $\alpha: h_Y \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}$  at  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  to the element  $\text{id}_Y$  of  $h_Y^Y$ , we have

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{id}_Y & & \text{id}_Y \longmapsto f \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \alpha_Y(\text{id}_Y) \longmapsto [\mathcal{F}(f)](\alpha_Y(\text{id}_Y)) & & \alpha_X(f), \end{array}$$

showing that we have

$$[\mathcal{F}(f)](\alpha_Y(\text{id}_Y)) = \alpha_X(f).$$

Thus the naturality diagram for  $\text{ev}$  at  $f$  commutes, and  $\text{ev}$  is natural.

Naturality of  $\xi: \mathcal{F} \Rightarrow \text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F})$

Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a morphism of  $C$ . We claim the naturality diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{F}(Y) & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}(f)} & \mathcal{F}(X) \\ \xi_Y \downarrow & & \downarrow \xi_X \\ \text{Nat}(h_Y, \mathcal{F}) & \xrightarrow{(h_f)^*} & \text{Nat}(h_X, \mathcal{F}) \end{array}$$

for  $\xi$  at  $f$ , acting on elements as

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \phi & & \phi \mapsto [\mathcal{F}(f)](\phi) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \xi_Y(\phi) \mapsto \xi_Y(\phi) \circ h_f & & \xi_X([\mathcal{F}(f)](\phi)) \end{array}$$

commutes. Indeed, for each  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$  and each  $g \in h_X^A$ , we have

$$\begin{aligned} [\xi_Y(\phi) \circ h_f]_X(g) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\xi_Y(\phi)_X \circ h_{f|X}](g) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\xi_Y(\phi)_X \circ f_*](g) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \xi_Y(\phi)_X(f_*(g)) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \xi_Y(\phi)_X(f \circ g) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\mathcal{F}(f \circ g)](\phi) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} [\xi_X([\mathcal{F}(f)](\phi))]_X(g) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathcal{F}(g)([\mathcal{F}(f)](\phi)) \\ &= [\mathcal{F}(f \circ g)](\phi), \end{aligned}$$

where we have used the functoriality of  $\mathcal{F}$ . Thus  $\xi_Y(\phi) \circ h_f$  and  $\xi_X([\mathcal{F}(f)](\phi))$  are equal, and the naturality diagram for  $\xi$  at  $f$  above commutes, showing  $\xi$  to be natural.

Invertibility I:  $\text{ev} \circ \xi = \text{id}_{\mathcal{F}}$

We claim that  $\text{ev} \circ \xi = \text{id}_{\mathcal{F}}$ , i.e. that we have

$$(\text{ev} \circ \xi)_A = \text{id}_{\mathcal{F}(A)}$$

for each  $A \in \text{Obj}(C)$ . Indeed, we have

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{ev} \circ \xi]_A(\phi) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\text{ev}_A \circ \xi_A](\phi) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{ev}_A(\xi_A(\phi)) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \xi_A(\phi)_A(\text{id}_A) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\mathcal{F}(\text{id}_A)](\phi) \\ &= [\text{id}_{\mathcal{F}(A)}](\phi) \end{aligned}$$

for each  $\phi \in \mathcal{F}(A)$ .

Invertibility II:  $\xi \circ \text{ev} = \text{id}_{\text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F})}$

We claim that  $\xi \circ \text{ev} = \text{id}_{\text{Nat}(h_{(-)}, \mathcal{F})}$ , i.e. that we have

$$(\xi \circ \text{ev})_A = \text{id}_{\text{Nat}(h_A, \mathcal{F})}$$

for each  $A \in \text{Obj}(C)$ . Indeed:

- We have

$$\begin{aligned} [\xi \circ \text{ev}]_A(\alpha) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\xi_A \circ \text{ev}_A](\alpha) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \xi_A(\text{ev}_A(\alpha)) \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \xi_A(\alpha_A(\text{id}_A)) \end{aligned}$$

for each  $\alpha \in \text{Nat}(h_A, \mathcal{F})$ .

- For each  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , we have

$$\xi_A(\alpha_A(\text{id}_A))_X = \alpha_X,$$

since we have


$$\begin{aligned} \xi_A(\alpha_A(\text{id}_A))_X(f) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\mathcal{F}(f)](\alpha_A(\text{id}_A)) \\ &\stackrel{(\dagger)}{=} \alpha_X(f) \end{aligned}$$

for each  $f \in h_A(X)$ , where the equality marked with  $(\dagger)$  follows from the commutativity of the naturality diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} h_A^A & \xrightarrow{f_*} & h_X^A \\ \alpha_A \downarrow & & \downarrow \alpha_X \\ \mathcal{F}(A) & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}(f)} & \mathcal{F}(X) \end{array}$$

of  $\alpha$  at  $f: A \rightarrow X$ , which acts on  $\text{id}_A$  as

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{id}_A & \xrightarrow{\quad} & f \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \alpha_A(\text{id}_A) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & [\mathcal{F}(f)](\alpha_A(\text{id}_A)) = \alpha_X(f). \end{array}$$

This finishes the proof. 

