# 操作系统实验报告

实验一 qemu+multiboot启动

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### 一、原理说明

根据multiboot协议和x86汇编规范,在ubuntu中编写符合要求的汇编文件 multibootHeader.S、用于指定相应的二进制代码布局的链接描述文件 multibootHeader.ld和用于引导make指令执行编译操作的Makefile文件,通过 make指令编译生成可被执行的.bin文件,再通过qemu读取.bin文件到内存中并运行该程序。

在运行过程中,该程序直接在VGA显存中写入需要输出的内容,并将内容显示在屏幕上;另外该程序还在端口地址中依次串口输出需要输出的字符。

### 二、 源代码说明

### Makefile说明:

(黑色部分为代码,紫色为说明)

ASM\_FLAGS= -m32 --pipe -Wall -fasm -g -O1 -fno-stack-protector

#### multibootHeader.bin: multibootHeader.S

(核心部分,声明make指令的具体操作)

gcc -c \${ASM\_FLAGS} multibootHeader.S -o multibootHeader.o

(用gcc编译multibootHeader.S生成目标文件multibootHeader.o)

ld -n -T multibootHeader.ld multibootHeader.o -o multibootHeader.bin

(根据multibootHeader.ld的部署要求,把.o文件链接成.bin文件)

#### clean:

rm -rf ./multibootHeader.bin ./multibootHeader.o

(声明make clean指令的操作:清除.o和.bin文件,以便重新编译)

# multibootHeader.ld说明:

OUTPUT\_FORMAT("elf32-i386", "elf32-i386", "elf32-i386")

(格式为elf)

OUTPUT\_ARCH(i386)

(表示支持结构为x86)

ENTRY(start)

(以汇编文件中定义的start为入口)

#### **SECTIONS**

(表示代码如何排布)

```
\{ . = 1M;
    (从物理内存的1M,即0x100000位置开始放代码)
      .text: {
          *(.multiboot_header)
    (在1M位置放入12字节的.multiboot header)
          . = ALIGN(8);
    (8个字节对齐)
           *(.text)
          }
   }
multibootHeader.S说明:
   .section PB18111683
   .text
   .global start
   start:
             .long 0x1badb002
    (魔数,检验是否为muitboot协议的"接头暗号")
             .long 0x0
             .long -0x1badb002
   si: //output through serial interface
    (串口输出)
          movw $0x3f8, %dx
    (往EDX寄存器存入端口地址0x3f8)
             nop
             nop
    (留空,对齐代码)
   //output every character of "helloworldPB18111683"
          movb $0x68, %al
    (0x68为字符'h'的ASCII码,存入EAL寄存器)
          outb %al, %dx
    (将EAL寄存器中的字符输出到串口)
          movb $0x65, %al
    (类似上两行,此处为字符'e')
          outb %al, %dx
    (si部分此后的代码与上面四行类似,在此不再赘述,贴在文末注释中)
```

### VGA:

//output in vga, each command writes two chars into the vga video memory

#### movl \$0x2f652f68, 0xB8000

(十六进制数 '2f' 对应VGA显示属性中的绿底白字; 十六进制数 '65' 和 '68' 分别是 'e' 和 'h' 的ASCII码, 分别存放于显存的第二个地址 (0xB8002) 和第一个地址 (0xB8000) 中)

movl \$0x2f6c2f6c, 0xB8004<sup>ii</sup>

(VGA部分此后的代码与上面两行类似,在此不再赘述,贴在文末注释中)

jl VGA(在VGA中持续显示,可通过在shell中键盘输入ctrl+C终止)

## 三、 代码布局(地址空间)说明

由multibootHeader.ld的代码说明可知,multibootHeader.bin文件中只有一个section(即.text),此section所在的位置是从1M处开始的,代码对齐方式为8字节对齐,前12个字节的内容为魔数,由于是8字节对齐,SI输出和写VGA显存的代码是从第16个字节开始放置的。

## 四、 编译过程说明

```
jin@DESKTOP-75F7V9B:~$ cd lab01
jin@DESKTOP-75F7V9B:~/lab01$ make clean
rm -rf ./multibootHeader.bin ./multibootHeader.o
jin@DESKTOP-75F7V9B:~/lab01$ make multibootHeader.bin
gcc -c -m32 --pipe -wall -fasm -g -01 -fno-stack-protector multibootHeader.S -o multibootHeader.o
ld -n -T multibootHeader.ld multibootHeader.o -o multibootHeader.bin
```

执行make multibootHeader.bin指令,根据Makefile文件可知,编译过程为:

- 1. 用gcc编译multibootHeader.S生成目标文件multibootHeader.o
- 2. 根据multibootHeader.ld的部署要求,把.o文件链接成.bin文件

# 五、 运行和运行结果说明

通过指令qemu-system-i386 -kernel multibootHeader.bin -serial stdio运行编译生成的multibootHeader.bin文件,运行结果如下如所示:

```
in@DESKTOP-75F7V98:~\setabol1
jin@DESKTOP-75F7V98:~\setabol1
jin@DESKTOP-75F7V98:~\setabol1\setabol1
jin@DESKTOP-75F7V98:~\labol1\setabol1\setabol1
jin@DESKTOP-75F7V98:~\labol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1
jin@DESKTOP-75F7V98:~\labol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\setabol1\set
```

如图所示,

- 1. VGA输出绿底白字的"helloworld,<PB18111683>\_<TongJunxiong>"字样:
- 2. 串口输出"helloworld"和学号"PB18111683"

## 六、 遇到的问题和解决办法

问题:由于本人对Linux命令行和汇编语言知之甚少,这次实验可以说是有些无从下手,写汇编过程中make指令报错频频;

解决: 花了大量时间查阅相关资料,并请教已经较为了解的同学。

问题:由于第一次使用ubuntu,实验中要用到的make和gcc等工具都没有安装好;

解决:按照系统提示用install指令下载工具。

问题: 在运行最后一条指令时提示 "Could not initialize SDL(No available video device)"

解决:在群内求助,得到胡同学的指导,按照手册下载安装Xming并运行,并输入WSL指令 "export DISPLAY=:0"

outb %al, %dx movb \$0x6c, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x6f, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x77, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x6f, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x72, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x6c, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x64, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x20, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x50, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x42, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x31, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x38, %al outb %al. %dx movb \$0x31, %al outb %al, %dx

movb \$0x31, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x31, %al

movb \$0x6c, %al

outb %al, %dx movb \$0x36, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x38, %al outb %al, %dx movb \$0x33, %al outb %al, %dx

movl \$0x2f772f6f, 0xB8008 movl \$0x2f722f6f, 0xB800C movl \$0x2f642f6c, 0xB8010 movl \$0x2f3c2f2c, 0xB8014 movl \$0x2f422f50, 0xB8018 movl \$0x2f382f31, 0xB801C movl \$0x2f312f31, 0xB8020 movl \$0x2f362f31, 0xB8024 movl \$0x2f332f38, 0xB8028 movl \$0x2f5f2f3e, 0xB802C movl \$0x2f542f3c, 0xB8030 movl \$0x2f6e2f6f, 0xB8034 movl \$0x2f4a2f67, 0xB8038 movl \$0x2f6e2f75, 0xB803C movl \$0x2f692f78, 0xB8040 movl \$0x2f6e2f6f, 0xB8044

movl \$0x2f3e2f67, 0xB8048