Data Structures Week 6:

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Q) WAP to Implement Single Link List to simulate Stack & Queue Operations.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Node{
  int data;
  struct Node *link;
};
typedef struct Node node;
//Stack
node *top=NULL;
void push();
void pop();
void displayStack();
void push(){
  node *new1=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
  if(new1==NULL){
    printf("\nStack Overflow.\n");
    return;
  }
```

```
printf("\nEnter Value to Push: ");
  scanf("%d", &new1->data);
  new1->link=top;
  top=new1;
}
void pop(){
 if(top==NULL){
    printf("\nStack Underflow.\n");
    return;
 }
  node *temp=top;
  printf("\nPopped Element: %d\n", temp->data);
  top=top->link;
 free(temp);
}
void displayStack(){
  if(top==NULL){}
    printf("\nThe Stack is Empty.\n");
    return;
  }
 printf("\nElements in the Stack: ");
  node *temp=top;
  while(temp!=NULL){
    printf("%d ", temp->data);
    temp=temp->link;
  }
 printf("\n");
```

```
}
//Queue
node *front=NULL, *rear=NULL;
void insert();
void del();
void displayQueue();
void insert(){
  node *new1=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
  if(new1==NULL){
    printf("\nQueue Full.\n");
    return;
  }
  printf("\nEnter Value to Insert: ");
  scanf("%d", &new1->data);
  new1->link=NULL;
 if(rear==NULL){
    front=rear=new1;
    return;
  rear->link=new1;
  rear=new1;
}
void del(){
 if(front==NULL){
```

```
printf("\nQueue\ Empty.\n");
    return;
  }
  node *temp=front;
  printf("\nDeleted Element: %d\n", temp->data);
  front=front->link;
 if(front==NULL){
    rear=NULL;
 }
  free(temp);
}
void displayQueue(){
 if(front==NULL){
    printf("\nThe Queue is Empty.\n");
    return;
  }
  printf("\nElements in the Queue: ");
  node *temp=front;
  while(temp!=NULL){
    printf("%d ", temp->data);
    temp=temp->link;
  }
 printf("\backslash n");
}
```

// Main

```
void main(){
  int ch;
  while(1){
    printf("\n1. Push (Stack) \n2. Pop (Stack) \n3. Display (Stack)");
    printf("\n4. Insert (Queue) \n5. Delete (Queue) \n6. Display (Queue) \n7.
Exit");
    printf("\nEnter Your Choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1:
        push();
        break;
      case 2:
        pop();
        break;
      case 3:
        displayStack();
        break;
      case 4:
        insert();
        break;
      case 5:
        del();
        break;
      case 6:
        displayQueue();
        break;
      case 7:
        exit(o);
```

```
default:
    printf("\nEnter Your Choice: \n");
}
}
```

Output:

```
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter Value to Push: 10
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter Value to Push: 20
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter Value to Push: 30
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter Value to Push: 40
```

```
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 3
Elements in the Stack: 40 30 20 10
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 2
Popped Element: 40
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 2
Popped Element: 30
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 3
Elements in the Stack: 20 10
```

```
    Push (Stack)

2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 4
Enter Value to Insert: 10
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 4
Enter Value to Insert: 20
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 4
Enter Value to Insert: 30
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 4
Enter Value to Insert: 40
```

```
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 6
Elements in the Queue: 10 20 30 40
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 5
Deleted Element: 10
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 5
Deleted Element: 20
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 5
Deleted Element: 30
```