## 02HZ 12.1.6 Properties of Categories of Presheaves

### 02J0 PROPOSITION 12.1.6.1.1 ► PROPERTIES OF CATEGORIES OF PRESHEAVES

Let  $C$  be a category.

02J1 1. *Functoriality.* The assignment  $C \mapsto \text{PSh}(C)$  defines a functor

$$\text{PSh}: \text{Cats} \rightarrow \text{Cats}$$

up to some set-theoretic considerations.<sup>1</sup>

02J2 2. *Interaction With Slice Categories.* Let  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$ . We have an equivalence of categories

$$\text{PSh}(C_{/X}) \stackrel{\text{eq.}}{\cong} \text{PSh}(C)_{/h_X}.$$

02J3 3. *Interaction With Categories of Elements.* Let  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Obj}(\text{PSh}(C))$ . We have an equivalence of categories

$$\text{PSh}\left(\int_C \mathcal{F}\right) \stackrel{\text{eq.}}{\cong} \text{PSh}(C)_{/\mathcal{F}}.$$

<sup>1</sup>For instance:

- The Cats in the source of PSh could be small categories, and then the Cats in the right would be locally small categories.
- The Cats in the source of PSh could be locally small categories, and then the Cats on the right would be large categories.

In general, one can systematise and formalise this using Grothendieck universes.

PROOF 12.1.6.1.2 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.1.6.1.1

Item 1: Functoriality

Omitted.

Item 2: Interaction With Slice Categories

Omitted.

Item 3: Interaction With Categories of Elements

Omitted.



## 02J4 12.2 Copresheaves

### 02J5 12.2.1 Foundations

Let  $C$  be a category.

#### 02J6 DEFINITION 12.2.1.1.1 ► COPRESHEAVES ON A CATEGORY

A **copresheaf on  $C$**  is a functor  $F: C \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$ .

#### 02J7 EXAMPLE 12.2.1.1.2 ► COPRESHEAVES ON ONE-OBJECT CATEGORIES

Copresheaves on the delooping  $\mathbf{BA}$  of a monoid  $A$  are precisely the right  $A$ -sets; see Monoid Actions, ??.

#### 02J8 DEFINITION 12.2.1.1.3 ► MORPHISMS OF COPRESHEAVES

A **morphism of copresheaves** on  $C$  from  $F$  to  $G$  is a natural transformation  $\alpha: F \Rightarrow G$ .

#### 02J9 DEFINITION 12.2.1.1.4 ► THE CATEGORY OF COPRESHEAVES ON A CATEGORY

The **category of copresheaves on  $C$**  is the category  $\mathbf{CoPSh}(C)$  defined by

$$\mathbf{CoPSh}(C) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathbf{Fun}(C, \mathbf{Sets}).$$

#### 02JA REMARK 12.2.1.1.5 ► UNWINDING DEFINITION 12.2.1.1.4

In detail, the **category of copresheaves on  $C$**  is the category  $\mathbf{CoPSh}(C)$  where

- *Objects.* The objects of  $\text{CoPSh}(C)$  are copresheaves on  $C$  as in [Definition 12.2.1.1.1](#).
- *Morphisms.* The morphisms of  $\text{CoPSh}(C)$  are morphisms of copresheaves as in [Definition 12.2.1.1.3](#), i.e. we have

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{CoPSh}(C)}(F, G) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Nat}(F, G)$$

for each  $F, G \in \text{Obj}(\text{CoPSh}(C))$ .

- *Identities.* For each  $F \in \text{Obj}(\text{CoPSh}(C))$ , the unit map

$$\mathbb{1}_F^{\text{CoPSh}(C)}: \text{pt} \rightarrow \text{Nat}(F, F)$$

of  $\text{CoPSh}(C)$  at  $F$  is defined by

$$\text{id}_F^{\text{CoPSh}(C)} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{id}_F,$$

where  $\text{id}_F: F \Rightarrow F$  is the identity natural transformation of [Categories, Example 11.9.3.1.1](#).

- *Composition.* For each  $F, G, H \in \text{Obj}(\text{CoPSh}(C))$ , the composition map

$$\circ_{F,G,H}^{\text{CoPSh}(C)}: \text{Nat}(G, H) \times \text{Nat}(F, G) \rightarrow \text{Nat}(F, H)$$

of  $\text{CoPSh}(C)$  at  $(F, G, H)$  is defined by

$$\beta \circ_{F,G,H}^{\text{CoPSh}(C)} \alpha \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \beta \circ \alpha,$$

where  $\beta \circ \alpha: F \Rightarrow H$  is the vertical composition of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  of [Categories, Definition 11.9.4.1.1](#).

## 02JB 12.2.2 Corepresentable Copresheaves

Let  $C$  be a category.

