

## Binary Search Tree

- A. Write a program to construct a binary search tree, and to traverse the tree using all methods, i.e., in-order, pre-order and post-order.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
struct Node {
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    struct Node *left, *right;
```

```
};
```

```
typedef struct Node node;
```

```
node * createNode (int data) {
```

```
    node * new1 = (node *) malloc (sizeof (node));
```

```
    new1->data = data;
```

```
    new1->left = NULL;
```

```
    new1->right = NULL;
```

```
    return new1;
```

```
node * insertNode (node * root, int data) {
```

```
    if (root == NULL) {
```

```
        return createNode (data);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (data < root->data) {
```

```
        root->left = insertNode (root->left, data);
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        root->right = insertNode (root->right, data);
```

```
    }
```

```
    return root;
```

```

void inOrderTraversal (node * root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        inOrderTraversal (root -> left);
        printf("%d", root -> data);
        inOrderTraversal (root -> right);
    }
}

```

}

```

void preOrderTraversal (node * root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        printf("%d", root -> data);
        preOrderTraversal (root -> left);
        preOrderTraversal (root -> right);
    }
}

```

}

}

```

void postOrderTraversal (node * root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        postOrderTraversal (root -> left);
        postOrderTraversal (root -> right);
        printf("%d", root -> data);
    }
}

```

}

}

```

void main () {

```

```

    node * root = NULL;

```

```

    int choice, value;

```

```

    while (1) {

```

```

        printf("1. Insert 2. In-Order Traversal 3. Pre-Order Traversal 4. Post-Order Traversal 5. Exit\n");

```

```

        printf("Enter Your Choice: ");

```

```

        scanf("%d", &choice);

```

```
switch (choice) {
```

```
case 1:
```

```
printf("Enter Value to Insert: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &value);
```

```
root = insertNode(root, value);
```

```
break;
```

```
case 2:
```

```
printf("In-Order Traversal");
```

```
inorderTraversal(root);
```

```
break;
```

```
case 3:
```

```
printf("Pre-Order Traversal");
```

```
preorderTraversal(root);
```

```
break;
```

```
case 4:
```

```
printf("Post-Order Traversal");
```

```
postorderTraversal(root);
```

```
break;
```

```
case 5:
```

```
exit(0);
```

```
}
}
```

```
}
```

Output

1. Insert

2. In-Order Traversal

3. Pre-Order Traversal

4. Post-Order Traversal

5. Exit

→ Enter Your Choice: 1

→ Enter Value to Insert: 50

→ Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter Value to Insert: 40

→ Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter Value to Insert: 75

→ Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter Value to Insert: 10

→ Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter Value to Insert: 25

→ Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter Value to Insert: 80

→ Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter Value to Insert: 20

→ Enter Your Choice: 2

In-Order Traversal: 10 20 25 40 50 75 80

→ Enter Your Choice: 3

Pre-Order Traversal: 50 40 10 25 20 75 80

→ Enter Your Choice: 4

Post-Order Traversal: 20 25 10 40 80 75 50

→ Enter Your Choice: 5

Tree Representation:

80  
75  
50  
40  
25  
20

