

## *FIT3139: Lab questions for week 8*

### *Question 1*

Write a function to sample a uniform random variable defined in the interval  $[a, b]$ . Both,  $a$  and  $b$  should be parameters of your function.

### *Question 2*

Use a Montecarlo approach to estimate the area under the curves:

1.  $f(x) = \sin \pi x$  in the unit square.
2.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$  in the unit square.

Use the above programs to estimate the values of  $\pi$  and  $\log 2$  respectively.

### *Question 3*

Revise the Buffon's needle problem handled in Week 7 where we computed the axiomatic probability of a needle of length  $r > 1$  will land crossing some line, given a floor with equally spaced parallel lines, where each pair of lines are a unit distance apart.

1. Derive the expression of the axiomatic probability if the needle had a length  $r > 1$ ?
2. Use the Monte carlo method to find the probability of the needle crossing some line when  $r > 1$ .

### *Question 4*

Write a function that takes as an argument a positive and continuous function  $f(x)$ , in an interval  $[a, b]$ . Your function should estimate, using Montecarlo, the value of  $\int_a^b f(x)dx$ . The function should also raise an error if the given function is not positive in the interval of interest.

Use your function to evaluate 3 difficult integrals of your own choice.

### *Question 5*

This questions is about rejection sampling. In this exercise, we want to sample from a distribution characterized as  $\hat{f}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \exp(-x^2/2)$  when  $x \geq 0$ .

1. Before anything, plot and visualize this distribution for varying values of  $x \geq 0$ .
2. To apply rejection sampling on this distribution, choose the negative exponential distribution as the proposal distribution. You will have to make a decision on the values for the constant  $c$  and the rate parameter  $\lambda$  of the exponential distribution you have considered for the proposal distribution, such that  $c \times p(x) \geq \hat{f}(x)$ . After making this choice, plot your  $c \times p(x)$  against the plot of  $\hat{f}(x)$ .
3. After this, implement the rejection sampling approach to sample randomly from  $\hat{f}(x)$ . One way to check your sampling approach is consistent is to plot a histogram of sampled values (say, in intervals of 0.5 of the sampled points) and compare them against the plot of  $\hat{f}(x)$ .

### Question 6

Write a Monte Carlo simulation script for the stochastic version of the epidemic Susceptibles-Infectives-Recovered (SIR) model discussed early in Week 8.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Refer to the Gillespie's algorithm – use initial values:  $\beta = \delta = 0.0002$ ,  $f = 0.0005$ ,  $\alpha = 0.1$ ,  $S_0 = 500$ ,  $I_0 = 25$ ,  $R_0 = 4475$