### 02JC DEFINITION 12.2.2.1.1 ► COREPRESENTABLE COPRESHEAVES

Let  $A \in \text{Obj}(C)$ .

1. The **corepresentable copresheaf associated to  $A$**  is the copresheaf

$$h^A: C \rightarrow \text{Sets}$$



where

- *Action on Objects.* For each  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , we have

$$h^A(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Hom}_C(A, X).$$

- *Action on Morphisms.* For each  $X, Y \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , the action on morphisms

$$h_{X,Y}^A: \text{Hom}_C(X, Y) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\text{Sets}}(h^A(X), h^A(Y))$$

of  $h^A$  at  $(X, Y)$  is given by sending a morphism

$$f: X \rightarrow Y$$

of  $C$  to the map of sets

$$h^A(f): \underbrace{h^A(X)}_{\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Hom}_C(A, X)} \rightarrow \underbrace{h^A(Y)}_{\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{Hom}_C(A, Y)}$$

defined by

$$h^A(f) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} f_*,$$

where  $f_*$  is the postcomposition by  $f$  morphism of **Categories**, **Item 2** of **Definition 11.1.4.1.1**.

02JE

2. A **corepresenting object** for a copresheaf  $F: C \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  on  $C$  is an object  $A$  of  $C$  such that we have  $F \cong h^A$ .

02JF

3. A copresheaf  $F: C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  on  $C$  is **corepresentable** if  $F$  admits a corepresenting object.

02JG

#### EXAMPLE 12.2.2.1.2 ► COREPRESENTABLE COPRESHEAVES ON ONE-OBJECT CATEGORIES

The corepresentable copresheaf on the delooping  $BA$  of a monoid  $A$  associated to the unique object  $\bullet$  of  $BA$  is the right regular representation of  $A$  of Monoid Actions, ??.

02JH


**PROPOSITION 12.2.2.1.3 ► UNIQUENESS OF COREPRESENTING OBJECTS UP TO ISOMORPHISM**

Let  $F: C \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$  be a copresheaf. If there exist  $A, B \in \mathbf{Obj}(C)$  such that we have natural isomorphisms

$$\begin{aligned} h^A &\cong F, \\ h^B &\cong F, \end{aligned}$$

then  $A \cong B$ .

**PROOF 12.2.2.1.4 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.2.2.1.3**

By composing the isomorphisms  $h^A \cong F \cong h^B$ , we get a natural isomorphism  $h^A \cong h^B$ . By **Item 2** of **Proposition 12.2.4.1.2**, we have  $A \cong B$ . 

**02JJ 12.2.3 Corepresentable Natural Transformations**

Let  $C$  be a category, let  $A, B \in \mathbf{Obj}(C)$ , and let  $f: A \rightarrow B$  be a morphism of  $C$ .

02JK

**DEFINITION 12.2.3.1.1 ► COREPRESENTABLE NATURAL TRANSFORMATIONS**

The **corepresentable natural transformation associated to  $f$**  is the natural transformation

$$h^f: h^B \Rightarrow h^A$$

consisting of the collection

$$\left\{ h_X^f: \underbrace{h^B(X)}_{\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathbf{Hom}_C(B, X)} \rightarrow \underbrace{h^A(X)}_{\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathbf{Hom}_C(A, X)} \right\}_{X \in \mathbf{Obj}(C)}$$

with

$$h_X^f \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} f_*,$$

where  $f_*$  is the precomposition by  $f$  morphism of **Categories**, **Item 1** of **Definition 11.1.4.1.1**.

02JL **12.2.4 The Contravariant Yoneda Embedding**

02JM **DEFINITION 12.2.4.1.1 ► THE CONTRAVARIANT YONEDA EMBEDDING**

The **contravariant Yoneda embedding** of  $C$  is the functor<sup>1</sup>

$$\mathfrak{Y}_C : C^{\text{op}} \hookrightarrow \text{CoPSh}(C)$$

where

- *Action on Objects.* For each  $A \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , we have

$$\mathfrak{Y}_C(A) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h^A.$$

- *Action on Morphisms.* For each  $A, B \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , the action on morphisms

$$\mathfrak{Y}_{C|A,B} : \text{Hom}_C(A, B) \rightarrow \text{Nat}(h^B, h^A)$$

of  $\mathfrak{Y}_C$  at  $(A, B)$  is given by

$$\mathfrak{Y}_{C|A,B}(f) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h^f$$

for each  $f \in \text{Hom}_C(A, B)$ , where  $h^f$  is the corepresentable natural transformation associated to  $f$  of **Definition 12.2.3.1.1**.

<sup>1</sup>*Further Notation:* Also written  $h^{(-)}$ , or simply  $\mathfrak{Y}$ .

02JN **PROPOSITION 12.2.4.1.2 ► PROPERTIES OF THE CONTRAVARIANT YONEDA EMBEDDING**

Let  $C$  be a category.

