OPERATING SYSTEM LAB 6

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Aim: To familiarise and implement the shortest remaining time first algorithm

1. Example 1

Example-01:

Consider the set of 5 processes whose arrival time and burst time are given below-

Process Id	Arrival time	Burst time
P1	3	1
P2	1	4
P3	4	2
P4	0	6
P5	2	3

Output:

SRTF pre emptive done

```
🚞 Lab — -zsh — 80×23
(base) anish@PotatoBook lab % ./srtf
Enter number of processes: 5
Enter Arrival time of process 1: 3
Enter Burst time of process 1: 1
Enter Arrival time of process 2: 1
Enter Burst time of process 2: 4
Enter Arrival time of process 3: 4
Enter Burst time of process 3: 2
Enter Arrival time of process 4: 0
Enter Burst time of process 4: 6
Enter Arrival time of process 5: 2
Enter Burst time of process 5: 3
Process
                                                         Waiting Time
                Exit Time
                                Turn Around Time
                        6
                                                 5
3
                                                                          2
                        8
                                                                          10
                        16
Average Turn Around time: 7.000000
Average Waiting time: 3.800000%
```

Example-02:

Consider the set of 5 processes whose arrival time and burst time are given below-

Process Id	Arrival time	Burst time
P1	3	1
P2	1	4
P3	4	2
P4	0	6
P5	2	3

```
🔃 Lab — -zsh — 80×23
(base) anish@PotatoBook lab % ./srtf
Enter number of processes: 5
Enter Arrival time of process 1: 3
Enter Burst time of process 1: 1
Enter Arrival time of process 2: 1
Enter Burst time of process 2: 4
Enter Arrival time of process 3: 4
Enter Burst time of process 3: 2
Enter Arrival time of process 4: 0
Enter Burst time of process 4: 6
Enter Arrival time of process 5: 2
Enter Burst time of process 5: 3
Process
                Exit Time
                                 Turn Around Time
                                                          Waiting Time
                                                                          0
1
                                                  1
1
2
3
4
                                                  5
                         6
                                                                          2
                                                  4
                         8
                                                                          10
                                                  16
                         16
5
                         11
                                                                          6
Average Turn Around time: 7.000000
Average Waiting time: 3.800000%
```

Example-03:

Consider the set of 6 processes whose arrival time and burst time are given below-

Process Id	Arrival time	Burst time
P1	0	7
P2	1	5
P3	2	3
P4	3	1
P5	4	2
P6	5	1

```
📜 Lab — -zsh — 80×26
(base) anish@PotatoBook lab % ./srtf
Enter number of processes: 6
Enter Arrival time of process 1: 0
Enter Burst time of process 1: 7
Enter Arrival time of process 2: 1
Enter Burst time of process 2: 5
Enter Arrival time of process 3: 2
Enter Burst time of process 3: 3
Enter Arrival time of process 4: 3
Enter Burst time of process 4: 1
Enter Arrival time of process 5: 4
Enter Burst time of process 5: 2
Enter Arrival time of process 6: 5
Enter Burst time of process 6: 1
                Exit Time
                                                         Waiting Time
Process
                                Turn Around Time
                                                                         12
                        19
                                                 19
2
3
4
5
                        13
                                                                          7
                                                 12
                        6
                                                                         0
                        9
                                                                         3
                                                 2
                                                                         1
Average Turn Around time: 7.166667
Average Waiting time: 4.000000%
```

Example -04:

Consider the set of 3 processes whose arrival time and burst time are given below-

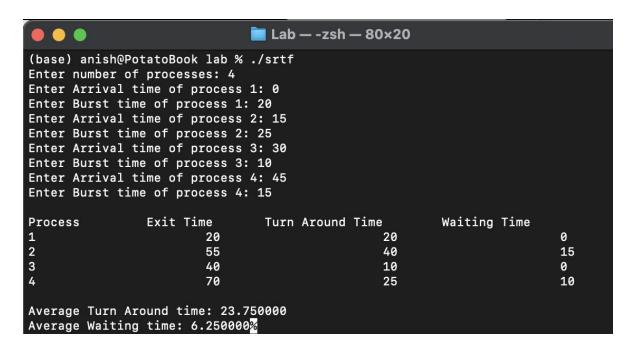
Process Id	Arrival time	Burst time
P1	0	9
P2	1	4
P3	2	9

```
🖿 Lab — -zsh — 80×18
[Average Waiting time: 4.000000<mark>%</mark>
(base) anish@PotatoBook lab % ./srtf
Enter number of processes: 3
Enter Arrival time of process 1: 0
Enter Burst time of process 1: 9
Enter Arrival time of process 2: 1
Enter Burst time of process 2: 4
Enter Arrival time of process 3: 2
Enter Burst time of process 3: 9
Process
                Exit Time
                                 Turn Around Time
                                                          Waiting Time
                         13
                                                  13
2
                         5
                                                  4
3
                         22
                                                  20
                                                                           11
Average Turn Around time: 12.333333
Average Waiting time: 5.000000%
```

Example-05:

Consider the set of 4 processes whose arrival time and burst time are given below-

Process Id	Arrival time	Burst time
P1	0	20
P2	15	25
P3	30	10
P4	45	15



Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
char array0[16];
int num=0;
int Total,sumTOT=0,sumWT=0;
struct processes{
   int arrivalTime;
   int exitTime;
int turnAroundTime;
}p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,process[10];
        process[i].ogBurstTime=process[i].burstTime;
    for(int u=0;u<Total;u++){</pre>
            if(process[array1[u]].burstTime>0){
                if(process[array1[u]].burstTime==0){
                    process[array1[u]].exitTime=i+1;
int main()
    scanf("%d",&Total);
        printf("Enter Arrival time of process %d: ",i+1);
        scanf("%d",&process[i].arrivalTime);
        printf("Enter Burst time of process %d: ",i+1);
        scanf("%d",&process[i].burstTime);
        process[i].process_id=i+1;
        for(int i=0;i<6946;i++){
            int array1[Total],z=0;
                if(process[a].arrivalTime<=i&&process[a].burstTime>0){
```

```
for(int j=0;j<z;j++){
    for(int k=j+1;k<z;k++){
        if (process[array1[j]].burstTime > process[array1[k]].burstTime)
        {
             int w;
             w = array1[j];
             array1[j]=array1[k];
             array1[j]=array1[k];
             array1[k]=w;
        }
        }
        funct(array1,i);
        array6[i]=process[array1[0]].process_id;
        nummum=1;
        if(process[0].burstTime+process[1].burstTime+process[2].burstTime+process[3].burstTime+process[4].burstTime=m0){
             break;
        }
        printf("N");
        printf("Process \text{time \text{Time \text{Time \text{process}[2].arrivalTime;}}
        for(int z=0;z<fotal;z++)
        {
             process[z].waitingTime=process[z].exitTime-process[z].arrivalTime;
             sumUT=process[z].turnAroundTime=process[z].arrivalTime;
             sumUT=process[z].turnAroundTime;
            printf("Ma\text{tingTimesprocess[z].turnAroundTime);
            printf("Ma\text{tingTimesprocess[z].arrivalTime;
             printf("Ma\text{tingTim
```

CONCLUSION:

In this lab, we were to implement and demonstrate the working of the shortest remaining time first algorithm. By actually coding the algorithm, it helped to reinforce the working of this process and the manner in which it schedules the processes in a CPU.