

# Assignment 1

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Name: Assignment 1, Finding Nearby Differences

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## Section 1: Formal Problem Description

problem name: find maximum nearby differences

instance: array of integers

problem solution:  $\exists (i, j) \in \mathbb{Z} \{1..n\} \mid \forall (k, l) \in \mathbb{Z} \{1..n\} \mid d(i, j) > d(k, l)$

## Section 2: Algorithm

algorithm

- input: an array of integers of size n, nums
- output: i and j for maximum  $d(i, j) <- |a[i] - a[j]| / |i - j|$

```
algo <- nums

max_i <- 1
max_j <- 2
max_d <- 0
cur_d <- 0

for i <- 1..(length(nums) - 1)
  for j <- (i+1)..length(nums)

    cur_d <- d(i, j, nums)

    if cur_d > max_d
      max_i <- i
      max_j <- j
      max_d <- cur_d

return max_i, max_j
```

definition for d(i, j)

- input: two integers i, j and an array of integers, nums
- output:  $d(i, j) <- |a[i] - a[j]| / |i - j|$

```
d <- i, j, nums

temp_a <- |nums[i] - nums[j]|
temp_b <- |i - j|

return temp_a / temp_b
```

## Section 3: Complexity

- assuming the basic operation is the number of calls to d(i, j) we have complexity  $t[n] = \sum i$  for (i..n)
- this simplifies:  $t[n] = n(n + 1) / 2$

- this simplifies:  $t[n] = (n^2 + 2) / 2$
- this simplifies:  $O(n^2)$
- the overall complexity is a gaussian sum but the complexity class is not better than  $O(n^2)$ .
- my algorithm is in the space of  $n^2$  or  $O(n^2)$

#### Section 4: Correctness

the double nested loop of `for( i [1:n]) { for( j [1:n]) { } }` meets the requirement to check all possible combinations of  $a[i][j]$ . this allows me to check all  $d(i, j)$  values and compare them to previous  $d(i, j)$  values) using the transitivity of of greater than and find the highest  $d(i, j)$  for the array of integers a. i store the current i and j values for the current highest  $d(i, j)$  and then return this at the end. they are only updated when  $d(i, j)$  exceeds the previous  $d(i, j)$ . this shows that the algorithm gives the correct i and j values for the max  $d(i, j)$  for the integer array a.