- 02JP 1. *Fully Faithfulness.* The contravariant Yoneda embedding

$$\mathfrak{Y}_C : C^{\text{op}} \hookrightarrow \text{CoPSh}(C)$$

is fully faithful.

- 02JQ 2. *Preservation and Reflection of Isomorphisms.* The contravariant Yoneda embedding

$$\mathfrak{Y}_C : C^{\text{op}} \hookrightarrow \text{CoPSh}(C)$$

preserves and reflects isomorphisms, i.e. given  $A, B \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , the following conditions are equivalent:

- 02JR (a) We have  $A \cong B$ .  
 02JS (b) We have  $h^A \cong h^B$ .


|

|

**Item 1: Fully Faithfulness**

The proof is dual to that of **Item 1** of **Proposition 12.1.4.1.3**, and is therefore omitted.

**Item 2: Preservation and Reflection of Isomorphisms**

This follows from **Categories**, **Item 1** of **Proposition 11.5.1.1.8** and **Item 3** of **Proposition 11.6.3.1.2**. 

**02JT 12.2.5 The Contravariant Yoneda Lemma**

Let  $F: C \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$  be a copresheaf on  $C$ .

**02JU THEOREM 12.2.5.1.1 ► THE CONTRAVARIANT YONEDA LEMMA**

We have a bijection

$$\mathrm{Nat}(h^A, F) \cong F(A),$$

natural in  $A \in \mathrm{Obj}(C)$ , determining a natural isomorphism of functors

$$\mathrm{Nat}(h^{(-)}, F) \cong F.$$

**PROOF 12.2.5.1.2 ► PROOF OF THEOREM 12.2.5.1.1**

The proof is dual to that of **Theorem 12.1.5.1.1**, and is therefore omitted.

**02JV 12.3 Restricted Yoneda Embeddings and Yoneda Extensions****02JW 12.3.1 Foundations**

let  $F: C \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  be a functor.

**02JX DEFINITION 12.3.1.1.1 ► THE RESTRICTED YONEDA EMBEDDING ASSOCIATED TO A FUNCTOR**

The **restricted Yoneda embedding associated to  $F$**  is the functor

$$\mathfrak{Y}_F: \mathcal{D} \hookrightarrow \mathbf{PSh}(C)$$

defined as the composition

$$\mathcal{D} \xrightarrow{\mathfrak{Y}_{\mathcal{D}}} \text{PSh}(\mathcal{D}) \xrightarrow{F^{\text{op},*}} \text{PSh}(C).$$

02JY

**REMARK 12.3.1.1.2 ► UNWINDING DEFINITION 12.3.1.1.1**

In detail, the **restricted Yoneda embedding associated to  $F$**  is the functor

$$\mathfrak{Y}_F: \mathcal{D} \hookrightarrow \text{PSh}(C)$$

where

- *Action on Objects.* For each  $A \in \text{Obj}(\mathcal{D})$ , we have

$$\begin{aligned} \mathfrak{Y}_F(A) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h_A \circ F^{\text{op}} \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h_A^{F(-)}. \end{aligned}$$

- *Action on Morphisms.* For each  $A, B \in \text{Obj}(\mathcal{D})$ , the action on morphisms

$$\mathfrak{Y}_{F|A,B}: \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{D}}(A, B) \rightarrow \text{Nat}\left(h_A^{F(-)}, h_B^{F(-)}\right)$$

of  $\mathfrak{Y}_F$  at  $(A, B)$  is given by

$$\begin{aligned} \mathfrak{Y}_{F|A,B}(f) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h_f^{F(-)} \\ &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} h_f \star \text{id}_{F^{\text{op}}} \end{aligned}$$

for each  $f \in \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{D}}(A, B)$ , where  $h_f$  is the representable natural transformation associated to  $f$  of **Definition 12.1.3.1.1**.

02JZ

**EXAMPLE 12.3.1.1.3 ► EXAMPLES OF RESTRICTED YONEDA EMBEDDINGS**

Here are some examples of restricted Yoneda embeddings.

02K0

1. *The Nerve Functor.* Let

$$\iota: \Delta \hookrightarrow \text{Cats}$$

be the functor given by  $[n] \rightarrow \mathfrak{n}$ . Then the restricted Yoneda embedding

$$\mathfrak{J}_\iota: \text{Cats} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{PSh}(\Delta)}_{\text{def}=\text{sSets}}$$

of  $\iota$  is given by the nerve functor  $N_\bullet$  of ??, ??.

02K1

2. *The Singular Simplicial Set Associated to a Topological Space.* Let

$$\iota: \Delta \hookrightarrow \Pi$$

be the functor given by  $[n] \rightarrow |\Delta^n|$ . Then the restricted Yoneda embedding

$$\mathfrak{J}_\iota: \Pi \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{PSh}(\Delta)}_{\text{def}=\text{sSets}}$$

of  $\iota$  is given by the singular simplicial set functor  $\text{Sing}_\bullet$  of ??, ??.

