IIDT-Blackbucks short term internship FSD session 12-APSHE

The twelth session is about Creating REST APIs in Django

Topics covered:

- 1. Creating REST APIs in Django.
- 2. API Notes
 - GET
 - Post
 - Put
 - Patch
 - Delete

Key points:

- 1. Make sure you have installed Django. You can create new django project using command.
- 2. Inside the project create a new django app using 'python manage.py startapp app_name'.
- 3. Define your data models in the 'models.py'file of your app.
- 4. Create serializers in Django to convert model instances to JSON so that they can be easily rendered into JSON format.
- 5. Create views that will handle the API requests .You can use Django REST framework.
- 6. Map URLs to the views you created. You can use Django's URL patterns to route API endpoints to the appropriate views.
- 7. Implement Permissions and Authentication mechanisms as needed to secure your API endpoints.
- 8. Test your API endpoints using tools like postman to ensure they work as expected.
- 9. Django REST framework is a powerful toolkit for building Web API in Django.
- 10. There are Some API notes. They are GET, Put ,Post, Patch, Delete.
- 11. GET-The GET method refers to Hyper Text Transfer protocol method that is applied While Requesting information from a particular source.
- 12. Post-An API POST request is an API transaction where the API requestor submits data to the API provider with the intension of updating, creating or deleting an API.
- 13. PUT- Put is used to update an existing resource with new data or create a resource if it dosent exist.
- 14. Patch-It is used to modify the Resource Properties.
- 15. Delete-It is a straight forward way to manage the removal of resources.