```
1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 6

Elements in the Queue: 40

1. Push (Stack)
2. Pop (Stack)
3. Display (Stack)
4. Insert (Queue)
5. Delete (Queue)
6. Display (Queue)
7. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 7
```

Q) WAP to Implement Single Link List with following operations:

- Sort the linked list
- Reverse the linked list
- Concatenation of two linked lists.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
   int data;
   struct Node *link;
};

typedef struct Node node;

node *start = NULL, *temp, *new1, *curr;
int ch;
```

```
char c;
void createList();
void sort();
void reverse();
void display();
void concatenate();
void createList() {
  do {
    new1 = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
    printf("Enter Value: ");
    scanf("%d", &new1->data);
    new1->link = NULL;
    if (start == NULL) {
      start = new1;
      curr = new1;
    } else {
      curr->link = new1;
      curr = new1;
    }
    printf("Do you want to add another element (Y/N): ");
    scanf(" %c", &c);
  } while (c == 'y' || c == 'Y');
}
void sort() {
  if (start == NULL) {
    printf("The Linked List is Empty.\n");
    return;
```

```
}
  node *i, *j;
  int tempData;
  for (i = start; i != NULL; i = i-> link) {
    for (j = i->link; j != NULL; j = j->link) {
      if (i->data > j->data) {
        tempData = i->data;
        i->data = j->data;
        j->data = tempData;
      }
    }
  printf("Linked List is Sorted.\n");
}
void reverse() {
  node *a = start, *b = NULL;
  while (a != NULL) {
    temp = a->link;
    a->link = b;
    b = a;
    a = temp;
  start = b;
  printf("Linked List is Reversed.\n");
}
void display() {
  if (start == NULL) {
    printf("Linked list is Empty\n");
```

```
return;
  }
  temp = start;
 printf("Elements in Linked List:\n");
 while (temp != NULL) {
    printf("%d\t", temp->data);
    temp = temp->link;
 }
  printf("\n");
}
void concatenate() {
  node *start2 = NULL, *curr2 = NULL;
  printf("Enter the second linked list:\n");
  createList();
  do {
    new1 = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
    printf("Enter value for second list: ");
    scanf("%d", &new1->data);
    new1->link = NULL;
    if (start2 == NULL) {
      start2 = new1;
      curr2 = new1;
    } else {
      curr2->link = new1;
      curr2 = new1;
    }
```

```
printf("Do you want to add another element (Y/N): ");
    scanf(" %c", &c);
  if (start == NULL) {
    start = start2;
  } else {
    temp = start;
    while (temp->link != NULL) {
      temp = temp->link;
    temp->link = start2;
  }
  start2 = NULL;
  printf("Lists concatenated successfully.\n");
}
int main() {
  while (1) {
    printf("\n1. Create 1st Linked List\n2. Sort Linked List\n3. Reverse Linked
List\n4. Concatenate Linked Lists\n5. Display Linked List\n6. Exit\n");
    printf("Enter Your Choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch (ch) {
      case 1:
        createList();
        break;
      case 2:
        sort();
        break;
      case 3:
```

```
reverse();
break;
case 4:
    concatenate();
break;
case 5:
    display();
break;
case 6:
    exit(o);
break;
default:
    printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
break;
}
}
```

Output:

```
1. Create 1st Linked List
2. Sort Linked List
Reverse Linked List
4. Concatenate Linked Lists
Display Linked List
6. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter Value: 10
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 80
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 60
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 20
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 70
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 30
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): n
1. Create 1st Linked List
2. Sort Linked List
3. Reverse Linked List
4. Concatenate Linked Lists
5. Display Linked List
6. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 5
Elements in Linked List:
10
        80
                60
                        20
                                70
                                        30
1. Create 1st Linked List
2. Sort Linked List
3. Reverse Linked List
4. Concatenate Linked Lists
5. Display Linked List
6. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 3
Linked List is Reversed.
1. Create 1st Linked List
2. Sort Linked List
Reverse Linked List
Concatenate Linked Lists
Display Linked List
6. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 5
Elements in Linked List:
30
        70
                20
                        60
                                80
                                        10
```

```
1. Create 1st Linked List
2. Sort Linked List
3. Reverse Linked List
4. Concatenate Linked Lists
5. Display Linked List
6. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 2
Linked List is Sorted.
1. Create 1st Linked List

    Sort Linked List
    Reverse Linked List

4. Concatenate Linked Lists
5. Display Linked List
6. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 5
Elements in Linked List:
                          60
                                   70
10
         20
                 30
                                            80
1. Create 1st Linked List

    Sort Linked List
    Reverse Linked List

4. Concatenate Linked Lists
5. Display Linked List
6. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 4
Enter the second linked list:
Enter Value: 10
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 70
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 80
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 60
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter Value: 30
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): n Enter value for second list: 10
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter value for second list: 50
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter value for second list: 60
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): y
Enter value for second list: 40
Do you want to add another element (Y/N): n
Lists concatenated successfully.
```

1. Create 1st Linked List 2. Sort Linked List 3. Reverse Linked List 4. Concatenate Linked Lists 5. Display Linked List 6. Exit Enter Your Choice: 5 Elements in Linked List: 10 10 70 80	60	30	10	50	60	40	
1. Create 1st Linked List 2. Sort Linked List 3. Reverse Linked List 4. Concatenate Linked Lists 5. Display Linked List 6. Exit Enter Your Choice: 2 Linked List is Sorted.							
1. Create 1st Linked List 2. Sort Linked List 3. Reverse Linked List 4. Concatenate Linked Lists 5. Display Linked List 6. Exit Enter Your Choice: 5 Elements in Linked List: 10 10 10 30	40	50	60	60	70	80	
1. Create 1st Linked List 2. Sort Linked List 3. Reverse Linked List 4. Concatenate Linked Lists 5. Display Linked List 6. Exit Enter Your Choice: 3 Linked List is Reversed.							
1. Create 1st Linked List 2. Sort Linked List 3. Reverse Linked List 4. Concatenate Linked Lists 5. Display Linked List 6. Exit Enter Your Choice: 5 Elements in Linked List: 80 70 60 60	50	40	30	19	10	10	