02K2

3. *The Coherent Nerve Functor.* Let

$$\iota: \Delta \hookrightarrow \text{sCats}$$

be the functor given by  $[n] \rightarrow \text{Path}(\Delta^n)$ , where  $\text{Path}(\Delta^n)$  is the simplicial category of ??, ?? . Then the restricted Yoneda embedding

$$\mathfrak{J}_\iota: \text{sCats} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{PSh}(\Delta)}_{\text{def}=\text{sSets}}$$

of  $\iota$  is given by the coherent nerve functor  $N_\bullet^{\text{hc}}$  of ??, ??.

02K3

4. *Kan's Ex Functor.* Let

$$\text{sd}: \Delta \hookrightarrow \text{sSets}$$

be the functor given by  $[n] \rightarrow \text{Sd}(\Delta^n)$ , where  $\text{Sd}(\Delta^n)$  is the barycentric subdivision of  $\Delta^n$  of ?? . Then the restricted Yoneda embedding

$$\mathfrak{J}_{\text{sd}}: \text{sSets} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{PSh}(\Delta)}_{\text{def}=\text{sSets}}$$

of  $\text{sd}$  is given by Kan's Ex functor of ??.

02K4

**PROPOSITION 12.3.1.1.4 ► PROPERTIES OF THE RESTRICTED YONEDA EMBEDDING**

let  $F: C \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  be a functor.

02K5

1. *Interaction With Fully Faithfulness.* The following conditions are equivalent:

02K6

(a) The restricted Yoneda embedding  $\mathfrak{Y}_F$  is fully faithful.

02K7

(b) The functor  $F$  is dense (Limits and Colimits, ??).

02K8

2. *As a Left Kan Extension.* We have a natural isomorphism of functors

$$\mathfrak{Y}_F \cong \text{Lan}_F(\mathfrak{Y}),$$

**PROOF 12.3.1.1.5 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.3.1.1.4**

Item 1: Interaction With Fully Faithfulness

Omitted.

Item 2: As a Left Kan Extension

Omitted.

**02K9 12.3.2 The Yoneda Extension Functor**

Let  $F: C \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  be a functor with  $C$  small and  $\mathcal{D}$  cocomplete.

02KA

**DEFINITION 12.3.2.1.1 ► THE YONEDA EXTENSION FUNCTOR**

The **Yoneda extension functor** associated to  $F$  is the left Kan extension

$$\text{Lan}_{\mathfrak{Y}}(F): \text{PSh}(C) \rightarrow \mathcal{D},$$



02KB

**EXAMPLE 12.3.2.1.2 ► EXAMPLES OF YONEDA EXTENSIONS**

Here are some examples of Yoneda extensions.

02KC

1. *The Homotopy Category Functor.* Let

$$\iota: \Delta \hookrightarrow \mathbf{Cats}$$

be the functor given by  $[n] \rightarrow \mathfrak{n}$ . Then the Yoneda extension

$$\mathrm{Lan}_{\mathbf{J}}(\iota): \underbrace{\mathrm{PSh}(\Delta)}_{\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \mathbf{sSets}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Cats}$$

of  $\iota$  is given by the homotopy category functor  $\mathrm{Ho}$  of ??, ??.

02KD

2. *The Geometric Realisation Functor.* Let

$$\iota: \Delta \hookrightarrow \Pi$$

be the functor given by  $[n] \rightarrow |\Delta^n|$ . Then the Yoneda extension

$$\mathrm{Lan}_{\mathbf{J}}(\iota): \underbrace{\mathrm{PSh}(\Delta)}_{\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \mathbf{sSets}} \rightarrow \Pi$$

of  $\iota$  is given by the geometric realisation functor  $|-|$  of ??, ??.

02KE

3. *The Path Simplicial Category Functor.* Let

$$\iota: \Delta \hookrightarrow \mathbf{sCats}$$

be the functor given by  $[n] \rightarrow \mathrm{Path}(\Delta^n)$ , where  $\mathrm{Path}(\Delta^n)$  is the simplicial category of ??, ???. Then the Yoneda extension

$$\mathrm{Lan}_{\mathbf{J}}(\iota): \underbrace{\mathrm{PSh}(\Delta)}_{\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \mathbf{sSets}} \rightarrow \mathbf{sCats}$$

of  $\iota$  is given by the path simplicial category functor  $\mathrm{Path}$  of ??, ??.

02KF

4. *The Barycentric Subdivision Functor.* Let

$$\mathrm{sd}: \Delta \hookrightarrow \mathbf{sSets}$$

be the functor given by  $[n] \rightarrow \mathrm{Sd}(\Delta^n)$ , where  $\mathrm{Sd}(\Delta^n)$  is the barycentric subdivision of  $\Delta^n$  of ???. Then the Yoneda extension

$$\mathrm{Lan}_{\mathbf{J}}(\mathrm{sd}): \underbrace{\mathrm{PSh}(\Delta)}_{\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \mathbf{sSets}} \rightarrow \mathbf{sSets}$$

of  $\mathrm{sd}$  is given by the barycentric subdivision functor  $\mathrm{Sd}$  of ??.

02KG

**PROPOSITION 12.3.2.1.3 ► PROPERTIES OF YONEDA EXTENSIONS**

Let  $F: C \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  be a functor with  $C$  small and  $\mathcal{D}$  cocomplete.

02KH

1. *Functoriality.* The assignment  $F \mapsto \text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}(F)$  defines a functor

$$\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}: \text{Fun}(C, \mathcal{D}) \rightarrow \text{Fun}(\text{PSh}(C), \mathcal{D}).$$

02KJ

2. *Adjointness.* We have an adjunction<sup>1</sup>

$$(\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}(F) \dashv \mathcal{J}_F): \text{PSh}(C) \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}(F)} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{\mathcal{J}_F} \end{matrix} \mathcal{D},$$

witnessed by a bijection

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{D}}([\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}(F)](\mathcal{F}), D) \cong \text{Nat}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{J}_F(D)),$$

natural in  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Obj}(\text{PSh}(C))$  and  $D \in \text{Obj}(\mathcal{D})$ .

02KK

3. *Interaction With the Yoneda Embedding.* We have a natural isomorphism of functors

$$\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}(F) \circ \mathcal{J}_C \cong F,$$

02KL

4. *As a Coend.* We have

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}(F)](\mathcal{F}) &\cong \int^{A \in C} \text{Nat}(h_A, \mathcal{F}) \odot F(A) \\ &\cong \int^{A \in C} \mathcal{F}(A) \odot F(A) \end{aligned}$$

for each  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Obj}(\text{PSh}(C))$ .

02KM

5. *Interaction With Tensors of Presheaves With Functors.* We have a natural isomorphism

$$\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}(F) \cong (-) \odot_C F,$$

natural in  $F \in \text{Obj}(\text{Fun}(C, \mathcal{D}))$ .

02KN

6. *Interaction With Finite Limits.* Let  $F: C \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$  be a functor. The following conditions are equivalent:

02KP

(a) The functor  $F$  preserves finite limits.

02KQ

(b) The functor  $\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{J}}(F)$  preserves finite limits.

02KR

(c) The category of elements  $\int_C F$  of  $F$  is cofiltered.

<sup>1</sup>Applying **Item 2** of **Proposition 12.3.1.1.4**, we see that this adjunction has the form  $\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{F}}(F) \dashv \text{Lan}_F(\mathcal{J})$ .

**PROOF 12.3.2.1.4 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.3.2.1.3**

**Item 1: Functoriality**

This follows from Kan Extensions, ?? of ??.

**Item 2: Adjointness**

Omitted.

**Item 3: Interaction With the Yoneda Embedding**

This follows from Kan Extensions, ?? of ??.

**Item 4: As a Coend**

This follows from Kan Extensions, ?? of ?? and **Theorem 12.1.5.1.1**.

**Item 5: Interaction With Tensors of Presheaves With Functors**

This follows from **Item 4**.

**Item 6: Interaction With Finite Limits**

See [coend-calculus]. 

## 02LS 12.4 Functor Tensor Products

### 02LT 12.4.1 The Tensor Product of Presheaves With Copresheaves

Let  $C$  be a category, let  $\mathcal{F}: C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$  be a presheaf on  $C$ , and let  $G: C \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$  be a copresheaf on  $C$ .

02LU

**DEFINITION 12.4.1.1.1 ► THE TENSOR PRODUCT OF PRESHEAVES WITH COPRESHEAVES**

The **tensor product** of  $\mathcal{F}$  with  $G$  is the set  $\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C G$ <sup>1</sup> defined by

$$\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C G \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \int^{A \in C} \mathcal{F}(A) \times G(A).$$

<sup>1</sup>Further Notation: Also written simply  $\mathcal{F} \boxtimes G$ .

02LV

**REMARK 12.4.1.1.2 ► UNWINDING DEFINITION 12.4.1.1.1**

In other words, the tensor product of  $\mathcal{F}$  with  $G$  is the set  $\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C G$  defined as the coend of the functor

$$C^{\text{op}} \times C \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F} \times G} \text{Sets} \times \text{Sets} \xrightarrow{\times} \text{Sets},$$

which is equivalently the composition

$$\times \circ (\mathcal{F} \times G) \cong \mathcal{F} \diamond F,$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C & \xrightarrow{F} & \text{pt} \\ & \searrow \times \circ (\mathcal{F} \times G) & \downarrow \mathcal{F} \\ & & C \end{array}$$

in Prof.

02LW

**EXAMPLE 12.4.1.1.3 ► THE TENSOR PRODUCT OF PRESHEAVES WITH COPRESHEAVES ON ONE OBJECT CATEGORIES**

02LX

**PROPOSITION 12.4.1.1.4 ► PROPERTIES OF TENSOR PRODUCTS OF PRESHEAVES WITH COPRESHEAVES**

Let  $C$  be a category.

02LY

1. *Functoriality.* The assignments  $\mathcal{F}, G, (\mathcal{F}, G) \mapsto \mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C G$  define functors

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C - &: \text{PSh}(C) && \rightarrow \text{Sets}, \\ - \boxtimes_C G &: \text{CoPSh}(C) && \rightarrow \text{Sets}, \\ -_1 \boxtimes_C -_2 &: \text{PSh}(C) \times \text{CoPSh}(C) && \rightarrow \text{Sets}. \end{aligned}$$

02LZ

2. *As a Composition of Profunctors.* Let  $C$  be a category and let:

- $\mathcal{F}: \text{pt} \rightarrow C$  be a presheaf on  $C$ , viewed as a profunctor.
- $F: C \rightarrow \text{pt}$  be a copresheaf on  $C$ , viewed as a profunctor.

We have a natural isomorphism of profunctors

$$\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C F \cong F \diamond \mathcal{F},$$

natural in  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Obj}(\text{PSh}(C))$  and  $F \in \text{Obj}(\text{CoPSh}(C))$ .

02M0

3. *Interaction With Representable Presheaves.* Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be a presheaf on  $C$ . We have a bijection of sets

$$\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C h^X \cong \mathcal{F}(X),$$

natural in  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , giving a natural isomorphism of functors

$$\mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C h^{(-)} \cong \mathcal{F},$$

02M1

4. *Interaction With Corepresentable Copresheaves.* Let  $G$  be a copresheaf on  $C$ . We have a bijection of sets

$$h_X \boxtimes_C G \cong G(X),$$

natural in  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , giving a natural isomorphism of functors

$$h_{(-)} \boxtimes_C G \cong G,$$

02M2

5. *Interaction With Yoneda Extensions.* Let  $G: C \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  be a copresheaf on  $C$ . We have a natural isomorphism

$$\text{Lan}_{J_C}(G) \cong (-) \boxtimes_C G,$$

natural in  $G \in \text{Obj}(\text{CoPSh}(C))$ .

02M3

6. *Interaction With Contravariant Yoneda Extensions.* Let  $\mathcal{F} : C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  be a presheaf on  $C$ . We have a natural isomorphism

$$\text{Lan}_{\mathfrak{P}}(\mathcal{F}) \cong \mathcal{F} \boxtimes_C (-),$$

natural in  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Obj}(\text{PSh}(C))$ .

#### PROOF 12.4.1.1.5 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.4.1.1.4

Item 1: Functoriality

Omitted.

Item 2: As a Composition of Profunctors

Clear.

Item 3: Interaction With Representable Presheaves

This follows from ??.

Item 4: Interaction With Corepresentable Copresheaves

This follows from ??.

Item 5: Interaction With Yoneda Extensions

This is a special case of **Item 5** of **Proposition 12.3.2.1.3**.

Item 6: Interaction With Contravariant Yoneda Extensions

This is a special case of ?? of ??.



#### 02M4 12.4.2 The Tensor of a Presheaf With a Functor

Let  $C$  be a category, let  $\mathcal{D}$  be a category with coproducts, let  $\mathcal{F} : C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  be a presheaf on  $C$ , and let  $G : C \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  be a functor.

02M5

#### DEFINITION 12.4.2.1.1 ► THE TENSOR OF A PRESHEAF WITH A FUNCTOR

The **tensor** of  $\mathcal{F}$  with  $G$  is the object  $\mathcal{F} \odot_C G^1$  of  $\mathcal{D}$  defined by

$$\mathcal{F} \odot_C G \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \int^{A \in C} \mathcal{F}(A) \odot G(A).$$

<sup>1</sup>Further Notation: Also written simply  $\mathcal{F} \odot G$ .

02M6

In other words, the tensor of  $\mathcal{F}$  with  $G$  is the object  $\mathcal{F} \odot_C G$  of  $\mathcal{D}$  defined as the coend of the functor

$$C^{\text{op}} \times C \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F} \times G} \text{Sets} \times \mathcal{D} \xrightarrow{\odot} \mathcal{D}.$$

02M7

**PROPOSITION 12.4.2.1.3 ► PROPERTIES OF TENSORS OF PRESHEAVES WITH FUNCTORS**

Let  $C$  be a category.

02M8

1. *Functoriality.* The assignments  $\mathcal{F}, G, (\mathcal{F}, G) \mapsto \mathcal{F} \odot_C G$  define functors

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F} \odot_C -: & \quad \text{PSh}(C) && \rightarrow \mathcal{D}, \\ - \odot_C G: & \quad \text{Fun}(C, \mathcal{D}) && \rightarrow \mathcal{D}, \\ -_1 \odot_C -_2: & \quad \text{PSh}(C) \times \text{Fun}(C, \mathcal{D}) && \rightarrow \mathcal{D}. \end{aligned}$$

02M9

2. *Interaction With Corepresentable Copsheaves.* We have an isomorphism

$$h_X \odot_C G \cong G(X),$$

natural in  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , giving a natural isomorphism of functors

$$h_{(-)} \odot_C G \cong G.$$

02MA

3. *Interaction With Yoneda Extensions.* We have a natural isomorphism

$$\text{Lan}_{\mathbf{F}}(G) \cong (-) \odot_C G,$$

natural in  $G \in \text{Obj}(\text{Fun}(C, \mathcal{D}))$ .

**PROOF 12.4.2.1.4 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.4.2.1.3**

Item 1: Functoriality

Omitted.

Item 2: Interaction With Corepresentable Copsheaves

This follows from ??.

Item 3: Interaction With Yoneda Extensions

This is a repetition of **Item 5** of **Proposition 12.3.2.1.3**, and is proved there.





### 02MB 12.4.3 The Tensor of a Copresheaf With a Functor

Let  $C$  be a category, let  $\mathcal{D}$  be a category with coproducts, let  $F: C \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$  be a copresheaf on  $C$ , and let  $G: C^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  be a functor.

#### 02MC DEFINITION 12.4.3.1.1 ► THE TENSOR OF A COPRESHEAF WITH A FUNCTOR

The **tensor** of  $F$  with  $G$  is the set  $F \odot_C G$ <sup>1</sup> defined by

$$F \odot_C G \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \int^{A \in C} F(A) \odot G(A).$$

<sup>1</sup>Further Notation: Also written simply  $F \odot G$ .

#### 02MD REMARK 12.4.3.1.2 ► UNWINDING DEFINITION 12.4.3.1.1

In other words, the tensor of  $F$  with  $G$  is the object  $F \odot_C G$  of  $\mathcal{D}$  defined as the coend of the functor

$$C^{\text{op}} \times C \xrightarrow{\sim} C \times C^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{F \times G} \mathbf{Sets} \times \mathcal{D} \xrightarrow{\odot} \mathcal{D}.$$

#### 02ME PROPOSITION 12.4.3.1.3 ► PROPERTIES OF TENSORS OF COPRESHEAVES WITH FUNCTORS

Let  $C$  be a category.

#### 02MF 1. Functoriality. The assignments $F, G, (F, G) \mapsto F \odot_C G$ define functors

$$\begin{aligned} F \odot_C -: \quad & \text{CoPSh}(C) && \rightarrow \mathcal{D}, \\ - \odot_C G: \quad & \text{Fun}(C^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{D}) && \rightarrow \mathcal{D}, \\ -_1 \odot_C -_2: \quad & \text{Fun}(C^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{D}) \times \text{CoPSh}(C) && \rightarrow \mathcal{D}. \end{aligned}$$

#### 02MG 2. Interaction With Corepresentable Copresheaves. We have an isomorphism

$$h^X \odot_C G \cong G(X),$$

natural in  $X \in \text{Obj}(C)$ , giving a natural isomorphism of functors

$$h^{(-)} \odot_C G \cong G.$$

#### 02MH 3. Interaction With Contravariant Yoneda Extensions. We have a natural isomorphism

$$\text{Lan}_{\mathcal{P}}(G) \cong G \odot_C (-),$$

natural in  $G \in \text{Obj}(\text{Fun}(C^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{D}))$ .

PROOF 12.4.3.1.4 ► PROOF OF PROPOSITION 12.4.3.1.3

Item 1: Functoriality

Omitted.

Item 2: Interaction With Representable Presheaves

This follows from ??.

Item 2: Interaction With Corepresentable Copresheaves

This follows from ??.

?: Interaction With Yoneda Extensions

Omitted.

Item 3: Interaction With Contravariant Yoneda Extensions

Omitted.



# Appendices

## A Other Chapters

### Preliminaries

1. Introduction
2. A Guide to the Literature

### Sets

3. Sets
4. Constructions With Sets
5. Monoidal Structures on the Category of Sets
6. Pointed Sets
7. Tensor Products of Pointed Sets

### Relations

8. Relations
9. Constructions With Relations

### 10. Conditions on Relations

### Categories

11. Categories
12. Presheaves and the Yoneda Lemma

### Monoidal Categories

13. Constructions With Monoidal Categories

### Bicategories

14. Types of Morphisms in Bicategories

### Extra Part

15. Notes

## References

- [JS17] Theo Johnson-Freyd and Claudia Scheimbauer. “(Op)lax Natural Transformations, Twisted Quantum Field Theories, and “Even Higher” Morita Categories”. In: *Adv. Math.* 307 (2017), pp. 147–223. ISSN: 0001-8708,1090-2082. DOI: [10.1016/j.aim.2016.11.014](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aim.2016.11.014). URL: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aim.2016.11.014> (cit. on p. 6).